TRANSACTIONS OF SOCIETY OF ACTUARIES 1979 REPORTS

V. GROUP CONVERSION MORTALITY AND LAPSE EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1967 AND 1977 POLICY ANNIVERSARIES

SUMMARY

THIS report describes the results of an investigation of the mortality and lapse experience of life insurance policies issued as conversions from Group Life. As in previous studies, Group Conversion policies show considerable antiselection, although first-year mortality ratios are lower than in the last study.

SCOPE OF STUDY

The study covers the experience of fifteen contributing companies between 1967 and 1977 policy anniversaries. These fifteen companies contributed \$19.5 billion policy years of exposure to the select portion of the study (first twenty policy years) and \$1.4 billion policy years of exposure to the ultimate portion (policy years 21 and over). The last study of Group Conversions was published in TSA, 1969 Reports, pages 153–62, and covered the experience between 1959 and 1967 policy anniversaries.

Eight of the fifteen companies that contributed to the present study also contributed to the 1959-67 study; three of the eleven contributors to the earlier study were not able to contribute to this study, but there are seven new contributing companies. Two of the three companies unable to contribute to the current study write substantial amounts of group insurance, but the size of their contribution to the 1959-67 study is unknown; the seven new companies submitted about 15 percent of the total 1967-77 experience. The current study includes comments on the variation in experience by company; the previous study included such comments also.

The conversion policies included in the study are permanent policies issued without any health evidence. Policies rated substandard for other than health reasons (for example, occupation) have been excluded. Also excluded are conversions from the Federal Employees' and the Servicemen's Group Life Insurance plans, one-year preliminary term conversions, conversions from Group Paid-up or Group Permanent Insurance, conversions to monthly or weekly premium forms of insurance other than those classified as Ordinary insurance, and conversions that have been dated back.

TABLES

The results of the investigation are summarized in seven tables as follows:

Table Description

- 1 Select Mortality Ratios by Policy Year, All Issue Ages Combined
- 2 Select Mortality Ratios by Policy Year and Issue-Age Group
- 3 Select Mortality Ratios for Each of First Five Policy Years, by Calendar Year of Issue
- 4 Select Mortality Ratios by Policy-Year Group, Issue-Age Group, and Sex
- 5 Ultimate Mortality Ratios by Attained-Age Group
- 6 Ultimate Mortality Ratios by Attained-Age Group and Sex
- 7 Select Lapse Rates by Policy-Year Group, Issue-Age Group, and Sex

All of the mortality ratios and lapse rates are based on amounts of insurance.

MORTALITY EXPERIENCE

Overall

Table 1 summarizes the select mortality experience for all issue ages combined. Ratios of actual to expected deaths based on the Commissioners 1958 Standard Ordinary Table are shown for the 1967–77 study along with corresponding ratios from the 1959–67 study.

Based on the 1958 CSO Table, the aggregate mortality ratio for the first twenty policy years is slightly lower than the corresponding ratio from the previous study—169 percent as opposed to 176 percent. Most of the reduction in mortality is in the first five policy years, with the ratio in the first policy year dropping from 350 percent to 275 percent.

When the results of the two studies are compared, it should be noted that ratios based on combined issue ages and combined policy years are affected by differences in age and policy-year distributions between the studies. It should also be noted that there was a substantial improvement in standard insured mortality from the period covered by the earlier study to that covered by the present study. At the midpoint in time of the earlier study, the overall mortality ratio for medically examined standard ordinary policies in the first fifteen policy years was 101 percent as measured by the 1965–70 Basic Tables. At the midpoint in time of the current study, the corresponding mortality ratio was 88 percent. Table 1 also gives results based on the new K Tables (currently proposed for valuation purposes), so that they will be available for comparison with the results of future studies.

TABLE 1

1967-77 GROUP CONVERSION STUDY SELECT MORTALITY RATIOS

BY POLICY YEAR FOR ALL ISSUE AGES COMBINED RATIOS OF ACTUAL DEATHS TO EXPECTED DEATHS BASED ON AMOUNTS OF INSURANCE

RATIOS OF ACTUAL DEATHS TO EXPECTED DEATHS EXPOSED TO RISK ACTUAL DEATHS POLICY YEAR (000) (000)Based on 1958 CSO 1967-77 1967-77 Table Based on K Tables 1967-77 1967-77 1959-67 275% 350% 345% \$ 2,754,525 \$ 86,319 2,368,335 64,842 228 233 287 2,167,848 51,051 187 214 235 2,011,696 44,527 165 193 208 1,759,649 152 185 191 38, 167 1,521,020 1,309,645 1,114,686 928,056 39,854 34,043 24,938 23,170 172 170 217 162 161 203 164 131 162 136 157 170 755,648 22,055 148 145 184 10........... 17,148 15,596 10,807 613,010 132 148 163 476,311 145 176 143 368,388 268,419 237,924 119 133 146 8,466 7,650 131 120 147 15...... 119 124 146 215,149 6,994 119 122 145 192,847 6,187 116 111 141 172,212 5,612 116 108 141 106 129 19. 154,652 4,631 105 20..... 4,146 103 104 126 141,567 169% Total.... \$19,531,587 \$516,203 176% 211%

The following tabulation indicates the variation in the contributing companies' mortality ratios for the first twenty policy years compared with the all-company average of 169 percent based on the 1958 CSO Table.

	Number of Com- panies	Proportion of Actual Deaths
Percentage points below average:		
More than 30	3	18%
15-30	1	24
0–15	3	32
Percentage points above average:		\
0-15	3	10
15-30	3	15
More than 30	2	1

The following tabulation provides a further breakdown of the variation by company in the first five policy years.

	Policy Year 1 Average Mortality Ratio 275%		Policy Years 2-3 Average Mortality Ratio 208%		Policy Years 4-5 Average Mortality Ratio 159%	
	Number of Com- panies	Proportion of Actual Deaths	Number of Com- panies	Proportion of Actual Deaths	Number of Com- panies	Proportion of Actual Deaths
Percentage points below average: More than 60	2	16%	0	0%	0	0%
30–60 0–30	2 0 3	0	0 3 7	19 56	3 7	14
Percentage points above average:					,	
0–30 30–60	2 3 5	45	4 1	21	3 2	15
More than 60	5	16	0	0	0	0

By Issue Age and Policy Year

Table 2 consists of three parts. The first part displays mortality ratios by issue age and duration for males and females combined based on the 1965-70 Basic Tables. The second part gives the same information based on the 1958 CSO Table, and the third part gives a measure of the credibility of the ratios by showing the number of actual deaths in the experience. The ratios based on the 1965-70 Basic Tables show substantial anti-

TABLE 2 1967-77 GROUP CONVERSION STUDY SELECT MORTALITY RATIOS IN TEN-YEAR ISSUE-AGE GROUPS BASED ON AMOUNTS OF INSURANCE

Policy	Issue Ages											
YEAR	Under 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and Over	All Ages					
	Rati	Ratios of Actual Deaths to Expected Deaths by 1965-70 Basic Tables										
1	1,603%	1,112%	1,187%	1,081%	1,221%	926%	1,091%					
3	791 725	1,249 675	698 583	763 468	649 486	617 373	687 463					
4	439	933	534	392	364	271	370					
5	193	599	362	351	355	252	326					
6	371	716	478	390	341	263	352					
7	358	580	310	405	298	221	314					
8	490	418	270	234	269	217 198	249 251					
9	295 249	303 411	257 257	269 334	279 237	199	260					
11	143	345	329	242	205	163	220					
12	677	455	305	298	194	144	228					
13	501	340	233	176	202	140	185					
14	391	242	219	192	181	155	184					
15	264	275	187	197	182	141	180					
16	170	208	191	171	135	107	149					
17	254	182	171	157	137	113	145					
18	169	215	194	153	125	102	146					
19	299	161	159	144	103	111	132					
20	164	148	144	129	122	105	129					
All years	544%	513%	360%	357%	355%	288%	342%					
	R	atios of Actu	ial Deaths t	o Expected I	Deaths by 19	58 CSO Tabl	le					
1	572%	348%	369%	297%	280%	223%	275%					
2	300	432	273	283	201	193	228					
3	293	259	263	209	192	138	187					
4	181	374	264	191	163	111	165					
5	78	245	183	177	159	113	152					
6	147	306	260	213	155	123	172					
7	141	257	175	236	141	108	162					
8	196	197	157	138	129	110	131					
9	120	152	154	159	137	108	136					
10	104	215	157	200	122	118	148					
11	61	191	207	148	112	105	132					
12	297	261	195	187	113	97	143					
13	226	201	152	115	122	95	119					
14	185	148	148	131	112	103	120					
15	131	176	131	136	112	93	119					
16	93	140	145	134	108	92	119					
17	144	125	131	122	111	97	116					
18	99	149	149	119	102	88	116					
19	179	113	123	112	85	96	105					
20	100	104	112	101	102	92	103					
All years	222%	249%	205%	193%	163%	134%	169%					

TABLE 2-Continued

Policy	Issue Ages											
YEAR	Under 25	25~34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and Over	All Ages					
		Number of Actual Deaths										
1	72	129	354	1,047	2,677	2,805	7,084					
2	24	100	229	815	1,809	2,111	5,088					
3	25	66	239	664	1,530	1,902	4,426					
4	19	56	193	665	1,382	1,763	4,078					
5	9	54	197	598	1,322	1,691	3,871					
6	13	56	223	620	1,243	1,586	3,741					
7	15	60	193	638	1,179	1,551	3,636					
8	15	51	201	591	1,080	1,438	3,376					
9	14	56	203	614	1,083	1,359	3,329					
10	Î9	52	205	643	999	1,281	3,189					
11	15	62	246	575	952	1,249	3.099					
12	10	61	249	612	900	1,104	2.936					
13	11	66	231	547	871	1,069	2,795					
14	10	52	227	587	783	974	2,633					
15	7	79	242	574	786	847	2,535					
16	10	63	258	570	710	672	2,283					
17	iĭ	74	262	551	655	562	2,115					
18	8	99	268	556	576	444	1,951					
19	16	. <u>8</u> 7	271	513	501	304	1,692					
20	16	86	284	496	517	242	1,641					
All years	329	1,409	4,775	12,476	21,555	24,954	65,498					

selection in the first few policy years and persistently worse than standard mortality for all ages and durations.

By Calendar Year of Issue and Policy Year

Table 3 shows mortality ratios for each of the first five policy years by calendar year of issue. No significant trend by year of issue is discernible.

Select Experience by Sex

More than 99 percent of the select data submitted was identified by sex. Table 4 shows the select experience by issue age and policy-year group for males and females separately. Table 4, like Table 2, is divided into three parts: mortality ratios based on the 1965-70 Basic Tables, mortality rates based on the 1958 CSO Table, and number of actual deaths. Antiselection as measured by the Basic Tables is substantially

TABLE 3

1967-77 GROUP CONVERSION STUDY
SELECT MORTALITY RATIOS BY CALENDAR YEAR OF ISSUE FOR POLICY YEARS 1-5
BASED ON AMOUNTS OF INSURANCE

YEAR OF	POLICY YEAR								
Issue	1	2 3		4	5				
	Ratios of Act	ual Deaths to	Expected Deat	hs by 1965-70	Basic Tables				
963 964 965 966		470%	276% 533	165% 347 420	325% 327 300 373				
967	828% 1,037 1,246 1,146	623 683 668 731	478 485 533 482	435 329 426 503	338 320 315 316				
971 972 973 974	1,219 1,220 1,198 1,047	654 822 718 536	477 523 410 408	238 336 453	322 328				
975 976	1,157 818	859							
All years	1,091%	687%	463%	370%	326%				
	Ratios of Actual Deaths to Expected Deaths by 1958 CSO Table								
1963		159%	113% 218	74% 156 189	151% 153 141 175				
967 968 969 970	212% 265 318 295	208 229 223 247	194 197 217 198	195 148 191 228	157 149 147 149				
971 972 973 974	306 302 300 260	215 269 237 175	191 207 163 162	106 147 200	149 150				
975 976	290 204	283							
All years	275%	228%	187%	165%	152%				

TABLE 4

1967-77 GROUP CONVERSION STUDY
SELECT MORTALITY RATIOS BY SEX*
BASED ON AMOUNTS OF INSURANCE

					Issue Ages			
POLICY YEARS	Sex	Under 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and Over	All Ages
	Ra	atios of Act	ua! Deaths	to Expecte	d Deaths b	у 1965-70	Basic Tabl	es
1	Male Female	1,430% 2,585	924% 2,682	1,075% 2,930	1,034% 1,668	1,169% 1,790	897% 1,315	1,037% 1,753
	Total	1,601	1,110	1,187	1,080	1,220	925	1,090
2-5	Male Female	478 1,015	849 987	520 763	474 509	455 424	372 324	449 452
	Total	539	861	533	476	452	368	449
6-10	Male Female	295 870	477 650	313 382	330 325	293 252	226 189	291 267
	Total	364	490	317	329	289	222	289
11-15	Male Female	406 250	345 249	265 211	230 186	195 190	149 158	206 182
	Total	371	336	262	227	195	150	204
16-20	Male Female	244 161	186 152	171 180	152 148	127 118	110 98	143 130
	Total	212	181	172	152	126	108	141
		Ratios of A	Actual Dea	ths to Expe	ected Death	is by 1958	CSO Table	
1	Male Female	533% 741	289% 830	337% 810	288% 395	280% 283	227% 192	270% 312
	Total	571	347	369	297	280	223	274
2-5	Male Female	201 294	328 353	241 325	217 189	189 112	147 87	190 133
	Total	216	330	246	215	180	140	184
6-10	Male Female	123 272	224 300	182 195	196 136	147 83	118 82	157 105
	Total	146	230	183	191	139	114	151
11-15	Male Female	192 90	205 141	177 108	153 82	123 71	102 80	135 80
	Total	164	199	172	147	114	99	128
16-20	Male Female	150 88	132 90	136 99	124 78	107 81	96 79	117 83
	Total	124	126	132	118	103	93	113

^{*} Totals in Table 4 are based on data distinguishable by sex whereas figures in Table 2 are based on all data.

TABLE 4-Continued

_		Issue Ages									
POLICY YEARS SEX	Sex	Under 25	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65 and Over	All Ages			
			N	Sumber of A	Actual Dea	ths					
1	Male Female	52 19	99 29	265 88	782 262	2,145 522	2,405 395	5,748 1,315			
	Total	71	128	353	1,044	2,667	2,800	7,063			
2-5	Male Female	48 29	215 59	699 159	2,199 537	4,970 1,055	6,450 999	14,581 2,838			
	Total	77	274	858	2,736	6,025	7,449	17,419			
6-10	Male Female	42 24	212 63	874 147	2,588 510	4,468 1,105	6,132 1,070	14,316 2,919			
	Total	66	275	1,021	3,098	5,573	7,202	17,235			
1–15	Male Female	33 20	260 60	1,015 180	2,426 469	3,349 943	4,392 849	11,475 2,521			
	Total	53	320	1,195	2,895	4,292	5,241	13,996			
6–20	Male Female	33 28	319 90	1,097 246	2,179 507	2,293 666	1,826 398	7,747 1,935			
	Total	61	409	1,343	2,686	2,959	2,224	9,682			

greater in the first policy year for females than for males; at policy durations over 10, however, the mortality ratios for males tend to be higher than for females.

Ultimate Experience

Tables 5 and 6 show the ultimate mortality ratios (policy years 21 and over) by attained-age group. Table 5 shows that each of the attained-age groups—except the lowest, where exposure is very sparse—has mortality

TABLE 5

1967-77 GROUP CONVERSION STUDY
ULTIMATE MORTALITY RATIOS BY ATTAINED-AGE GROUP
EXPERIENCE EXCLUDES FIRST TWENTY POLICY YEARS
BASED ON AMOUNTS OF INSURANCE

Attained Age		ACTUAL	. Deaths	RATIOS OF ACTUAL DEATHS TO EXPECTED DEATHS				
	EXPOSED TO RISK (000) 1967-77	1967-77		Based on 1965-70 Basic	1		Based on K Tables	
		Number	(000)	Tables 1967 - 77	1967-77	1959-67	1967-77	
Under 45	\$ 26,506 261,504 512,685 418,262 146,657 15,396	53 801 3,535 6,561 6,030 1,042	\$ 105 1,862 9,030 16,398 12,188 1,755	164% 123 118 113 106 70	102% 86 90 88 89 61	89% 104 111 103 100 86	118% 108 118 113 102 63	
All ages	\$1,381,010	18,022	\$41,338	109%	87%	104%	107%	

ratios, based on the 1958 CSO Table, that are lower than those in the 1959-67 study. Table 5 also shows mortality ratios based on the new K Tables, so that they will be available for comparison with future studies.

Table 6 shows ultimate mortality results by sex. The ratios on the Basic Tables are lower for females than for males; also, the male ratios decrease with increasing attained age, whereas the female ratios are higher at ages 55-74 than at other ages.

LAPSE RATES

Table 7 shows lapse rates by sex, issue age, and policy year. Early persistency is better at the higher issue ages than at the lower issue ages. Lapse rates for males are generally higher than those for females.

The lapse rates are lower in earlier policy years than in the 1959-67 study and slightly higher in the later policy years. When compared with

TABLE 6

1967-77 GROUP CONVERSION STUDY ULTIMATE MORTALITY RATIOS BY ATTAINED-AGE GROUP AND SEX*

EXPERIENCE EXCLUDES FIRST TWENTY POLICY YEARS BASED ON AMOUNTS OF INSURANCE

Attained Age	Male	Female	Male and Female Combined
		o Expected asic Tables	
Under 45. 45-54. 55-64. 65-74. 75-84. 85 and over.	228% 137 120 113 107 70	82% 77 109 110 96 70	164% 123 118 113 106 70
All Ages	111%	99%	109%
Under 45. 45-54. 55-64. 65-74. 75-84. 85 and over.	149% 102 97 92 92	48% 48% 45 59 60 71 60	102% 86 90 88 89 61
All Ages	92%	61%	87%
	Numl	per of Actual D	eaths
Under 45. 45-54. 55-64. 65-74. 75-84. 85 and over	35 595 2,795 5,307 4,861 808	18 206 740 1,254 1,169 234	53 801 3,535 6,561 6,030 1,042
All Ages	14,401	3,621	18,022

^{*} All ultimate data were identified by sex, so totals in this table are the same as in Table 5.

TABLE 7

1967-77 GROUP CONVERSION STUDY SELECT LAPSE RATES

BASED ON AMOUNTS OF INSURANCE

		Issue Ages						
Policy Year	Sex	Under 45	45-54	55-64	Over 64	All Ages		
1,	Male Female	16.0% 19.6	14.8% 14.8	9.9% 9.4	5.3% 4.5	13.5% 14.2		
	Total	16.4	14.8	9.8	5.2	13.6		
2	Male Female	5.3 6.2	4.2 4.4	3.0	2.1	4.2 4.3		
	Total	5.4	4.2	3.0	2.0	4.3		
3	Male Female	3.4 3.3	3.5 2.6	2.7 1.8	1.8 2.4	3.2 2.6		
	Total	3.4	3.4	2.5	1.8	3.1		
4,	Male Fem a le	2.5 2.6	2.6 2.1	2.4 2.0	1.5	2.4 2.2		
	Total	2.5	2.6	2.4	1.5	2.4		
5	Male Female	2.7 3.5	3.0 3.0	2.4 1.9	2.1	2.7 2.7		
	Total	2.8	3.0	2.3	2.0	2.7		
6	Male Female	2.5 2.1	2.6 2.0	2.0 1.3	1.5	2.4 1.8		
	Total	2.5	2.5	1.9	1.5	2.3		
7	Male Female	2.3 2.7	2.2 1.5	1.9 1.4	1.2 1.3	2.1 1.9		
	Total	2.4	2.1	1.8	1.2	2.1		
8	Male Female	2.1 2.2	2.2 2.0	1.9 1.5	3.3 1.6	2.2		
	Total	2.1	2.2	1.9	3.1	2.2		
9	Male Female	1.6 1.6	2.5 2.5	2.8 1.2	1.6 1.2	2.0 1.7		
	Total	1.6	2.5	2.6	1.5	2.0		
10	Male Female	1.8	2.4 1.9	3.3 1.9	2.1	2.2		
	Total	1.8	2.3	3.0	2.1	2.2		
11–15	Male Female	2.1	2.5 2.1	2.1 2.0	2.6 2.3	2.3 2.0		
	Total	2.1	2.5	2.1	2.6	2.2		
16–19	Male Female	2.1	3.3	3.2 2.3	6.0	2.6 2.4		
ļ	Total	2.1	3.2	3.0	5.9	2.6		

data developed by the Life Insurance Marketing and Research Association for nonconversion policies, conversion policies appear to have better persistency than nonconversion policies, except for the first policy year. This is perhaps to be expected given the antiselection revealed by conversion mortality ratios.

Contributing Companies

The following companies contributed their experience for this study:

Confederation Life Insurance Company
Continental Assurance Company
John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company
Lincoln National Life Insurance Company
Massachusetts Mutual Life Insurance Company
Metropolitan Life Insurance Company
Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company
Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York
New England Mutual Life Insurance Company
New York Life Insurance Company
Occidental Life Insurance Company of California
Provident Life and Accident Insurance Company
Prudential Insurance Company of America
Sun Life Assurance Company of Canada
Travelers Insurance Company

