TRANSACTIONS OF SOCIETY OF ACTUARIES

II. GROUP WEEKLY INDEMNITY INSURANCE AND GROUP HOSPITAL AND SURGICAL EXPENSE INSURANCE

This is the twenty-first annual report on the continuing study of the morbidity experience of Group Weekly Indemnity insurance and Group Employee and Dependent Hospital and Surgical Expense insurance.

In compiling these reports, the Committee includes the available experience of employer-employee groups and excludes the experience of trusteeship and association cases insuring employees of the member employers and the experience of union cases, whether or not insurance depends upon continued employment. Experience of insured groups outside the United States is excluded, except for experience of groups insured for Group Weekly Indemnity insurance in Canada, which is reported separately. The data for Group Weekly Indemnity insurance exclude the experience of plans written under State Cash Sickness laws.

The Weekly Indemnity experience by specific instructions excludes groups in industrial classifications which the contributing companies individually rate above standard for premium purposes. This is also true of the Employee part of the Hospital Expense experience, but the Dependent part of this study includes experience on some dependents of employees in rated industries. Both employer and dependent data for the Surgical Expense study are reported for all industrial classifications. The last periodic report of experience by industry classification was published in the 1965 Reports.

Each of the three studies is organized with the first two tables showing experience by plan for the latest three years combined. The first table shows experience for all size groups combined, while the second table, in order to remove the effect that very large groups might have on experience, excludes jumbo groups—those containing 1,000 or more insured employees. (This definition is reasonably consistent with that used in 1966, and earlier reports, when benefits exposed were the basis.) The third table in each study shows the year-by-year trend in actual to tabular ratios over the latest five years. The Hospital and Surgical studies also include analyses by area and, for the first time this year, by size of the experience unit.

Ratios of Actual to Tabular Claims

Throughout this report, experience is based on benefits exposed and presented in the form of actual to tabular claims. The Weekly Indemnity study uses the 1947–49 Weekly Indemnity Tabular as reported in the 1962 Reports; the Hospital and Surgical studies use the 1957 Hospital and 1957 Surgical Tabulars as reported in the 1961 Reports, with subsequent expansions as noted in the 1963 and 1964 Reports.

The Committee recognizes the desirability of revising these tabulars to reflect more current claim levels; specific cautions concerning interpretation of the data contained in this report are noted in the following paragraph and elsewhere in the report. The Committee is now studying detailed group hospital and surgical claim data providing frequency of claims, charge, and benefit payment information to provide a basis for developing new tabulars. In the meantime, it is hoped that continued reporting of experience on the present basis will provide a useful and stable source for reference.

None of the tabulars reflect the recent decline in birth rates. Thus, when combined nonmaternity and maternity (or obstetrical) experience is shown in many of the tables, this tends to conceal the low ratio of actual to tabular for maternity benefits and the generally higher ratios of actual to tabular for nonmaternity benefits. The tabulars do not reflect certain factors, such as age distribution or geographic location, which may affect experience results. In addition, especially in the Hospital and Surgical studies, the tabulars do not always provide for benefits at the levels currently being offered in the market place.

Contributing Companies

The Committee wishes to express its gratitude to the eleven United States and Canadian companies which generously contributed data included in this report. The results are the composite experience of variations in company practice, in underlying administration and claim procedures, as well as variation in experience among groups. It should be recognized that many groups may have significantly different claim costs from those indicated in this report.

This report contains experience for years labeled 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, and 1967. The majority of the companies contribute exposures and claims based upon policy years ending in the calendar year designated. The central point of the exposure for each policy year is approximately January 1 of that year. The assumption was made that each company's

contribution was distributed uniformly over the period of exposure, which may be improper because of a concentration of policy renewals in January and July.

The following companies contributed experience for the investigation covered in this report:

Aetna Life Insurance Company
Connecticut General Life Insurance Company
Continental Assurance Company
Equitable Life Assurance Society
John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company
The Mutual Life Assurance Company of Canada
Occidental Life Insurance Company of California
Prudential Insurance Company of America
Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada
The Travelers Insurance Company

Analysis of Experience

WEEKLY INDEMNITY

Table 1 shows experience by plan for the three latest policy years combined, including all size groups. Only plans with a six-weeks' maternity benefit are included. Table 2 shows comparable experience, excluding jumbo groups; in addition, for those cases where separate experience is available, experience is also shown broken down into nonmaternity and maternity. Table 2 also includes experience of plans with no maternity benefits. Table 3 summarizes the ratios of actual to tabular claims on nonjumbo groups for each of the five latest years.

The upward trend for combined nonmaternity and maternity experience noted last year seemed to continue on Canadian groups. However, the United States experience has remained at last year's level, with apparently a random downward fluctuation on thirteen-week plans. In Table 1, all Canadian actual to tabular "total" ratios are higher than the corresponding United States ratios. For nonjumbo cases, Canadian experience on eighth-day sickness plans is better than on fourth-day sickness plans, while United States experience is just the reverse of this. The distribution of experience is such that in Tables 2 and 3 the actual to tabular "total" ratios for Canada are higher than the United States with but few exceptions. Nonjumbo maternity experience improved for both United States and Canadian groups.

GROUP WEEKLY INDEMNITY EXPERIENCE WITH SIX-WEEKS' MATERNITY BENEFIT

ALL SIZE GROUPS, NONRATED INDUSTRIES

COMBINED 1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

Plan	No. Experience Units	Weekly Indemnity Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio of Actual to 1947–49 Weekly Indemnity Tabular
		United States I	Experience	
1-4-13 4-4-13 1-8-13 8-8-13	1,317 346 5,164 742	7,005 1,744 32,114 7,099	4,496 833 21,221 4,582	92% 73 104 98
Total, 13-week plans	7,569	47,962	31,132	100%
1-4-26. 4-4-26. 1-8-26. 8-8-26.	391 61 2,338 319	7,481 929 31,797 12,775	6,833 701 26,341 8,781	113% 96 111 96
Total, 26-week plans	3,109	52,982	42,656	108%
Total, all plans	10,678	100,944	73,788	104%
		Canadian Ex	perience	<u> </u>
1-4-13 4-4-13 1-8-13 8-8-13	198 34 1,406 66	870 189 2,252 253	665 146 1,328 141	114% 107 100 98
Total, 13-week plans	1,704	3,564	2,280	104%
1-4-26. 4-4-26. 1-8-26. 8-8-26.	148 16 370 31	1,003 267 2,788 262	1,017 215 2,756 200	127% 96 137 105
Total, 26-week plans	565	4,320	4,188	130%
Total, all plans	2,269	7,884	6,468	119%

HOSPITAL

The basic results of the Hospital Expense insurance study for the three latest policy years are shown in Table 4 for all size groups combined and in Table 5 for nonjumbo groups. The experience is analyzed by plan according to nonmaternity room-and-board duration under ancillary benefits provided. Table 5 analyzes the nonmaternity and maternity experience combined; and a portion of this experience is analyzed separately by nonmaternity and maternity. The employee combined experience is a mixture of $10 \times$ and $14+n \times$ maternity, while the separate experience is essentially all $10 \times$ maternity. The nonmaternity experience of plans with no maternity or "other" maternity benefits is shown separately.

In general, the 1965–67 "total" actual to tabular ratios have declined from last year's report for both jumbo and nonjumbo groups. This pattern, noted last year, is confirmed by the results of the five latest years summarized in Table 6 for the same groups and plans included in the three-year analysis in Table 5. Caution should be exercised when interpreting the experience results due to the effect on experience resulting from the COB provision, the advent of Medicare, and resulting hospital utilization trends, as described in the Introduction to this report.

In Table 5, all separate maternity "total" ratios except for one category declined from last year's report.

The ratios in Table 6 also indicate that the use of the 1957 Hospital Tabular generally results in a higher ratio of actual to tabular claims as the size of the ancillary benefit increases. The 1957 Hospital Tabular is based upon an annual frequency of claim which does not vary by plan and an average ancillary benefit which does vary by plan, based on a historical distribution of ancillary benefit charges. While no direct evidence is available, there are now strong suggestions that the variations in actual to tabular by ancillary benefit are the result of inflation rather than an increased frequency of claim for plans with larger ancillary benefits.

Table 7 shows the results of an analysis by state and metropolitan area of employee plus dependent experience for all plans included in Table 4 for the three latest policy years combined. The experience is presented for groups with less than 1,000 employees, together with corresponding actual to tabular ratios with jumbo cases included. For a substantial portion of the experience contributed, it was not possible to determine whether or not 75 per cent of the employees resided in a given metropolitan area. These groups, as well as those where 75 per cent of the employees resided within a state but not within a single metropolitan area, make up the state experience. Where it was not possible to assign a group to a particular state, it was assigned to a region if 75 per cent or more of the insured

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TABLE 2

GROUP WEEKLY INDEMNITY EXPERIENCE GROUPS WITH LESS THAN 1,000 EMPLOYEES EXPOSED, NONRATED INDUSTRIES 1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

UNITED STATES EXPERIENCE

	No	NMATERNITY COMBINED E		IITY	Nonmaternity and Maternity Separate Experience*							
PLAN	No.	No Weekly	Actual	Ratio of Actual to	No.	Weekly	Actual	Claims	Ratio of Actual to 1947-49 Weekly Indemnity Tabular			
	Experience Units Indemnity Exposed (000)		Experience Units	e Indemnity Exposed (000)	Non- maternity (000)	Maternity (000)	Non- maternity	Maternity	Combined			
				ľ	lans with 6 V	veeks' Materr	nity Benefit				'	
13-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	1,647 5,774	6,972 25,829	4,083 15,865	87% 96	1,287 3,827	5,161 17,064	3,016 10,074	138 705	92% 104	54% 52	90% 98	
Total	7,421	32,801	19,948	94%	5,114	22,225	13,090	843	101%	52%	96%	
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	408 2,506	4,728 19,629	3,785 15,442	99% 106	291 1,526	3,169 12,234	2,544 9,534	65 358	103% 112	50% 54	101% 108	
Total	2,914	24,357	19,227	104%	1,817	15,403	12,078	423	110%	53%	106%	
			!	Pl	ans with No	Maternity Be	nefits			<u>'</u>		
13-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness					473 6,023	2,332 22,087	1,459 12,302		96% 96			
Total					6,496	24,419	13,761		96%			
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness					286 3,302	1,633 15,345	1,152 9,699		89% 90			
Total					3,588	16,978	10,851		90%			

^{*} The separate experience exposure is less than the combined experience exposure because separate experience is not available for all groups.

TABLE 2—Continued
CANADIAN EXPERIENCE

	No	NMATERNITY Combined	AND MATERN EXPERIENCE	HTY *	Nonmaternity and Maternity Separate Experience*							
Plan	No.	Units (1000) (1000) Weekly Indemnity Tabular	Actua	Actual to	No,	Weekly	Actual	Claims	Ratio of Actual to 1947–49 Weekly Indemnity Tabular			
	Experience		Experience Units		Non- maternity (000)	Maternity (000)	Non- maternity	Maternity	Combined			
	Plans with 6 Weeks' Maternity Benefit											
13-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	227 1,465	773 2,264	555 1,312	108% 99	198 1,269	630 1,824	446 979	11 42	114% 99	46%† 46†	110% 95	
Total	1,692	3,037	1,867	101%	1,467	2,454	1,425	53	103%	46%	99%	
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	161 392	868 1,619	819 1,220	115% 101	130 314	591 1,006	583 603	15 34	128% 87	68%† 72†	125% 86	
Total	553	2,487	2,039	106%	444	1,597	1,186	49	103%	71%†	102%	
				·	Plans with I	o Maternity	Benefits	1	!	<u></u>	<u> </u>	
13-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness					101 815	367 2,002	232 1,122					
Total					916	2,369	1,354		100%			
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness					72 341	245 1,177	222 735		117% 87			
Total					413	1,422	957		92%			

[†] Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

GROUP WEEKLY INDEMNITY EXPERIENCE GROUPS WITH LESS THAN 1,000 EMPLOYEES EXPOSED NONRATED INDUSTRIES

1963-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

UNITED STATES

Plan -	RATIOS OF ACTUAL TO 1947-49 TABULAR FOR POLICY YEAR ENDING IN:								
r LAN -	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967				
	P	lans with 6	Weeks' Mate	rnity Benefit	t				
Nonmaternity and maternity combined experience: 13-week:									
4th-day sickness	94% 95	90% 95	87% 95	89% 97	84% 95				
Total	95%	94%	94%	95%	93%				
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	99% 97	96% 103	96% 105	101% 106	100% 106				
Total	98%	101%	103%	105%	105%				
Nonmaternity and maternity separate experience:* Nonmaternity: 13-week: 4th-day sickness	97%	92%	92%	94%	91%				
8th-day sickness	102	101	104	106	103				
Total	101%	99%	101%	103%	100%				
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	102% 104	102% 107	105% 111	103% 112	103% 114				
Total	103%	106%	109%	110%	111%				
Maternity (all plans)	64%	65%	55%	55%	48%				
Combined: 13-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	95% 97	91% 96	90% 98	92% 99	87% 96				
Total	97%	95%	96%	98%	94%				
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	100% 101	100% 105	103% 107	101% 109	99% 109				
Total	101%	104%	106%	107%	107%				
-	<u> </u>	Plans with 1	No Maternity	Benefits	-				
13-week: 4th-day sickness	92% 95	97% 94	98% 96	102%	90% 97				
Total	94%	94%	96%	96%	96%				
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	110%	90% 88	91% 91	93%	83% 88				
Total	95%	88%	91%	92%	88%				

^{*}The nonmaternity and maternity separate experience is also included in the nonmaternity and maternity combined experience.

TABLE 3—Continued CANADA

Plan	R/		VAL TO 1947-	49 TABULAR	
	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
	Pla	ns with 6 W	eeks' Matern	ity Benefit	
Nonmaternity and maternity combined experience: 13-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	114% 94	102% 96	100% 96	109%	119% 102
Total	99%	98%	97%	102%	106%
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	123% 95	118% 100	107% 93	123% 96	114% 115
Total	104%	105%	98%	106%	115%
Nonmaternity and maternity separate experience:* Nonmaternity: 13-week: 4th-day sickness	112%	112%	104%	120%	122%
8th-day sickness	95	94	99	99	100
Total	99%	98%	100%	104%	106%
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	140% 94	114% 87	131% 85	135% 79	118% 101
Total	106%	95%	98%	103%	108%
Maternity (all plans)	69%†	67%†	63%†	59%†	41%†
Combined: 13-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	110% 92	109% 91	101% 95	116% 95	117% 94
Total	96%	95%	97%	100%	100%
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	136% 93	112% 88	127% 85	132% 79	116% 98
Total	104%	95%	97%	101%	106%
		Plans with	No Materni	ty Benefits	
13-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	117% 107	108% 109	103% 100	75% 105	113% 98
Total	110%	109%	100%	100%	100%
26-week: 4th-day sickness 8th-day sickness	109% 103	85% 102	138% 85	109% 91	109% 84
Total	105%	98%	94%	94%	89%

[†] Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

TABLE 4

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT GROUP HOSPITAL EXPENSE INSURANCE
ALL SIZE GROUPS, EMPLOYEE-RATED INDUSTRIES EXCLUDED
COMBINED 1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

Plan	No. Experience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio of Actual to 1957 Hospital Tabular
Employee: With maternity benefits:* 10×:				
31-day 70-day 120-day	1,195 320 75	\$3,578 751 501	\$ 7,213 1,575 774	122% 127 110
Total	1,590	\$4,830	\$ 9,562	122%
15×: 31-day	543 310 18	\$1,591 781 25	\$ 3,140 1,550 51	117% 122 118
Total	871	\$2,397	\$ 4,741	118%
20×: 31-day	1,524 1,950 278	\$3,585 4,051 699	\$ 7,498 8,943 1,577	124% 128 135
Total	3,752	\$8,335	\$18,018	127%
20× + 75% of excess: 31-day	362 595 102	\$ 694 1,361 221	\$ 1,763 3,564 546	139% 142 140
Total	1,059	\$2,276	\$ 5,873	141%

^{* 10} \times or 14 + $n\times$. Plans with "other" maternity benefits are excluded.

TABLE 4—Continued

Plan	No. Experience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio of Actual to 1957 Hospital Tabular
Dependent: With maternity benefits:†				
10×: 31-day 70-day 120-day	1,054 244 40	\$1,913 420 106	\$ 7,424 1,690 382	117% 122 114
Total	1,338	\$2,439	\$ 9,496	118%
15×: 31-day	592 334 34	\$1,079 515 128	\$ 4,612 2,182 521	125% 125 120
Total	960	\$1,722	\$ 7,315	125%
20×: 31-day	1,973 2,723 465	\$2,792 3,491 749	\$12,302 15,616 3,433	130% 132 135
Total	5,161	\$7,032	\$31,351	131%
20× + 75% of excess: 31-day	458 918 156	\$ 630 1,314 229	\$ 3,279 6,558 1,185	142% 138 148
Total	1,532	\$2,173	\$11,022	140%
With no maternity benefits: 10×: Total	184	\$ 328	\$ 1,081	130%

^{† 10×,} subject to a nine-month waiting period. Plans with "other" maternity benefits are excluded.

TABLE 5

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT HOSPITAL EXPENSE INSURANCE
GROUPS WITH LESS THAN 1,000 EMPLOYEES EXPOSED, NONRATED INDUSTRIES
1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

	Nonmaternity and Maternity Combined Experience*				Nonmaternity and Maternity Separate Experience*						
PLAN No. Experience Units	Evra Dene-		Actual	Ratio of Ac-	No.	Daily Bene-	Actual Claims		Ratio of Actual to 1957 Hospital Tabular		
	fit Ex- posed (000)	Claims (000) to 1957 Hos- pital Tabu- lar	rience Units	e nt Ex-	Non- ma- ternity (000)	Ma- ternity (000)	Non- ma- ternity	Ma- ternity	Com- bined		
and the second s	Employee Plans with $10\times$ and $14+n\times$ Maternity Benefits										
10×: 31-day 70-day 120-day	1,153 312 70	616	\$ 4,415 1,163 454	116	674 108 ‡		\$ 2,247 438 ‡		118% 116	54% 61†	111% 111 1
Total	1,535	\$3,246	\$ 6,032	115%	789	\$1,616	\$ 2,735	\$ 151	118%	55%	111%
15×: 31-day 70-day 120-day	528 306 18	698	\$ 2,038 1,397 51		390 136 ‡		\$ 1,328 530 ‡		118% 123 ‡	60% 81† ‡	114% 121
Total	852	\$1,754	\$ 3,486	120%	534	\$1,027	\$ 1,873	\$ 77	120%	65%	116%
20×: 31-day 70-day 120-day		3,424		123% 127 125	1,240 1,386 159	2,458		249	126% 132 126	60% 74 61†	121% 128 120
Total	3,705	\$6,743	\$14,377	125%	2,785	\$5,048	\$10,152	\$ 462	129%	67%	124%
20× + 75% of excess; 31-day 70-day	361 586 101	1,180		138	301 404 66	845	\$ 1,359 2,090 384	106	146% 147 151	68% 80 90†	140% 141 147
Total	1,048	\$2,034	\$ 5,191	139%	771	\$1,547	\$ 3,833	\$ 173	147%	77%	141%
			Emple	yee Pla	ns with	"Other	'' Mater	nity Ben	efits§		
Total					446	\$ 931	\$ 1,819		129%		

^{*} The separate experience exposure is less than the combined experience exposure because separate experience is not available for all groups.

[†] Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

[‡] Less than \$50,000 of actual claims and less than ten experience units.

[§] Nonmaternity experience only submitted for these plans.

TABLE 5—Continued

		TERNIT	RNITY AN Y COMBIN RIENCE*		Nonmaternity and Maternity Separate Experience*						
Plan	Daily Of		Ratio of Ac- tual to 1957	No.	Daily Bene-		ual ims	Ratio of Actual to 1957 Hospital Tabular			
	rience Units posed (000) P T	to 1957 Experience pital Units Tabular	Units posed (000)	Non- ma- ternity (000)	Ma- ternity (000)	Non- ma- ternity	Ma- ternity	Com- bined			
		Dependent Plans with 10× Maternity Benefits									
							Ī	<u> </u>			
10×: 31-day 70-day 120-day	1,023 241 40	\$1,478 384 106	\$ 5,601 1,523 382	115% 122 114	688 145 10	\$ 905 285 22	\$ 2,922 995 76	150	130% 141 147	73% 66 66†	116% 123 127
Total	1,304	\$1,968	\$ 7,506	116%	843	\$1,212	\$ 3,993	\$ 695	133%	72%	118%
15×: 31-day	572 333 33	495	\$ 3,081 2,103 397	126% 125 120	422 192 16	\$ 527 287 51	\$ 1,961 991 176	\$ 303 182 25†	141% 134 136	80	125% 121
120-day Total			\$ 5,581	125%	630		\$ 3,128	<u>.</u>	139%	74%	118
20×: 31-day 70-day 120-day	1.948	\$2,410 2,981	\$10,622 13,459	129 % 133		\$1,957	\$ 7,375 8,445	\$1,231 1,391	145% 149 156		130% 133 139
Total	5,105	\$5,959	\$26,695	132 %	3,686	\$4,442	\$16,971	\$2,816	148%	80%	132%
20× + 75% of excess: 31-day 70-day	455 907 155	1,130		139	359 514 85	\$ 440 685 137		449	161% 153 176	70% 82 86	141% 137 156
Total	1,517	\$1,908	\$ 9,735	141%	958	\$1,262	\$ 5,620	\$ 792	159%	78%	141%
		<u> </u>	Depen	dent Pl	ans witl	ı "Othe	r" Mate	nity Ber	nefits§	<u> </u>	
Total					694	\$ 904	\$ 3,205		140%		
			De	penden	Plans	with No	Matern	ity Bene	fit	•	
Total					177	\$ 244	\$ 807		134%		<i>.</i>

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT GROUP HOSPITAL EXPENSE EXPERIENCE GROUPS WITH LESS THAN 1,000 EMPLOYEES EXPOSED EMPLOYEE-RATED INDUSTRIES EXCLUDED 1963-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

Pian				o 1957 Hos	
	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967
			Employee		
Plans with 10× and 14+n× mater- nity benefits:					
Nonmaternity and maternity com- bined experience:					
10×	110% 117 118 128	116% 119 125 131	116% 119 125 141	116% 122 128 142	113% 118 122 133
Nonmaternity: 10× 15× 20× 20× + 75% of excess Maternity (all plans) Combined:	114 119 119 129 78	116 121 130 137 75	120 122 129 149 68	116 118 133 149 63	117 118 126 142 67
10×	110 116 117 125	112 118 126 133	114 118 124 144	109 114 128 143	111 115 121 136
Nonmaternity	113	127	125	141	122
			Dependent		
Plans with 10× maternity benefits: Nonmaternity and maternity com-					
bined experience: 10×	111% 121 129 135	117% 133 133 141	118% 128 133 143	115% 129 133 145	115% 118 128 132
Nonmaternity: 10×	119 133 136 148 94	132 142 146 153 89	132 141 148 165 83	133 144 151 161 76	133 131 143 148 73
10× 15× 20× 20× + 75% of excess Plans with "other" maternity benefits:	111 123 127 137	118 131 133 140	119 127 134 147	117 126 133 144	117 116 128 130
Nonmaternity	126	137	132	149	138
10×	125	135	161	125	119

^{*}The nonmaternity and maternity separate experience is also included in the nonmaternity and maternity combined experience.

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT GROUP HOSPITAL EXPENSE INSURANCE EMPLOYEE-RATED INDUSTRIES EXCLUDED COMBINED 1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE BY REGION, STATE, AND METROPOLITAN AREA

	Gı		ESS THAN 1,0 S Exposed	000	ALL SIZE
Region,* State,† or Metropolitan Area	No. Ex- perience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
Total, all locations	16,180	25,167	79,412	128%	128%
New England States: ConnecticutBridgeport-Stamford-	148	187	562	128%	131%
Norwalk	41	65	162	104	104
Bristol	105 42	228 61	724 141	133 97	122 97
Total	336	541	1,589	124%	123%
Maine	100	204	556	114%	114%
Massachusetts Boston-Lowell-Lawrence Springfield-Holyoke	221 200 61	447 322 91	1,156 890 285	118% 119 137	121% 118 137
Total	482	860	2,331	120%	122%
New Hampshire	132	309	671	102%	102%
Rhode Island Providence	12	11	18§ 	72%§ 	72%§
Total	15	25	36§	70%§	70%§
Vermont	147	258	654	115%	111%
Region	162	266	650	119%	129%
Region total	1,374	2,463	6,487	117%	119%
Middle Atlantic States: Delaware	11	11	II	II.	li .
District of Columbia D.C. (Md.)	49 	83	242 	122% 	122%
D.C. (Va.)	JI	II.		li	11
Total	61	95	287	125%	125%

^{*} Groups not coded for a specific state or metropolitan area.

[†] Groups coded for a specific state but not for a specific metropolitan area.

[†] Ratio of Actual to 1957 Hospital Tabular. Note that these ratios are not expressed as a percentage of the national average. For the distribution of experience in this table, the national average is shown in "Total, all locations."

[§] Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

Less than \$50,000 of actual claims and less than ten experience units.

	Gi		LESS THAN 1,0 S EXPOSED	000	ALL SIZE
REGION,* STATE,† OR METROPOLITAN AREA	No. Ex- perience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
New Jersey	152	197	546	117%	116%
New York	672	935	2,342	110%	110%
TroyBuffaloNew York-Northeastern	48	43	104	108	108
New Jersey (N.Y.) New York-Northeastern	231	332	945	116	109
New Jersey (N.J.) Rochester	199	235	546	91 IJ	101
Syracuse	22	26	"68	112	112
Total	1,183	1,585	4,030	108%	108%
Pennsylvania	1,324	1,985	5,747	122%	122%
Allentown-Bethlehem- Easton (Pa.)	10	9	27§	130§	130§
Easton (N.J.) Philadelphia (Pa.) Philadelphia (N.J.) Pittsburgh Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	143 16 42 17	314 16 22 60	852 47§ 80 144	117 106§ 133 95	117 106§ 143 95
Total	1,554	2,407	6,900	120%	122%
Region	69	102	273	112%	112%
Region total	3,024	4,388	12,043	116%	117%
North Central States: Illinois	871 375 13	1,102 659 13	3,721 2,284 44§	132% 140 114§	132% 137 114§
Total	1,259	1,774	6,049	135%	134%
IndianaIndianapolis	702 54	1,303 124	3,857 374	119% 115	120% 115
Total	756	1,427	4,231	119%	120%
Kentucky Louisville (Ky.) Louisville (Ind.)	111	154	478 23§	123% 107§	130% 107§
Total	122	163	501	122%	129%
Michigan	715 133	1,337 166	4,265 543	133% 143	134% 138
Total	848	1,503	4,808	134%	134%

^{*} Groups not coded for a specific state or metropolitan area.

[†] Groups coded for a specific state but not for a specific metropolitan area.

[‡] Ratio of Actual to 1957 Hospital Tabular. Note that these ratios are not expressed as a percentage of the national average. For the distribution of experience in this table, the national average is shown in "Total, all locations."

[§] Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

Less than \$50,000 of actual claims and less than ten experience units.

	Gro	ups with Le Employee	ss than 1,00 s Exposed	0	ALL SIZE
Region,* State,† or Metropolitan Area	No. Ex- perience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
Ohio Akron Cincinnati (Ohio) Cincinnati (Ky.) Cleveland Columbus Dayton Toledo Youngstown (Ohio) Youngstown (Pa.)	770 21 47 29 39 40 19	1,350 10 49 25 63 45 39 18	4,452 32§ 155 103 160 131 169 60	135% 116§ 120 153 111 127 179 125	136% 116§ 120 153 111 127 179 125
Total	982	1,603	5,268	134%	136%
West VirginiaWheeling-Steubenville	208	238	929	140%	140%
(W.Va.)	11		ll l	11]]
(Ohio)	II				
Total	210	239	954	143%	143%
Wisconsin	315 62	685 129	2,641 444	152% 140	152% 140
Total	377	814	3,085	150%	151%
Region	282	512	1,545	124%	124%
Region total	4,836	8,035	26,441	133%	133%
Plains States: Iowa	234	277	879	115%	114%
Kansas	204	295	926	130%	139%
MinnesotaMinneapolis-St. Paul	134 57	150 53	554 210	144% 141	144% 141
Total	191	203	764	143%	143%
Missouri. Kansas City (Mo.). Kansas City (Kan.). St. Louis (Mo.). St. Louis (Ill.).	298 40 19 53	301 33 49 54	1,048 115 160 191	130% 129 124 133	131% 129 124 133
Total	412	439	1,528	130%	131%
Nebraska Omaha	141 45	178 77	566 293	125% 163	123% 163
Total	186	255	859	136%	134%
North Dakota	41	32	102	125%	125%
South Dakota	41	51	211	153%	153%
Region	59	129	377	116%	84%
Region total	1,368	1,681	5,646	129%	127%

	G	000			
REGION,* STATE,† OR METROPOLITAN AREA	No. Ex- perience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	ALL SIZE GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
Mountain States: Colorado Denver	49 18	77 26	312 106	152% 154	156% 154
Total	67	103	418	152%	156%
Idaho	18	17	58	124%	124%
Montana	11	58	183	108%	108%
Nevada	11	23	142	209%	139%
Utah	37	74	201	121%	133%
Wyoming	!	11			
Region	15	59	145	94%	94%
Region total	162	335	1,153	131%	134%
Pacific States: California. Los Angeles-Long Beach. San Diego. San Francisco-Oakland.	63 45 13	138 104 15	353 215 50	115% 102 	115% 113
Total#	124	260	631	112%	115%
OregonPortland					
Total	11	12	43	114%	114%
Washington		H H		90%	90%
Total	12	34	80	98%	98%
Region		11	11	11	11
Region total	148	307	762	111%	114%
Gulf States: Arizona	51	68	287	166%	166%
Arkansas	163	215	783	127%	127%
Louisiana	308 33	278 16	1,182 57	161% 138	161% 138
Total	341	294	1,239	159%	159%
New Mexico	49	44	179	143%	143%
Oklahoma	166	155	619	140%	141%

^{*} Groups not coded for a specific state or metropolitan area.

[†] Groups coded for a specific state but not for a specific metropolitan area.

[†] Ratio of Actual to 1957 Hospital Tabular. Note that these ratios are not expressed as a percentage of the national average. For the distribution of experience in this table, the national average is shown in "Total, all locations."

Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

Less than \$50,000 of actual claims and less than ten experience units.

[#]The California experience above excludes plans integrated with UCD benefits. The corresponding California experience including plans integrated with UCD is as follows: 199 units, 377 exposed, 825 claims, 119 per cent A/T, and 122 per cent A/T.

	GR		ess than 1,00	00	ALL SIZE
REGION,* STATE,† OR METROPOLITAN AREA	No. Ex- perience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
TexasDallas. Fort Worth.	515 34 16	518 43 13	2,200 171 56	158% 146 155	158% 146 155
HoustonSan Antonio	55 25	47 70	214 220	182 125	217 125
Total	645	691	2,861	155%	160%
Region	37	36	154	157%	157%
Region total	1,452	1,503	6,122	150%	154%
Southeastern States: Alabama Birmingham	110 10	125 9	495 30§	153% 115§	153% 115§
Total	120	134	525	151%	151%
Florida	263 49 12	435 66 22	1,512 262 71	132% 154 132	132% 154 132
Total	324	523	1,845	135%	135%
GeorgiaAtlanta	353 99	349 116	1,245 342	136% 123	135% 111
Total	452	465	1,587	133%	127%
MarylandBaltimore	133 62	152 75	448 219	112% 123	112% 123
Total	195	227	667	116%	116%
Mississippi	119	111	427	136%	136%
North Carolina	558	683	2,043	113%	115%
South Carolina	131	223	786	132%	131%
Tennessee	220 11 32	221 13 40	799 50 128	134% 178 127	134% 178 127
Total	263	274	977	134%	134%
Virginia Norfolk-Portsmouth	431 53	501 77	1,552 271	121% 144	120% 144
Total	484	578	1,823	124%	122%
Region	200	464	1,322	116%	113%
Region total	2,846	3,682	12,002	126%	124%
Hawaii					- 11
Alaska					
Total, states and regions	15,214	22,400	70,688	128%	128%
All other**	966	2,767	8,724	130%	132%

^{**} Less than 75 per cent of employees in one region, state, or metropolitan area.

employees were in that region. A few metropolitan areas extended into more than one state. In these instances all of the experience has been included in the total experience for the principal state, as has been done in studies of other benefits prepared by this Committee. Sufficient detail is provided so that the reader may adjust state totals to exclude only that portion of the metropolitan area not within that state, which would be consistent with previous Hospital and Surgical experience by state.

When interpreting the variations in experience by area, it should be borne in mind that the hospital tabulars do not include an adjustment for the expected variation in costs by area. On the other hand, the tabulars do recognize that for any given dollar maximum ancillary benefit the average benefit payable will increase as the dollar amount of daily benefit increases. For the 1957 Hospital Tabular to produce reasonably accurate ancillary claim costs, it is necessary that the amount of daily benefit provided be reasonably related to the level of hospital room-and-board charges. The area variations in experience shown in Table 7 may be due to variations in the relationship of ancillary charges to room-and-board charges in an area, variations in frequency or average duration of hospital confinement, or a combination of these factors. However, since the daily room-and-board benefit provided is limited to a dollar amount and the ancillary benefits provided have aggregate dollar maximums, it is possible that a substantial part of the variations in experience for area shown in Table 7 is due to the frequency of hospital confinement.

The volume of hospital experience shown for California is relatively small and may be atypical because of the exclusion of Employee Hospital plans which are integrated with California UCD Hospital benefits. The experience of these plans is included in a footnote to Table 7. To reflect the UCD Hospital benefit of \$12 for the first twenty days of confinement, the 1957 Hospital Tabulars were reduced by \$8.28 per male employee and by \$9.24 per female employee.

The results of the area analysis can be presented only as a composite experience of groups having various industry classification, distributions of exposure by age, and different types of claim administration. Moreover, it should be understood that the experience of any particular area is affected by various social and economic factors and that variations in experience may be chance fluctuations resulting from an insufficient volume of experience. The analysis indicates the highest claim level in the Gulf states and the lowest claim level in the Pacific, Middle Atlantic, and New England states. The experience of some states within a given region varies considerably from the region average. There are also marked variations within a given state.

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Table 8 summarizes the actual to tabular ratios for groupings of Hospital cases by the size of the experience unit. Plans with standard maternity benefits are shown with employee and dependent experience combined. The results show little variation in claim level by size.

SURGICAL

The basic results of the Surgical Expense insurance study are presented in Table 9 for all size groups and Table 10 for nonjumbo groups. In Table

TABLE 8

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT HOSPITAL EXPENSE INSURANCE
ALL SIZE GROUPS, STANDARD MATERNITY BENEFITS ONLY,*
EMPLOYEE-RATED INDUSTRIES EXCLUDED
COMBINED EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT EXPERIENCE

COMBINED 1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY SIZE OF EXPERIENCE UNIT

Size	No. Experience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio of Actual to 1957 Hospital Tabular
< 50 lives 50-99 100-249 250-499 500-999	6,084 4,581 3,585 1,158 590	\$ 2,310 4,224 7,474 5,436 5,475	\$ 7,972 13,890 23,196 16,748 16,795	130% 130 126 126 129
Total, <1,000	15,998 259	\$24,919 6,283	\$78,601 18,775	128% 131
Grand total	16,257	\$31,202	\$97,376	128%

^{* 10×} or 14 + ** maternity benefits.

9 all but one of the 1965-67 actual to tabular ratios are less than their corresponding ratios in last year's report. The actual to tabular ratios for nonjumbo groups in Table 10 also bear this relationship to last year's ratios. Again, the items enumerated in the introduction to these reports should be noted and caution exercised in the interpretation of the results.

Table 11 summarizes the ratios of actual to tabular claims for the five latest policy years. A small volume of invalid experience has been removed from the 1966 data on dependents covered under \$150 schedules; the 1966 ratio has been changed to reflect this correction.

Table 12 contains an analysis by state and metropolitan area of employee and dependent surgical experience for all plans included in Table 9

for the three latest policy years combined. The experience is presented for groups with less than 1,000 employees together with the corresponding actual to tabular ratios with jumbo cases included. The surgical analysis by area indicates the highest claim level in the Mountain, Pacific, and Gulf states and the lowest level in the Middle Atlantic states. The experience of some states within a given region varies considerably from the region average. There are also marked variations within a given state.

The surgical variations in ratios of actual to tabular claims by area are probably due primarily to the variations in claim frequencies, since nearly all claim payments are for the maximum amount allowed by the procedure performed. If frequencies are the same, minor variations in the ratios by area may still occur because of differing frequency distributions of proce-

TABLE 9

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT GROUP SURGICAL EXPENSE INSURANCE
ALL SIZE GROUPS, ALL INDUSTRIES
COMBINED 1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

Plan	No. Experience Units	Maximum Indemnity Exposed per \$150, \$200, or \$300 Basic Units (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio of Actual to 1957 Surgical Tabular
Employee: With obstetrical benefits:* \$150 schedule \$200 schedule \$300 schedule	1,920 9,986 3,712	\$ 649 3,192 988	\$ 3,100 20,172 8,010	118% 115 111
Total	15,618	\$4,829	\$31,282	114%
Dependent: With obstetrical benefits:* \$150 schedule\$200 schedule\$300 schedule	1,225 11,869 5,762 18,856	\$ 373 2,379 827 \$3,579	\$ 4,703 37,637 17,506 \$59,846	101% 105 104 105%
No obstetrical benefits: \$150 schedule \$200 schedule \$300 schedule	142 1,674 1,326	\$ 35 227 100	\$ 299 2,970 1,851	112% 128 140
Total	3,142	\$ 362	\$ 5,120	131%

^{*} Plans with "other" obstetrical benefits are excluded. Dependent obstetrical benefits are subject to a nine-month waiting period.

TABLE 10

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT SURGICAL EXPENSE INSURANCE
GROUPS WITH LESS THAN 1,000 EMPLOYEES EXPOSED, ALL INDUSTRIES
1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

		STETRICA	TRICAL A L COMBI IENCE*		Nonobstetrical and Obstetrical Separate Experience*						
Plan	No. Expe-	Maxi- mum Surgi- cal In-	Actual	Ratio of Ac- tual to 1957	Maxi- mum Surgi- cal In-		Actual	Claims	Ratio of Actual to 1957 Surgical Tabular		
	rience Units	dem- nity Ex- posed (000)	Claims (000)	Surgi- cal Tabu- lar	rience dem- linite nity	Non- obstet- rical (000)	Ob- stetrical (000)	Non- obstet- rical	Ob- stetri- cal	Com- bined	
			Emple	yee Plar	s with S	tandard	Obstetri	cal Bene	fits	-	
\$150 \$200 \$300	1,849 9,603 3,590	1,900	\$ 1,811 11,707 5,038	111	1,153 6,038 2,555	1,198	\$ 875 6,813 3,617	533	123% 118 117	53% 63 62	110% 111 109
Total	15,042	\$2,922	\$18,556	111%	9,746	\$1,903	\$11,305	\$ 921	118%	62%	110%
			Emple	oyee Plan	s with "	Other"	Obstetric	al Benefi	ts†		
Total					419	\$ 107	\$ 594		114%		
			Deper	dent Pla	ns with	Standard	Obstetr	ical Bene	fits		
\$150 \$200 \$300	1,172 11,519 5,636	1,533	\$ 2,622 23,862 11,976	98% 104 104	734 7,312 3,198	959		\$ 315 2,951 2,017	122% 121 120	56% 65 70	97% 103 102
Total	18,327	\$2,318	\$38,460	103%	11,244	\$1,480	\$19,363	\$5,283	121%	66%	103%
			Depen	dent Pla	ns with '	'Other''	Obstetric	al Benef	its†		
Total					726	\$ 112	\$ 1,394		117%		
			De	pendent	Plans wi	th No O	bstetrical	Benefits	·		
\$150 \$200 \$300					132 1,645 1,323	167			119% 121 138		
Total					3,100	\$ 265	\$ 3,690		127%		

^{*} The separate experience exposure is less than the combined experience exposure because separate experience is not available for all groups.

[†] Nonmaternity experience only submitted for these plans.

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT SURGICAL EXPENSE INSURANCE GROUPS WITH LESS THAN 1,000 EMPLOYEES EXPOSED, ALL INDUSTRIES 1963-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY PLAN

Plan	RATIOS OF ACTUAL CLAIMS TO 1957 SURGICAL TABULAR FOR POLICY YEAR ENDING IN:					
	1963	1964	1965	1966	1967	
			Employee		-	
Plans with standard obstetrical benefits:*			1			
Nonobstetrical and obstetri-						
cal combined experience:	10007	11 207	11107	11207	11207	
\$150 schedule	108% 111	112% 115	111%	113% 113	112% 109	
\$300 schedule	107	111	110	110	108	
Nonobstetrical and obstetri-	ł					
cal separate experience:	İ	Ì				
Nonobstetrical:	116	119	123	121	124	
\$150 schedule	114	121	118	121	115	
\$300 schedule	108	116	116	118	116	
Obstetrical (all plans)	78	71	65	59	61	
Combined:	107	100	100	100	112	
\$150 schedule	107 110	108 115	109 111	108 113	112 108	
\$300 schedule	104	110	109	110	108	
Plans with "other" obstetrical				• • •		
benefits:						
Nonobstetrical	103	126	116	123	107	
			Dependent	1		
Diana sitti sta Janja il tetrical						
Plans with standard obstetrical benefits:*	ł	ŀ	}	İ		
Nonobstetrical and obstetri-						
cal combined experience:			i	.		
\$150 schedule	102%	102%	99%	101%	93%	
\$200 schedule	108 112	109 114	106 108	104 104	101 100	
Nonobstetrical and obstetri-	112	114	100	104	100	
cal separate experience:]	}	}		
Nonobstetrical:						
\$150 schedule	119	123	121 125	126	120	
\$200 schedule	118 125	122	125	122 123	116 118	
Obstetrical (all plans)	83	80	73	68	58	
Combined:						
\$150 schedule	100	102	98	100	93	
\$200 schedule	107	108	108	105	97	
\$300 schedule	111	111	106	105	98	
benefits:	1		i			
Nonobstetrical	111	122	114	124	115	
Plans with no obstetrical bene-]		
fits:	110	115	124	1424	011	
\$150 schedule	119 124	115 124	124 131	143‡ 119	94‡ 110	
\$300 schedule	133	143	151	136	128	

^{*} Standard obstetrical benefits: benefit for normal delivery is \$50 under the \$150 and \$200 schedules; benefit is \$75 under the \$300 schedule.

[†] The nonobstetrical and obstetrical separate experience is also included in the nonobstetrical and obstetrical combined experience.

Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT GROUP SURGICAL EXPENSE INSURANCE ALL INDUSTRIES

COMBINED 1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE BY REGION, STATE, AND METROPOLITAN AREA

	Gi	GROUPS WITH Less THAN 1,000 EMPLOYEES EXPOSED					
REGION,* STATE,† OR METROPOLITAN AREA	No. Ex- perience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡		
Total, all locations	36,471	5,501	60,720	107%	109%		
New England States: Connecticut Bridgeport-Stamford-	401	66	754	105%	107%		
Norwalk	94	23	225	102	102		
Bristol New Haven-Waterbury	178 98	31 20	372 198	112 96	116 102		
Total	771	140	1,549	105%	108%		
Maine	169	30	342	101%	101%		
Massachusetts Boston-Lowell-Lawrence Springfield-Holyoke	698 285 123	114 44 21	1,239 467 245	110% 99 121	110% 99 113		
Total	1,106	179	1,951	108%	108%		
New Hampshire	191	31	299	97%	101%		
Rhode IslandProvidence	49 	5	37§	119%§	119%§		
Total	58	7	54	117%	117%		
Vermont	301	43	426	99%	99%		
Region	279	34	391	103%	102%		
Region total	2,875	464	5,012	105%	106%		
Middle Atlantic States: Delaware	18	6	69	115%	115%		
District of Columbia D.C. (Md.) D.C. (Va.)	113 26 16	17 2 1	158 25§ 8§	92% 124§ 90§	91% 124§ 90§		
Total	155	20	191	95%	94%		

^{*} Groups not coded for a specific state or metropolitan area.

[†] Groups coded for a specific state but not for a specific metropolitan area.

[‡] Ratio of Actual to 1957 Surgical Tabular. Note that these ratios are not expressed as a percentage of the national average. For the distribution of experience in this table, the national average is shown in "Total, all locations."

[§] Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

^{||} Less than \$50,000 of actual claims and less than ten experience units.

	Gr	OUPS WITH L EMPLOYEES	ESS THAN 1,0	00	ALL SIZE
Region,* State,† or Metropolitan Area	No. Experience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
New Jersey	435	58	627	101%	102%
New York	1,648	194	1,908	94%	97%
Troy	45 111	8 10	83 116	98 102	98 102
Buffalo New York-Northeastern New Jersey (N.Y.)	512	64	697	102	98
New York-Northeastern	270	21	21.5	~-	70
New Jersey (N.J.) Rochester	270 24	31 8	215 97	71 102	79 102
Syracuse	66	7	67	84	84
Total	2,676	322	3,183	93%	95%
Pennsylvania	2,377	373	3,726	102%	105%
Easton (Pa.)	23	6	51	103	103
Easton (N.J.) Philadelphia (Pa.) Philadelphia (N.J.) Pittsburgh Wilkes-Barre-Hazleton	238 26 127 47	42 3 21 10	417 34§ 222 77	100 99§ 102 81	99 79§ 120 81
Total	2,847	455	4,531	101%	105%
Region	130	24	238	95%	100%
Region total	6,261	885	8,839	98%	101%
North Central States: Illinois	2,089 796 39	265 135 7	2,615 1,217 83	95% 94 106	99% 96 106
Total	2,924	407	3,915	95%	98%
Indiana Indianapolis	1,178 113	216 19	2,389 199	106% 104	110% 104
Total	1,291	235	2,588	106%	110%
Kentucky Louisville (Ky.) Louisville (Ind.)	217 18	30 4 	313 55 	100% 122 	107% 122
Total	235	34	368	103%	109%
Michigan	1,529 422	234 62	3,069 790	117% 120	120% 122
Total	1,951	296	3,859	118%	120%

^{*} Groups not coded for a specific state or metropolitan area.

[†] Groups coded for a specific state but not for a specific metropolitan area.

[‡] Ratio of Actual to 1957 Surgical Tabular. Note that these ratios are not expressed as a percentage of the national average. For the distribution of experience in this table, the national average is shown in "Total, all locations."

[§] Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

Less than \$50,000 of actual claims and less than ten experience units.

			<u></u>		
	Gr		ess than 1,0 s Exposed	000	ALL SIZE
Region,* State,† or Metropolitan Area	No. Ex- perience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
Ohio Akron Cincinnati (Ohio) Cincinnati (Ky.) Cleveland Columbus Dayton Toledo Youngstown (Ohio) Youngstown (Pa.)	1,654 62 69 102 70 35 83 41 13	300 7 8 18 9 24 7 10 2	3,365 73 93 199 93 298 74 129 18§	109% 96 106 100 98 120 100 125 97§	111% 96 106 108 98 118 100 125 118
Total	2,131	385	4,343	109%	111%
West Virginia	415 	52 	604	108% 	108%
Wheeling-Steubenville (Ohio)	#			l li	1
Total	430	54	634	109%	109%
Wisconsin	641 162	139 37	1,693 473	119% 100	117% 90
Total	803	176	2,166	114%	106%
Region	881	153	1,732	105%	115%
Region total	10,646	1,740	19,605	107%	109%
Plains States: Iowa	564	89	1,027	106%	106%
Kansas	418	45	516	104%	107%
Minnesota	459 144	57 21	795 222	113% 109	112% 107
Total	603	78	1,017	112%	111%
Missouri. Kansas City (Mo.). Kansas City (Kan.). St. Louis (Mo.). St. Louis (Ill.).	542 91 35 100	62 14 6 15	611 143 64 149	96% 102 113 104	100% 107 122 105
Total	777	100	992	98%	104%
Nebraska	233 66	25 8	299 94	111% 110	108% 110
Total	299	33	393	111%	108%
North Dakota	84	8	84	104%	104%
South Dakota	74	10	105	101%	101%
Region	106	18	198	94%	103%
Region total	2,925	381	4,332	105%	106%

	Gr	00	ALL SIZE		
Region,* State,† or Metropolitan Area	No. Experience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
Mountain States: Colorado Denver	116 32	12	175 54	126% 140	134% 140
Total	148	15	229	129%	135%
Idaho	36	3	37§	127%	127%
Montana	17	6	85	130%	162%
Nevada	34	5	60	129%	117%
Utah	128	19	240	118%	126%
Wyoming	23	5	60	105%	105%
Region	20	6	64	107%	129%
Region total	406	59	775	121%	128%
Pacific States: California Los Angeles-Long Beach San Diego San Francisco-Oakland	1,244 380 41 80	149 55 4 7	1,834 692 73 86	122% 127 185 112	119% 128 185 112
Total	1,745	215	2,685	124%	122%
Oregon	63 23	7 3	93 35§	117% 113§	117% 113§
Total	86	10	128	116%	116%
Washington	90 15	9	115 17§	127% 111§	107% 111§
Total	105	10	132	124%	108%
Region	21	5	51	107%	78%
Region total	1,957	240	2,996	124%	117%
Gulf States: Arizona	230	39	568	131%	132%
Arkansas	321	49	489	101%	98%
Louisiana New Orleans	710 80	78 10	904 113	120% 103	120% 103
Total	790	88	1,017	118%	118%
New Mexico	100	10	127	119%	113%
Oklahoma	329	35	435	122%	123%
Texas Dallas Fort Worth Houston San Antonio	1,472 66 37 153 36	161 8 4 21 13	1,909 116 62 214 142	121% 134 127 137 126	121% 109 137 141 126
Total	1,764	207	2,443	123%	123%
		1	1		1

1	Gro	0	ALL SIZE		
Region,* State,† or Metropolitan Area	No. Ex- perience Units	Daily Benefit Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio A/T‡	GROUPS RATIO A/T‡
Region	80	15	178	133%	138%
Region total	3,614	443	5,257	120%	122%
Southeastern States: Alabama Birmingham	281 16	26 1	300 17§	107% 95§	105% 95§
Total	297	27	317	106%	105%
Florida	586 137 18	71 13 2	811 145 28§	107% 110 116§	116% 123 116§
Total	741	86	984	108%	117%
GeorgiaAtlanta	611 129	63 14	716 153	102% 110	99% 107
Total	740	77	869	104%	101%
MarylandBaltimore	361 102	49 12	540 125	99% 97	100% 99
Total	463	61	665	99%	99%
Mississippi	313	33	376	105%	105%
North Carolina	912	120	1,192	98%	99%
South Carolina	276	52	525	100%	101%
Tennessee	270 42	40 9	458 105	104% 115	104% 119
Total	312	49	563	106%	107%
Virginia Norfolk-Portsmouth	859 98	76 12	788 115	101% 104	109% 104
Total	957	88	903	102%	108%
Region	309	59	567	95%	92%
Region total	5,329	652	6,961	102%	104%
Hawaii	27	6	75	108%	112%
Alaska	14	3	29§	151%§	151%§
Total, states and regions	34,054	4,873	53,881	106%	108%
All other#	2,417	628	6,839	108%	113%

^{*} Groups not coded for a specific state or metropolitan area.

[†] Groups coded for a specific state but not for a specific metropolitan area.

[‡] Ratio of Actual to 1957 Surgical Tabular. Note that these ratios are not expressed as a percentage of the national average. For the distribution of experience in this table, the national average is shown in "Total, all locations."

Less than \$50,000 of actual claims.

Less than \$50,000 of actual claims and less than ten experience units.

[#] Less than 75 per cent of employees in one region, state, or metropolitan area.

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dures performed, provided such distributions result in different average benefits.

Table 13 summarizes the actual to tabular ratios for groupings of surgical cases by size of the experience unit. Plans with standard obstetrical

TABLE 13

EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT SURGICAL EXPENSE INSURANCE
ALL SIZE GROUPS, STANDARD OBSTETRICAL BENEFITS ONLY,*
ALL INDUSTRIES, COMBINED EMPLOYEE AND DEPENDENT EXPERIENCE
COMBINED 1965-67 POLICY YEARS' EXPERIENCE, BY SIZE OF EXPERIENCE UNIT

Size	No. Experience Units	Maximum Surgical Indemnity Exposed (000)	Actual Claims (000)	Ratio of Actual to 1957 Surgical Tabular
< 50 lives	11,951	\$ 398	\$ 4,735	103%
50-99	8,885	716	8,079	105
100-249	7,776	1,442	15,508	104
250-499	3,172	1,318	14,029	106
500-999	1,587	1,365	14,682	108
Total, <1,000	33,371	\$5,239	\$57,033	106%
	1,103	3,168	34,095	112
Grand total	34,474	\$8,407	\$91,128	108%

^{* 10×} obstetrical benefits.

benefits are shown with the employee and dependent experience combined. The results seem to indicate that the actual to tabular ratio for a group increases with the size of the group. Jumbo cases in particular appear to have significantly higher claim levels; the general uniformity of this may be observed by comparing the actual to tabular ratios with and without jumbo cases in Table 12.