TRANSACTIONS OF SOCIETY OF ACTUARIES 1967 REPORTS

REPORTS OF THE COMMITTEE ON EXPERIENCE UNDER INDIVIDUAL HEALTH INSURANCE

I. EXPERIENCE UNDER INDIVIDUAL LOSS-OF-TIME POLICIES, 1964–65

This report presents a two-part analysis of morbidity experience under individual loss-of-time policies. The first part covers experience in the first year of the benefit period, and the second part covers experience in the second year of the benefit period.

A. EXPERIENCE IN FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

This section of the report presents an analysis of morbidity experience under individual loss-of-time policies during calendar years 1964-65 and a comparison of this experience with results for the period 1960-63. The study is limited to experience in the first year of the benefit period. Policies with benefit periods of less than one year are excluded from the study. The reporting system used for the 1964-65 experience is generally the same as that used for the earlier experience. This system is described in detail in the 1959 Reports (pp. 126-28).

The presentation of data follows the format used in prior reports. Accident and sickness disability experience are presented in separate tables (Tables 3 and 4). Total disability experience is also shown in a separate table (Table 5).

The tables contain experience for males in Occupation Groups I and II and for females in Occupation Group I; for convenience, these three groups are referred to hereafter in the report as "Male I," "Male II," and "Female I." The amount of data on females in Occupation Group II was not large enough to warrant a study of this group.

In the Bureau of Accident and Health Underwriters' classification system, Occupation Group I consists of Classes A-D* and Occupation Group II consists of Classes D-H. (See 1959 Reports, pp. 130-31, for a complete description.) Occupation Group I covers occupations that generally involve little exposure to an accident hazard. Occupation Group II consists of those occupations that involve a greater degree of exposure to accident hazards or duties where sickness or injury generally results in a longer period of disability than Group I occupations. Many of these occupations are performed outdoors and involve a longer average period of disability because of the difficulty of returning to work in inclement

weather. Persons whose work requires perfect, or nearly perfect, physical condition would also be in Group II, since such persons may be disabled by a relatively minor injury.

The tables include (1) annual claim rates, (2) average claim durations in months, and (3) annual claim costs. The annual claim rates and annual claim costs for total disability are simply a sum of the separate accident and sickness annual claim rates and annual claim costs and, consequently, reflect experience on many different combinations of accident and sick-

TABLE 1

CONTRIBUTING COMPANIES AND NUMBER OF CLAIMS

	YEAR OF	Experience	1964-65
COMPANY	1964	1965	Combined
Prudential	11,945	12,314	24,259
Monarch	12,258	11,698	23,956
Metropolitan	21,999	1	21,999
Pacific Mutual	5,423	5,400	10,823
Business Men's Assurance	4,784	4,960	9,744
Mutual of New York	3,639	3,870	7,509
Loyal Protective	3,574	3,675	7,249
New York Life	2,569	2,798	5,367
John Hancock	2,009	2,432	4,441
Lincoln National	1,738	1,851	3,589
Union Mutual	1,685	1,806	3,491
Connecticut General	933	1,053	1,986
Continental Assurance	886	887	1,773
Guardian	856		856
Standard of Oregon	258	286	544
Provident Mutual	248	247	495
Total	74,804	53,277	128,081

ness benefits. Annual claim rates (or frequencies) have been calculated by dividing the amounts of monthly indemnity on approved claims by the corresponding exposures. Annual claim costs have been calculated by dividing the aggregate benefits incurred on claims by the corresponding exposures. Durations of claims in months have been calculated by dividing the annual claim costs by the annual claim rates.

1. VOLUME OF DATA

For the calendar-year period 1964-65, the Committee has compiled an aggregate exposure of 2,400,000 policy years under which 128,000 claims were incurred. The companies that contributed to the study are shown in Table 1, together with the volume of each company's data for each of

the calendar years studied, measured by the number of claims reported on the exposure summary cards.

Table 2 shows the distribution of the number of claims reported on the exposure summary cards by type of coverage, sex, occupation group, and elimination period. Number of claims has been used as the basis for measuring the volume of data, since it is a good measure of the reliability of the statistical results. The analysis of the experience has been confined to those occupation groups and elimination periods where there

TABLE 2

Number of Claims by Type of Coverage, Sex, Occupation Group,

and Elimination Period

1964-65 Experience Combined

		Accid	ENT			Sickn	ES\$	
ELIM. PERIOD	M	ale	Fema	ale	Ma	ale	Femi	ale
(Days)	Occ. Group I	Occ. Group II	Occ. Group I	Occ. Group II	Occ. Group I	Occ. Group II	Occ. Group I	Occ. Group II
0 3 7	15,848* 326* 1,977* 983*	23,956* 810* 4,421* 1,448*	1,105* 279* 564* 117*	192 33 77 16	9,474* 1,686* 15,853* 3,661*	2,928* 2,128* 24,309* 2,427*	1,214* 1,329* 3,649* 548*	96 163 576 61
21	597 31 36	0 434 15 19	0 57 8 2	0 8 0 1	6 2,791* 139 207	1,036* 9 69	307* 22 15	0 17 0 1
Total	19,798	31,103	2,132	327	33,817	32,906	7,084	914

^{*} Subsequent tables and discussions are based only on data indicated.

is a significant amount of data. They are indicated by an asterisk in Table 2. It should be noted that, in certain of the cells studied, virtually all the experience has been contributed by only one or two companies. The coverages for which a reasonable amount of data was contributed by all companies are the 0-day accident and 7- and 30-day sickness coverages. When the results for different elimination periods are compared, this characteristic of the study should be kept in mind.

2. DISABILITY EXPERIENCE

Tables 3, 4, and 5, respectively, give a summary of the accident, sickness, and total disability experience compiled in this report. Each table shows the three elements of disability—annual claim rate, duration of

TABLE 3-ACCIDENT DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE, 1964-65 LIMITED TO FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

			_	.,	0 6	77		LE Occ. Gr	(RATIO	s то Мај	E Occ. G	ROUP I	
Attained	MAL	e Occ. Gro	OUP I	MALI	Occ. Gro	UP II	FEMA	LE UCC, GE	OUP I	Mal	e Occ. Grou	ър II	Fema	ale Occ. Gr	oup I
Age	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*
							0-1)ay	Elimination	Period						
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.057 .050 .044 .040 .037	1 02 1 08 1 14 1 18 1 35	.058 .054 .049 .047 .050	. 123 . 101 . 085 . 075 . 062	.98 1.14 1.28 1.31 1.63	. 121 . 115 . 109 . 098 . 101	.035 .039 .045 .043 .057	1 03 97 1.38 1.60 1.53	.035 .038 .062 .069 .087	216% 202 193 188 168	96% 106 112 111 121	209% 213 222 209 202	61% 78 102 108 154	101% 90 121 136 113	62% 70 127 147 174
				<u> </u>	·		3-Day	Eliminatio	n Period				·		
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	(048) † .038 .025 .032 .036	(1 08)† 1.84 1.16 1.25 1.58	(.052)† .070 .029 .040 .057	.068 .084 .067 .080 .058	.75 .96 1.52 1.25 1.40	.051 .081 .102 .100 .081	† (.056)† .036 .042 .041	(1.29)† (1.42) 1.42 1.52 1.63	(.072)† .051 .064 .067	142% 211 268 250 161	69% 52 131 100 89	98% 116 352 250 142	147% 144 131 114	70% 122 122 103	103% 176 160 118
							7-Day	Elimination	Period	·					
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.017 .029 .030 .035 .024	1 12 1 41 1 33 1 31 1 92	.019 .041 .040 .046 .046	042 049 049 050 035	1.33 1.39 1.61 1.90 1.66	.056 .068 .079 .095 .058	.018 .024 .026 .039	1.50 1.96 1.92 1.64	.027 .047 .050 .064	247°% 169 163 143 146	119% 99 121 145 86	295% 166 198 207 126	106% 83 87 111	134% 139 144 125	142% 115 125 139
							14-Day	Elimination	Period						
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.014 .014 .016 .018 .020	1.57 1.57 1.31 1.67 3.10	.022 .022 .021 .030 .062	.042 .037 .037 .042 .031	1.69 1.84 1.92 2.24 2.35	.071 .068 .071 .094 .073	(.011)† .023 .026 ‡	(4 55)† 2 35 2 31 ‡	(050)† .054 .060 ‡	300% 264 231 233 155	108% 117 147 134 76	323% 309 338 313 118	79% 144 144	290% 179 138	227% 257 200

^{*} Per \$1 of monthly income benefit.

[†] Rates in parentheses based on 10-24 claims, inclusive.

[‡] Less than 10 claims.

TABLE 4
SICKNESS DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE, 1964-65
LIMITED TO FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

		- 0 6	T			7.4					Ratio	s to Mal	E Occ. G	ROUP I	
Attained Age	MAL	e Occ. Gro	OUP I	MALI	e Occ. Gro	UP 11	PEMA	LE Occ. GE	OUP I	Mal	e Occ. Grou	ıp II	Fema	ale Occ. Gr	oup I
AGE	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*
							0-Day I	Elimination	Period						
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.110 .144 .143 .172 .155	.64 .78 1.07 1.47 1.97	.070 .113 .153 .253 .305	.181 .164 .158 .184 .187	.48 .71 1.08 1.70 2.10	.087 .117 .170 .313 .392	. 362 .253 .252 .223 .267	.41 .85 1.40 1.23 1.49	. 149 .216 .352 .275 .397	165% 114 110 107 121	75% 91 101 116 107	124% 104 111 124 129	329% 176 176 130 172	64% 109 131 84 76	213% 191 230 109 130
							3-Day I	Elimination	Period						
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.092 .106 .109 .141 .178	1.09 .90 1.31 1.48 2.23	.100 .095 .143 .209 .397	. 082 . 112 . 115 . 145 . 171	.68 .97 1.30 1.88 2.33	.056 .109 .149 .273 .398	(.176)† .193 .204 .186 .185	(.74)† ,96 1.36 1.63 1.73	(.130)† .186 .278 .304 .320	89% 106 106 103 96	62% 108 99 127 104	56% 115 104 131 100	191% 182 187 132 104	68% 107 104 110 78	130% 196 194 145 81

^{*} Per \$1 of monthly income benefit.

[†] Rates in parentheses based on 10-24 claims, inclusive.

TABLE 4-Continued

		•			0 0	77		0 0			RATIO	S TO MAL	E Occ. G	ROUP I	
Attained	MAL	e Occ. Gro	OUP I	MALE	Occ. Gro	UP 11	rema:	LE Occ. G	OUP 1	Male	e Occ. Grou	ıp II	Fema	ale Occ. Gro	oup I
AGE	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*
							7-Day	Elimination	Period						
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.045 .058 .073 .105 .126	1.07 1.31 1.62 2.02 2.55	.048 .076 .118 .212 .321	.050 .067 .084 .116 .146	1.12 1.39 1.79 2.22 2.98	.056 .093 .150 .257 .435	.082 -114 -127 -124 -119	1.12 1.68 1.80 1.79 2.20	092 191 ,229 ,222 ,262	111% 116 115 110 116	105% 106 110 110 117	117% 122 127 121 136	182% 197 174 118 94	105% 128 111 89 86	192% 251 194 105 82
		'			<u></u>		14-Day	Elimination	Period						
20–29 30–39 40–49 50–59 60–69	.026 .029 .042 .069 .105	1.38 1.38 1.71 2.32 3.05	.036 .040 .072 .160 .320	.031 .044 .056 .082 .123	1.52 1.68 2.07 2.62 4.04	.047 .074 .116 .215 .497	.041 .084 .079 .084 .067	1.10 1.77 2.33 1.90 2.21	.045 .149 .184 .160 .148	119% 152 133 119 117	110% 122 121 113 132	131% 185 161 134 155	158% 290 188 122 64	80% 128 136 82 72	125% 373 256 100 46
							30-Day	Elimination	a Period						
20–29 30–39 40–49 50–59 60–69	.004 .010 .017 .032 .063	2.00 2.00 2.35 2.69 3.33	.008 .020 .040 .086 .210	.009 .015 .027 .048 .095	2.89 2.33 2.81 3.10 3.75	.026 .035 .076 .149 .356	(.010)† .019 .038 .039 ‡	(2.10)† 2.11 2.37 2.18 ‡	(.021)† .040 .090 .085 ‡	225% 150 159 150 151	145% 117 120 115 113	325% 175 190 173 170	250% 190 224 122	105% 106 101 81	263% 200 225 99

^{*} Per \$1 of monthly income benefit.

[†] Rates in parentheses based on 10-24 claims, inclusive.

Less than 10 claims.

claim in months, and annual claim cost—by the four variables studied—sex, occupation group, elimination period, and attained age.

Accident Disability (Table 3)

Table 3 shows accident disability data for four elimination periods. Comments, however, are restricted to data for a 0-day elimination period because other data are rather limited or largely contributed by one company.

The significant points of interest brought out by this table are as follows:

MALE I AND MALE II.—Annual claim rates decrease with age, whereas claim durations increase. The combined effect of these decreasing rates and increasing durations produces annual claim costs which decrease about 20 per cent from ages 20–29 to ages 50–59. Annual claim costs increase slightly from ages 50–59 to ages 60–69.

Ratios of Male II to Male I annual claim rates decrease with age, from 216 per cent at ages 20–29 to 168 per cent at ages 60–69. Male II annual claim costs increase from 209 per cent of Male I annual claim costs at ages 20–29 to 222 per cent at ages 40–49 and then decrease to 202 per cent at ages 60–69.

Female I.—Except for a dip at ages 50-59, annual claim rates increase with age. Claim durations fluctuate somewhat but seem to indicate an underlying pattern which increases with age. Annual claim costs increase with age, with especially sharp increases between ages 30-39 and 40-49 and also between ages 50-59 and 60-69.

Female I annual claim rates and annual claim costs are less than those for Male I at ages under 40. At ages 40 and over, Female I annual claim costs are significantly higher than Male I annual claim costs.

Sickness Disability (Table 4)

Table 4 shows sickness disability data for five elimination periods. Comments, however, are based primarily on data for the 7-day elimination period because other data are rather limited or largely contributed by one company.

MALE I AND MALE II.—Annual claim rates and annual claim costs increase with age. For the 7-day elimination period, ratios of Male II to Male I annual claim rates are fairly constant by age, and ratios of Male II to Male I annual claim costs generally increase by age.

Female I.—Ratios of Female I to Male I annual claim rates generally decrease with age. Claim duration ratios are rather erratic but generally decrease with age except from ages 20-29 to 30-39. At ages under 50, Female I annual claim costs are generally twice as high as corresponding Male I annual claim costs.

Total Disability (Table 5)

Total disability annual claim rates and annual claim costs as derived in this study are the sum of the annual claim rates and annual claim costs for accident disability and sickness disability. Since sickness disability annual claim rates and annual claim costs are generally much higher than corresponding rates and costs for accident disability, total disability annual claim rates and annual claim costs tend to follow the pattern of those for sickness disability. A graphic comparison of Male I, Male II, and Female I total disability annual claim costs is shown in Charts I and II.

Ratios of Accident Disability to Total Disability (Table 6)

The accident and sickness components of the total disability annual claim rates and annual claim costs are based on data which were con-

TABLE 5
TOTAL DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE, 1964-65
LIMITED TO FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

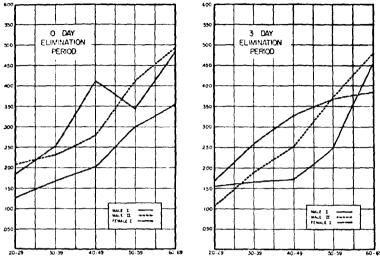
	MAL	e Occ. Gro	oup I	MAL	e Occ. Gro	te II	Fema	LE Occ. Gr	ove I
Attained Age	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*
				0-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	. 167 . 194 . 187 . 212 . 192	.77 .86 1.08 1.42 1.85	. 128 . 167 . 202 . 300 . 355	. 304 . 265 . 243 . 259 . 249	.68 .88 1.15 1.59 1.98	.208 .232 .279 .411 .493	.397 .292 .297 .266 .324	.47 .87 1.39 1.29 1.49	. 185 . 254 . 414 . 344 . 484
:				3-Day	Elimination	Period			
2029 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.140 .144 .134 .173 .214	1.09 1.15 1.28 1.44 2.12	. 152 . 165 . 172 . 249 . 454	. 150 . 196 . 182 . 225 . 229	.71 .97 1.38 1.66 2.09	. 107 . 190 . 251 . 373 . 479	.199 .249 .240 .228 .226	.84 1.04 1.37 1.61 1.71	.168 .258 .329 .368 .387
				7-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.062 .087 .103 .140 .150	1.08 1.34 1.53 1.84 2.45	.067 .117 .158 .258 .367	.092 .116 .133 .166 .181	1.22 1.39 1.72 2.12 2.72	.112 .161 .229 .352 .493	.100 .138 .153 .163 .146	1.19 1.72 1.82 1.75 2.51	.119 .238 .279 .286 .366
				14-Day	Elimination	n Period			
20-29	.040 .043 .058 .087 .125	1.45 1.44 1.60 2.18 3.06	.058 .062 .093 .190 .382	.073 .081 .093 .124 .154	1.62 1.75 2.01 2.49 3.70	.118 .142 .187 .309 .570	.053 .095 .102 .110 .085	1.04 2.09 2.33 2.00 2.18	.055 .199 .238 .220 .185

^{*} Per \$1 of monthly income benefit.

CHART I

TOTAL DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE, 1964-65 ANNUAL CLAIM COSTS*

LIMITED TO FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

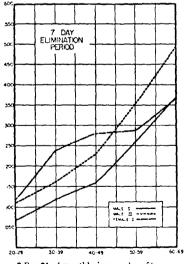


* Per \$1 of monthly income benefit.

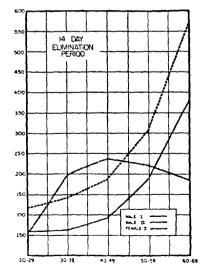
CHART II

Total Disability Loss-of-Time Experience, 1964-65 Annual Claim Costs*

LIMITED TO FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD



* Per \$1 of monthly income benefit.



tributed by different groups of companies and which came from a wide variety of accident and sickness benefit combinations. This could have a significant effect on the ratios and should be kept in mind in their interpretation. Table 6 is shown, however, so that some idea may be obtained of the relationship of accident disability to total disability rates. Only ratios based on data for 0-day and 7-day elimination periods are shown because of the even greater limitations of data for the other elimination periods.

MALE I.—Ratios of accident disability to total disability experience decrease by age. For the 7-day elimination period, ratios of accident disability claim

TABLE 6

RATIOS OF ACCIDENT DISABILITY TO TOTAL DISABILITY

LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE
IN FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

1964-65

	0-Day	ELIMINATION I	Period	7-Day	Elimination 1	Period
Attained Age	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost
			Mal	le I	an and an agreement little	
20-29	34.1% 25.8 23.5 18.9 19.3	132% 126 106 83 73	45.3% 32.3 24.3 15.7 14.1	27.4% 33.3 29.1 25.0 16.0	104% 105 87 71 78	28.4% 35.0 25.3 17.8 12.5
ļ			Mal	e II		
20–29	40.5% 38.1 35.0 29.0 24.9	144% 130 111 82 82	58.2% 49.6 39.1 23.8 20.5	45.7% 42.2 36.8 30.1 19.3	109% 100 94 90 61	50.0% 42.2 34.5 27.0 11.8
			Fem	ale I		
20–29	8.8% 13.4 15.2 16.2 17.6	219% 111 99 124 103	19.5% 15.0 15.0 20.1 18.0	18.0% 17.4 17.0 23.9	126% 114 105 94	22.7% 19.7 17.9 22.4

rates, claim durations, and claim costs to those for total disability are close to the corresponding ratios of the 1960-63 study (1965 Reports, p. 73). For the 0-day elimination period, however, ratios of accident disability to total disability experience are significantly higher than corresponding ratios for 1960-63 at ages under 60.

MALE II.—Ratios of Male II accident disability to total disability experience also decrease by age and generally exceed corresponding Male I ratios. Ratios for the 7-day elimination period are close to the corresponding ratios of the 1960-63 study, whereas the 0-day elimination period ratios are significantly higher than the corresponding 1960-63 ratios.

Female I.—Ratios of accident disability annual claim rates and annual claim costs to those for total disability show no consistent variation by age. Annual claim rate and annual claim cost ratios for the 0-day elimination period are generally lower than corresponding ratios for 1960-63, whereas similar ratios for the 7-day elimination period are generally higher than corresponding 1960-63 ratios.

3. ANNUAL CLAIM COSTS BY DURATION SINCE DISABLEMENT

Table 7 shows annual claim costs, by duration measured from the date of disablement, for 0-day accident and 7-day sickness coverages. Corresponding tabular values from the 1964 Commissioners Disability Table, discounted at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent interest, are also shown for durations beyond the seventh day of disablement. The tabular values which are shown for accident disability for the first seven days of disablement were developed to be consistent with values in the 1964 Commissioners Disability Table for the eighth and subsequent days of disablement.

In the comparison of crude annual claim costs with corresponding values from the 1964 Commissioners Table, a special situation exists at ages 60–69. Tabular values according to the Commissioners Table have been taken at the central age of each age group, so the tabular value shown for age group 60–69 is the one that applies at age 65. However, the average age for this group is probably closer to age 63; consequently, the comparable Commissioners' values should be somewhat lower than the values shown in Table 7.

It is also important to note that the Commissioners Table was intended to be a minimum reserve standard for policies providing loss-of-time benefits for disability due to accident or sickness. It was developed to provide net valuation premiums rather than the type of net premiums which would be considered desirable in preparing gross premium rates.

Male I 0-day accident annual claim costs for days 1-7, 8-14, 15-21, and 22-30 are very similar to, and generally slightly less than, corresponding costs from the Commissioners Table. At ages below 40, Male I annual

TABLE 7

DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE, 1964-65
ANNUAL CLAIM COSTS* BY DURATION MEASURED
FROM DATE OF DISABLEMENT

					D	URATION	SINCE I)isablem	ENT (DAY	s)								
Attained		1-7			8-14			15-21			22-30			31-365	t -		Total	
AGE	Male I	Male II	1964 Comm. (2½ Per ('ent)‡	Male I	Male II	1964 Comm. (2½ Per Cent)	Male I	Male II	1964 Comm. (2} Per Cent)	Male 1	Male II	1964 Comm. (2½ Per Cent)	Male I	Male II	1964 Comm. (21 Per Cent)	Male I	Male II	1964 Comm. (2) Per Cent)
							Acc	ident Dis	ability 0-	Day Eli	mination	Period						
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	.013 .011 .009 .009 .008	.026 .022 .019 .017 .014	.015 .013 .011 .009 .008	.009 .008 .007 .007 .007	.018 .016 .015 .013 .012	.010 .009 .009 .007 .007	.006 .006 .005 .005 .005	.013 .012 .011 .010 .010	.007 .007 .007 .006 .006	.005 .005 .005 .005 .005	.012 .011 .010 .010 .010	.007 .006 .006 .006 .006	.025 .024 .023 .021 .025	.052 .054 .054 .048 .055	.023 .024 .030 .038 .062	.058 .054 .049 .047 .050	.121 .115 .109 .098 .101	.062 .059 .063 .066 .089
							Sicl	ness Dis	ability 7-1	ay Eli	mination	Period						
20–29 30–39 40–49 50–59 60–69				.010 .013 .016 .024 .029	.011 .015 .019 .026 .031	.011 .016 .021 .030 .040	.008 .010 .014 .021 .026	.009 .012 .016 .023 .028	.008 .011 .016 .024 .034	.007 .010 .014 .022 .028	.008 .012 .017 .024 .032	.007 .010 .016 .024 .037	.023 .043 .074 .145 .238	.028 .054 .098 .184 .344	.025 .040 .074 .157 .375	.048 .076 .118 .212 .321	.056 .093 .150 .257 .435	.051 .077 .127 .235 .486

^{*} Per \$1 of monthly income benefit.

‡These values were developed to be consistent with values in the 1964 Commis sioners Disability Table for the eighth and subsequent days of disablement.

[†] Days 31-372 for 7-day sickness coverage.

claim costs for days 31-365 are also similar to those in the Commissioners Table; at higher ages, Commissioners' costs are considerably higher than Male I costs. Male II 0-day accident costs are much higher than corresponding Commissioners' costs.

Except at days 31–365, Male I and Male II accident annual claim costs and corresponding 1964 Commissioners' costs decrease with advancing age. At days 31–365, Male I annual claim costs decrease at ages below 60, Male II annual claim costs are relatively level, and 1964 Commissioners' annual claim costs increase with advancing age.

Male I 7-day sickness annual claim costs are generally less than corresponding Commissioners' costs. Male II 7-day sickness annual claim costs are close to corresponding Commissioners' costs for days 8-14, 15-21, and 22-30. At days 31-372, Male II annual claim costs generally exceed corresponding Commissioners' costs.

4. COMPARISONS WITH 1960-63 EXPERIENCE

Tables 8, 9, and 10, respectively, compare 1964-65 accident, sickness, and total disability experience with experience during the period 1960-63. Table 11 compares experience during the periods 1962-63 and 1964-65 to experience during the period 1960-61 for 0-day accident and 7-day sickness coverages.

Accident Disability (Table 8)

In general, 1964–65 male annual claim rates for accident disability are higher than corresponding 1960–63 annual claim rates at ages below 40 and are lower at ages 40 and over. For the 0-day accident coverage, Male I annual claim costs are higher than corresponding 1960–63 annual claim costs, and Male II annual claim costs are higher than corresponding 1960–63 costs at ages below 50. For other elimination periods, the pattern of male annual claim costs is mixed.

Female annual claim rates for the 0-day accident coverage during 1964–65 are lower than corresponding annual claim rates for 1960–63. Female claim durations show an increase since 1960–63, and annual claim costs are generally higher, except at ages 50 and over for the 0-day and 3-day elimination periods.

Sickness Disability (Table 9)

Since 1960-63, male annual claim rates for sickness disability have generally decreased and claim durations have increased. At most ages, male annual claim costs for 0-day, 3-day, and 7-day elimination periods have decreased and have increased for the 14-day and 30-day elimination

periods. Female annual claim costs, on the other hand, have generally increased at the shorter elimination periods (except at the higher ages) and have decreased at the longer elimination periods.

Total Disability (Table 10)

Male total disability annual claim rates have generally decreased since 1960-63, whereas male total disability annual claim costs show a mixed pattern.

Female total disability annual claim rates have increased at ages under 50 and have decreased at higher ages. Changes in female annual claim costs follow the pattern of the changes in annual claim rates.

TABLE 8

ACCIDENT DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE
RATIOS OF 1964-65 EXPERIENCE TO 1960-63 EXPERIENCE
LIMITED TO FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

	MAL	e Occ. Gre	oup I	Mali	e Occ. Gro	UP II	FEMA	LE OCC. GR	1 чэо
Attained Age	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost
				0-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29	106% 109 100 98 90	115% 121 120 116 111	121% 132 117 112 100	115% 109 99 96 85	105% 111 110 102 109	121% 120 109 97 93	90% 98 100 75 88	126% 94 127 125 112	113% 93 127 95 98
				3-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29	(192%)* 106 83 86 84	(73%)* 236 113 108 83	(141%)* 250 94 93 70	133% 162 105 93 65	69% 100 135 96 101	93% 162 142 89 65	(311%)* (311%)* 150 88 69	† (155%)* 95 110 109	(480%)* 142 97 76
				7-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	106% 94 91 97 83	94% 122 100 92 121	100% 114 91 90 100	91% 100 102 102 61	114% 97 110 128 97	104% 97 113 130 59	150% 120 93 100	120% 140 117 105	180% 168 109 105
				14-Day	Elimination	n Períod			
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	175% 117 107 100 125	90% 90 103 116 138	157% 105 111 115 172	140% 103 95 117 69	98% 99 79 114 114	137% 101 75 132 78	(92%)* (35 137 †	(228%)* 100 88 †	(208%)* 135 120 †

^{*} Rates in parentheses based on 10-24 claims, inclusive.

[†] Less than 10 claims.

Trends in Experience (Table 11)

Table 11 shows ratios of 1962–63 and 1964–65 experience to experience in calendar years 1960–61 for males with 0-day accident and 7-day sickness coverages.

Male 0-day accident annual claim rates generally show an increasing

TABLE 9
SICKNESS DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE
RATIOS OF 1964-65 EXPERIENCE TO 1960-63 EXPERIENCE
LIMITED TO FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

	MAL	e Occ. Gro	OUP I	Mali	Occ. Gro	UP II	FEMA	le Occ. Gr	OUP I
ATTAINED AGE	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost
				0-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29	131% 91 83 87 99	107% 107 108 104 108	81% 97 90 90 90	113% 84 79 80 84	91% 109 111 121 97	102% 93 88 97 82	181% 120 114 95 79	85% 105 124 107 88	155% 127 141 103 70
				3-Day l	Elimination	Period			
20-29. 30-39. 40-49. 50-59. 60-69.	107% 96 94 78 77	140% 105 107 92 109	149% 100 101 72 84	103% 111 95 86 91	76% 92 102 109 109	79% 103 97 94 99	(131%)* 118 121 79 70	(82%)* 99 106 112 99	(108%)* 117 128 88 69
				7-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29. 30-39. 40-49. 50-59. 60-69.	122% 97 90 91 100	102 % 107 102 102 102	123% 104 91 93 102	96% 96 92 93 92	97% 106 109 106 102	93% 101 101 98 95	114% 105 97 83 74	101% 99 113 110 102	115% 104 110 91 76
				14-Day	Elimination	1 Period			
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	124% 97 98 97 111	107% 97 94 109 117	133% 93 92 106 130	111% 113 97 104 115	106% 95 104 109 101	118% 107 100 113 116	75% 122 88 108 77	72% 89 117 92 72	54% 108 103 99 56
				30-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29	80% 111 106 94 107	111% 100 92 100 100	89% 111 98 95 107	100% 88 100 102 138	185% 120 119 102 99	186% 106 119 104 136	(43%)* 66 97 105 †	(103%)* 104 96 76 †	(45%)* 68 94 80

^{*} Rates in parentheses based on 10-24 claims, inclusive.

t Less than 10 claims.

trend at ages below 40. At higher ages, the trend of claim rates is downward. Male 0-day accident annual claim costs have increased in both periods, except at ages 60 and over, with the greater percentage increase occurring at the younger ages.

Male I 7-day sickness annual claim rates show a decreasing trend at most ages. Male II 7-day sickness annual claim rates rose in 1962–63 and then decreased in 1964–65. Male 7-day sickness annual claim costs generally rose in 1962–63 and then decreased somewhat in 1964–65 but are still generally higher than the 1960–61 experience.

TABLE 10

TOTAL DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE
RATIOS OF 1964-65 EXPERIENCE TO 1960-63 EXPERIENCE
LIMITED TO FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

	Млі	e Occ. Gro	OUP I	Mali	Occ. Gro	UP II	FEMA	LE Occ. G	ioup 1
ATTAINED (Age	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost
				0-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29	84% 95 87 89 97	113% 112 110 105 109	96% 106 95 93 106	114% 92 85 84 84	99% 114 113 116 99	112% 105 95 97 84	166% 117 111 91 81	87 % 104 124 110 91	145% 120 138 101 74
		_	-	3-Day	Elimination	Period			
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	126% 99 92 79 78	116% 137 108 94 105	146% 134 100 74 82	115% 128 98 89 83	74% 95 113 105 110	85% 122 111 93 91	143% 137 124 80 70	90% 108 105 112 101	130% 148 130 90 70
				7-Day	Elimination	Period	·		
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	117% 96 90 93 97	99% 112 101 99 106	116% 107 91 92 102	94% 97 96 95 84	105% 102 109 110 105	98% 99 105 105 88	119% 107 96 86 76	105% 105 114 108 131	125° c 112 110 93 99
				14-Day	Elimination	n Period	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	138% 102 100 98 113	103% 95 96 110 120	141% 97 96 107 135	126% 108 96 108 101	102% 97 92 110 108	128% 104 89 118 110	85% 117 95 113 88	60% 105 114 92 64	51% 123 109 104 56

B. EXPERIENCE IN SECOND YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD

Thirteen companies contributed to this part of the study. The study traces claims incurred during calendar years 1963 and 1964 through the second year of the benefit period. Experience on policies having maximum benefit periods of less than two years is omitted. The contributions were

TABLE 11

MALE 0-DAY ACCIDENT AND 7-DAY SICKNESS EXPERIENCE
IN FIRST YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD
RATIOS OF 1962-63 AND 1964-65 EXPERIENCE
TO 1960-61 EXPERIENCE

	М	ALE OCC.	GROUP I		N	MALE OCC	. Group I	I
Attained Age	Annual Ra		Annual Co	- 1	Annual Ra		Annual Claim Cost	
	1962-63	1964-65	1962-63	1964-65	1962-63	1964-65	1962-63	1964-65
				0-Day A	Accident			
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	121% 109 98 100 98	119% 114 98 98 90	138% 119 102 105 98	149% 146 117 115 98	111% 111 101 107 96	122% 116 100 100 83	112% 122 112 109 84	129% 134 117 102 83
				7-Day S	Sickness			
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69	65% 94 96 103 99	94% 92 88 93 99	69% 110 112 108 101	100% 110 98 97 103	119% 109 103 97 101	106% 100 94 91 93	103% 113 108 97 112	95% 108 105 97 101

limited to experience under 0-day accident policies and 7-day sickness policies. Since the data for females were too sparse to be significant, this study is confined to male experience only, for which there were 700 claims incurred.

In this study nearly 60 per cent of the experience was contributed by one company, while over 80 per cent of the experience studied was contributed by four companies. Because of the sparsity of data, second-year

annual claim rates and annual claim costs developed from these data may prove to be unreliable.

Table 12 shows second-year Male I and Male II experience for 0-day accident and 7-day sickness coverages. Corresponding annual claim costs from the 1964 Commissioners Disability Table, discounted at $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent interest, are also shown. As mentioned previously, the Commissioners Table was developed to provide valuation net premiums, not net premiums which would be considered desirable in preparing gross premiums.

TABLE 12

DISABILITY LOSS-OF-TIME EXPERIENCE IN SECOND YEAR OF BENEFIT PERIOD FOR CLAIMS INCURRED DURING 1963-64

ATTAINED AGE	MALE Occ. GROUP I			MALE OCC. GROUP II			1964 Com- MISSIONERS ANNUAL
	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	Annual Claim Rate	Claim Duration (Months)	Annual Claim Cost*	CLAIM COST (2½ PER Cent)*
	0-Day Accident						
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-64	.0007 .0004 .0003 .0002 .0003	5.7 7.0 8.7 8.5 6.7	.0040 .0028 .0026 .0017 .0020	.0009 .0009 .0010 .0010 .0010	6.3 8.1 6.8 8.3 10.0	.0057 .0073 .0068 .0083 .0100	.0033 .0039 .0066 .0136 .0245
	7-Day Sickness						
20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-64	.0004 .0008 .0023 .0043 .0094	7.0 9.3 8.1 9.5 11.3	.0028 .0074 .0187 .0407 .1063	.0008 .0009 .0017 .0034 .0086	8.4 7.6 7.6 8.8 9.8	.0067 .0068 .0130 .0298 .0847	.0035 .0063 .0163 .0552 .1342

^{*} Per \$1 of monthly income benefit.

Nevertheless, it does provide a useful basis of comparison with second-year costs.

Male I 0-day accident annual claim rates and annual claim costs for the second year of the benefit period decrease by age at ages below 60. Male II 0-day accident annual claim rates are level by age, but annual claim costs increase with advancing age. Male I and Male II 0-day accident claim durations are generally shorter than those in the 1962 secondyear experience.

Male I and Male II 7-day sickness annual claim rates and annual claim costs for the second year of the benefit period increase rather steeply by age. Male II annual claim costs are lower than Male I annual claim costs at ages 40 and over. Claim durations for the 7-day sickness coverage are generally shorter than those in the 1962 second-year experience.

The 1964 Commissioners' annual claim costs for the second year of the benefit period are lower than the average of Male I and Male II costs at ages under 40 and are considerably higher than the average costs at ages 40 and over.