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TWO STUDIES OF POLICY LAPSES

Two significant reports on voluntary termination experience of individual policies have recently appeared, one in Scotland, the other in the United States,

(1) An Investigation into the Withdrawal Experience of Ordinary Life Business.

This study was conducted by a research group appointed by the Faculty of Actuaries. In the main, it gives withdrawal probabilities derived from the experience of seven Scottish life companies in the calendar year 1976. Some rates for other years between 1972 and 1977 are also shown.

The duration to which a withdrawal was assigned was (calendar year of withdrawal) less (calendar year of issue). In the case of duration zero, the calculated probabilities were multiplied by two. All withdrawal rates are by policy, but rates for policy amount-groups are shown.

Seven plan groups were separately studied. Translated into North American terminology these were:

Whole Life
Participating
Non-Par

Endowment Term
Participating All types
Non-Par
Open-Ended
Variable

More than two-thirds of the 1.4 million policy years exposed are for the endowments.

Withdrawal rates are given for durations zero to five individually, then by groups of years. Also computed are percentages of policies (ignoring mortality) remaining in force to the fifth, tenth, fifteenth and twentieth years.

(2) Report to the National Association of Insurance Commissioners by the Industry Advisory Committee on Policy Lapsation.

This report is on the Society's New Orleans meeting program — a Discussion Forum at 11 a.m. on Tuesday, April 3rd.

In early 1974 an NAIC task force was appointed to look into policy lapses. That committee may have set a record for brevity of existence. It was discharged at the end of 1974 after it had stated that "there is very little of a definitive nature which the regulators can do that has a direct impact on lapse control."

In 1975, however, the possibility that something worthwhile might be accomplished through company disclosure of lapse rates in annual statements was brought up by the then President of NAIC, William H. Huff, III (Iowa). That line of enquiry caused an Industry Advisory Committee to be put to work at the end of 1977 under the capable chairmanship of LIMRA's Helen T. Noniewicz. Six of the ten committee members and both of its advisors were actuaries.

When the question of just what the Committee was being asked to do came up, it was stated that the authorities want to be able to identify the companies that have excessive lapse rates for cash value policies, so that those authorities may challenge such companies either to improve or to explain why their lapse experience is justified.

The Committee's report to its mentors was put into final form by Bartley L. Munson and released in December 1978. Its scope is shown by its seven chapter titles:

- I. Is There A Lapse Problem?
- II. How Extensive Is The Lapse Problem?
- III. What Are Factors Affecting Persistency?
- IV. What Is Effect On Cost Of Insurance?
- V. What Is Extent Of Injury To Consumers?
- VI. What Possible Solutions May We Find?

VII. A Disclosure System

Although the Committee constructed a disclosure system in full detail, it took pains to state that "in developing a lapse rate disclosure system, it is responding to a request made by the NAIC and not necessarily advocating such."

The American Council of Life Insurance has appointed a 12-person task force to review this report and to make recommendations upon it.

CSO, CSI 4% TAPES AVAILABLE

Magnetic tapes used in the preparation of the 1958 CSO 4% Monetary Tables, published by the Society, and of the 1961 CSI 4% Monetary Tables, published by the Life Insurers Conference, are available for purchase from M & R Services, Inc., 1301 Fifth Avenue, Seattle, WA 98101. Further details are available from Warren W. Leisinger at (206) 624-7970.

CONGRATULATIONS!

A headline in the February 1979 issue of our sister-publication The Actuarial Review says: "Ruth Salzmann Is First Woman Head of Actuarial Body." We join the Casualty Actuarial Society in rejoicing at this milestone in feminine actuarial accomplishment, and wish Miss Salzmann a year in office that will be as satisfying for her as it surely will be for our profession.

SOCIETY SEMINARS

by Warren R. Adams

The seminar locations, dates and faculty which are definite are:

Individual Life Dividend Determination and Distribution

New Orleans April 3-4, 1979 New York City April 9, 1979

Faculty:

Robert M. Astley James F. Reiskytl Thomas C. Sutton

Impact of Inflation on Actuarial Responsibilities

 Minneapolis
 June 25, 1979

 Dallas
 June 27, 1979

 Boston
 June 29, 1979

Faculty:

John M. Bragg Geoffrey M. Calvert Joseph R. Zatto

Actuarial Applications For Forecasting

Boston July 25-26, 1979 Denver August 1-2, 1979

Faculty:

Harold Becker The Futures Group Joseph Brzezinski LIMRA

Company-Wide Approach to Investment Income and Interest Rates

New York City Sept. 6-7, 1979 Chicago Sept. 13-14, 1979 Atlanta Sept. 17-18, 1979

Faculty:

Donald D. Cody Allan B. Roby, Jr.

Detailed information will be sent to members, approximately 6 weeks prior to each seminar.