TRANSACTIONS OF SOCIETY OF ACTUARIES 1966 REPORTS

II. MORTALITY UNDER CARIBBEAN STANDARD ORDINARY INSURANCE ISSUES STUDIED BETWEEN THE 1959 AND 1964 POLICY ANNIVERSARIES

The Canadian Institute of Actuaries made a study of the mortality experience under standard ordinary business issued in the Caribbean area. The study included the issues through 1963, exposed between 1959 and 1964 policy anniversaries. Eight companies submitted data with the exposed to risk amounting to 410,355 years by number of policies and \$1,713,729,000 by amounts. Deaths in the study numbered 1,933 policies for \$7,689,000.

The select and ultimate mortality rates from the C.A. (Canadian Assured Lives) 1952-56 Table were used to compute the expected deaths. The C.A. 1952-56 Table represents the mortality experience, by amounts, during the period 1952-56 policy anniversaries under Canadian Standard Ordinary Issues of 22 Canadian and United States companies.

Experience by Duration

Table 1 gives the results of the study for all ages combined for each of the first five policy years separately and for policy years 6 and over

TABLE 1

Policy Year	Exposed to Risk		Actual Deaths		Expected Deaths		Mortality Ratio
1 2 3 4 5	\$	267,970 217,303 177,016 147,658 120,838	\$	399 293 632 653 467	\$	396 374 352 336 336	101% 78 180 194 139
Total 1-5 6 and over	\$	930,785 782,944		,444 ,245		,794 ,676	136% 92
Grand total	\$1,713,729		\$7,689		\$7,470		103%

combined. The experience in the Caribbean area for the first five policy years combined was 136 per cent of the C.A. 1952-56 Table. The corresponding experience in Canada between 1959 and 1964 policy anniversaries was 92 per cent of the C.A. 1952-56 Table for policy years 1-5. In policy years 6 and over, the Caribbean mortality was 92 per cent of the C.A. 1952-56 Table compared with 94 per cent for the Canadian experience for the same period. Over-all, the Caribbean mortality was approximately 10 per cent higher than mortality in Canada.

TABLE 2

CARIBBEAN MORTALITY STANDARD ORDINARY INSURANCE ISSUES-BY AGE GROUP EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1959 AND 1964 ANNIVERSARIES MALE AND FEMALE COMBINED MEDICAL AND NONMEDICAL COMBINED Expected Deaths Based on C.A. 1952-56 Table (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

	Actual					
	Number of Policies	Amount	- MORTALITY RATIO*			
	Policy Years 1-5					
Issue age:			[
0-4	4	\$8	l †			
5-29	58	334	119%			
30-44	127	1,109	175			
45-59	112	800	108			
60 and over	17	193	145			
Total	318	\$2,444	136%			
-	Policy Years 6 and Over					
Attained age:						
5-29	41	\$ 75	107%			
30-44	· 240	619	108			
45-59	691	2,266	93			
60-74	495	1,833	88			
75 and over	148	452	88			
Total	1,615	\$5,245	92%			

* Based on amounts.

† Fewer than five deaths.

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Experience by Age Group

Table 2 gives the results of the study by issue age group for policy years 1-5 combined and by attained age group for policy years 6 and over combined. The results are shown for male and female lives combined (only five companies could differentiate) and for medical and nonmedical combined (only four companies could differentiate). Within the first five policy years, mortality ratios by age group fluctuate widely. Issue age group 30-44 has the highest mortality ratio, namely, 175 per cent.

TABLE 3

CARIBBEAN MORTALITY STANDARD ORDINARY INSURANCE ISSUES—BY TERRITORY EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1959 AND 1964 ANNIVERSARIES MALE AND FEMALE COMBINED MEDICAL AND NONMEDICAL COMBINED Expected Deaths Based on the C.A. 1952-56 Table

	Policy Years 1-5		Policy Years 6 and Over		ALL Policy Years	
Territory	Actual Deaths*	Mor- tality Ratio†	Actual Deaths*	Mor- tality Ratio†	Actual Deaths*	Mor- tality Ratio†
Bermuda and Bahamas (5)‡ Jamaica (6) Puerto Rico, Aruba, Curaçao,	60	261% 137	68 247	120% 99	82 307	157% 114
Virgin Islands (5) Trinidad and Tobago (5) Other British West Indies (4)	37 78 8	132 121 112	214 261 46	70 121 67	251 339 54	84 121 78
Dominican Republic and Haiti (5) British Guiana and Surinam (4)	17	127 177	120 195	109 112	137 256	112 138
Total (territory-divided data)	275	143%	1,151	92%	1,426	106%

* Number of policies.

† Based on amounts.

‡ Numbers in parentheses show the number of companies contributing experience.

Experience by Territory

Table 3 shows the experience by geographical territory, for those companies able to do this, for policy years 1-5 and 6 and over for males and females combined and medical and nonmedical combined. The results showed variations from 157 per cent of the C.A. 1952-56 Table for Bahamas and Bermuda to 78 per cent of the same table for other British West Indies.

Experience by Ethnic Groups

Experience was also examined by racial origin, but only two companies were able to contribute their data in this form. The over-all results as a percentage of the C.A. 1952-56 Table were: Caucasians, 94 per cent; East Indians, 135 per cent; Chinese, 156 per cent; all others (mainly West Indians and Negroes), 95 per cent.

More detailed data—including a breakdown of experience by sex, a comparison of medical and nonmedical experience, and a breakdown of deaths by cause—are included in the Canadian Institute of Actuaries Mortality Committee Report, dated February, 1966.