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1957 STUDY OF GROUP SURGICAL EXPENSE INSURANCE CLAIMS

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Insurance of doctors' charges for surgical and obstetrical procedures is the second most widely held form of health insurance in the United States. As of the end of 1957, it is estimated that about 109,000,000 persons were covered for this type of protection as against 123,000,000 with some form of hospital expense insurance. These benefits are provided in a variety of ways, including group and individual insurance policies, Blue Cross and Blue Shield contracts, and independent plans.

Group surgical expense insurance for employees and their dependents underwritten by insurance companies was first introduced about 1936. By the end of 1957, coverage had grown to the point where 50,000,000 persons were covered through group policies written by some 200 companies.

The reporting of intercompany experience with group surgical expense benefits by the Group Morbidity Committee of the Society and its predecessor organization began in 1948. The regular reports published annually have shown exposed to risk, dollars of claims incurred, and the annual claim costs derivable therefrom for the schedules of benefits in common use. To produce information concerning average benefit amounts, the annual frequency of surgical claims, the relative proportions in which the different types of surgical procedures occur and the amount of and variation in doctors' charges for surgery performed, special studies based on a sample of actual surgical claims must be undertaken from time to time. The first such study, to be referred to herein as the 1947 Study, was published in May 1948 (TASA XLIX, 142). Since then, group surgical expense insurance has increased five-fold and there have been extensive changes in medical practice. This intercompany study, which is generally similar to the previous one, is intended to produce up-to-date information on these other important aspects of group surgical expense experience.

The results of the study are presented in the following sections:

- I. Group Surgical Expense Insurance
- II. Conduct of the Study
- III. Annual Frequencies
- IV. Relative Frequencies of Surgical Claims
- V. Multiple Procedure Claims
- VI. Proportion of Bed-Patient, Out-Patient, and Out-of-Hospital Claims
- VII. Obstetrical Procedures

VIII. Doctors' Charges

IX. Dispersion of Doctors' Charges

X. Geographical Variations in Doctors' Charges

XI. Variations by Age

Appendix. 1957 Schedule of Relative Values of Surgical Procedures

To afford the membership greater opportunity to review the results and comment upon them, this study is presented in the form of a paper rather than as a committee report. The use of an Appendix is intended to make it clear that the conclusions reached therein involved the judgment of individuals as against the consensus of the Group Mortality and Morbidity Committees.

While the interpretation of the experience presented in this paper is primarily the responsibility of the author, the planning and execution of this study was brought about with the cooperation of the Group Mortality and Morbidity Committees and the contributing companies whose valuable assistance is greatly appreciated. Thanks also are due Messrs. Burnett A. Halstead and Richard H. Hoffman who carried out much of this extensive analysis.

I. Group Surgical Expense Insurance

Group surgical expense insurance is provided by means of a single master contract issued usually to an employer to insure the group of his employees and their wives or dependent husbands and unmarried children. Generally, children are covered from 14 days of age to age 19, but under an increasing number of contracts benefits apply from birth and may continue beyond age 19 to, say, age 23. Contracts may also be issued to a labor union to cover its members and their families or to a trustee acting on behalf of unions and employers, jointly. The insurance provides cash reimbursement for the amount of doctors' surgical and obstetrical charges, subject to a maximum amount of reimbursement which depends on the nature of the operation. The maximum allowances with respect to the various types of operations are set forth in a schedule that appears in the master group policy and in the certificates of coverage furnished to the individual employees. Where the surgeon's charge is in excess of the maximum amount of reimbursement for the operation, the insured employee receives the maximum reimbursement from the insurance company and pays the excess from his own funds. In many instances, at the direction of the insured employee the insurance company's payment is made directly to the doctor who performed the operation. Coverage of obstetrical procedures, while optional, is ordinarily included. The elimination of Workmen's Compensation cases is the only major exclusion from coverage.

The basic surgical schedule sets forth the relative values of the various

surgical procedures in terms of a common unit in a way generally consistent with the skill required to perform the operation and the established pattern of doctors' charges. For example, in the schedule developed using the information relating to doctors' charges contained in the 1947 Study, the scale of relative values runs from 10 units for minor surgical procedures to a maximum value of 200 units for the most complicated operations. Representative examples from the 1947 Relative Value Schedule will be found in appendix Exhibit I.

The amount of surgical insurance is determined by the dollar value assigned to each unit which is varied to suit the needs of the particular policyholder, depending upon such factors as the earnings level of the persons to be insured and the geographical location of the group. The range of unit values in connection with the 1947 Schedule is generally from \$1.00 to \$2.00, with \$1.50 per unit as the most common value. With this unit value, the range of reimbursement is from \$15 to \$300. The schedule with such a dollar range will be referred to herein as the 1947 \$300 Maximum Schedule.

II. Conduct of the Study

The study is based on information abstracted from the individual claim files on a sample of group surgical claims from the calendar year 1955. The following ten companies submitted data:

The Aetna Life Insurance Company

The Connecticut General Life Insurance Company

The Continental Assurance Company

The Equitable Life Assurance Society

The John Hancock Mutual Life Insurance Company

The Metropolitan Life Insurance Company

The Occidental Life Insurance Company of California

The Provident Life and Accident Insurance Company

The Prudential Insurance Company

The Travelers Insurance Company

These companies underwrite approximately two-thirds of the group surgical expense insurance in the United States; the study is therefore fully representative of such insurance as it is written nationwide.

For the study of frequencies, the claims in a sample should be appropriately selected over a twelve months period in order to eliminate seasonal influences. Several of the companies were unable to choose their claim samples in that way. Consequently, their contributions could be used only in the doctors' charges parts of the study. In all, data in the form of punched cards on 156,669 individual claims were submitted, of which 118,459 from six of the contributing companies were used in the study of frequencies.

In carrying out the study, use was made of the Surgical Procedures Classification and Nomenclature published in 1956 by the Health Insurance Council, 488 Madison Avenue, New York 22, New York. The Nomenclature was intended to achieve some standardization in the classification of surgical procedures by insurance companies as well as to be available for statistical purposes such as this. As printed by the Council, it contains a parallel set of procedure descriptions in lay language designed to help in following the medical terminology of the codes and an alphabetical index cross-referencing the two.

The data are affected by the administrative practices of the contributing companies in several respects. Thus the companies' administrative rules determined when two or more surgical procedures were considered a part of one claim. Furthermore, company practices differ in recognizing and paying claims for certain types of borderline procedures such as the use of X-ray and radium therapy in lieu of surgery and such as occur in dental surgery.

Children are covered from birth and dependent husbands are eligible only under some contracts. While these variations and those described in the preceding paragraph must be kept in mind and while they may be significant at particular points, it is believed that they do not seriously affect the results of the study over-all.

Transfusions were included only if reimbursement was made in whole or in part by the surgical schedule. The benefit amount punched for the study was that paid by the insurance company, whereas the doctor's charge as punched included the insured's entire expense for the procedure. Anesthesia and surgical assistants' charges were eliminated, where possible, except in those cases where the smallness of the surgeon's fee in relation to the maximum reimbursement for the procedure permitted some payment to be made for such charges under the insurance. Then the amount of doctors' charges punched included the anesthesia and surgical assistant charges.

The data were tabulated by using the IBM 705 at a considerable saving in machine time as compared with less powerful equipment. The punched cards were pre-sorted and put on tape which was run through the machine to prepare in a special way for a second run from which virtually all the tabular results of the study were obtained practically in final form.

III. Annual Frequencies

The data contributed for the frequency studies were used first to obtain average benefit amounts corresponding to the 1947 Schedule of Relative Values per male employee, per female employee, and per

dependent family unit. These could then be combined with the annual claim costs derivable from the regular annual studies of the Committee to compute the annual frequencies of surgical claims. The basic relationship is annual frequency equals annual claim cost divided by the average benefit amount.

The average benefit amounts were then applied to the 1956 level of annual surgical claim costs in the Society's 1957 Reports of Mortality and Morbidity Experience (Table 8, page 73, for employees and Table 6, page 70, modified, for dependents). By reason of the way the experience is compiled in the annual studies, the annual claim costs used actually relate to the calendar period approximating April 1955 to April 1956.

The annual frequency for female employees was divided between obstetrical and nonobstetrical claims on the basis of the proportions of such claims respectively in this study. Similarly, the annual frequency of surgical claims per dependent unit was subdivided into wife non-obstetrical, wife obstetrical, and children portions, after eliminating the effect of dependent husband claims.

Frequencies per dependent wife were obtained on the basis that 94% of the dependent units included a wife. For the frequencies per male and female child, it was assumed that there were one or more children in 68% of the dependent units and that the average number of children in such units was 2.2 equally divided between boys and girls. The percentages chosen represent averages of those used by the contributing companies.

The results of this analysis appear in Table A. Unfortunately, similar intercompany frequency figures corresponding to the 1947 Study are not available for comparison. However, annual frequencies from the experience of the Equitable from 1943 to 1948 are shown. It is believed that these are reasonably representative of the level of frequencies of that time.

The striking increase in the frequencies of surgical claims which has taken place since the 1947 Study is apparent. Remembering that those in this study approximate April 1955 to April 1956 experience, recent claim trends suggest that current frequency levels are probably somewhat higher.

Many factors are involved in these changes. Knowledge of the nature of surgical expense insurance and of the availability of the benefits to defray the cost of surgical care has grown. Some companies have broadened their coverage by the recognition of claims for substitute surgical procedures and for procedures performed other than by licensed doctors of medicine, for example oral surgery performed by dentists. In addition, the science of surgery has been improving steadily with

the development of new surgical techniques including wholly new types of operations.

The proportions in which the various surgical and obstetrical procedures occur are dealt with in several of the following sections. The relative frequencies shown there can be appropriately combined with these annual claim frequencies to secure the annual claim frequency for a chosen procedure or group of procedures. However, the results of such a calculation should be used with caution, particularly if a

TABLE A
ANNUAL FREQUENCY OF SURGICAL CLAIMS

	(1) 1957 Study*	(2) Equitable 1943-48	Ratios (1)/(2)
Per Male Employee	.093	.050	186%
Per Female Employee	.184 .125 .059	.100	184
Per Family Unit	.316 .094 .130 .092	.230 .150 .080	137 149 115
Per Dependent Wife	. 199 . 101 . 098		
Per Male Child	.104		
Per Female Child	.068		
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^{*} Based on experience approximating April 1955 to April 1956.

selected procedure is to be isolated from all other surgical procedures. For one thing, aside from the matter of purely statistical fluctuation, which must be kept in mind in any case, there is an inherent lack of precision in the process of classifying surgical procedures on the basis of the information reported on claim papers. In addition, the number of claims falling in a given classification might very well depend upon the circumstances surrounding the purpose for which the classification was being made. If, for example, benefits were to be paid for only one surgical procedure or group of procedures, there would be an understandable tendency for more claims to be described in such a way as to come within the chosen categories.

IV. Relative Frequencies of Surgical Claims

The companies were instructed to code the first or principal surgical procedure for each claim. The full tabulation of these data for each code classification showing the number of claims by type of patient appears in Table P, beginning on page 397. Second or elective procedures in multiple procedure claims are not included here, but are dealt with in the next section.

Table B summarizes the detail of Table P, omitting the material on dependent husbands, and shows the surgical procedures relatively most important in comparison with those described in the 1947 Study. The categories included are those with $\frac{1}{2}\%$ or more of the claims for any type patient and are arranged in descending order of the percentages in columns (9) and (21).

The first eight categories in the table (benign tumors or cysts, tonsillectomy, skin suturing, fractures, cervical operations, hemorrhoid operations, herniotomy, and appendectomy) account for a large proportion of the claims, 51% of the claims for employees, 64% of all dependent claims and, among dependents, 48% for wives and 75% for children. This is a significantly lesser concentration, however, than appeared in the 1947 Study where the first eight (not all the same as these) included 61% of the claims of employees, 73% of all dependent claims and, among dependents, 59% for wives and 84% for children.

The most substantial reductions in relative frequencies since the 1947 Study are under tonsillectomies and appendectomies for all type patients, and hysterectomies for adult female patients. In the case of tonsillectomies and appendectomies there has been a significant reduction in absolute frequency as well, but not so for hysterectomies. Thus, taking the relative frequency of hysterectomies for female employees of 5.8% in the 1957 Study and applying the nonobstetrical annual frequency of .125 from Table A gives an absolute frequency of .00725. Assuming the proportion of the Equitable 1943-48 annual frequency for female employees accounted for by nonobstetrical claims to be the same as that shown in the 1957 Study and multiplying by the 1947 relative frequency of 8.3% gives a lesser absolute frequency equal to .00564. Similar results may be derived for wives' claims.

Where the relative frequencies have risen, the absolute frequencies have also increased, since the over-all annual frequencies have become greater. Marked increases in relative frequency have occurred with respect to benign tumors and cysts, skin suturing, and endoscopy for all type patients, with respect to cervical operations for adult females and with respect to circumcision for male children. The dramatic rise

TABLE B
SUMMARY OF RELATIVE FREQUENCIES, OMITTING OBSTETRICAL CLAIMS AND DEPENDENT HUSBAND CLAIMS

					E	MPLOY	e ie									DEPE	NDENT					
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION		Male		1	Female	;		Total			Wife		Ma	ıle Ch	ild	Fen	nale C	hild		Total	
120022		No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study
930-935, 950-953, 970-973, 916, 335†	Benign tumors or cysts, remov- al or treatment (exclud- ing branchial, pilonidal or thyroglossal cysts)	(2) 4,894	(3) 18.6	(4) 9.6	(5) 1,946	(6) 19.6	(7) 7.5	(8) 6,840	(9) 18.8	(10) 8.8	(11) 3,647	(12) 14.4	(13) 7.5	(14) 868	(15) 4.1	(16)	(17) 1,044	(18) 7.6	(19) 2.2	(20) 5,559	(21) 9.3	(22) 4.5
3610, 3684	Tonsillectomy and/or adenoi-	717	2.7	11.4	392	3.9	16.7	1,109	3.1	13.3	629	2.5	7.8	5,300	25.2	57.1	5,012	36.3	64.2	10,941	18.2	37.2
550	dectomy Accidental laceration of skin structure, suture or repair of	1,962	7.4	2.1	273	2.7	.7	2,235	6.2	1.6	819	3.2	. 7	4,648	22.1	2.7	2,174	15.8	1.5	7,641	12.7	1.5
2020-2296	Fractures, open and closed, simple and compound, ex- cept skull	1,585	6.0	7.0	489	4.9	3.9	2,074	5.7	5.9	1,232	4.9	3.8	2,756	13.1	11.2	1,474	10.7	7.2	5,462	9.1	6.9
8040-8045	Cervix, operations on (including dilation and curettage)				1,126	11.3	7.9	1,126	3.1	2.9	3,873	15.3	11.4				41	. 3	. 4	3,914	6.5	5.
7070-7073, 7076, 7078	Hemorrhoids, operations for	1,775	6.7	9.2	409	4.1	4.0	2,184	6.0	7.3	1,055	4.2	5.2	11	. 1		8	. 1		1,074	1.8	2.3
6500-6502	Herniotomy, herniorrhaphy, hernioplasty	1,472	5.6	8.4	94	.9	1.2	1,566	4.3	5.7	391	1.5	1.3	866	4.1	3.1	161	1.2	.6	1,418	2.4	1.7
6040 158-161†	Appendectomy Cystoscopy, diagnostic or oper-	1,068 1,097	4.1 4.2			3 5 3.6	18.9 .9	1,418 1,459			630 1,019	2.5 4.0	11.0 1.2	863 67	4.1			7.2 1.1		2,490 1,232	4.1 2.1	
510-513, 516, 517	Abscesses, not involving inter- nal organs or breasts, inci-	1,128	4.3	2.1	282	2.8	.9	1,410	3.9	1.7	508	2.0	. 7	475	2.3	1.1	324	2.3	1.0	1,307	2.2	2. }
8080-8083 7520, 7521‡	sion and drainage Hysterectomy Circumcision	164	 6.		574	5.8	8.3	574 164	1.6	3.0 .4	2,042	8.1	14.1	1,643						2,044 1,643		

[†] See last paragraph of Section IV.

[‡] On children, affected by extent of coverage from birth.

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					E	MPLOY!	ee 									DEPE	NDENT					
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION		Male		I	Female	:		Total			Wife		Ma	ıle Ch	iId	Ferr	ale C	hild		Total	
		No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	670 70	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study
3450, 3451†	Impacted tooth, removal of one or more than one	(2) 377	(3) 1.4	(4) . 5	(5) 245	(6) 2.5	(7)	(8) 622	(9) 1.7	(10)	(11) 311	(12) 1.2	(13)	(14) 62	(15)	(16)	(17) 79	(18)	(19)	(20) 452	(21)	(22)
6100, 6120	Cholecystectomy or chole- cystotomy	341	1.3	1.6	l l	2.5	2.0	587	1.6	1.8	930	3.7	4.3				5			935	1.6	(
3212, 3213	Chalazion, single or multiple, excision or curettage	398	1.5	.8	150	1.5	.8	548	1.5	.8	208	.8	.3	40	. 2	. 1	52	. 4	.4	300	.5	.3
936-939, 956-959, 976-979†	Malignant tumors, removal or treatment	456	1.7	.7	73	. 7	. 2	529	1.5	. 5	204	.8	. 2	7			10	. 1		221	. 4	.1
8210-8224	Oviduct and ovary, opera-		· · · · ·	ļ	278	2.8	2.5	278	. 8	. 9	836	3.3	2.8				45	. 3	.1	881	1.5	1.3
4272-4287 580-581	Varicose veins, treatment for Foreign body, removal of (ex- cept from eye or body cav-	266 318	1.0 1.2			1.7	3.0 .1	436 378	1.2 1.0		557 144	2.2	3.8	1 369	1.8	. 5	2 177	1.3	2	560 690	.9 1.1	
178-184†	ity) Proctoscopy or sigmoidoscopy,	311	1.2	.1	90	. 9	.	401	1.1	. 1	180	. 7		11	.1		8	. 1		199	. 3	
7870-7881	diagnostic or operative Vasectomy or vesiculectomy,	399	1.5	. 2	 			399	1.1	. 1				1						1		ļ
1265, 1266	unilateral or bilateral Ostectomy, nail bed or nail	276	1.0	.3	93	. 9	. 2	369	1.0	. 3	247	1.0	. 1	231	1.1	. 3	146	1.1	.2	624	1.0	.2
7700-7703 3628	fold, partial or complete Prostatectomy Nasal septum, submucous re- section of	349 277	1.3 1.1			. 6	1.0	349 340	1.0 .9			3		1 38	2	3	17	i		1 125	2	
912, 913	Pilonidal cyst or sinus, incision or excision of	280	1.1	1.2	47	. 5	. 7	327	. 9	1.0	57	. 2	. 1	26	. 1	. 1	39	. 3	.1	122	. 2	.1
6400, 6420, 6430	Gastrectomy, gastroenterosto-	303	1.1	.8	22	. 2	. 1	325	. 9	. 6	63	. 2	. 1	4			4		<i></i> .	71	. 1	
3040, 3041	my, gastrostomy Incision of ear drum (myringotomy, tympanotomy, paracentesis tympani)	110	. 4	.1	25	. 3	. 1	135	. 4	. 1	54	. 2	. 2	237	1.1	.7	213	1.5	.7	504	. 8	.5
110-149	Biopsy, all types	141	. 5	. 2	122	1.2	. 1	263	. 7	. 2	269	1.1	. 2	24	. 1	. 1	20	. 1		313	. 5	.1

					E	(PLOY)	EE									DEPE	NDENT					
PROCEDURE CODE	Description		Male]	Female	•		Total			Wife		Ma	ıle Ch	ild	Fen	nale C	hild		Total	
		No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study	No. of Claims	%	% in 1947 Study
(1) 7040-7051 710-799† 370-379	Fissurectomy, fistulectomy Plastic surgery Thyroid gland and goiter, op- eration on	(2) 216 123 60	.5		(5) 42 63 120	(6) .4 .6 1.2	(7) , 7 , 4 1.5	(8) 258 186 180		(10) 1.4 .3 1.0	96	.4	(13) .8 .2 2.4	217	(15) .1 1.0	(16)	(17) 6 119 18	(18) .9 .1	(19) .5	(20) 115 432 427	(21) .2 .7 .7	.3
8310-8371 3622, 3623	Repair procedures, gynecologic Nasal polyps, removal of one or more, unilateral or bilateral	204	8	9	124 30	1.2				.3	392 69	1.6					5 3			397 79	.7	
3252-3255 3272, 3273	Foreign body, eye, removal Strabismus, unilateral or bilateral, operation for	201 34	.8	.3 .1	32 18	. 3	.1	233 52	. 6 . 1	. 2 . 1	34 12		i	85 184	.4		37 177	.3 1.3	8	156 373	.3 .6	
150-152, 162-164, 166-168	Bronchoscopy, esophagoscopy or gastroscopy, diagnostic or operative	186	.7	. 2	31	. 3	. 1	217	. 6	. 2	116	. 5	. 1	40	2	. 2	35	.3	. 1	191	. 3	.1
3650-3666 6620 1610-1675	Sinuses, operations on Laparotomy Dislocations, open or closed reduction	168 102 156	[.4]	.4	36 89 31	. 4	.3 .5 .3	204 191 187	. 6 . 5 . 5	. 5 . 4 . 5	83 262 84	1.0 3	.3 .5 .2	26 33 131	.1 .2 .6		10 29 88	.1 .2 .6	.1 .1 .3	324	. 2 . 5 . 5	.2 .3 .3
3250 2810	Extraction of lens Excision of ganglion cyst, abscess, or other lesion of tendon or sheath	171 96	.6 .4	. 6' *	16 81	. 8	*.1	187 177	. 5	. 4 *	72 128	. 3 . 5	*.3	9 24	. 1	*.1	3 25	2	.1 *	84 177	. 1	*.2
9434 1410–1450† 3414† 7604–7606, 7680– 7686	Lumbar puncture Butsae, operations on Alveolectomy Hydrocele, orchidectomy, orchidopexy	102 149 126 168	.6	.4 .1 * 1.0	30 25 44	.3	,1 *	132 174 170 168	. 5	.3 .1 *	55 132	. 2	.4	105 15 9 100	. 1	.3	85 1 8	.1	2	293 71 149 100	. 5 . 1 . 2 . 2	****
8138 330-332 9430	Uterus, suspension of, any type Mastectomy Laminectomy All other surgical procedures	14 120 3,502	. 5	.1 .4 14.6	78 76 21 965	.8 .8 .2 10.1	1.5 .8 .1 9.6	90 141	.2 .2 .4 12.4	.6 .3 .2	234 100	1.1 .9 .4 10.3	2.5 1.2 .2 11.0	3 2 1,469		6.2	1 1 2 948	6.8	5.0	269 238 104 4,969	.4 .4 .2 8.4	.6
	Grand Total	26,362	100.0	100.0	9,933	100.0	100.0	36,295	100.0	100.0	25,263	100.0	100.0	21,030	100.0	100.0	13,801	100.0	100.0	60,094	100.0	100.0

^{*} These procedures were not specifically coded in the 1947 Study.

in frequency of benign tumor and cyst removal and of cervical operations reflects at least in part the increasing attention being given to cancer prevention. The added proportion of endoscopy claims accords with the greater importance of diagnostic and preventive medical care today. The apparent rise in child circumcision may be attributed to the gain in coverage of children from birth as against 14 days which was almost universal practice at the time of the 1947 Study.

Table B fails to bring out the increase in the proportion of the rarer complicated operations such as have been developed in the areas of thoracic surgery and neurosurgery. For these, the detailed Table P must be reviewed along with the similar table in the 1947 Study. For example, 68 operations on the heart appear in Table P against none in the 1947 Study.

Differences in company philosophy as to whether or not certain types of claims constitute surgery and are reimbursable affect these results somewhat. One or more of the contributing companies mentioned the following procedures as being considered partially or wholly beyond the scope of their surgical coverage: diagnostic endoscopy (Codes 158, 159, 170, 178); plastic surgery (Codes 710-799); removal of calluses and corns (Codes 930-935); X-ray treatment of tumors and cysts (Codes 950-953, 970-979); injection treatments (Codes 1440, 1450, 7171, 9220, 9460-9461); and dental surgery (Codes 3410-3499).

V. Multiple Procedure Claims

Generally, companies consider all operations, related or unrelated, which are performed during a single period of disability as part of the same claim, where a period of disability is presumed to end upon the return to active work of an employee or the expiration of 90 days without disability in the case of a dependent. In claims involving more than one procedure, charges for unrelated procedures in different operative fields are usually reimbursed as if each procedure were done separately, sometimes subject to the over-all schedule maximum. On the other hand, operations performed in the same operative field or through the same incision are generally considered as one for the purposes of reimbursement, with the allowance being that appropriate to the procedure calling for the largest amount.

For multiple procedure claims, the first procedure, taken as the major or principal procedure, the second procedure, and the total number of procedures were coded. The compiling company reviewed all such claims for the coding of first and second procedures, and where differences arose, the claims not coded consistently with the majority for a given combination were changed to agree.

The Classification and Nomenclature codes include several classifications which represent more than one procedure under a single code, usually a multiplicity of the same procedure. Claims under those codes are not included in this analysis of multiple procedure claims which is limited to claims involving more than one separately coded procedure.

From Table C it is seen that 12% of all claims include more than one coded procedure and that multiple procedure claims account for 27% of the benefits paid. The table assumes all claims to be reimbursed on the basis of the 1947 \$300 Maximum Schedule. Reimbursement for

TABLE C

MULTIPLE PROCEDURE CLAIMS IN THE FREQUENCY DATA,
OMITTING OBSTETRICAL CLAIMS, BY TYPE PATIENT

	UNDER 1	IMBURSEMENT 947 \$300 SCHEDULE		Claims as e of Total
Type Patient	Single Procedure Claims	Multiple Procedure Claims	No.	Amount
Male Employee Female Employee	\$58 62	\$146 163	12% 16	26% 34
Total Employees	\$59	\$152	13%	28%
Wife	\$71 43 48 69	\$170 126 119 157	19% 5 4 15	36% 14 8 29
Total Dependents.	\$55	\$158	11%	26%
Grand Total	\$57	\$156	12%	27%

multiple procedure claims on the average is more than two and one-half times as great as for single procedure claims. The less complicated nature of surgery for children is confirmed by their much smaller proportion of multiple procedure claims.

Table D is a tabulation by type of patient of the number of procedures performed in the course of one claim. Since only the first two procedures were coded, a description of the others is not available. More than half the claims with three or more procedures appear in connection with hemorrhoidectomy, hysterectomy, suspension of uterus, operations on the oviduct and ovary, laparotomy, and cholecystectomy.

Table E is an analysis of the combinations of first and second procedures showing where multiple procedure claims are common and the

TABLE D

CLAIMS IN FREQUENCY DATA, OMITTING OBSTETRICAL CLAIMS, BY NUMBER OF PROCEDURES

			Employei	CLAIMS						Ē	ependent	CLAIMS				
Number of Procedures	Ma	ile	Fem	ale	Tot	tal	w	ife	Male	Child	Female	Child	-	endent sband	То	tal
	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%	No.	%
1	23,132 2,575	87.7% 9.8	1,221	12.3	3,796	86.6% 10.5	20,412 3,592 909	80.8% 14.2 3.6	19,962 942 99	4.5	13,303 458 31	96.5% 3.3	87	12.4	5,079	89.3% 8.4
3 4 5	491 123 34	1.9 .5 .1	291 84 18	2.9 .8 .2	782 207 52	2.2 .6 .1	254 73	1.0	17 6	.5	5 3		11 7 1	1.6	1,050 283 83	1.7
6 7 8	6 1 0		8 3 1		14 4 1		15 7 0	.1	1 0		0 1 0		0 0		18 9 0	
9 & over Total	26, 362	100%	9,933	100%	36,295	100%	25,263	100%	21,030	100%	13,801	100%	699	100%	60,793	100%

 ${\bf TABLE~E} \\ {\bf SUMMARY~OF~MULTIPLE~PROCEDURE~CLAIMS~IN~THE~FREQUENCY~DATA,~OMITTING~OBSTETRICAL~CLAIMS~}$

First Procedure Code	Second Procedure Code	Description of Multiple Procedure	No. of Claims, First Procedure	Total Multiple Procedure Claims Associated with First Procedure	Ratio (5)÷(4)	No. of Multiple Procedure Claims Accounted for by Description
(1) 150–199 158–161 910–918, 930–935, 950–953,970–973	(2) 150–199 7808 910–918, 930–935, 950–953, 970–973	(3) Combinations of Endoscopy Cystoscopy with ureteral dilation Benign tumors or cysts, removal Other General Surgery	(4) 3,921 2,725 11,860	(5) 453 338 331	(6) 12% 12 3	(7) 171 87 147 1,294
		Total General Surgery	35,553	1,699	5	
		Combinations of Musculoskeletal System Surgery Combinations of Musculoskeletal System Surgery with other surgery				573 549
		Total Musculoskeletal System Surgery	11,510	1,122	10	
3450-3451 3628 3650-3666 3684 3684	3414 0750 3622–3628 3040–41 7520–7521	Impacted teeth & alveolectomy Resection of nasal septum and rhinoplasty Sinusotomy & nasal polyp removal or nasal septum submucous resection Tonsillectomy & incision of ear drum Tonsillectomy & circumcision Other combinations of Eye, Ear, Mouth, Nose & Throat Surgery Other combinations of Eye, Ear, Mouth, Nose & Throat Surgery with other surgery	1,085 480 329 11,884	81 157 87 252	7 33 26 2	47 39 36 44 83 422 199
		Total Eye, Ear, Mouth, Nose, Throat Surgery	18,924	870	5	

First Procedure Code	Second Procedure Code	Description of Multiple Procedure	No. of Claims, First Procedure	Total Multiple Procedure Claims Associated with First Procedure	Ratio (5) ÷ (4)	No. of Multiple Procedure Claims Accounted for by Description
(1)	(2)	(3) Combinations of Heart & Blood Vessel Surgery Combinations of Heart & Blood Vessel Surgery with other surgery	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7) 28 94
		Total Heart & Blood Vessel Surgery	1,223	122	10	
		Combinations of Thoracic Surgery Combinations of Thoracic Surgery with other surgery				26 80
		Total Thoracic Surgery	299	106	35	
6040 6040	6030 8010-8370	Appendectomy and division of adhesions Appendectomy and gynecologic surgery	3,930	178	5	33 49
6100, 6120	6040	Cholecystectomy or cholecystotomy and appendectomy	1,534	457	30	264
6500-6502	7604-06, 7680-81, 7686, 7860-61	Herniotomy, herniorrhaphy or hernioplasty and hydrocele, orchidectomy, orchidopexy, or varicocelectomy	3,028	563	19	232
6500-6502 6500-6502 6620 6620	6040 7520-7521 6010-6770 8010-8370	Herniotomy & appendectomy Herniotomy & circumcision Laparotomy & other abdominal surgery Laparotomy & gynecologic surgery	522	326	62	73 47 171 106
		Other combinations of abdominal surgery Other combinations of abdominal surgery with other surgery				378 558
		Total Abdominal Surgery	10,184	1,911	19	

TABLE E-Continued

First Procedure Code	Second Procedure Code	Description of Multiple Procedure	No. of Claims, First Procedure	Total Multiple Procedure Claims Associated with First Procedure	Ratio (5)÷(4)	No. of Multiple Procedure Claims Accounted for by Description
(1) 7050–51 7070–7078 " " " " " "	7010 7040-41 0182-0183 7030 7050-51 7090 7150 7180 8040-8045	(3) Fistulectomy & abscess, incision & drainage of Hemorrhoid operations and fissurectomy " " sigmoidoscopy " " cryptectomy " " fistulectomy " " pectenotomy " " repair of prolapsed rectum " " removal of rectal polyps " " cervical operation Other combinations of Proctologic Surgery Other surgery	(4) 285 3,308	(5) 83 1,241	(6) 29 38	(7) 40 304 94 92 230 47 72 77 56
		Total Proctologic Surgery	4,230	1,439	34	
7700-7703 7804	0158-0160 0158-0160	Prostatectomy & cystoscopy Ureterolithotomy & cystoscopy Other combinations of Urologic Surgery Other combinations of Urologic Surgery with other surgery	364 85	194 49	53 58	98 40 190 246
		Total Urologic Surgery	3,640	574	16	

First Procedure Code	Second Procedure Code	Description of Multiple Procedure	No. of Claims, First Procedure	Total Multiple Procedure Claims Associated with First Procedure	Ratio (5) ÷ (4)	No. of Multiple Procedure Claims Accounted for by Description
(1) 8040–45 8080–8083 "	(2) 0110-0141 0560-0561 6030 6040 8040-45	(3) Cervical operations & biopsy Hysterectomy & blood or plasma transfusion " & division of adhesions " & appendectomy " & cervical operations	(4) 5,040 2,618	(5) 471 1,181	(6) 9 45	(7) 159 74 50 480 265
8138	8320-71 6040 8040-45	" & gynecologic repair procedures Uterine displacement, repair, & appendectomy " & cervical opera- tions	347	303	87	116 87 77
8210-8230	8310–8371 6030	" " & repair procedures Operations on oviduct & ovary and division of adhesions	1,159	853	74	67 70
u	6040 8040–45	" " " " appendec- tomy " " " " cervical oper- ations				414 166
8310-8371	8040-45	Repair procedures & cervical operations Other combinations of Gynecologic Surgery Other combinations of Gynecologic Surgery with other surgery	521	283	54	182 403 655
		Total Gynecologic Surgery	10,362	3,265	32	
9430	9450	Laminectomy & Myelography Other combinations of Neurosurgery Other combinations of Neurosurgery with other surgery	252	109	43	64 85 121
		Total Neurosurgery	1,163	270	23	
		Grand Total	97,088	11,378	12	

combinations of procedures likely to occur. Some multiple procedure claims involve related surgery, for example, in the combination of two different proctologic operations. In other multiple surgery, more than one procedure is performed at the same time or within a short period because the patient has undergone an operation for one condition and advantage is taken of the convenient opportunity to take care of a second. The third category where the same procedure is repeated is generally not reflected in this table because for many of these a single procedure code was available.

Thoracic, proctologic, and gynecologic surgery shows relatively more multiple procedure claims than other types of surgery, about one-third in each instance compared with 12% over-all. General surgery and eye, ear, mouth, nose, and throat surgery are at the other extreme with only 5% reported as multiple procedure claims.

The five most common specific combinations of operations were hysterectomy with appendectomy, 4.2% of all multiple procedures; oviduct and ovary operations with appendectomy, 3.6%; hemorrhoid operations and fissurectomy, 2.7%; operations for removal or cutting into the gall bladder with appendectomy, 2.3%; and hysterectomy with dilation and curettage and other cervical operations, 2.3%. In about one-fifth of the gall bladder, hysterectomy, and oviduct and ovary operations, the appendix was removed at the same time. These appendectomies, since they were not regarded as the first procedure, are not counted in Tables B or P.

In the 1947 Study, multiple procedures were present in 17% of the claims as compared with 12% in this study. Much of this difference is explained by the use in this study of single procedure codes for many of the claims involving repetition of similar operations. This type of claim was coded as a multiple procedure in the 1947 Study. For example, the fact that combinations of cervical operations are coded 8045 instead of as multiple procedures under combinations of codes 8040 to 8044 is largely responsible for the drop in the proportion of multiple procedures with respect to gynecologic surgery from 46% in the 1947 Study to 32% in this study. The different treatment of these combinations largely accounts for the drop from 27% to 18% in multiple procedures for adult females.

VI. Proportion of Bed-Patient, Out-Patient, and Out-of-Hospital Claims

The contributing companies were asked to report the place where the operation was performed as (a) in a hospital as a bed-patient, (b) in a hospital out-patient department, and (c) out-of-hospital, which usually means at the doctor's office. One company was unable to separate cate-

gories (b) and (c). These two categories were classified as "out-of-hospital" in the 1947 Study.

For each type of patient, Table F shows the average amount of reimbursement for hospital bed-patient, out-patient department and out-of-hospital claims and the relative importance of such claims by number and amount of reimbursement according to the 1947 \$300 Maximum Schedule. What strikes one here is that 42.9% of the claims (12.5% out-patient department and 30.4% out-of-hospital) are for surgery performed other than as a bed-patient in a hospital. The corresponding percentage in the 1947 Study was 18%. A substantial part of the increase in surgical frequencies brought out in Section III is thus attributable to minor procedures done in an out-patient department or the doctor's office. Again, 14.1% as the financial weight of these claims compares with only 6% in the 1947 Study.

Dependent wives have the largest proportion of bed-patient claims with 67.6%, while male employees have the smallest, 49.3%. The proportion of claims performed in a hospital out-patient department is largest for children, 20.3% for males and 15.4% for females, and smallest for adult females, 7%. Out-of-hospital claims are a significantly larger proportion for employees than for dependents, 37.2% as against 26.3%. Throughout, non-bed-patient surgery is considerably less important financially than the numerical proportion of such procedures.

Table G is an analysis of individual procedures showing those where a substantial proportion of the surgery is performed out-of-hospital or in an out-patient department. Skin suturing accounts for 22.4% of all such surgery, superficial benign tumors and sebaceous cysts for 22.0%, and dislocations and fractures for 13.2%. These procedures taken as a group were performed in an out-patient department or out-of-hospital in 81% of the cases.

VII. Obstetrical Procedures

Table H is a tabulation of the obstetrical procedure claims reported by the companies for the frequency part of the study. Because obstetrical benefits are not included in all contracts, these claims cannot be added to the nonobstetrical claims in Tables B and P without adjustment, if over-all relative frequencies are desired. In that event, adjustment for the proportion of policies without obstetrical benefits must be made by multiplying the claims in Table H by 1.275 for female employees and 1.392 for dependent wives.

Normal deliveries comprise 87.5% of all obstetrical procedures and miscarriages 8.1%. This compares with 90.5% and 5.3% respectively for the 1947 Study. The proportion of claims for Caesarean section and

TABLE F

PROPORTION OF BED-PATIENT, OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT AND OUT-OF-HOSPITAL CLAIMS
IN THE FREQUENCY DATA, OMITTING OBSTETRICAL CLAIMS, BY TYPE PATIENT

	Average Reimbursement under 1947 \$300 Maximum Schedule				Percentages of Total					
Type Patient	All Hosp.		Out- Patient	Out-of-	Hosp. Bed-Patient		Out-Patient Department		Out-of-Hospital	
	Claims	H Red-	Hospital	No.	Reimburse- ment	No.	Reimburse- ment	No.	Reimburse ment	
Male Employee Female Employee.	\$ 70 78	\$117 114	\$24 25	\$23 23	49.3% 59.9	83.1% 88.1	12.0% 7.0	4.2%	38.7% 33.1	12.7% 9.7
Total Employees	\$72	\$116	\$24	\$23	52.2%	84.6%	10.6%	3.6%	37.2%	11.8%
Wife Male Child Female Child Dependent Husband	\$91 46 50 83	\$123 71 69 121	\$26 21 23 24	\$24 20 20 21	67.6% 51.0 59.7 62.3	91.2% 78.5 82.8 90.2	7.2% 20.3 15.4 9.3	2.1% 9.4 7.0 2.7	25.2% 28.7 24.9 28.4	6.7% 12.1 10.2 7.1
Total Dependents	\$ 66	\$ 96	\$23	\$22	60.1%	86.7%	13.6%	4.7%	26.3%	8.6%
Total	\$68	\$103	\$23	\$22	57.1%	85.9%	12.5%	4.2%	30.4%	9.9%

TABLE G
PROPORTION OF BED-PATIENT, OUT-PATIENT DEPARTMENT AND OUT-OF-HOSPITAL
CLAIMS IN THE FREQUENCY DATA, OMITTING OBSTETRICAL CLAIMS

Procedure	Description	Hospital	Out-Patient	Out-of-	Total
Code		Bed-Patient	Department	Hospital	Claims
110-149	Biopsy	304	53	224	581
158–161 178–180 182–184	Cystoscopy Proctoscopy Sigmoidoscopy Other Endoscopy	1,977 93 135 493	160 11 21 56	588 134 214 39	2,725 238 370 588
335	Mammary Glands, Removal of Benign Tumors and Cysts	1,034	47	95	1,176
	Other Gland Operations	1,138	16	64	1,218
510, 511, 516 512, 513, 517 514, 515, 518 520-523 550 570 571-573 580-581	Abscesses, deep, large, not of breast, incision and drainage Abscesses, superficial, not of breast, incision and drainage Abscesses, breast, incision and drainage Burns, debridement and treatment of Accidental laceration of skin structure, suture or repair of Cellulitis, incision or drainage for Carbuncle, treatment of Foreign body, removal of (except from eye or body cavity) Other Infections and Injuries	165 296 35 67 781 28 20 134 439	32 275 8 82 4,551 5 20 340 232	166 1,804 37 105 4,598 48 134 599 416	363 2,375 80 254 9,930 81 174 1,073 1,087
754	Scar tissue or keloid, excision of	67	16	27	110
	Other Plastic Surgery	432	35	43	510
912, 913	Pilonidal cyst or sinus, incision or excision of Sebaceous cyst, excision of Tumors, benign, superficial, including warts and calluses, removed by surgical procedure	382	19	56	457
916		342	470	1,516	2,328
930, 931, 934		1,573	1,211	5,698	8,482
936, 937	Tumors, malignant, face, lip or skin removed by surgical procedure Tumors, benign, superficial, implantation of radioactive substance, X-Ray or other radiation treatments	150	84	261	495
950, 951, 970, 971		7	13	64	84
956, 957, 976, 977	Tumors, malignant, face, lip or skin, implantation of radioactive substance, X-Ray or other radiation treatment Other Tumors or Cysts	11 495	10 40	83 135	104 670
	Total General Surgery	10,598	7,807	17,148	35,553

TABLE G-Continued

Procedure Code	Description	Hospital Bed-Patient	Out-Patient Department	Out-of- Hospital	Total Claims
1014-1016 1036-1038	Finger or thumb, one or more, amputation of Toe, one or more, amputation of Other amputation	59 37 45	47 7 2	28 8	134 52 47
1240–1241 1265–1266	Exostosis, removal of Ostectomy, nail bed or nail fold Other bone operations	57 187 324	5 162 11	18 648 34	80 997 369
1410 1440, 1450	Bursae, aspiration, one or more Bursae, irrigation Other bursae operations	16 12 77	6 2 3	82 29 24	104 43 104
1618 1622 1626, 1628 1658	Clavicle, dislocation of, closed reduction Elbow, dislocation of, closed reduction Finger or thumb, dislocation of, one or more, closed reduction Shoulder dislocation, closed reduction Other dislocations	9 18 5 49 130	12 26 38 42 34	13 23 25 26 49	34 67 68 117 213
2034, 2035 2040, 2042, 2044, 2046	Nasal bones, fracture of Carpal bones, fracture of, one or more, closed reduction	96 94	77 14 1	57 101	230 336
2050 2054, 2056, 2058 2060, 2062 2070, 2072, 2074, 2076	Elbow, intra-articular fracture of, one or more bones, closed reduction Finger or thumb, fracture of, one or more, closed reduction Humerus, fracture of, closed reduction Metacarpal bones, fracture of, one or more, closed reduction	30 28 185 29	53 216 153 114	29 239 89 119	112 483 427 262
2080, 2082, 2090, 2092	Radius or ulna, fracture of, closed reduction	248	58 3	341	1,172
2084, 2086 2100, 2102 2130–2135 2200, 2202	Radius and ulna, fracture of, closed reduction Clavicle, fracture of, closed reduction Rib, fracture of, one or more, reduction Ankle, Pott's or Cotton's fracture of, closed reduction	243 136 86 100	253 306 88 76	90 272 179 67	586 714 353 243

TABLE G-Continued

Procedure Code	Description	Hospital Bed-Patient	Out-Patient Department	Out-of- Hospital	Total Claims
2206, 2208, 2250, 2252	Astragalus or Os Calcis, fracture of, closed reduction	30	32	34	96
2222, 2224, 2280, 2282	Fibula or Tibia, fracture of, closed reduction	176	196	129	501
2232, 2234, 2236, 2238, 2270, 2272, 2274, 2276	Metatarsal or Tarsal bones, fracture of, one or more, closed reduction	58	181	131	370
2284, 2286	Tibia and fibula, fracture of, closed reduction	86	45	19	150
2292, 2294, 2296	Toe, fracture of, one or more, closed reduction	13	88	181	282
	Other fractures	960	199	224	1,383
2491	Arthrocentesis or tapping of joint	22	20	68	110
	Other joint operations	393	13	26	432
2610-2799	Muscle operations	57	10	10	77
2810	Excision of ganglion, cyst, abscess, or other lesion of tendon or sheath	215	64	79	358
2840, 2841	Suture of tendon, single or multiple	157	72	39	268
	Other tendon operations	122	7	7	136
	Total Musculoskeletal Surgery	4,589	3,384	3,537	11,510
3040, 3041	Incision of ear-drum (myringotomy, tympanotomy, paracentesis	80	87	472	639
	tympani) Other ear operations	162	15	23	200
3212, 3213	Chalazion, excision or curettage, single or multiple	65	70	719	854
3230, 3231	Corneal or scleral ulcer, cauterization or keratotomy	6	4	38	48
3252-3255	Foreign body, cornea, sclera, or intraocular, removal	29	71	292	392
3258 3262	Hordeolum, operation for	1 20	2	22	25
3268	Lacrimal duct, dilation of	29 72	8	42	79 162
J200	Pterygium, operation for Other eye operations	1,002	21 25	69 61	1,088
	- Select 6,6 operations	1,002	25	\ · · · ·	1,000

Procedure Code	Description	Hospital Bed-Patient	Out-Patient Department	Out-of- Hospital	Total Claims
3414 3434 3440 3450, 3451 3460	Alveolectomy Extraction of tooth, fractured by accidental means, one or more Gingivectomy Impacted tooth, one or more, removal of Pyorrhea alveolaris, cutting operation for (curettage excepted) Other mouth operations	192 10 7 242 18 61	9 4 20	120 35 46 823 31 97	321 49 53 1,085 49 168
3622, 3623 3628	Nasal polyps, removal of one or more, unilateral or bilateral Nasal septum, submucous resection of, with or without reconstruc- tion of the columella	86 442	22 4	213 34	321 480
3650 3652–3666 3680 3684 3692, 3693	Sinuses, puncture and irrigation of, unilateral or bilateral Sinusotomy Tonsillar or peritonsillar abscess, incision for drainage Tonsillectomy, with or without adenoidectomy Turbinectomy, unilateral or bilateral Other nose and throat operations	25 124 23 11,321 14 318	12 2 5 122 2 36	121 45 25 441 28 247	158 171 53 11,884 44 601
	Total eye, ear, mouth, nose and throat surgery	14,329	551	4,044	18,924
4272, 4273	Varicose veins, injection treatment, complete procedure, unilateral or bilateral	27	10	125	162
4276–4287	Varicose veins, ligation, with or without division Other artery and vein operations	799 127	13 11	30 13	842 151
	Operations on Heart or Great Vessels	67		1	68
	Total Heart and Blood Vessels Surgery	1,020	34	169	1,223
	Total Thoracic Surgery	276	8	15	299
	Total Abdominal Surgery	10,140	19	25	10,184

7010 At		Bed-Patient	Out-Patient Department	Out-of- Hospital	Total Claims
1	bscess, perianal, perirectal, perineal, or ischiorectal, incision and drainage	136	14	95	245
	issurectomy, single or multiple	68	4	23	95
7050, 7051 Fis	istulectomy, single or multiple	269	1	15	285
7070 He	emorrhoidectomy, external	74	23	146	243
	emorrhoidectomy, internal, or external and internal	2,150 15	18 6	101 164	2,269 185
	emorrhoids, injection treatment, complete procedure emorrhoids, thrombosed, incision or removal of	30	42	347	419
	ectal polyps, removal of one or more	64	10	54	128
	ther proctological operations	293	6	62	361
To	otal Proctological Surgery	3,099	124	1,007	4,230
	ircumcision, age less than one year	469	249	504	1,222
	ircumcision, age one year or greater	480	42	67	589
	ydrocele, aspiration and injection, or paracentesis	19 134	1	34	54 136
	ydrocele, excision leatotomy	26	4	2 30	60
	reteral dilation	38	10	45	93
	aricocelectomy	24	ĭ	15	40
	asectomy	114	48	239	401
	ther Urological operations	973	4	68	1,045
To	otal Urological Surgery	2,277	359	1,004	3,640
	ervix, cauterization of	108	69	849	1,026
	ervix, conization of	93	6	89	188
	ervix, dilation of, and curettage of uterus (nonpuerperal)	2,447	31	64	2,542
	ervix, polypectomy, one or more	44 13	6 5	65 20	115 38
	ubal insufflation or uterography ther gynecological operations	6,238	36	179	6,453
To	otal Gynecological Surgery	8,943	153	1,266	10,362
To	otal Neurosurgery	1,057	46	60	1,163
To	otal All Surgery	56,328	12,485	28,275	97,088

ectopic pregnancy is about the same as in the 1947 Study. Only 1.1% of the procedures were performed other than as a hospital bed-patient. Multiple procedures were reported in connection with 307 of the 21,371 claims included in Table H, and in 236 of these, blood or plasma transfusions were the second procedure.

VIII. Doctors' Charges

Table I compares the aggregate of surgical benefits paid by the companies with the total amount of the doctors' charges separately for obstetrical and nonobstetrical procedures. The table is based upon the claims in the frequency part of the study so that the various procedures are included in proper proportion.

TABLE H
OBSTETRICAL CLAIMS INCLUDED IN FREQUENCY DATA

Proce-	DESCRIPTION	FEMALE EM- PLOYEE WIFE HOS- PITAL TIENT BED- DE- PATIENT PART-	FEMALE WIFE HOS-PA-OUT-OF-BED-DE-HOS-	Wife	E PITAL BED-	Hos- PITAL TIENT BED- DE-	OF-	TOTAL	
Code		PLOYEE	PLOYEL			PITAL	No.	%	
8610	Abdominal operation for extra-uterine or ectopic pregnancy	22	64	86			86	.4%	
8630, 8634	Caesarean section (abdomi- nal or vaginal)	161	669	829	1		830	3.9	
8650	Delivery of child or children	3,175	15,531	18,574	26	106	18,706	87.5	
8670	Miscarriage (including therapeutic or spontaneous abortion), treatment of, with dilation and curettage	264	1,135	1,369	4	26	1,399	6.5	
8672	Miscarriage (including therapeutic or spontaneous abortion), treatment of, without dilation and curettage	80	270	272	4	74	350	1.6	
	Total	3,702	17,669	21,130	35	206	21,371	100.0%	

The table shows an over-all reimbursement of 59% for obstetrical procedures and 66% for nonobstetrical procedures. The latter percentage represents a substantial increase in benefits on the average over the comparable figure of 55% in the 1947 Study. (The percentage for obstetrical claims was not shown in the 1947 Study.) Furthermore, since doctors customarily charge more to individuals in upper earnings categories, in a large majority of the cases the rate of reimbursement was considerably more than these percentages suggest.

Table Q, starting on page 431, shows in detail the average doctor's charge for each type of operation determined by dividing the aggregate charges by the number of claims in each instance. This table is not limited to the frequency data, but includes all claims contributed to

the study. Figures appear separately for single procedure and multiple procedure claims, based on the combined data for all types of patient.

Table J measures the extent of the rise in average doctors' charges from the 1947 Study to the present one. The procedures in Table J were chosen from among the most frequent procedures where it was clear that the classification was homogeneous and the coding was consistent as between the two studies. Some of the most frequent codes, like benign cysts or tumors or skin suturing, had to be rejected for the purpose of this comparison because they encompass such a wide variety

TABLE I

RATIO OF REIMBURSEMENT TO CHARGES FOR
CLAIMS IN FREQUENCY DATA

m	RATIO OF TOTAL REIM- BURSEMENT TO TOTAL DOCTORS' CHARGES			
Type Patient	Obstetrical Procedures	Non- obstetrical Procedures		
Male Employee	57%	63% 67		
Total Employees	57%	64%		
Wife. Male Child. Female Child. Dependent Husband.		66% 68 68 66		
Total Dependents	59%	67%		
Total	59%	66%		

of procedures. In effect, the table compares charges in 1946 with those in 1955, since the claims in the two studies came from these years for the most part.

When the figures in Table J are weighted by the relative frequencies of the procedures, surgeons' charges are shown to have gone up 26%, on the average, between the two studies, and 21% if normal deliveries are omitted from the average. Looking at the procedures individually, the increases range from 9% to 36%.

Table K brings out the variation in average doctors' charges depending upon where the operation takes place for those procedures involving a substantial proportion of other than bed-patient surgery. Code 1 represents hospitalized as a bed-patient, Code 2 in a hospital out-patient

department, and Code 3 out-of-hospital. In connection with such procedures as abscesses, benign tumors, and skin suturing, the difference in average charges is a reflection of the fact that it is the more severe cases which require hospitalization as a bed-patient.

IX. Dispersion of Doctors' Charges

The average charges appearing in Tables K and Q fail to bring out the way in which the charges for individual procedures will vary. Actually, charges are seldom precisely in the amount of the average. Fees tend to be in multiples of \$5 or \$10, or of \$25 or \$50 for the more costly procedures.

TABLE J
CHANGE IN AVERAGE DOCTORS' CHARGES FROM 1946 TO 1955 FOR
SELECTED PROCEDURES BASED ON SINGLE PROCEDURE CLAIMS

Proce-		Average	CHARGE		
Code	DESCRIPTION	1947 Study	1957 Study	(2)÷(1)	Number of Claims
		(1)	(2)	(3)	
8650	Normal Delivery	\$ 78	\$103	132%	26,786
3684	Tonsillectomy	41	53	129	13,880
6040	Appendectomy	131	147	112	5,190
6500	Herniotomy, single	124	143	115	2,882
7072	Hemorrhoidectomy, external & in- ternal	92	110	120	1,504
8043	Dilation and curettage	51	57	112	3,049
8080	Panhysterectomy	205	239	117	1,560
6100	Cholecystectomy	194	234	121	1,339
8670	Miscarriage, including D & C	45	56	124	2,015
8630	Caesarean section	176	200	114	1,080
370	Thyroidectomy	189	226	120	640
3250	Extraction of lens of eye	200	263	132	325
6400	Gastrectomy	252	343	136	319
7703	Prostatectomy, transurethral	225	245	109	163
7650	Nephrectomy	256	290	113	80

Table L shows the variation in charges in relation to the average for a few frequent procedures and for their total when weighted by their relative frequencies.

Thus, the actual charge is seen to be less than the average in about 58.5% of the cases. For only 12% do the charges exceed one and one-half times the average charge.

X. Geographical Variation in Doctors' Charges

Table M shows the variation in doctors' charges for certain selected cities, by state, and by region for obstetrical procedures and nonobstetrical procedures separately. The charges in each area are related to the average of charges nationwide. In making the underlying computa-

TABLE K VARIATION IN AVERAGE DOCTORS' CHARGES BY TYPE HOSPITALIZATION FOR CERTAIN SINGLE PROCEDURES

Procedure Code	. Description	Hos- pital Code*	Number of Claims	Total Doctors' Charges	Aver- age Charge per Claim
0120	Biopsy, gland, muscle or superficial tissue, by excision	1 2 3	153 30 133	\$ 6,209 578 2,476	\$ 41 19 19
0121, 0131, 0141	Biopsy by needle aspiration	1 2 3	22 5 20	861 50 330	39 10 17
0310	Lymph glands or nodes, individual gland or gland mass removal, su- perficial	1 2 3	44 5 5	2,365 101 136	54 20 27
0351	Salivary glands, removal of stone from duct or gland substance	1 2 3	29 3 20	2,820 145 618	97 48 31
0510	Abscesses, not of breast, deep, large, single procedure, incision and drainage (not involving internal organs)	1 2 3	169 37 183	7,393 620 3,787	44 17 21
0511	Abscesses, not of breast, deep, large, multiple procedure, incision and drainage (not involving internal organs)	1 2 3	8 3 14	465 50 351	58 17 25
0512	Abscesses, not of breast, superficial, single procedure, incision and drainage (not involving internal organs)	1 2 3	389 407 2,087	12,343 5,446 30,823	32 13 15
0513	Abscesses, not of breast, superficial, multiple procedure, incision and drainage (not involving internal organs)	1 2 3	18 11 81	747 292 1,942	42 27 24
0514	Abscesses, involving breast, single procedure	1 2 3	40 11 39	1,943 253 740	49 23 19
0521	Burns, second degree, debridement and surgical treatment of	1 2 3	34 74 89	1,091 1,325 1,602	32 18 18
0522	Burns, third degree, debridement and surgical treatment of	1 2 3	15 15 24	1,357 545 577	90 36 24

^{*}The hospital codes are
1 Hospitalized as a Bed-Patient
2 In a Hospital Out-Patient Department
3 Out-of-Hospital

TABLE K-Continued

Procedute Code	Description	Hos- pital Code*	Number of Claims	Total Doctors' Charges	Aver- age Charge per Claim
0570	Cellulitis, incision and drainage for	1 2 3	35 11 59	\$1,083 248 1,168	31 23 20
0571, 0572	Carbuncle, drainage of, or excision of	1 2 3	26 23 163	1,111 452 3,168	43 20 19
0580	Foreign body, superficial, removal of (except from eye or body cavity)	1 2 3	88 347 555	3,056 3,974 5,975	35 11 11
0581	Foreign body, deep seated, remov- al of (except from eye or body cavity)	1 2 3	77 77 106	4,057 1,722 2,008	53 22 19
0754	Scar tissue or keloid, excision of	1 2 3	59 19 26	6,543 828 1,476	111 44 57
0912	Pilonidal cyst or sinus, incision of	1 2 3	62 15 55	5,730 420 1,203	92 28 22
0913	Pilonidal cyst or sinus, excision of	1 2 3	401 8 13	43,037 395 674	107 49 52
0916	Sebaceous cyst, excision of	1 2 3	408 563 1,798	15,545 12,252 32,458	38 22 18
0930	Benign tumors, superficial, includ- ing warts and calluses, single procedure, removal by surgical procedure	1 2 3	1,584 1,220 4,499	72,105 27,174 73,552	46 22 16
0931	Benign tumors, superficial, including warts and calluses, multiple procedure, removal by surgical procedure	1 2 3	359 283 1,598	21,686 8,057 37,896	60 28 24
0932	Benign tumors, deep seated, single procedure, removal by surgical procedure	1 2 3	290 28 59	21,341 920 1,752	74 33 30
0933	Benign tumors, deep seated, mul- tiple procedure, removal by sur- gical procedure	1 2 3	21 5 26	1,575 245 696	75 49 27
1265, 1266	Ostectomy, nail bed or nail fold, partial or complete	1 2 3	229 209 788	7,771 3,537 12,930	34 17 16

TABLE K-Continued

					===
Procedure Code	Description	Hos- pital Code*	Number of Claims	Total Doctors' Charges	Aver- age Charge per Claim
3212	Chalazion, excision or curettage, single	1 2 3	67 82 747	\$ 2,237 1,640 13,307	\$33 20 18
3213	Chalazion, excision or curettage, multiple	1 2 3	17 9 90	716 365 2,688	42 41 30
3414	Alveolectomy	1 2 3	172 9 109	13,813 522 6,502	80 58 60
3450	Impacted tooth, removal of, one	1 2 3	97 13 676	4,369 493 18,927	45 38 28
3451	Impacted tooth, removal of, more than one	1 2 3	155 9 259	13,464 504 16,505	87 56 64
3680	Tonsillar or peritonsillar abscess, incision for drainage	1 2 3	27 8 32	899 178 572	33 22 18
7180	Rectal polyps, removal of one or more	1 2 3	55 10 47	3,762 212 1,305	68 21 28
8011	Bartholin's or Skene's glands, incision	1 2 3	54 7 40	2,979 115 821	55 16 21
8020	Caruncle, urethral, excision or ful- guration of	1 2 3	17 2 8	1,150 50 166	68 25 21
8041	Cervix, cauterization of	1 2 3	109 76 938	3,975 1,515 19,565	36 20 21
8042	Cervix, conization of	1 2 3	109 7 101	5,126 218 3,273	47 31 32

^{*} The hospital codes are
1 Hospitalized as a Bed-Patient
2 In a Hospital Out-Patient Department
3 Out-of-Hospital

TABLE L

Analysis of Dispersion of Doctors' Charges for Selected Nonobstetrical Procedures
Based on Single Procedure Claims

Procedure Code	DESCRIPTION	CUMULATIVE PERCENTAGE OF CLAIMS INCLUDED WITHIN THE AVERAGE GIVEN MULTIPLE OF THE AVERAGE CHARGE CHARGE								Number	
		PER CLAIM	0 to .25	.25 to .50	.50 to .75	.75 to 1.00	1.00 to 1.25	1.25 to 1.50	1.50 to 1.75	1.75 to 2.00	CLAIMS
159	Cystoscopy, diagnostic, with ureteral catheterization	\$ 43	1.4%	7.2%	28.5%	59.6%	83.5%	88.6%	93.5%	95.5%	1,621
930	Removal of benign tumor, superficial	23	8.5	32.7	54.7	63.2	77.8	80.1	87.1	88.0	7,590
2084, 2086	Fracture of radius and ulna, closed re- duction	67	1.1	10.1	41.9	56.8	77.6	90.1	91.7	95.6	880
3212	Chalazion, excision or curettage	19	.9	5.3	28.4	58.8	70.3	87.6	90.6	95.4	936
6100	Cholecystectomy	234	. <i>.</i>	.7	22.8	54.2	79.9	96.5	98.4	98.9	1,339
6400	Gastrectomy	343		1.6	28.6	51.7	80.8	96.5	98.4	98.7	319
6500	Herniotomy, single	143	.1	.8	24.7	46.0	86.3	94.6	97.5	98.6	2,882
7072	Hemorrhoidectomy, external & inter- nal	110	1.1	10.1	30.8	59.3	75.4	92.8	95.3	97.6	1,504
8043	Cervix, dilation and curettage	57	1.0	7.0	26.5	65.6	71.6	90.5	92.8	97.4	3,049
8080	Hysterectomy	239	.4	1.1	21.4	49.0	75.9	95.6	98.1	98.7	1,560
	Total		3.5%	14.7%	36.8%	58.5%	78.0%	88.0%	92.2%	94.1%	21,894

TABLE M-GEOGRAPHICAL VARIATION IN DOCTORS' CHARGES

		RATIO OF	Doctors'			
		CHARGES TO NATIONAL AVERAGE		Number of Claims		
Code	Area	Obstetrical Procedures	Non- obstetrical Procedures	Obstetrical Procedures	Non- obstetrical Procedures	
21 22 23 24 25	Connecticut Maine Massachusetts, All Boston Other New Hampshire Rhode Island, All	116% 72 107 138 105 85 104 106	107% 85 98 113 97 85 106 114	440 138 830 43 787 191 41 25	1,540 343 2,757 191 2,566 614 127 67	
26	Providence Other Vermont	101 75	98 79	16 151	60 392	
	Region Total	101%	96%	1,791	5,773	
31 32 33 34 35	Delaware Washington, D.C. New Jersey New York, All Buffalo New York City Other Pennsylvania, All Philadelphia Pittsburgh Other	113% 146 124 127 104 154 118 92 128 107 83	93% 1111 115 118 98 148 107 93 104 106 89	23 62 866 2,120 104 584 1,432 2,191 268 317 1,606	69 198 2,126 6,154 304 1,643 4,207 7,114 858 943 5,313	
	Region Total	112%	108%	5,262	15,661	
41 42 43 44 45	Illinois, All Chicago Other Indiana Kentucky Michigan, All Detroit Other Ohio, All Cincinnati Cleveland Other	110% 126 103 84 93 96 118 92 96 102 128	115% 133 108 90 104 94 112 91 98 118 112 95	2,262 679 1,583 1,618 322 2,151 343 1,808 2,228 152 187 1,889	6,292 1,827 4,465 4,450 996 6,665 881 5,784 6,161 328 486 5,347	
46 47	Wisconsin, All Milwaukee Other West Virginia	81 96 75 81	88 104 82 86	1,250 344 906 363	4,519 1,226 3,293 1,279	
	Region Total	95%	99%	10,194	30,362	
51 52 53	Iowa Kansas Minnesota, All Minneapolis	87% 89 90 97	94% 89 97 105	394 382 781 255	1,342 1,336 2,117 592	
54 55 56	Other Missouri, All Kansas City St. Louis Other Nebraska North Dakota	87 110 129 117 96 83 77	94 104 101 125 97 93 86	526 588 147 171 270 128 45	1,525 1,847 653 350 844 629 136	
	South Dakota Region Total	94%	90	2,368	7,581	

TABLE M-Continued

		CHARGES TO	DOCTORS' O NATIONAL RAGE	Number of Claims		
Conn	ARRA	Obstetrical Procedures	Non- obstetrical Procedures	Obstetrical Procedures	Non- obstetrical Procedures	
61 62 63 64 65 66	Colorado Idaho Montana Nevada Utah Wyoming	98% 96 88 108 92 93	95% 97 96 117 99 92	103 68 47 18 221 40	562 319 231 154 946 163	
	Region Total	94%	99%	497	2,375	
71 72 73	California, All Los Angeles San Francisco Other Oregon, All Portland Other Washington, All Seattle Other	146% 149 144 145 118 125 114 127 144 117	124% 137 142 122 102 110 97 104 113 102	1,149 169 50 930 121 42 79 281 99	14,231 1,822 286 12,123 607 249 358 2,100 410 1,690	
·	Region Total	140%	121%	1,551	16,938	
81 82 83 84 85 86	Arizona Arkansas Louisiana, All New Orleans Other New Mexico Oklahoma Texas, All Dallas Houston Other	108% 87 98 135 94 98 101 111 134 135 101	106% 90 95 113 92 106 98 105 118 121 100	105 211 637 65 572 110 192 1,329 129 281 919	412 838 2,254 330 1,924 426 770 5,803 550 972 4,281	
	Region Total	105%	110%	2,584	10,503	
91 92 93	Alabama Florida Georgia, All Atlanta Other Maryland, All Baltimore	73% 119 84 126 81 108 112	83% 107 86 107 83 94	590 543 551 41 510 353 235	2,229 2,010 2,077 226 1,851 976 631	
95 96 97 98 99	Other Mississippi North Carolina South Carolina Tennessee Virginia	100 79 82 74 80 86	90 84 83 82 91 79	118 283 1,458 664 326 634	345 967 5,324 2,664 1,100 1,946	
	Region Total	86%	86%	5,402	19,293	
	Grand Total All Regions	100%	100%	29,649	108,486	

tion, proper allowance was made for the relative frequencies of the various procedures, using the countrywide pattern of frequencies.

The Pacific Coast States, region 70, had the highest charges, 121% of the countrywide average for nonobstetrical procedures and 140% for obstetrical procedures. This is considerably higher than the next highest region, the Middle Atlantic States, region 30, with ratios of 108% and 112%, respectively. The group of South Atlantic States, region 90, is at the other extreme, with 86% for both nonobstetrical and obstetrical procedures.

For nonobstetrical procedures 5 states and for obstetrical procedures 9 states show ratios to the countrywide average in excess of 110%. California is the highest with 124% and 146%, respectively. Thirteen states show ratios below 90% for nonobstetrical procedures, 2 being below 80%. Twenty states have ratios below 90% for obstetrical procedures, of which 6 are below 80%.

Among the cities shown, New York is the highest with 148% for nonobstetrical procedures and 154% for obstetrical procedures, but Los Angeles, San Francisco, Seattle, Washington, D.C., and Chicago approached one or both of these figures. Fifteen of the 24 cities have ratios in excess of 110% for nonobstetrical procedures and 18 for obstetrical procedures. None of the cities showed ratios below 90%.

That doctors' charges tend to be higher in urban than in nearby nonurban areas is confirmed by the fact that with few exceptions the cities showed higher ratios than the remainder of the states in which they were located. For the cities studied, the charges for nonobstetrical procedures were on the average 120% of the charges for the same procedures in the other sections of the same states. The comparable figure for obstetrical procedures is 126%.

The 1957 results are generally similar to those shown in the 1947 Study by state and region. In 1947, cities were not shown separately.

While Table M does not include data on Canadian claims, certain information concerning them was produced by the study. Based on 2,006 nonobstetrical claims and 738 obstetrical claims largely from Quebec and Ontario, the ratio of Canadian to United States doctors' charges was 81% and 72%, respectively.

The question of whether the variation in the relative values of surgical procedures in different areas of the country is significant was also investigated. A group of procedures was chosen from among those with average doctors' charges of less than \$25, another group from among those with average charges ranging from \$125 to \$175, and a third group from among those with average charges of \$300 or more, representing low cost, medium cost, and high cost procedures. These, in turn, were considered

in the high cost geographical areas, those where in Table M ratios of charges to the average were 115% or more, in middle cost areas with charges from 115% to 85% of average, and in the low cost areas with charges of 85% and under. The procedures in each subgroup were properly weighted by the appropriate relative frequencies so as to put them on a comparable basis.

The ratios derived from this analysis appear in Table N. The relative values of the low cost, medium cost, and high cost surgical procedures as brought out by these ratios are almost the same in each group of geographical areas. Thus, it would seem that on the average there is

TABLE N
GEOGRAPHICAL VARIATION IN RELATIONSHIPS
OF DOCTORS' CHARGES

	Ratios					
Procedures	Low Cost Areas	Middle Cost Areas	High Cost Areas			
Low cost (codes 178, 512,930,2130,3040, 3212,7520,8041)	13%	14%	15%			
Medium cost (codes 2461, 3628, 3660, 3666, 6030, 6040, 6500, 8138, 8330, 8350)	100%	100%	100%			
High cost (codes 2418, 2422, 3030, 3240, 4424, 5210, 6400, 7100, 9020, 9430)	232%	229%	217%			

little variation by geographical area group in the relationship between doctors' charges for different surgical procedures. The level of charges, of course, varies a great deal from area to area as brought out in Table M.

XI. Variations by Age

Table O shows the variation in average amount of surgical reimbursement and in average doctors' charges by age group for each type of patient. The table is based on the claims in the frequency studies so that different procedures are in proper proportion. Obstetrical claims have been excluded.

The change in average amount of reimbursement measures the relative severity of surgery in each age group. If claim costs by age are desired, appropriate assumptions concerning the variation in claim frequency by age must be made.

TABLE O

VARIATION IN REIMBURSEMENT AND CHARGE BY AGE, IN FREQUENCY DATA,
OMITTING OBSTETRICAL CLAIMS

					RATIO TO	Average A	MOUNT FOR	ALL AGES				
Age	Male E	mployee	Female l	Employee	w	ife	Male	Child	Female	e Child	Dependen	t Husband
	Reim- burse- ment	Charge	Reim- burse- ment	Charge	Reim- burse- ment	Charge	Reim- burse- ment	Charge	Reim- burse- ment	Charge	Reim- burse- ment	Charge
0 to 4	87% 80	1	86% 83	80% 83	89% 85 97	83% 83	92% 97 106 117	88% 102 112 123	87% 95 110 138	86% 95 109 133	33% 79	28% 77
40 to 49	102 120 147	100 124 160 198	102 114 114 95 106	104 115 118 101 117	113 106 125 135	96 113 111 132 174					87 111 109 139 127	87 108 119 132 91
Average Amount for All Ages		\$87 (100%)	\$63 (100%)	\$94 (100%)	\$71 (100%)	\$107 (100%)	\$36 (100%)	\$52 (100%)	\$39 (100%)	\$58 (100%)	\$70 (100%)	\$106 (100%)

The most complicated surgery for male employees occurs at ages over 50 and the severity increases rapidly after that age. Although the surgery for adult females is generally of a more serious nature than for males, there is considerably less variation by age. In fact, operations on adult females tend to decrease in seriousness for several years following the child-bearing ages and afterward increase but slightly.

The ratios of average charges have a steeper pitch with advancing age than do the reimbursement ratios. This is probably explained by the widespread practice of establishing fees in accordance with the patients' incomes, which tend to increase with age.

[Text continued on page 465]

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} TABLE\ P\\ DISTRIBUTION\ BY\ TYPE\ PATIENT\ OF\ FREQUENCY\ DATA\ CLAIMS--OMITTING\ OBSTETRICAL\ CLAIMS \\ \end{tabular}$

			Employees	 		1	DEPENDENTS			Total En-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	GENERAL SURGERY				`			·	·	·
110 120 121, 131, 141 149	BIOPSY Bone or bone marrow Gland, muscle or superficial tissue, by excision By needle aspiration Others	13 72 16 40	9 55 7 51	22 127 23 91	11 127 8 123	9 5 5 5	6 4 1 9	1 2 2	27 138 14 139	49 265 37 230
150, 162, 166 151, 163, 167 152, 164, 168	ENDOSCOPY BRONCHOSCOPY, ESOPHAGOSCOPY, OR GASTROSCOPY Diagnostic Operative Unspecified CULDOSCOPY, PERITONEOSCOPY, OR THORACOSCOPY	103 53 30	19 10 2	122 63 32	61 39 16	9 28 3	8 26 1	5 1 1	83 94 21	205 157 53
154, 174, 186 155, 175, 187	Diagnostic Operative	1 1	1	2 1	4			2	6	8 1
158 159 160 161	CYSTOSCOPY Diagnostic, without ureteral catheterization Diagnostic, with ureteral catheterization Operative Unspecified LARYNGOSCOPY	186 582 251 78	72 225 42 23	258 807 293 101	162 655 112 90	13 45 4 5	28 88 21 9	5 19 9 1	208 807 146 105	466 1,614 439 206
170 171 172	Diagnostic Operative Unspecified	18 52 5	2 4	20 56 5	4 17 2	10 5 1	4 4 2	2	18 28 6	38 84 11

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			1	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
Procedure Code	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
					.	<u> </u>				
178 179 180	PROCTOSCOPY Diagnostic Operative Unspecified SIGMOIDOSCOPY	107 12 5	28 2 3	135 14 8	67 4 5	4		1	72 4 5	207 18 13
182	Diagnostic	151	52	203	88	5	8	6	107	310
183 184 199	Operative Unspecified OTHER ENDOSCOPIES	17 19 16	1 4 3	18 23 19	6 10 10	1	1	1	8 11 12	26 34 31
310	GLANDS LYMPH GLANDS OR NODES Individual gland or gland mass removal, superficial	13	6	19	15	9	10		34	53
314, 320	Radical resection of lymph glands or nodes Axillary or inguinal, unilateral	13	5	18	16	5	5	1	27	45
315, 321 317	Axillary or inguinal, bilateral	1 7	1	2		1		-	1	3
317 318	Cervical, unilateral Cervical, bilateral	2	3	10 2	10	2	2		14	24 4
329	Other operations on lymph glands or nodes	9	3	12	6	6	5		17	29
330	MAMMARY GLANDS Mastectomy, partial	3	25	28	72	}			72	100
331	Mastectomy, total	11	17	28	51	3			54	82
332 335	Mastectomy, radical Removal of benign tumors or cysts	34	34 281	34 315	111 804	4	1 53		112 861	146 1,176
339	Other operations on mammary glands PARATHYROID GLAND	34	281	2	17	4	3		20	22
340	Parathyroidectomy	2	1	3		[1	3

				Employees			I	Dependents		ı	TOTAL Em-
	Procedure Code (1)	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
		1		 	1		 				1
		SALIVARY GLANDS, SUBMAXILLARY, PAROTID, OR SUBLINGUAL		}]	}				
	50	Removal of gland (other than for malignancy)	14	Ī	14	15	1	1		17	31
	51 59	Removal of stone from duct or gland substance	23	4	27	14	1	3	1	19	46
J	39	Other operations on salivary glands THYROID GLAND AND GOITER	5	3	8	7	3	1		11	19
	70	Thyroidectomy, total or subtotal	49	105	154	349	1	11	4	365	519
3	74	Thyroid lobectomy, hemithyroidectomy, re- moval of thyroid adenoma or thyroid cyst	8	14	22	46	4	7		57	79
3	79	Other operations on thyroid gland	3	1	4	8	1			9	13
		INFECTIONS AND INJURIES ABSCESSES, INCISION AND DRAINAGE (NOT INVOLVING INTERNAL ORGANS)									
5	10	Abscess, not of breast, deep, large, single pro- cedure	100	32	132	66	66	62	2	196	328
5	11	Abscess, not of breast, deep, large, multiple	9	3	12	4	1	8		13	25
5	12	Abscess, not of breast, superficial, single procedure	957	236	1,193	410	386	242	17	1,055	2,248
5	13	Abscess, not of breast, superficial, multiple pro-	45	10	55	20	17	7	1	45	100
5	14	Abscess, involving breast, single procedure	3	9	12	55	1	6		62	74
	15	Abscess, involving breast, multiple procedure		1	1	3	} ~			3	4
5	16	Abscess, not of breast, deep, large, unspecified	6	1	7	1	1	1		3	10
5	17	number of procedures Abscess, not of breast, superficial, unspecified	11	Í	11	7	4	4	1	16	27
5	18	number of procedures Abscess, involving breast, unspecified number of procedures		1	1		1	i		1	2

TABLE P-Continued

				Employees			1)ependents		<u> </u>	Total Em-
	PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
		DUDNG DEPOLDEMENT AND SUBCICAL									
		BURNS, DEBRIDEMENT AND SURGICAL TREATMENT OF					1			1	
	521	Localized burn, second degree	37	14	51	35	51	38		124	175
	522	Localized burn, third degree	12	3	15	7	14	14		35	50
	523	More extensive burn, not localized	3	1	4	8	9	8		25	29
90		OTHER INFECTIONS AND INJURIES									
٥	550	Accidental laceration of skin structure, suture	1,962	273	2,235	819	4,648	2,174	54	7,695	9,930
		or repair of		Ì		1	(ĺ		Ì	1
		Blood or plasma transfusion	0.2	4.4	24	36	32	32	2	102	136
	560	Single	23 50	11 13	34 63	48	25	14	4	91	154
	561	Multiple Unspecified number	6	13	8	6	4	2	-T	12	20
	562 570	Callulitis, incision or drainage for	37	[5	42	7	18	13	1	39	81
	310	Carbuncle	01	1	72	١ .	1		-	"	
	571	Drainage of	96	11	107	21	10	8	2	41	148
	571 572	Excision of	17	2	19	4	3		ļ	7	26
	0.2	Foreign body, removal of (except from eye or body				ł					
		cavity)		[İ	1	ĺ			
	580	Superficial	251	42	293	112	294	135	4	545	838
	581	Deep seated	67	18	85	32	75	42	1	150	235
	589	Ulcer, superficial, excision	11	4	15	3	1	1 124	2	483	755
	599	Other infections and injuries not elsewhere specified	224	48	272	95	263	124	1	483	/33

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			I)ependents			Total Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Depend- ents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
710	PLASTIC SURGERY Epispadias or hypospadias, repair of (complete procedure)	2		2		19			19	21
720 730 740 750 754	Labioplasty or cheiloplasty Otoplasty Periosteal or bone graft Rhinoplasty Scar tissue or keloid, excision of Skin grafting	1 5 3 23 20	1 1 21 19	2 6 3 44 39	4 1 14 27	9 10 2 15 22	8 8 3 22	1 1	17 22 4 33 71	19 28 7 77 110
760, 761 762 780 784 790, 791, 792 799	Direct flap or transplant or pinch graft Tube graft Staphylorrhaphy or palatoplasty Syndactylism, repair of Talipes equinus, correction of Other plastic surgery	38 4 2 25	8 1 1	46 5 3	17 7 2	57 2 25 9 22 25	25 2 21 1 18 11		99 11 48 10 40 60	145 16 51 10 40 96
910 912 913 916 918	TUMORS OR CYSTS CYSTS Branchial cyst, excision of Pilonidal cyst or sinus, incision of Pilonidal cyst or sinus, excision of Sebaceous cyst, excision of Thyroglossal cyst, excision of	6 70 210 1,394 19	4 4 43 273 5	10 74 253 1,667 24	9 13 44 482 10	2 7 19 87 15	7 10 29 73 11	2 6 19	18 32 98 661 36	28 106 351 2,328 60

TABLE P-Continued

l			Employees			I	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYERS AND DEPEND ENTS (10)
				1 3					 	 -
İ	TUMORS (NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED)							j	}	į
	Removal by surgical procedure			! !]
030	Benign tumors, superficial, including warts	2,420	848	3,268	1,448	536	624	48	2,656	5,924
1	and calluses, single procedure	404	270	4 055	(10	424	450		012	1 000
931	Benign tumors, superficial, including warts	696	379	1,075	612	131	156	14	913	1,988
	and calluses, multiple procedure	422		177	112	26	35	4	177	354
932	Benign tumors, deep seated, single procedure	133 10	44 12	22	112	3	33	1	21	43
933	Benign tumors, deep seated, multiple pro-	10	12	22	13	3	*	1	21	1 16
934	cedure Benign tumors, superficial, including warts	177	96	273	155	67	70	5	297	570
934	and calluses, unspecified number of pro-	1			200					
4	cedures			ì				{	Ì	}
035	Benign tumors, deep seated, unspecified	6	4	10	1	1			2	12
,35	number of procedures			į į				i		
936, 937	Malignant tumors, face, lip or skin	332	38	370	110	2	7	6	125	495
38, 939	Malignant tumors, not elsewhere specified	43	8	51	27	3	3	1	34	85
	Implantation of radioactive substance, X-ray or	ļ						Í		
	other radiation treatment		_	[[20		1	ا ا
950, 951, 970, 971	Benign tumors, superficial	19	9	28	15	12	28	1	56 7	84 12
952, 953, 972, 973	Benign tumors, deep seated	5	10	5	5 27	1	Ţ	2	29	104
956, 957, 976, 977	Malignant tumors, face, lip or skin	65 16	10 17	75 33	40	2		1 1	43	76
958, 959, 978, 979	Malignant tumors, not elsewhere specified	10	17	33	40				45	
	TAL FOR GENERAL SURGERY	11,696	3,717	15,413	8,182	7,255	4,434	269	20,140	35,553

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			1	Dependents			Total Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	MUSCULOSKELETAL SURGERY									
1010 1014 1015 1016 1018 1022 1024 1026 1028	AMPUTATIONS Arm, amputation of, through humerus Finger or thumb (one or more pholonges), amputa- tion of Single Multiple Unspecified number Foot, amputation of, below ankle Hand, amputation of, below wrist Hip, disarticulation at Knee, disarticulation at Leg, amputation of, through tibia and fibula, or at ankle	51 14 1 4 1	3	54 14 14 1 4 1	9 2 1	30 9 1	13 1	1	53 12 2 1 1 1 6	107 26 1 6 2 1 1 15
1030 1032 1034 1036 1037 1099	Scapulothoracic amputation Shoulder, disarticulation at Thigh, amputation of, through femur Toe, amputation of, single Toe, amputation of, multiple Other amputations	13 13 5 2	3	13 16 5 2	1 2 8 6	9	1 6	1 2	1 4 23 8 1	1 17 39 13 3

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			1	ependents)			Total Em-
Procedure C	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	BONES									
1210	Bone plates or pins, removal of	7	1	8	6	6	2	}	14	22 39
1220	Coccyx, excision of	6	11	17	19		2 3 8		22	39
1230	Diseased portion of bone (except alveolar proc-	19	3	22	8	11	8	1	28	50
	esses) removal of, not for osteomyelitis Exostosis, removal of	1	Ì		1	1		{	}	
1240	Single	20	10	30	17	8	15	l	40	70
1241	Multiple	3	3	6	3		1		4	10
	Hallux Valgus, operation for			_				1		١
1250	Simple	2	5	7	21	1	2	ι.	24	31
1251	Radical Unclassified	2	7 7	9	18	1	1	1	20	29 16
1252	Ostectomy		1	'	}			{	,	10
1260	Carpal bones, one or more	2	ļ	2	2	1	1	1	3	5
1261	Metacarpal bone, one	1 -)	1	1	1	1	l	3	3
1263	Matatarsal bone, one	6	4	10	8	1	1	1	9	19
1264	Metatarsal bone, more than one	1 1	1	1 1	1 1		١		200	361
1265	Nail bed or nail fold, partial	120	33	153	77 170	85 146	102	2 2	208 420	636
1266	Nail bed or nail fold, complete	156	60	216	170	140	102] 4	420	030
1267	Phalanx, one Phalanx, more than one	1	}	1	1	1 1	}	}	2	2
1268 1270	Tarsal bones, one or more	1	1	2	1	1	1	}	-	2
1280	Osteomyelitis or bone abscess, operation for	6	2	8	7	7	2	1	17	2.5
1290	Sequestrectomy	14	3	17	7	3	2	1	12	29
1299	Other bone operations not elsewhere specified	22	8	30	10	26	22	1	58	88

TABLE P-Continued

			EMPLOYEES				Dependents			TOTAL EM-
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPENDENTS (10)
							<u> </u>		 	
1410 1420 1430 1440, 1450	BURSAE Aspiration, one or more Bursectomy (excision of bursa) Bursotomy Irrigation or injection, one or more	64 40 22 23	12 11 2	76 51 22 25	12 23 3 17	10 2 2 2 1	1	5 1	28 26 5 18	104 77 27 43
1610	DISLOCATIONS Astragalo-tarsal bones, dislocation of, closed re-	3	3	6	3	4	3		10	16
1614 1615	duction Carpal bones, dislocation of, closed reduction Carpal bones, dislocation of, open reduction	2		2	1 1	7	3		11	13
1618 1619 1622	Clavicle, dislocation of, closed reduction Clavicle, dislocation of, open reduction Elbow dislocation, closed reduction	5 3 8	2	5 3 10	4 1 5	14 1 31	11 21	1	29 3 57	34 6 67
1623 1626, 1628	Elbow dislocation, open reduction Finger or thumb, dislocation of, one or more, closed reduction	21	4	25	5	31	1 7		43	68
1627, 1629	Finger or thumb, dislocation of, one or more,		1	1		1		1	2	3
1632 1633 1636	open reduction Hip dislocation, closed reduction Hip dislocation, open reduction Knee dislocation, except dislocation of patella, closed reduction	6 2 3	2 2	8 2 5	3	5 1 3	14 3 3		19 4 9	27 6 14

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees	1		1	Dependents	i		TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
			·	·		·	,	·		
1640, 1642	Metacarpal bone, dislocation of, one or more,	2		2	1	3	1		5	7
1646, 1648	Metatarsal bone, dislocation of, one or more,	2	1	3	7	3	2		12	15
1647, 1649	Metatarsal bone, dislocation of, one or more, open reduction	1		1					}	1
1652 1653 1656	Patella, dislocation of, closed reduction Patella, dislocation of, open reduction	5 26	2	7 26	2 2 5	1	4 3 3	1 2	8 5 16	15 5 42
1658	Semilunar cartilage, dislocation of, open reduction or excision	59	10	69	_	15			48	}
1659 1666	Shoulder dislocation, closed reduction Shoulder dislocation, open reduction Temporomandibular dislocation, closed reduction	2 2	10 1 2	3 4	26 1 6	15	5 2	1	1 9	117 4 13
1668, 1670 1674 1675	Toe, dislocation of, one or more, closed reduction Vertebrae, dislocation of, closed reduction Vertebrae, dislocation of, open reduction	3	1	4	4 7	3	1	1	8 11	8 15 1
	FRACTURES Skull									
2010 2014	Nonoperative treatment of fracture of skull Compound fracture of skull, treatment of, in- cluding debridement and dural repair	19 6	3	22 6	$\frac{4}{2}$	41 6	21 4		66	88 18
2018	Depressed fracture of skull, treatment of, with operation	6		6	2	3	1		6	12

TABLE P-Continued

				Employees				Dependents			TOTAL EM-
	PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYERS AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
		n			1	1	1	}		1	
2	2024, 2026, 2030,	Facial bones Mandible, fracture of, reduction without wiring	18	9	27	5	5	7		17	44
2	2031 2025	of teeth or maxilla, treatment of fracture of Mandible, fracture of, closed reduction with	27	2	29	1	7	2		10	39
2	2034, 2035 2039	wiring of teeth Nasal bones, fracture of, reduction Other facial bones	55 6	12 1	67	30 3	100	32	1	163 9	230 16
	2040, 2042, 2044,	Upper extremity Carpal bone, fracture of, one or more, closed	58	30	88	71	108	67	2	248	336
2	2046 2041, 2043, 2045, 2047	reduction Carpal bone, fracture of, one or more, open reduction	3	2	5	2	2			4	9
2	2050	Elbow, intra-particular fracture of, one or more bones, closed reduction	11	8	19	8	54	31		93	112
2	2051	Elbow, intra-particular fracture of, one or more bones, open reduction	6	2	8	2	9	5		16	24
2	2054	Finger or thumb, fracture of one, closed reduc- tion	128	26	154	62	163	79	2	306	460
2	2055	Finger or thumb, fracture of one, open reduc- tion	64	12	76	18	63	27	2	110	186
2	2056	Finger or thumb, fracture of more than one, closed reduction	4	3	7	1	8	5		14	21
2	2057	Finger or thumb, fracture of more than one, open reduction	5		5	3	3			6	11

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			I)ependents		ı	Total En-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
			1					<u> </u>	1	
2058	Finger or thumb, fracture of unspecified num- ber, closed reduction				1	1			2	2
2060, 2062	Humerus, fracture of, closed reduction	37	21	58	49	188	130	2	369	427
2061, 2063	Humerus, fracture of, open reduction	12	2	14	8	17	6	1	32	46
2070, 2072, 2074,	Metacarpal bone, fracture of, one or more,	106	8	114	19	112	15	2	148	262
2076	closed reduction]		,				
2071, 2073, 2075, 2077	Metacarpal bone, fracture of, one or more, onen reduction	4		4		3		1	4	8
2080, 2082, 2090,	Radius or ulna, fracture of, closed reduction	109	55	164	169	521	315	3	1,008	1,172
2092		_			_			j	20	25
2081, 2083, 2091, [2093	Radius or ulna, fracture of, open reduction	7	2	9	7	14	7		28	37
2084, 2086	Radius and ulna, fracture of, closed reduction	24	13	37	40	329	178	2	549	586
2085, 2087	Radius and ulna, fracture of, open reduction	6		6	3	18	4	2	27	33
	Spine and trunk		4.0	<u> </u>	0.5	204	250	1	((0)	714
2100, 2102	Clavicle, fracture of, closed reduction	42 6	12	54 6	27 4	381 10	250 2	2	660	71 4 22
2101, 2103 2110	Clavicle, fracture of, open reduction Coccyx, fracture of, reduction	2	2	4	10	10	1		111	15
2130, 2131	Rib. fracture of one, reduction	111	13	124	45	9	2	1	57	181
2132, 2133	Rib, fracture of more than one, reduction	74	19	93	37	5	4	2	48	141
2134, 2135	Rib, fracture of unspecified number, reduction	20	4	24	6	1		}	7	31
2140	Sacrum, fracture of, reduction	2	1	3	10	_	_	{	10	13
2150, 2151	Scapula, fracture of, reduction	16	3 2	19	9	8	3	ĺ	20	39
2154	Sternum, fracture of, closed reduction	5	2	/				ĺ		/

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			1	ependents			Total Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165,	Vertebra, except coccyx, fracture of body of one or more than one, reduction	36	11	47	19	10	4	1	34	81
2166, 2167 2170, 2171	Vertebra, fracture of lateral or spinous process of, one or more, reduction	8	3	11	7	8	1		16	27
2180, 2181, 2182, 2183	Pelvis Innominate bone (ilium, ischium, or os pubis), fracture of, reduction	26	8	34	13	12	6	1	32	66
2200, 2202	Lower extremity Ankle, Pott's or Cotton's fracture of, closed reduction	70	29	99	67	54	20	3	144	243
2201, 2203	Ankle, Pott's or Cotton's fracture of, open re- duction	11	4	15	7	4			11	26
2206, 2208, 2250, 2252	Astragalus, or os calcis, fracture of, closed reduction	27	12	39	26	20	9	2	57	96
2207, 2209, 2251, 2253	Astragalus or os calcis, fracture of, open reduc- tion	4		4					ł	4
2210, 2212	Astragalus and os calcis, fracture of, closed re-	5	1	6	2	1			3	9
2211, 2213	Astragalus and os calcis, fracture of, open re-				1				1	1
2216, 2218 2217, 2219 2222, 2224, 2280, 2282	Femur, fracture of, closed reduction Femur, fracture of, open reduction Fibula or tibía, fracture of, closed reduction	12 34 101	5 11 28	17 45 129	8 34 85	58 33 181	22 11 103	3 3	88 81 372	105 126 501

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			1	DEPENDENTS	i		TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Employees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Depend- ents (9)	PLOYRES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
2022 2225 2281	TVI - I	10	1	1		10	1	1 .	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
2223, 2225, 2281, 2283	Fibula or tibia, fracture of, open reduction	32	4	36	3	10	10	1	24	60
2228	Knee, intra-articular fracture of one or more bones of, closed reduction	10	2	12	5	5	3	{	13	25
2229	Knee, intra-articular fracture of one or more				2	2	Ì	1	4	4
2232, 2234, 2236, 2238, 2270, 2272,	bones of, open reduction Metatarsal or tarsal bones, fracture of one or more, closed reduction	71	45	116	110	97	45	2	254	370
2274, 2276 2233, 2235, 2237, 2239, 2271, 2273, 2275, 2277	Metatarsal or tarsal bones, fracture of one or more, open reduction	1	1	2	1	2	1		4	6
2258	Patella, fracture of, closed reduction	19	4	23	14	10	2	2	28	51
2259	Patella, fracture of, open reduction	9		9	2	2	2	l	6	15
2284, 2286	Tibia and fibula, fracture of, closed reduction	34	7	41	31	50	26	2	109	150
2285, 2287	Tibia and fibula, fracture of, open reduction	26	4	30	10	12	8	1	31	61
2292	Toe, fracture of one, closed reduction	65	37	102	114	26	25	1	165	267
2293	Toe, fracture of one, open reduction	8	8	16	17	9	{ 2	ĺ	28	44
2294	Toe, fracture of more than one, closed reduc-	4	I	5	4	4] 1	j	9	14
2295	Toe, fracture of more than one, open reduction	3		3	ļ	1		}	1	
2296	Toe, fracture of inspecified number, closed reduction duction	1		1		1	1		2	1

TABLE P-Continued

				EMPLOYEES	· 		1	DEPENDENTS			Total Em-
	PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
					· I					1	1
		JOINTS								Ì	
	0440 0446	Arthrodesis	1.	l.	١,,	١,	,		l		20
	2410, 2416 2412, 2424	Ankle or knee Elbow or wrist	15 5		16 5	4	3	5 2		12	28 8 5 18 35
	2414, 2420	Hip or shoulder	3	ļ	3	1 1	Î		ţ	2	5
	2418	Invertebral disc, with laminectomy	3 9	1	10	7	1			8	18
<u> </u>	2422	Spine, including sacro-iliac, not including coc-	13	6	19	10	1	5	[16	35
	2429	cyx Any other joint	5	4	9	8	2	6	}	16	25
	2429	Any other joint Arthroplasty	3	*	,	°	2		İ	10	23
	2430, 2444	Ankle or wrist		ł	Į	•	1	į	Ì	1	1
	2432, 2436	Elbow or knee	10	1	11	2	3	1	1 .	6	17
	2434, 2442	Hip or shoulder	9	2 8	11	5	3	1 5	1	10 15	21
	2440 2449	Metatarsal-phalangeal joint Any other joint	8 3	8	16 4	10	1) 5	l	15	31 8
	2449	Arthrotomy	1	•	1	}	`	}	1	1	1
	2450, 2458	Ankle or wrist	Ì	Ì		1	ĺ	1	ĺ	1	1
	2451, 2455	Elbow or knee	62	12	74	22	14	11	3	50	124 11 7
	2452, 2457	Hip or shoulder	3	4 2	7 2	2 2	2	2	į	4 5	117
	2459	Any other joint Capsuloplasty, capsulotomy, capsulorrhaphy, or	l	2 ×	4	_ Z	4	1	l	1 3	1 '
		synovectomy		1		1	İ	į.	[1
	2461, 2465, 2471, 2475	Elbow or knee	3	1	4	1	1			2	6

TABLE P-Continued

			EMPLOYEES	3	 	1	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Employees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
 2462, 2467, 2472,	Hip or shoulder	2		2						2
2477 2469, 2479	Other joints	4	1	5	2	4	1		7	12
2491 2496	Miscellaneous Arthrocentesis or tapping of joint Manipulation of fused or frozen joint under	66 2	6 2	72 4	20 2	14 2	3 1	1	38 6	110 10
2499	general anesthesia Other operations	26	5	31	15	12	3	1	31	62
2610, 2611 2614	MUSCLE Division of scalenus anticus muscle Division of sternocleidomastoid muscle, for wry neck	1	2	3	5	1 5	1 2	1	8 7	11 7
2630, 2650	Repair, suture, or transplantation of muscle, single	4	1	5	2	5	2		9	14
2631, 2651	Repair, suture, or transplantation of muscle, multiple	1		1		1	2	ļ	3	4
2640 2699	Severence of muscle, complete or partial Other operations on muscles TENDONS	9		9	2 7	11	2 10		4 28	4 37
2810	Excision of ganglion, cyst, abscess, or other lesion of tendon or sheath	96	81	177	128	24	25	4	181	358
2814	Fasiectomy for Dupuytren's contracture	8	2	10	7	1	3		11	21

			Employees			1	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
Procedure Code	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
2840 2841	Suture of tendon Single Multiple	62 37	7	69 38	25 15	64 25	23		112 49	181 87
2850 2851 2859	Tenotomy Single Multiple Unspecified number Transplantation of tendon, including advance-	5 5 5	8 2 2	13 7 7	5 3 3	11 6 2	10 5 3		26 14 8	39 21 15
2860 2861	ment or recession Single Multiple	2 3	4	6 4	2 2	15 3	5 2	1	23	29 11
тот	AL FOR MUSCULOSKELETAL SURGERY	2,908	881	3,789	2,124	3,541	1,970	86	7,721	11,510
EYE, EAR	, MOUTH, NOSE AND THROAT SURGERY	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u>'</u>	•		<u>'</u>	·	·
3030 3040, 3041 3060 3070 3072	EAR Fenestration operation for otosclerosis Incision of ear-drum (myringotomy, tympanotomy, paracentesis tympani) Labyrinthotomy Mastoidectomy Simple, unilateral Radical, unilateral	10 110 1 5 20	8 25 1	18 135 2 2 5 24	12 54 1 3 24	237 9 11	3 213 4 5	2	16 504 1 16 42	34 639 3 21 66
3073 3099	Radical, bilateral Other ear operations	19	9	28	12	22	10		44	72

TABLE P-Continued

				Employees	· 		I	Dependents			Total En-
Pr	(1)	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
										·	,
		EYE								}	}
3212	2	Chalazion, excision or curettage, single	353	127	480	184	39	44	5	272	752
3213		Chalazion, excision or curettage, multiple	45	23	68	24	1	8	ĭ	34	102
3219		Conjunctiva, suture or flap operation	5		5	6	4	,	_	10	15
4000		Cornea or sclera, suture of perforating wound	4		4		4	2		6	10
3223		Corneal or scleral paracentesis (posterior sclerot-	1		1	1	1	2 2		1 4	5
		omv)				_		_		1	1
3228	3	Corneal transplantation	1		1					i	1 1
		Corneal or scleral ulcer								[[
3230)	Cauterization	23	4	27	10	3	2		15	42
3231		Keratotomy	3	1	4	2				2	6
3234		Dacryocystectomy or dacryoadenectomy	1	1	1	3	3	1		1 7	8
3236	5	Dacryocystorhinostomy	4	5 1	9	4	4	2 (10	19
3240)	Detached retina, operation for	30	2	32	5	3	1		9	41
		Entropion or ectropion						')		1	
3242	!	Cautery puncture or other nonplastic types of	5	3 {	8 (1	1	3		5	13
		corrective treatment	1	1	{	1		ì			
3243	3	Plastic operation for correction	4	1	5	1	1	2		j 4 j	9
		Enucleation or evisceration of eyeball									
3246		Without implantation	10		10	3	7	3		13	23
3247		With implantation	11		11	4	6	2		12	23
3250)	Extraction of lens	171	16	187	72	9	3	3	87	274

TABLE P-Continued

			EMPLOYEES			1	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Employees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	Foreign body		 -					 -		
3252	Cornea or sclera, operative removal from	93	14	107	16	39	19	2	76	183
3253	Intraocular, removal by magnet	10	2	12	1	6			7	19
3254	Intraocular, removal by cutting procedure	9	1	10	3	4	2		9	19
3255	Unspecified	89	15	104	14	36	16	1	67	171
3256	Glaucoma, operation for, other than paracentesis, or iridectomy	20	1	21	7	3			10	31
3258	Hordeolum, operation for	12	1	13	6	2	4		12	25
3260	Iridectomy, iridotomy, goniotomy, keratotomy, or sclerotomy	14	5	19	9	8	5		22	41
3262	Lacrimal duct, dilation of	12	8	20	12	20	27	İ	59	79
3264	Needling of lens	3		3	3	4)		7	10
3266	Orbit, reconstruction of	1		1	2	1			3	4
3268	Pterygium, operation for	104	11	115	45		[1]	1	47	162
3270	Ptosis, operation for	6	1 1	7	3	8	3		14	21
2050	Strabismus, operation for	0.5		20	40	***		_	070	200
3272	Unilateral	25	14	39	12	138	118	2	270	309
3273	Bilateral	9	4	13 4		46	59		105	118
3278 3299	Tarsorrhaphy or blepharorrhaphy Other eye operations	40	5	45	18	26	20		64	109

TABLE P-Continued

				EMPLOYEES	·		1	Dependents			TOTAL En-
	Procedure Code	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Employees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Depend- ents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
		1		<u> </u>	1					1	
	3410	MOUTH Alveolar abscess, incision and drainage	14	4	18	8	2	6		16	34
	3414	Alveolectomy	126	44	170	132	õ	8	2	151	321
	3418	Apicoectomy	6	4	10	6	5	8 2	_	13	23
	3426	Dentigerous cyst, removal of	11	5	16	9	6	4	i	19	35
-	3428	Epulis, removal of	2		2	3	1	1		5	7
416	3434	Extraction of tooth, fractured by accidental	15	5	20	7	10	11	1	29	49
		means, one or more									ł
	3440	Gingivectomy	17	13	30	23				23	53
	****	Impacted tooth, removal of	254	4 50	440	201	00	0.4		0.50	
	3450	One	261	158	419	201	23 39	21	8	253	672
	3451 3460	More than one	116 24	87 4	203 28	110 19	39	58 2	3	210 21	413 49
	3499	Pyorrhea alveolaris, complete procedure Other mouth operations	23	6	20	19	10	15	1	40	69
	J477	Other mouth operations									
		NOSE AND THROAT									
	3610	Adenoidectomy	9 8	7	16	2	104	70		176	192
	3614	Laryngectomy	8		8	2		ļ		2	10
	3618	Larynx, intubation of	2		2	1		,		1	3
		Nasal polyps, removal of one or more	404	4.5	446	20			_	40	4 50
	3622	Unilateral	101	15	116	32 37	6	3	2	43	159
	3623	Bilateral	103 277	15 63	118 340	70	1 38	17	6 15	44 140	162 480
	3628	Nasal septum, submucous resection of, with or without reconstruction of the columella	211	03	340	70	38	17	15	140	480

TABLE P-Continued

		 	Employees	3			Dependents	3		TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Employees	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPENDENTS (10)
3650	Sinuses, puncture and irrigation of, unilateral or bilateral Sinusotomy	83	21	104	35	12	4	3	54	158
3652 3654	Frontal, radical Maxillary, intranasal antrum window, uni-	4 24	6	4 30	3 13	4	1	1	3 19	7 49
3655 3660	Maxillary, intranasal antrum window, bilateral Maxillary, radical (Caldwell-Luc) operation, unilateral	14 14	2 4	16 18	4 9	5 1	4 1	1 1	14 12	30 30
3661	Maxillary, radical (Caldwell-Luc) operation,		1	1	4				4	5
3662 3666 3680	Combined antrum and frontal Sphenoid or ethmoid, or both Tonsillar or peritonsillar abscess, incision for drainage	27 27 25	2 5	2 29 30	15 13	1 3 2	7	1	1 18 23	3 47 53
3684 3688	Tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy Tracheotomy Turbinectomy	708 12	385 3	1,093 15	627 4	5,196 19	4,942 7	26	10,791 30	11,884 45
3692 3693 3699	Unilateral Bilateral Other nose and throat operations	11 10 151	4 3 37	15 13 188	7 3 44	2 71	2 1 46	1 2	10 6 163	25 19 351
TOTAL FOR GERY	EYE, EAR, MOUTH, NOSE AND THROAT SUR-	3,488	1,217	4,705	2,034	6,276	5,817	92	14,219	18,924

TABLE P-Continued

										
			EMPLOYEES	i		I	Dependents			Total En-
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
HEAR	T AND BLOOD VESSEL SURGERY									
4010 4011 4012 4013 4020 4028 4029 4032 4034 4040	ARTERIES AND VEINS Aneurysm, arterial or arteriovenous, operation for Intracranial Intra-abdominal Intrathoracic Extremities Angiography or arteriography Arteriorrhaphy Single Multiple Arteriolomy or embolectomy, for exploration or removal of embolus Intrathoracic Neck or extremities Artery, ligation, primary surgical	4 5 1 7 14 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 6 1 8 15 3 1 1 2 1 6 6 1 2 1 1 6 1 2 1 1 6 1 2 1 1 1 1	1 1 13 3 1	1 1 2 2	5		1 2 18 4 1	6 6 1 10 33 7 2 2 1 12 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22 22
4230 4260 4270	Veins, ligation for other than varicosity Veins, thrombophlebectomy Veins, varicose ulcer, excision of, including skin graft	11 5 1	2	13 5 1	7 7 1	1	2		10 7 1	12 23 12 2

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			I)ependents			TOTAL En-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Depend- ents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	1		<u> </u>						1	
4272	Varicose veins Injection treatment, complete procedure, uni-	16	17	33	47				47	80
4273	Injection treatment, complete procedure, bi-	17	18	35	47				47	82
4276, 4280, 4284	lateral Ligation, with or without division, saphenous vein, without stripping, unilateral	37	11	48	59	1	1	2	63	111
4277, 4281, 4285	Ligation, with or without division, saphenous vein, without stripping, bilateral	15	20	35	66			1	67	102
4278, 4282, 4286	Ligation, with or without division, saphenous	93	52	145	133			3	136	281
4279, 4283, 4287	vein, with stripping, unilateral Ligation, with or without division, saphenous	88	52	140	205		1	2	208	348
4290 4299	vein, with stripping, bilateral Veins, venesection or phlebotomy Other operations on arteries and veins	2 16		2 16	4	2 4	4 2		6 10	8 26
4420 4424 4460 4464 4468	HEART OR GREAT VESSELS Coarctation of aorta, operation for Commissurotomy or valvotomy Patent ductus, operation for Pericardiectomy Pericardiocentesis (tapping)	1 2 1 1	1	1 3 1	14	1 2	1		2 14 8	3 17 9 1

TABLE P-Continued

!			Employees	·	 	1	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Depend- ents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
4472 4490 4498 4499	Pericardiotomy Tetralogy of Fallot, operation for Cardiac catheterization Other heart operations	1 8 7	2 3	1 10 10	2 5	3 2	1 2 2		1 7 9	1 1 17 19
TOTAL FOR	HEART AND BLOOD VESSEL SURGERY THORACIC SURGERY	364	184	548	619	20	28	8	675	1,223
		}							<u> </u>	
5110 5112 5114 5210, 5212, 5214 5310	Esophagus Dilation Removal of diverticulum Resection Lobectomy Pleurectomy or pleural decortication, any type	4 5 1 47 4	5	5 1 52 4	3 1 18	5	3	2	3 1 28	4 8 2 80 4 2 21
5410 5420 5440, 5441	Pneumolysis, extrapleural or intrapleural Pneumonectomy, total Pneumothorax Thoracoplasty	16 4	2 2	18 6	3 7	1			3 8	2 21 14
5510 5512 5610	Partial Complete (one or more stages) Thoracentesis (pneumocentesis)	1 1 34	4	1 1 38	16	1 1 2	6	1	1 2 24	2 3 62

			Employees			I	Dependents			TOTAL EM-
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPENDENTS (10)
5620 5621 5999	Thoracotomy, including drainage for empyema Without rib resection With rib resection Other thoracic or chest operations	26 15 12	4 1 4	30 16 16	4 6 9	4 6 4	1	1	9 12 14	39 28 30
TO	TAL FOR THORACIC SURGERY	172	22	194	67	24	10	4	105	299
	ABDOMINAL SURGERY				·					
6010 6020 6030 6040	Abdominal paracentesis (tapping) Abscess, intra-abdominal, incision and drainage of Adhesions, division of Appendectomy, with or without incision and drainage of appendiceal abscess	11 8 16 1,068	6 4 21 350	17 12 37 1,418	14 6 66 630	2 1 4 863	997	1 1 22	17 7 73 2,512	34 19 110 3,930
6100 6110	Cholecystectomy, including exploration of com- mon duct Cholecystoduodenostomy or cholecystoenter-	326 4	240	566 7	882 4		4	12	898	1,464
6120 6210 6220 6250 6270 6300	ostomy Cholecystotomy or cholelithotomy Colon resection Colostomy Common duct, resection or reconstruction of Diverticulum (Meckel's), excision of Enterectomy, with or without anastomosis	15 46 38 2 7 25	6 12 6 2 1 8	21 58 44 4 8 33	48 40 29 1 4 30	4 5 5 5 5	1 1 2	3	49 45 36 1 9 38	70 103 80 5 17 71

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees	3		I	Dependents	•		TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
5400	Gastrectomy, partial or total, with or without	252	14	266	51	1	1	12	65	331
7100	vagotomy	252	1.7	200	31	•	•	12	03	331
5410 5420	Gastric or duodenal ulcer, perforation, closure of Gastroenterostomy, gastrojejunostomy, gastro-	75 44	2 4	77 48	10 8	1	2	4 3	17 12	94 60
P420	duodenostomy	44	4	40		1.		3	12	00
6430	Gastrostomy	7	4	11	4	2	3		9	20
5500	Herniotomy, herniorrhaphy, hernioplasty Single, inguinal, femoral, umbilical, ventral, or incisional	1,209	90	1,299	369	788	147	35	1,339	2,638
5501	Bilateral, inguinal or femoral	243	3	246	17	76	13	9	115	361
5502	Hiatus or diaphragmatic	20	1	21	5	2	1		8	29
5600	Intestinal obstruction, operation for, not requiring resection	11	5	16	13	1	1		15	31
6610	Intestine, reduction of volvulus or intussusception	4		4	6	4	1		11	15
6620	Laparotomy, any procedure	102	89	191	262	33	29	7	331	522
6630	Pancreatotomy, any procedure	3	1	4	2				2	6
6650	Pneumoperitoneum One	,								
651	More than one	I 1		1						1 1
5700	Pyloric stenosis, operation for (Ramstedt's in in-	4		4	2	25	7		34	38
5710	fants)	7	,	9	13	10				1 ,,
5770 5770	Splenectomy Vagotomy	3	2	4	13	10	1		24	33
5999	Other abdominal operations	23	11	34	34	8	5	3	50	84
Tr	TAL FOR ABDOMINAL SURGERY	3,575	886	4,461	2,551	1,841	1,218	113	5,723	10,184

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			1	Dependents	: 		TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	PROCTOLOGICAL SURGERY			'	<u>'</u>	'	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1
010	Abscess, perianal, perirectal, perineal, or ischiorectal, incision and drainage	157	19	176	34	21	9	5	69	245
020 030	Anoplasty Cryptectomy, single or multiple Fissurectomy	4 6	1	5 6	4 3	1 1		1	5 5	10 11
040 041	Single Multiple	32 3	14	46 3	36	4	5		45	91 4
050 051	Fistulectomy Single Multiple	159 22	22 6	181 28	49 8	11	1	6 1	67 9	248 37
070 071 072	Hemorrhoidectomy External Internal External and internal	134 124 1,051	33 19 270	167 143 1,321	73 48 706	6	1 1 4	2 3 37	76 52 753	243 195
072 073 076	Unspecified Hemorrhoids, injection treatment, complete procedure	92	21 23	113 136	76 47	1	4	2 2	79 49	2,074 192 185
7078 7090	Hemorrhoids, thrombosed, incision or removal of Pectenotomy, or removal of hypertrophied papil-	261 6	43 2	304 8	105 3	4	2	4	115 4	419 12
100	lae, one or more Proctectomy, complete, combined abdominal- perineal procedure, one or more stages	19	4	23	8		1	1	10	33
7110 7120	Proctopexy or rectopexy Proctorrhaphy or proctoplasty	2	1	3	1 2				$\begin{vmatrix} 1\\2 \end{vmatrix}$	1 5

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees	3		1	Dependents	;		TOTAL Em-
Procedure Code	: DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Employees	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children	Hus- bands (8)	Total Depend- ents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
7150	Durland mature and in t	11	,	14	2				3	17
7170	Prolapsed rectum, repair of Pruritus ani, cutting procedure Pruritus ani, injection procedure	11 2	3 2	14	2	1	•		3	17 4
7171 7180	Pruritus ani, injection procedure Rectal polyps, removal of one or more	2 76	18	2 94	25	2	3	4	34	128
7499	Other proctological surgery	35	18	43	28	-	ž	•	31	74
тот	AL FOR PROCTOLOGICAL SURGERY	2,311	509	2,820	1,258	53	31	68	1,410	4,230
	UROLOGICAL SURGERY			<u> '</u>			<u></u>	<u>'</u>	!	'
7510	Abscess of kidney, incision and drainage	1		1						1
7512	Abscess, prostatic, incision and drainage	8		8	'	1		1	2	10
7520	Age less than one year	164		161		1,222			1,222	1,222
7521	All others Cystectomy	104		164		421		4	425	589
7540	Complete, including transplantation of ureters	4 2	1	5	5		1		6	11
7541 7546	Partial Cystotomy, cystolithotomy, or litho-	24	1	25	2	3	1	1	7	32
70.20	lapaxy		_	} ~~			_	_	,	
7600	Epididymectomy Unilateral	19		19		1		1	2	21
7601	Bilateral	13		13		•		•		13

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees			1	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	<u> </u>		1	i		1		 -		1
7604	Hydrocele	22	1	22	}	13			1	2.
7605	Aspiration and injection Excision	83	Ì	22 83	}	50	1	3	13 53	35 136
7606	Paracentesis (tapping)	15	!	15		30		3	4	130
7620	Meatotomy	13	Ì	13	2	45	1	1	47	60
7650	Nephrectomy or heminephrectomy	47	9	56	33	6	7		46	102
7652	Nephrolithotomy	15	7	22	8		1		9	31
7654	Nephropexy	3	9	12	28	1	3		32	44 20
7662	Nephrotomy	9	3	12	8				8	20
7680	Orchidectomy Unilateral	40	1	40	}	6				48
7681	Bilateral	40		40		U		2 2	8 2	6
7686	Orchidopexy, complete procedure	4		4		28			28	32
	Penis, ambutation of		}	- 1			}	}		
7690	Simple	1		1		1			1	3
7691	Radical	3	1	3					1	} 3
7700	Prostatectomy Perineal	25		2.]
7700 7702	Suprapubic	25 105	1	25 105		1		2	1 1	26
7703	Transurethral	219	l	219			1	3 11	3	108 230
7720	Pyelotomy, pyelolithotomy, pyelostomy	20	3	219	14			11	14	37
	Ureteral transplantation	1	1			į		ĺ	1	i "
7800	Unilateral	1	1	1					1	1
7801	Bilateral	1		1	1		}		ŀ	1

			Employees	;		1	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Employees (3)	Total Employees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Depend- ents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
		1	1			 				
7.804 7.806 7808	Ureterolithotomy, open Ureteroplasty Ureteral dilation	55 1 27	9	64 1 36	17 3 43	2 9	5	4	21 5 57	85 6 93
7812 7813	Urethrotomy External Internal	2 5	1	3 5	2 5	4	1	1	7 6	10 11
7840 7841	Urinary fistula, excision of Suprapubic Vaginal or urethral	1		1	2 1	1			3 1	3 2
7860 7861 7870	Varicocelectomy Unilateral Bilateral Vasectomy	22 13 395		22 13 395		5 1		5	5	27 13 401
7880 7999	Vasectomy Vesiculectomy, seminal Other urological operations	77	11	88	32	16	6	1	55	4 143
	TOTAL FOR UROLOGICAL SURGERY	1,466	64	1,530	205	1,840	25	40	2,110	3,640
	GYNECOLOGICAL SURGERY									
8010 8011 8020	Bartholin's or Skene's glands, excision Bartholin's or Skene's glands, incision Caruncle, urethral, excision or fulguration of		38 28 8	38 28 8	116 61 22		1 3 1		117 64 23	155 92 31

TABLE P-Continued

			Employees	;		I	Dependents	ı		TOTAL Em-
Procedure Code	Description of Procedure	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
			<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1	
2040	Cervix		8	8	55	j .	2	Ì	57	65
8040 8041	Amputation of Cauterization of		195	195	827	1	4		831	1,026
8042	Conization of		42	42	144]	2	1	146	1,020
8043	Dilation of, and curettage of uterus (non-		578	578	1,935		29		1,964	2,542
0010	puerperal)		1	1	1,,,,,	}		}	-,,,,,,	,,
8044	Polypectomy, one or more		38	38	77			Ì	77	115
8045	Any combination of cauterization, conization,		265	265	835		4	l	839	1,104
	dilation and curettage, or polypectomy			1	,	1		{		
8060	Fistula, rectovaginal, vaginosigmoid, or vesico-		2	2	23		2		25	27
	vaginal, excision or closure of					[l		
8070	Hymenectomy		15	15	12	}	8	}	20	35
0000	Hysterectomy		493	493	1,693	}	2	}	1,695	2188
8080	Complete (pan-hysterectomy), with or with- out adnexa		493	493	1,093])	1,093	2100
8081	Simple, or supracervical, with or without ad-		31	31	106			1	106	137
0001	nexa		0.	0.	100)		Í]	10,
8083	Vaginal, with or without plastic repair		50	50	243				243	293
8090	Pelvic abscess, drainage of		5	5	8			1	8	13
	Myomectomy			1			}	}		
8100	Abdominal approach		13	13	36		1		37	50
8101	Vaginal approach		4	4	4	[ļ	ļ	4	8 38
8110	Tubal insuffiation or uterography	!	14	14	24		}	1	24	38

TABLE P-Continued

	ļ		 	EMPLOYEES	;		1	Dependents			Total Eu-
Proc	edure Code	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND ENTS (10)
				' 	<u>'</u>					<u>'</u>	!
8130		Uterine polyps or lesions, removal of one or more		6	6	15				15	21
8138		Uterus, suspension of, any type, with or without dilation and curettage or surgery on tubes or ovaries		78	78	268		1		269	347
	1	Vulvectomy				, ,		ĺ			1
8160	j	Simple		2	2	4				4	6
8161	1	Radical (groin dissection) Oviduct and ovary			į į					1	1
8210		Oophorectomy or oophoroplasty, unilateral or bilateral		153	153	362		35		397	550
8220		Salpingectomy or salpingoplasty, unilateral or bilateral		44	44	204	ŀ	6		210	254
8224		Salpingo-oophorectomy, unilateral or bilateral Repair procedures		81	81	270		4		274	355
8310	į	Atresia of vagina, plastic repair of	f	7	7	10	İ	2	į	12	19
8320	1	Colporrhaphy, without other procedure	,	6	6]	23 [ĺ	2	1	25	31
8330	į	Cystocele, repair of, without other procedure	ļ	9	9)	29	J		j	29	38
8340		Perineorrhaphy, without other procedure	1	11	11 {	32 {		1		33	44
8350	İ	Rectocele, repair of, without other procedure	1	4	4	21	}	})	21	25
8360 8370	ĺ	Trachelorrhaphy, without other procedure Urethrocele, repair of, without other procedure	}	12	12	24	}	}	}	24	36
8370 8371	Į	Any combination of above repair procedures	1	3 72	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 72 \end{bmatrix}$	5		-	1	348	300
8599		Other gynecological operations	1	40	40	248 149	,	11		248 160	320 200
	TOTAL	FOR GYNECOLOGICAL SURGERY		2,355	2,355	7,886		121		8,007	10,362

TABLE P-Continued

			EMPLOYEES			TOTAL Em-				
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Depend- ents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	NEUROSURGERY	·	·	·	`	<u></u>	·			
	Cranial vault, including brain									
9010	Cisternal puncture	11	2	13	13	7	6	1	27	40
9020	Craniotomy, excluding trephination	11	1	12	10	9	4	1	24	36
9021	Gasserian ganglionectomy	3	3	3 21			6	}	25	3
9040	Operations involving dural, subdural or epi- dural spaces	18) 3	21	8	11	0		25	46
9050	Trephination or burr holes, exploratory, uni- lateral	1		1	1	2	1		4	5
9051	Trephination or burr holes, exploratory, bi- lateral	5		5	1	1	3		5	10
9052	Trephination or burr holes, with corrective sur-	1		1		1	2		3	4
9060	Ventriculography or encephalography PERIPHERAL NERVES	23	5	28	21	29	28	2	80	108
9220	Injection of nerve or ganglion, diagnostic or therapeutic	7		7	3	1			4	11
9240	Neuroma, resection of, superficial	6	5	11	11	1	1		13	24
9260	Phrenicectomy or phreniclasis	2	1	3	1		j		1	4
0470	Suture or neurolysis One nerve	5	1	6	3	5	3	}	11	17
9270 9271	More than one nerve) °	1	1	1	1	3	}	2	17 2
7411	Transplant			1	•	•	1	1	1	1 -
9280	One nerve		1	1	1	1	}		2	3
9281	More than one nerve		ì	1	Ì	1	1	ì	1	1

			Employees	•		1	Dependents			TOTAL Em-
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Male Em- ployees (2)	Female Em- ployees (3)	Total Em- ployees (4)	Wives (5)	Male Children (6)	Female Children (7)	Hus- bands (8)	Total Dependents (9)	PLOYEES AND DEPEND- ENTS (10)
	1			·				 .	 	<u> </u>
9420	SPINAL CORD AND SPINAL MENINGES Chordotomy	3		3	1			1	2	5
9420 9430	Laminectomy	120	21	141	100	2	2	7	111	252
9434 9434	Lumbar puncture	102	30	132	103	105	85	2	295	427
9450	Myelography or discography	23	7	30	20	100	85 2	$\bar{2}$	24	54
9460, 9461	Nerve root block by injection, diagnostic or ther-	6	1	7	6	j !	j -	1	7	14
,100, ,101	apeutic	-			_				ļ	
9470	Section (rhizotomy) of anterior or posterior nerve	1	}	1	1	1	ĺ		2	3
	roots					1	1			
9480	Spinal cord tumor, removal of SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM	5	2	7	2	1	3		6	13
	SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM		_ !	_ '	_		j			
9640	Presacral plexus, resection of	2	5	7	7		Ì		7	14
0.000	Sympathectomy		•				{		ł	
9680	Cervical (resection of carotid sinus) unilateral		1	1		(ļ		1	1
9681	Cervical (resection of carotid sinus) bilateral	1	1	2	,) .	Į		1	2
9684 9685	Dorsal (stellectomy), unilateral Dorsal (stellectomy), bilateral	1	1		1				1	ī
9688	Dorso-lumbar or thoracolumbar, bilateral	1	2	3	2	[ļ		2	5
9690	Lumbar, unilateral	10	4	14	7		1	1	8	22
9691	Lumbar, bilateral	8	1	8	i	((ī	2	10
9694	Periarterial	i	1	ĭ	ī	,		_	$\bar{1}$	2
9999	Other neurosurgery	5	5	10	11	1	1		13	23
	TOTAL FOR NEUROSURGERY	382	98	480	337	180	147	19	683	1,163
					<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u></u>	
	GRAND TOTAL	26,362	9,933	36,295	25,263	21,030	13,801	699	60,793	97,088

TABLE Q
AVERAGE DOCTORS' CHARGES

			Singli	E PROCEDURE	s			MULTIPL	e Procedui	ES
Procedure Code	Description of Procedure	1	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Ch I	erage arge eer aim	1 -	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	GENERAL SURGERY									<u> </u>
110 120 121, 131, 141 149	BIOPSY Bone or bone marrow Gland, muscle or superficial tissue, by excision By needle aspiration Others	\$	2,043 9,838 1,256 10,035	58 335 48 264	\$	35 29 26 38	\$	508 630 283 538	6 7 4 4	\$ 85 90 71 135
150, 162, 166 151, 163, 167 152, 164, 168	ENDOSCOPY BRONCHOSCOPY, ESOPHAGOSCOPY, OR GASTROSCOPY Diagnostic Operative Unspecified	\$	12,530 15,123 3,552	205 184 55	\$	61 82 65	\$	4,231 3,235 445	44 27 5	\$ 96 120 89
154, 174, 186 155, 175, 187	CULDOSCOPY, PERITONEOSCOPY, OR THORACOSCOPY Diagnostic Operative CYSTOSCOPY		90 125	5 2		18 63		425	5	85
158 159 160 161	Diagnostic, without ureteral catheterization Diagnostic, with ureteral catheterization Operative Unspecified		25,217 70,043 35,199 8,020	695 1,621 500 216		36 43 70 37		3,320 12,992 13,790 2,798	56 164 118 35	59 79 117 80

TABLE Q-Continued

				Singli	E PROCEDURE	:s			MULTIPL	e Procedu	RES
Proc	EDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	1	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	CH	erage narge per laim	1	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
		T	}			1		1			1
170		LARYNGOSCOPY		1 661	20	s	42		122		\$ 72
171		Diagnostic Operative	\$	1,664	39 106	3	43 81	\$	433 1,135	6	142
172		Unspecified		8,556 565	120	ĺ	47	Ì	75	1	75
172		PROCTOSCOPY	1	303	12	1	41	}	13	1	13
178		Diagnostic]	3,013	196		15		320	16	20
179		Operative		811	20	1	41	1	315	3	105
180		Unspecified	(210	13	Ì	16	1	545	2	273
100		SIGMOIDOSCOPY		210	10				5.0	~	
182		Diagnostic		5,959	317		19		469	8	59
183		Operative		1,005	29	[35	ĺ	260	$\tilde{3}$	ĺ 87
184		Unspecified		1,005 569	30	ł	19		185	5	37
199		OTHER ENDOSCOPIES		1,587	34	_	47		225	5	45
310		GLANDS LYMPH GLANDS OR NODES Individual gland or gland mass removal, superficial	\$	2,602	54	69	48	\$	740	6	\$123
314, 32	n	Radical resection of lymph glands or nodes Axillary or inguinal, unilateral		2,974	41		73		1 665	10	167
315, 32		Axillary or inguinal, unlateral		235	3		78		1,665	10	10/
317, 32		Cervical, unilateral		2,537	26		98		50	1	50
318		Cervical, bilateral		150	3		50		1,200	2	600
329		Other operations on lymph glands or nodes		1,342	35		38		29	ĩ	29

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	Procedure	s		MULTIPLE PROCEDURES				
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	verage harge per laim		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim	
		1			1		1	 -		T	
	MAMMARY GLANDS				Ì					ì	
330	Mastectomy, partial	\$	13,825 15,876 41,078	125	\$	111	\$	3,133	18	\$174	
331	Mastectomy, total	1	15,876	106	ì	150	1	1,509	8	189	
332	Mastectomy, radical	1	41,078	153]	268	1	17,839	56	319	
335	Removal of benign tumors or cysts)	88,350	1,376)	64	Ì	12,607	140	90	
339	Other operations on mammary glands PARATHYROID GLAND		1,850	26)	71		1,025	7	146	
340	Parathyroidectomy]	115	2	ĺ	58	[300	1	300	
340	SALIVARY GLANDS, SUBMAXILLARY, PAROTID, OR SUBLINGUAL		113	2		30		300	1	300	
350	Removal of gland (other than for malignancy)		4,560	30		152		1,122	7	160	
351	Removal of stone from duct or gland substance	1	3,583	52		69		1,122	,	100	
359	Other operations on salivary glands		1,753	23		76				}	
007	THYROID GLAND AND GOITER		2,700	20		70				ĺ	
370	Thyroidectomy, total or subtotal	Ì	144,938	640]	226		14,547	56	260	
374	Thyroid lobectomy, hemithyroidectomy, remov-	İ	20,101	110		183	ĺ	1,760	10	176	
	al of thyroid adenoma or thyroid cyst	Ì	,	110]	100		*,.00	10	1.0	
379	Other operations on thyroid gland		2,093	13		161		525	3	175	
510	INFECTIONS AND INJURIES ABSCESSES, INCISION AND DRAINAGE (NOT INVOLVING INTERNAL ORGANS) Abscess, not of breast, deep, large, single procedure	\$	12,012	396	\$	30	\$	775	11	\$270	

TABLE Q-Continued

			SINGLE	Procedure	S		Multip	LE PROCEDUI	RES
Procedure Code	Description of Procedure	Doc	otal tors' orges	No. of Claims	Ch:	rage arge er aim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
*							1	1	
511	Abscess, not of breast, deep, large, multiple pro- cedure	\$	901	26	\$	35	\$ 662	2	\$331
512	Abscess, not of breast, superficial, single procedure		50,383	3,001	<u> </u> 	17	1,716	37	46
513	Abscess, not of breast, superficial, multiple pro- cedure		3,323	120		28	185	3	62
514	Abscess, involving breast, single procedure	ł	2,936	90	l	33	197	3	66
515	Abscess, involving breast, multiple procedure	l	318	4	1	80		Ì	1
516	Abscess, not of breast, deep, large, unspecified number of procedures		267	10		27	35	1	35
517	Abscess, not of breast, superficial, unspecified number of procedures		1,158	39	[30			
518	Abscess, involving breast, unspecified number of procedures BURNS, DEBRIDEMENT AND SURGICAL TREATMENT OF		81	3		27			
521	Localized burn, second degree		4,290	216	}	20	478	10	48
522	Localized burn, third degree	ĺ	2,496	55	1	45	330		165
523	More extensive burn, not localized OTHER INFECTIONS AND INJURIES		2,034	33	[62	1,200	2	600
550	Accidental laceration of skin structure, suture or repair of	20	06,874	13,460		15	9,390	215	44

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	PROCEDURE	s			MULTIPL	e Procedui	ES
Procedure Code	Description of Procedure	1 -	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Cł	erage large per laim		Total Doctors' Charges	No. f Claims	Average Charge per Claim
					ı -		r –			ī
560	Blood or plasma transfusion Single		£ 244	204		0.0	١.	420	_	
561	Multiple	\$	5,311	204 207	\$	26 67	\$	430	5	\$ 86
562	Unspecified number	ļ	13,939 1,209	207		48		1,856	18	103
570	Cellulitis, incision or drainage for	ì	2,671	108)	25		455	8	57
,,,,	Carbuncle	l	2,071	103	l	23		433	۰	31
571	Drainage of		3,869	184	ļ	21		115	3	38
572	Excision of	1	1,039	36	}	29	ŀ	210		30
	Foreign body, removal of (except from eye or body	1	-,							
	cavity)	ì					1			1
580	Superficial	Į.	13,015	991	ļ	13	[1,157	40	29
581	Deep seated		7,812 724	261		30	İ	946	15	63
589	Ulcer, superficial, excision	}		25		29	}	375	2	188
599	Other infections and injuries not elsewhere spe- cified		14,856	900		17		1,786	37	48
	PLASTIC SURGERY									
10	Epispadias or hypospadias, repair of (complete	\$	3,810	24	\$	159	\$	300	2	\$150
720	procedure)		F 400	00	ļ	106		0.50	_	
730	Labioplasty or cheiloplasty Otoplasty	}	5,480	28 31	1	196 184	}	250	1	250
740	Periosteal or bone graft	İ	5,691 1,442	7		206		1,235	5	247
750	Rhinoplasty	1	21,822	81	Ì	269]	1,465 3,720	6 14	244 266
154	Scar tissue or keloid, excision of	ł	8,922	105		85		3,920	32	123

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	PROCEDURE	s		Multipli	e Procedur	ES
	PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	CH	er age narge per laim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
			 						<u> </u>
<u>.</u>	760, 761 762 780 784 790, 791, 792 799	Skin grafting Direct flap or transplant or pinch graft Tube graft Staphylorrhaphy or palatoplasty Syndactylism, repair of Talipes equinus, correction of Other plastic surgery	\$ 13,456 1,595 9,338 1,720 3,519 13,522	111 9 48 14 41 107	\$	121 177 195 123 86 126	\$ 10,340 2,555 1,490 327 2,326	62 12 6	\$167 213 248 327 137
		TUMORS OR CYSTS	 				 		
•	910 912 913 916 918	CVSTS Branchial cyst, excision of Pilonidal cyst or sinus, incision of Pilonidal cyst or sinus, excision of Sebaceous cyst, excision of Thyroglossal cyst, excision of TUMORS (NOT ELSEWHERE SPECIFIED)	\$ 3,368 7,383 45,271 62,325 5,941	32 134 431 2,880 74	\$	105 55 105 22 80	\$ 450 1,679 5,729 6,804	3 11 42 178	\$150 153 136 38
,	930	Removal by surgical procedure Benign tumors, superficial, including warts and calluses, single procedure	178,341	7,590		23	6,191	111	56
	931	Benign tumors, superficial, including warts and	71,199	2,350		30	1,663	22	76
	932 933	calluses, multiple procedure Benign tumors, deep seated, single procedure Benign tumors, deep seated, multiple procedure	28,005 2,766	435 54		64 51	4,086 300	34	120 100

TABLE Q-Continued

		ļ 	Singli	PROCEDURE	5		 	MULTIPLE	e Procedui	RES
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	1	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	erage harge per laim	1 -	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
934	Paniers turnous augusticial including august and		15 541	(52				man		
934	Benign tumors, superficial, including warts and calluses, unspecified number of procedures	\$	15,541	653	\$	24	\$	737	11	\$ 67
935	Benign tumors, deep seated, unspecified num-		748	12	}	62	t	300	1	300
02/ 027	ber of procedures						}			
936, 937 938, 939	Malignant tumors, face, lip or skin Malignant tumors, not elsewhere specified		30,929	514 88		60	(11,908	98	122
, you	Implantation of radioactive substance, X-ray or		12,240	00		139		9,087	23	395
0.00 0.01 0.00 0.01	other radiation treatment			l						
950, 951, 970, 971	Benign tumors, superficial		2,358	82		29		165	2	83
952, 953, 972, 973 956, 957, 976, 977	Benign tumors, deep seated Malignant tumors, face, lip or skin		550 5,541	14 83		39 67	1	105	1	105 128
958, 959, 978, 979	Malignant tumors, not elsewhere specified		8,918	47		190		2,811 6,334	22 37	171
	MUSCULOSKELETAL SURGERY									1
	AMPUTATIONS									
1010	Arm, amputation of, through humerus Finger or thumb (one or more phalanges), amputa- tion of	\$	350	3	\$	117	\$	27 5	1	\$275
1014	Single	}	4,594	126		36	}	1,079	20	54
1015	Multiple		986	19		52	}	970	12	81
1016	Unspecified number	}	50	2		25				

TABLE Q-Continued

				Single	PROCEDURE	s			Multipl	e Procedui	ues
	PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	, .	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	verage harge per claim	I	Total Joctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	1018 1022 1024 1026 1028	Foot, amputation of, below ankle Hand, amputation of, below wrist Hip, disarticulation at Knee, disarticulation at Leg, amputation of, through tibia and fibula, or at	\$	1,258 475 210 125 2,378	7 2 1 1 14	\$	180 238 210 125 170	\$	115	1 6	\$115 263
2	1030 1032 1034 1036 1037 1099	ankle Scapulothoracic amputation Shoulder, disarticulation at Thigh, amputation of, through femur Toe, amputation of, single Toe, amputation of, multiple Other amputations		500 50 2,066 2,712 1,179 135	1 1 10 49 14 2		500 50 207 55 84 68		425 2,853 360 475 380	1 8 6 4 2	425 357 60 119 190
	1210 1220 1230	BONES Bone plates or pins, removal of Coccyx, excision of Diseased portion of bone (except alveolar processes) removal of, not for osteomyelitis Exostosis, removal of	\$	1,405 5,105 5,482	22 46 46	\$	64 111 119	\$	285 2,190 4,955	18 19	\$143 122 261
	1240 1241	Single Multiple		6,203 1,344	82 11		76 122		1,292 320	13 1	99 320
	1250 1251 1252	Hallux Valgus, operation for Simple Radical Unclassified		3,491 4,355 2,655	30 25 17		116 174 156		1,239 1,695 959	8 8 6	155 212 160

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	PROCEDURE	s		Multin	le Procedu	RES
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	1 -	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	CI	rerage harge per laim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
1260	Ostectomy Carpal bones, one or more	\$	980	6	\$	163	\$		s
1261 1263 1264 1265 1266	Metacarpal bone, one Metatarsal bone, one Metatarsal bone, more than one Nail bed or nail fold, partial Nail bed or nail fold, complete	•	475 1,463 160 8,857 15,506	4 16 2 525 709	•	119 91 80 17 22	1,045 130 296 1,326	1 14	174 130 21 46
1267 1268 1270 1280 1290 1299	Phalanx, one Phalanx, more than one Tarsal bones, one or more Osteomyelitis or bone abscess, operation for Sequestrectomy Other bone operations not elsewhere specified		293 261 775 2,484 2,576 12,090	7 2 5 30 29 95		42 131 155 83 89 127	211 271 3,838	2	211 136 295
1410 1420 1430 1440, 1450	BURSAE Aspiration, one or more Bursectomy (excision of bursa) Bursotomy Irrigation or injection, one or more	\$	2,873 6,910 1,348 1,467	115 81 29 51	\$	25 85 46 29	\$ 343 1,745 265	17	\$ 86 103 88
1610	DISLOCATIONS Astragalo-tarsal bones, dislocation of, closed reduc-	\$	915	21	\$	44			
1614	tion Carpal bones, dislocation of, closed reduction		441	19		23			}

TABLE Q-Continued

			SINGLE	PROCEDURE	s		Multu	RES	
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Tot Docto Char	ors'	No. of Claims	CI	erage narge per laim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	1	 	Т					1	
1615	Carpal bones, dislocation of, open reduction	\$	150	1	\$	150			1
1618	Clavicle, dislocation of, closed reduction	j 1	1,290	39	}	33	\$ 389	5	\$ 78
1619	Clavicle, dislocation of, open reduction		909	6	}	152)	
1622	Elbow dislocation, closed reduction] 3	3,310	86		38	365		122
1623	Elbow dislocation, open reduction		250	2	1	125	100		100
1626, 1628	Finger or thumb, dislocation of, one or more,]	1,460	81	}	18	200	5	40
1627, 1629	Finger or thumb, dislocation of, one or more, open reduction		210	3		70			
1632	Hip dislocation, closed reduction	1 2	2,717	27	(101	1,018	6	170
1633	Hip dislocation, open reduction		2,600	6		433	955		478
1636	Knee dislocation, except dislocation of patella, closed reduction		728	16	i	46	288		96
1640, 1642	Metacarpal bone, dislocation of, one or more, closed reduction		163	6		27	90	2	45
1646, 1648	Metatarsal bone, dislocation of, one or more, closed reduction		414	15		28	275	1	275
1647, 1649	Metatarsal bone, dislocation of, one or more, open reduction	}	200	1		200		}	
1652	Patella, dislocation of, closed reduction		495	14	1	35	345	3	115
1653	Patella, dislocation of, open reduction	Į	500	2	١	250	675		225
1656	Semilunar cartilage, dislocation of, open reduction or excision	1	6,786	40		170	788		158
1658	Shoulder dislocation, closed reduction] :	5,400	127]	43	395	4	99

TABLE Q-Continued

		5	Single Proces	URES			MULTIPLE	E PROCEDUE	ŒS
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	Total Doctors Charge	, No.	of	Average Charge per Claim	Do	otal ctors' arges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
1659 1666 1668, 1670 1674 1675	Shoulder dislocation, open reduction Temporomandibular dislocation, closed reduction Toe, dislocation of, one or more, closed reduction Vertebrae, dislocation of, closed reduction Vertebrae, dislocation of, open reduction	1,	680 696 77 049 275	4 \$ 16 9 17 2	170 44 9 62 138	\$	555	2	\$278
2010	FRACTURES Skull Nonoperative treatment of fracture of skull	\$ 3,	775	69	55	\$	4,422	38	\$116
2014	Compound fracture of skull, treatment of, including debridement and dural repair	, w	970	6	162	₩	2,039	12	170
2018	Depressed fracture of skull, treatment of, with operation Facial bones	1,	945	10	195		1,520	6	253
2024, 2026, 2030, 2031	Mandible, fracture of, reduction without wiring of teeth or maxilla, treatment of fracture of	3,	320	41	81		3,475	24	145
2025	Mandible, fracture of, closed reduction with wiring of teeth	5,	589	36	155		2,390	11	217
203 4, 203 5 2039	Nasal bones, fracture of, reduction Other facial bones Upper extremity	8,		48 15	35 79		3,730 1,357	50 9	75 151
2040, 2042, 2044, 2046	Carpal bone, fracture of, one or more, closed reduction	21,	615 4	15	52		1,326	9	147

TABLE Q-Continued

		SINGL	e Procedure	s	Moltel	e Procedus	u s
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
				 	,	 -	Τ
2041, 2043, 2045, 2047	Carpal bone, fracture of, one or more, open re- duction	\$ 620	7	\$ 89	\$ 579	2	\$290
2050	Elbow, intra-particular fracture of, one or more bones, closed reduction	6,613	124	53	1,764	16	110
2051	Elbow, intra-particular fracture of, one or more bones, open reduction	2,685	18	149	3,041	11	276
2054	Finger or thumb, fracture of one, closed reduction	11,802	559	21	1,362	40	34
2055	Finger or thumb, fracture of one, open reduction	5,184	182	28	1,610	35	46
2056	Finger or thumb, fracture of more than one, closed reduction	779	27	29	50	1	50
2057	Finger or thumb, fracture of more than one, open reduction	313	7	45	386	8	48
2058	Finger or thumb, fracture of unspecified number, closed reduction	10	1	10	50	1	50
2060, 2062	Humerus, fracture of, closed reduction	40,523	550	74	5,068	36	141
2061, 2063	Humerus, fracture of, open reduction	6,375	37	172	6,108	18	339
2070, 2072, 2074, 2076	Metacarpal bone, fracture of, one or more, closed reduction	10,702	323	33	745	13	57
2071, 2073, 2075, 2077	Metacarpal bone, fracture of, one or more, open reduction	584	9	65			
2080, 2082, 2090, 2092	Radius or ulna, fracture of, closed reduction	76,333	1,506	51	5,382	51	106
2081, 2083, 2091, 2093	Radius or ulna, fracture of, open reduction	5,340	47	114	1,750	9	194

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	PROCEDURE:	S			MULTIPLE	PROCEDUE	RES
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Ch	erage arge oer aim	Do	otal ctors' arges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
				000				4 240		24.70
2084, 2086	Radius and ulna, fracture of, closed reduction	\$	58,916	880	\$	67	\$	1,318	10	\$132
2085, 2087	Radius and ulna, fracture of, open reduction		3,739	30	ļ	125		2,730	11	248
2100, 2102	Spine and trunk Clavicle, fracture of, closed reduction		34,425	928		37	İ	3,780	43	88
2101, 2103	Clavicle, fracture of, closed reduction		3,333	26		128		1,235	4	309
2110	Coccyx, fracture of, reduction		431	17		25		184	$\hat{2}$	92
2130, 2131	Rib, fracture of one, reduction		4,449	230		19		77	3	26
2132, 2133	Rib, fracture of more than one, reduction		4,561	158		29		2,400	26	192
2134, 2135	Rib, fracture of unspecified number, reduction		1,170	44		27		570	5	114
2140	Sacrum, fracture of, reduction		604	13	\	46	Ì	236	2	118
2150, 2151	Scapula, fracture of, reduction	ļ	1,494	33		45	ļ	2,162	14	154
2154	Sternum, fracture of, closed reduction		185	7	1	26	ĺ	150	1	150
2155	Sternum, fracture of depressed, open reduction		300	1		300	ļ			
2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167	Vertebra, except coccyx, fracture of body of one or more than one, reduction		9,979	85		117		5,324	23	231
2170, 2171	Vertebra, fracture of lateral or spinous process of, one or more, reduction Pelvis		2,311	29		80		680	4	170
2180, 2181, 2182, 2183	Innominate bone (ilium, ischium, or os pubis), fracture of, reduction		6,881	53		130		7,921	33	240

TABLE Q-Continued

			Single	PROCEDURE	s	}	MULTIPL	e Procedui	RES
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
		Τ				_			1
2200, 2202	Lower extremity Ankle, Pott's or Cotton's fracture of, closed reduction	\$	20,386	300	\$ 68	\$	1,816	16	\$114
2201, 2203	Ankle, Pott's or Cotton's fracture of, open re- duction		4,455	21	212		2,075	7	296
2206, 2208, 2250, 2252	Astragalus, or os calcis, fracture of, closed re- duction		7,002	107	65		808	9	90
2207, 2209, 2251, 2253	Astragalus or os calcis, fracture of, open reduc-		800	5	160		40	1	40
2210, 2212	Astragalus and os calcis, fracture of, closed reduc- tion		575	9	64		125	1	125
2211, 2213	Astragalus and os calcis, fracture of, open reduc- tion		195	1	195		l		
2216, 2218 2217, 2219 2222, 2224, 2280,	Femur, fracture of, closed reduction Femur, fracture of, open reduction Fibula or tibia, fracture of, closed reduction		16,120 34,542 39,257	125 115 613	129 300 64		5,458 15,535 5,057	20 40 34	273 388 149
2223, 2225, 2281, 2283	Fibula or tibia, fracture of, open reduction		10,291	56	184	ļ	4,066	18	226
2228	Knee, intra-articular fracture of one or more bones of, closed reduction		1,785	29	62		502	4	126
2229	Knee, intra-articular fracture of one or more bones of, open reduction		715	4	179		274	1	274

TABLE Q-Continued

		Singli	e Procedure	s			MULTIPL	e Procedu	RES
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	verage harge per laim	1	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
2232, 2234, 2236, 2238, 2270, 2272,	Metatarsal or tarsal bones, fracture of one or more, closed reduction	\$ 16,721	475	\$	35	\$	456	7	\$ 65
2274, 2276 2233, 2235, 2237, 2239, 2271, 2273,	Metatarsal or tarsal bones, fracture of one or more, open reduction	851	9	 	95		150	1	150
2275, 2277 2258 2259 2284, 2286 2285, 2287 2292 2293 2294 2295 2296	Patella, fracture of, closed reduction Patella, fracture of, open reduction Tibia and fibula, fracture of, closed reduction Tibia and fibula, fracture of, open reduction Toe, fracture of one, closed reduction Toe, fracture of one, open reduction Toe, fracture of more than one, closed reduction Toe, fracture of more than one, open reduction Toe, fracture of unspecified number, closed reduction duction	3,320 3,330 17,533 12,684 6,899 1,192 480 190 10	42 17 186 58 360 56 16 4		79 196 94 219 19 21 30 48 10		2,446 360 3,310 5,579 130 60 105 250	16 1 18 19 6 1 2 3	153 360 184 294 22 60 53 83
2410, 2416 2412, 2424 2414, 2420 2418 2422 2429	JOINTS Arthrodesis Ankle or knee Elbow or wrist Hip or shoulder Invertebral disc, with laminectomy Spine, including sacro-iliac, not including coccyx Any other joint	\$ 6,970 1,570 1,480 3,074 13,694 3,355	35 8 5 10 36 23	\$	199 196 296 307 380 146	\$	2,289 350 250 4,190 2,470 1,811	5 1 1 10 7 7	\$458 350 250 419 353 259

TABLE Q-Continued

		Singli	e Procedure	s	Multipl	e Procedui	RES
Procedure Code	Description of Procedure	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
				l		<u> </u>	1
2420 2444	Arthroplasty		1	\$ 90			
2430, 2444	Ankle or wrist Elbow or knee	\$ 90 3,681	20	\$ 90 184	\$ 1,150	4	\$288
2432, 2436 2434, 2442	Hip or shoulder	5,811	17	342	1,130	6	331
2440	Metatarsal-phalangeal joint	2,308	27	85	965	8	121
2449	Any other joint	1,255	9	139	328	2	164
417	Arthrotomy	1,200	,	107	020	_	104
2450, 2458	Ankle or wrist	200	2	100		ł	{
2451, 2455	Elbow or knee	23,094	137	169	4,883	26	188
2452, 2457	Hip or shoulder	1,645	10	165	735	3	245
2452, 2457 2459	Any other joint	398	5	80	575	3	192
	Capsulo plasty, capsulotomy, capsulorrhaphy, or synovectomy						
2461, 2465, 2471,	Elbow or knee	1,403	8	175	188	1	188
2475		1		1		İ	l
2462, 2467, 2472, 2477	Hip or shoulder	50	1	50	243	1	243
2469, 2479	Other joints	770	7	110	426	5	85
,	Miscellaneous	S	j	1		j	ļ
2491	Arthrocentesis or tapping of joint	4,025	128	31	311	5	62
2496	Manipulation of fused or frozen joint under general anesthesia	578	11	53			
2499	Other operations	7,139	67	107	375	2	188

TABLE Q-Continued

			SINGLE	PROCEDURE	S			MULTIPLE	e Procedus	ES
Procedure Code	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Doc	otal itors' irges	No. of Claims	Ch	erage arge er aim	r	Total Poctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	I	 [<u> </u>	[
2610, 2611 2614	MUSCLES Division of scalenus anticus muscle Division of sternocleidomastoid muscle, for wry neck	\$	1,983 1,440	16 10	\$	124 144				
2630, 2650	Repair, suture, or transplantation of muscle,		761	8		95	\$	1,797	9	\$200
2631, 2651	single Repair, suture, or transplantation of muscle, multiple		500	6		83		570	3	190
2640 2699	Severence of muscle, complete or partial Other operations on muscles		275 2,643	2 32		138 83		153 1,176	2 8	77 147
2810	TENDONS Excision of ganglion, cyst, abscess, or other lesion of tendon or sheath	\$	16,434	362	\$	45	\$	3,193	39	\$ 82
2814	Fasiectomy for Dupuytren's contracture Suture of tendon		3,955	24		165		225	3	75
2840 2841	Single Multiple		9,515 6,392	165 75		58 85		5,817 4,250	72 40	81 106
2850 2851	Tenotomy Single Multiple		3,681 1,902	43 19		86 100		1,233 834	9 5	137 167
2859	Unspecified number Transplantation of tendon, including advancement or		1,250	12		104		1,217	7	174
2860 2861	recession Single Multiple		3,933 3,245	27 16	!	146 203		1,557 435	8 2	195 218

TABLE Q-Continued

				Single :	PROCEDURE	s		1	AULTIPL	e Procedu	RES
	PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Total Doctors Charge	,	No. of Claims	Cl	erage harge per laim	Tot Doct Char	ors'	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	EYE, EAR,	MOUTH, NOSE AND THROAT SURGERY						!		<u>'</u>	<u>'</u>
448	3030 3040, 3041 3060 3070 3072 3073 3099	EAR Fenestration operation for otosclerosis Incision of ear-drum (myringotomy, tympanotomy, paracentesis tympani) Labyrinthotomy Mastoidectomy Simple, unilateral Radical, unilateral Radical, bilateral Other ear operations	4, 22,	054 825 935	40 716 2 26 83 4 102	\$	426 20 413 190 267 245 74	\$	500 565 300 210 2,920 360	1 10 1 1 9	\$500 57 300 210 324 360
	3212 3213 3219 3223 3226 3228 3230 3231 3234 3234 3236 3240	EYE Chalazion, excision or curettage, single Chalazion, excision or curettage, multiple Conjunctiva, suture or flap operation Cornea or sclera, suture of perforating wound Corneal or scleral paracentesis (posterior sclerotomy) Corneal transplantation Corneal or scleral ulcer Cauterization Keratotomy Dacryocystectomy or dacryoadenectomy Dacryocystorhinostomy Detached retina, operation for	1,, 1,,	859 013 654 294 700 108 464 510 231	936 120 18 12 4 2 49 4 8 8 18 48	\$	19 32 56 138 74 350 23 116 64 124 338	\$	813 320 175 100 26 275 50 385 900	24 7 2 1 1	\$ 34 46 88 100 26

TABLE Q-Continued

		}	Singli	PROCEDURE	s			Multipl	E PROCEDUI	e#s
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	D	Total Octors' Charges	No. of Claims	Ch	erage narge per laim		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Averag Charge per Claim
		l	 -		ı		. — — ·			·
	Entropion or ectropion				ļ		ĺ		ļ	ļ
3242	Cautery puncture or other nonplastic types of	\$	1,299	14	\$	93	}			1
	corrective treatment	i		'						}
3243	Plastic operation for correction		2,195	15		146				l
	Enucleation or evisceration of eyeball			I	ĺ					(
3246	Without implantation	}	4,435	28		158	\$	425	2 3	\$213
3247	With implantation		4,995	26		192		859	3	286
3250	Extraction of lens	ĺ	85,429	325		263		9,652	28	345
	Foreign body		1		1			·		Ì
3252	Cornea or sclera, operative removal from		3,138	234		13		140	6	23
3253	Intraocular, removal by magnet		871	21		41	,		1	(
3254	Intraocular, removal by cutting procedure		776	21		37				1
3255	Unspecified	}	1,879	194		10		44	2	22
3256	Glaucoma, operation for, other than paracentesis, or iridectomy		7,960	40		199		512	2	256
3258	Hordeolum, operation for	ļ	285	25		11				l
3260	Iridectomy, iridotomy, goniotomy, keratotomy, or sclerotomy		5,567	35		159		2,867	13	221
3262	Lacrimal duct, dilation of	ĺ	2,229	83		27		230	2	115
3264	Needling of lens	1	1,825	17	ĺ	107	l	200	Ī	200
3266	Orbit, reconstruction of	ļ	510	4		128				1
3268	Pterygium, operation for	[13,849	223		62	[775	7	111
3270	Ptosis, operation for	}	4,550	25		182	1	350	2	175

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	PROCEDURE	s 		MULTIPLE	е Риосирия	ees
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	1 -	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	verage harge per 'laim	 Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
3272 3273	Strabismus, operation for Unilateral Bilateral	\$	70,070 30,164	389 136	\$	180 222	\$ 1,850 600	7 3	\$264 200
3278 3299	Tarsorrhaphy or blepharorrhaphy Other eye operations		320 14,981	3 150		107 100	150 465	1 2	150 233
3410 3414 3418 3426 3428 3434	MOUTH Alveolar abscess, incision and drainage Alveolectomy Apicoectomy Dentigerous cyst, removal of Epulis, removal of Extraction of tooth, fractured by accidental means, one or more	\$	1,056 20,837 967 2,560 160 932	31 290 18 36 5 38	\$	34 72 54 71 32 25	\$ 810 3,871 381 515 73 1,000	9 40 5 5 2 11	\$ 90 97 76 103 37 91
3440 3450 3451 3460 3499	Gingivectomy Impacted tooth, removal of One More than one Pyorrhea alveolaris, complete procedure Other mouth operations		6,629 25,529 32,653 4,444 5,017	839 450 47 148		30 73 95 34	5,247 4,373 258 53	3 66 40 2 2	80 109 129 27
3610 3614 3618	NOSE AND THROAT Adenoidectomy Laryngectomy Larynx, intubation of	\$	7,998 3,235 118	198 11 3	\$	40 294 39	\$ 2,046 1,326	31 3	\$ 66 442

TABLE Q-Continued

			SINGLE	PROCEDURE	8		MuL	TIP LE	PROCEDUR	ES
Procedure Code	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Ch 1	erage large per laim	Total Doctors' Charges		No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	7							_]
3622	Nasal polyps, removal of one or more Unilateral	e	6,280	200	2	31	s 7	76	12	\$ 65
3623	Bilateral	*	7,526	166	•	45	1,50		17	89
3628	Nasal septum, submucous resection of, with or	Ì	58,422	436		134	48,6		213	228
0020	without reconstruction of the columella	}	30,422	450	1	134	40,0		410	220
3650	Sinuses, puncture and irrigation of, unilateral or bi-	}	4,835	176	1	27	7	78	8	97
3030	lateral	ì	4,000	170	}	2,	'	"	o	>"
	Sinusolomy	}	1		ļ		1	- 1		ļ
3652	Frontal, radical	ł	430	6	Į	72	6	50	3	217
365 4	Maxillary, intranasal antrum window, unilateral	1	1,761	40	1	44	2,1		19	114
3655	Maxillary, intranasal antrum window, bilateral		2,475	24	Į.	103	1,5	06	13	116
3 660	Maxillary, radical (Caldwell-Luc) operation, uni-	1	4,003	26	[154	4,8		21	233
3000	lateral	ĺ	1,000	20	{	101	1,0	۱ ۲	21	200
3661	Maxillary, radical (Caldwell-Luc) operation, bi-		700	3	}	233	6	33	2	317
0001	lateral	}	700			200	\		_	1
3662	Combined antrum and frontal	1	108	3	1	36	1	- }		1
3666	Sphenoid or ethmoid, or both	i	2,203	17	1	130	4,5	18	39	116
3680	Tonsillar or peritonsillar abscess, incision for drain-	}	1,691	70	}	24		}		1
	age	ì	-,)	ነ		}	1)
3684	Tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy	1	741,594	13,880	1	53	24,0	78	316	76
3688	Tracheotomy	1	2,662	33)	81	5,2		22	239
	Turbinectomy)	-,-		Ì		,			į
3692	Unilateral	1	780	28)	28]	90	3	30
3693	Bilateral	1	640	13	1	49	1,3	20	8	165
3699	Other nose and throat operations]	16,929	411	l	41	2,9	03	15	194

TABLE Q-Continued

		Singli	PROCEDURE	8	Mur ur u	e Procedui	ees.
Procedure Cod	E DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Averag Charge per Claim
H	EART AND BLOOD VESSEL SURGERY	<u> </u>					'
	ARTERIES AND VEINS						
4010	Aneurysm, arterial or arteriovenous, operation for Intracranial	\$ 465	3	\$ 155	\$ 1,040	4	\$260
4011	Intra-abdominal	750	3	250	1,880	4	470
4012	Intra-abdominal	1,000	1	1,000	1,000	•	1 *
4013	Extremities	967	10	97	825	4	206
4020	Angiography or arteriography	1,451	20	73	4,298	26	165
1020	Arteriorrha phy	1,	20		2,220		1
4028	Single	295	9	33	181	4	45
4029	Multiple	63	3	21		-	1
1027	Arteriotomy or embolectomy, for exploration or re- moval of embolus				·		1
4032	Intrathoracic	150	1	150	300	1	300
4034	Neck or extremities	300	2 7	150			ł
4040	Artery, ligation, primary surgical	1,003	7	143	1,181	7	169
4230	Veins, ligation for other than varicosity	1,959	21	93	1,183	7	169
4260	Veins, thrombophlebectomy	825	10	83	575	3	192
4270	Veins, varicose ulcer, excision of, including skin graft	160	1	160	97	1	97
4000	Varicose veins	2 042	415	24	25	2	18
42 72	Injection treatment, complete procedure, unilateral	3,943	115	34	35		18

TABLE Q-Continued

				Single	PROCEDURE:	5			MULTIPLE	PROCEDUR	ES
	PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	erage harge per laim		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	4273	Injection treatment, complete procedure, bilateral	\$	7,601	111	\$	68	s	565	5	\$113
	4276, 4280, 4284	Ligation, with or without division, saphenous		13,556	157	•	86	*	2,305	20	115
	4277, 4281, 4285	vein, without stripping, unilateral Ligation, with or without division, saphenous	1	17,820	141		126		2,530	14	181
453	4278, 4282, 4286	vein, without stripping, bilateral Ligation, with or without division, saphenous		38,215	336		114		5,030	31	162
	4279, 4283, 4287	vein, with stripping, unilateral Ligation, with or without division, saphenous vein, with stripping, bilateral		68,744	411		167		4,658	21	222
	4290 4299	Veins, venesection or phlebotomy Other operations on arteries and veins		219 2,576	9 26		24 99		85 295	2 2	43 148
		HEART OR GREAT VESSELS									
	4420	Coarctation of aorta, operation for	\$	2,150	3	\$	717	\$	550 1,960	1	\$550
	4424 4460	Commissurotomy or valvotomy Patent ductus, operation for		8,500 4,475	19 12		447 373	}	250	4	490 250
	4464	Pericardiectomy		500	1	}	500	l	200	1	230
	4468	Pericardiocentesis (tapping)		50	1	-	50	1			
	4472	Pericardiotomy		500 825	1 2	l	500 413	1	500	1	500
	4490 4498	Tetralogy of Fallot, operation for Cardiac catheterization	1	1,469	19	1	77	}	245	2	123
	4499	Other heart operations		8,975	21	}	427	1	950	2	475

TABLE Q-Continued

				Singl	E PROCEDURE	es			MULTIPLE	e Procedu	RES
	PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	1	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	verage harge per l'aim	Do	Cotal octors' narges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
		THORACIC SURGERY	<u></u>		·	<u> </u>		'.			·
	5110 5112 5114 5210, 5212, 5214 5310 5410 5420 5440, 5441 5510 5512 5610 5620 5621 5999	Esophagus Dilation Removal of diverticulum Resection Lobectomy Pleurectomy or pleural decortication, any type Pneumolysis, extrapleural or intrapleural Pneumonectomy, total Pneumothorax Thoracoplasty Partial Complete (one or more stages) Thoracentesis (pneumocentesis) Thoracotomy, including drainage for empyema Without rib resection With rib resection Other thoracic or chest operations	\$	325 1,800 100 15,380 600 705 5,600 899 550 1,375 3,226 6,635 6,187 6,589	4 7 1 45 2 2 13 14 2 4 80 29 20 40	\$	81 257 100 342 300 353 431 64 275 344 40 229 309 165	\$	925 1,700 23,842 510 7,815 574 415 8,133 5,167 2,573	3 3 48 2 14 3	\$308 567 497 255 558 191 415 313 369 234
		ABDOMINAL SURGERY	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>. </u>					<u> </u>
4	6010 6020 6030	Abdominal paracentesis (tapping) Abscess, intra-abdominal, incision and drainage of Adhesions, division of	\$	1,618 2,236 16,345	39 19 94	\$	41 118 174	\$	610 820 11,415	4 3 55	\$153 273 208

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singi	e Procedure	s	MULTIPL	e Procedu	RES
, 	PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims 264 571 2 27 64 51 1 21 34 113 11 42 10	Average Charge per Claim
604	40	Appendectomy, with or without incision and drainage of appendiceal abscess	\$ 764,413	5,190	\$ 147	\$ 49,132	264	\$186
610	0	Cholecystectomy, including exploration of com-	313,776	1,339	234	146,442	571	256
611	n	Cholecystoduodenostomy or cholecystoenterostomy	3,600	12	300	450	,	225
612		Cholecystotomy or cholelithotomy	14,094	56	252	7,548		280
		Colon resection	24,532	72	341	23,152		362
621 622		Colostomy	12,106	46	263	16,658		327
625		Common duct, resection or reconstruction of	2,475	ii	225	225		225
627		Diverticulum (Meckel's), excision of	1,775	8	222	4,470		213
630		Enterectomy, with or without anastomosis	16,719	56	299	11,402		335
640	00	Gastrectomy, partial or total, with or without vagotomy	109,316	319	343	44,094		390
641	.0	Gastric or duodenal ulcer, perforation, closure of	24,505	105	233	3,775	11	343
642	10	Gastroenterostomy, gastrojejunostomy, gastroduo- denostomy	10,185	37	275	12,686	42	302
643	0	Gastrostomy Herniotomy, herniorrhaphy, hernioplasty	4,340	17	255	2,805	10	281
650	0	Single, inguinal, femoral, umbilical, ventral, or incisional	412,891	2,882	143	122,024	656	186
650	1	Bilateral, inguinal or femoral	72,736	375	194	15,356	65	236
650		Hiatus or diaphragmatic	9,112	28	325	3,095	10	310
660		Intestinal obstruction, operation for, not requiring resection	5,240	25	210	4,030	14	288
661	0	Intestine, reduction of volvulus or intussusception	2,450	9	272	3,713	13	286

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	PROCEDURE	s			MULTIPLE	e Procedu	ers
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	1	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	erage harge per laim	1 -	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
			42.750	242	1.	101		00 000		*****
6620 6630	Laparotomy, any procedure Pancreatotomy, any procedure Pneumoperitoneum	\$	43,750 1,240	6	\$	181 207	\$	88,990 500	446 1	\$200 500
6650	One	}	150	1	ł	150	Į			1
6651	More than one	1	494	2	1	247				İ
6700	Pyloric stenosis, operation for (Ramstedt's in infants)		6,580	40		165		1,225	6	204
6710	Splenectomy	}	8,602	30	ł	287		6,188	15	413
6670	Vagotomy	(400	1	1	400	Ì	1,945	6	324
6999	Other abdominal operations		16,931	82		206		7,773	26	299
	PROCTOLOGICAL SURGERY	<u></u>			<u>. </u>					
7010	Abscess, perianal, perirectal, perineal, or ischiorectal, incision and drainage	\$	11,505	302	\$	38	\$	1,233	13	\$ 95
7020	Anoplasty	1	1,198	8	1	150	1	756	4	189
7030	Cryptectomy, single or multiple Fissurectomy		585	6		98		466	7	67
7040	Single	}	3,768	76]	50		4,445	45	99
7041	Multiple Fistulectomy		269	4		67		175	1	175
7050	Single]	23,010	251	1	92	}	10,269	89	115
			2,934	24		122		2,637	17	155

			Singli	PROCEDURE	s		Multiple	e Procedui	ES
PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	verage harge per laim	 Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	\ ,,	{					 		
7070	Hemorrhoidectomy External	s	7,934	246	8	32	\$ 6,996	75	\$ 93
7 071	Internal	1 40	11,978	133	•	90	\$ 15,433	119	130
7072	External and internal	ļ	166,019	1,504	1	110	175,636	1,186	148
073	Unspecified	}	18,677	222	1	84	21,745	174	125
7076	Hemorrhoids, injection treatment, complete pro-		9,450	208		45	2,562	33	78
078	Hemorrhoids, thrombosed, incision or removal of	ĺ	9,063	489	Į .	19	1,908	25	76
7090	Pectenotomy, or removal of hypertrophied papillae,		457	7		65	317	5	63
100	Proctectomy, complete, combined abdominal-peri- neal procedure, one or more stages		8,660	27		321	5,150	11	468
7110	Proctopexy or rectopexy]	100	1	1	100			
7120	Proctorrhaphy or proctoplasty	}	1,049	7	1	150			
150	Prolapsed rectum, repair of	1	880	10	1	88	2,345	9	261
170	Pruritus ani, cutting procedure	{	65	4		16			
7171	Pruritus ani, injection procedure	}	100	2	}	50	50	1	50
7180 7 499	Rectal polyps, removal of one or more Other proctological surgery		5,464 6,537	117 88		47 74	2,022 1,101	32 9	63 122
	UROLOGICAL SURGERY	ŧ			!		 	<u> </u>	1
7510 7512	Abscess of kidney, incision and drainage Abscess, prostatic, incision and drainage	\$	200 395	1 9	\$	200 44	\$ 350	2	\$ 175

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singl	PROCEDURE	S		Multipu	e Procedui	RES
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Ch	erage large per laim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	1	1			1				1
7520	Circumcision Age less than one year	\$	25,571	1,622	s	16	\$ 210	8	\$ 26
7521	All others	-	21,020	760	(-	28	1,669	32	52
7021	Cystectomy	[,	j	S		1		1
7540	Complete, including transplantation of ureters	}	1,725	8	1	216	559	3	186
7541	Partial	1	250	1	ł	250	1,115	4	279
7546	Cystotomy, cystostomy, cystolithotomy, or litholapaxy		3,993	21		190	5,729	20	286
	Epididymectomy	ļ			1				}
7600	Unilateral		2,305	22	}	105	992	7	142
7601	Bilateral	1	1,318	13	1	101	505	3	168
	Hydrocele	1		_	1				
7604	Aspiration and injection	ļ	1,637	35	Į	47	370	4	93
7605	Excision		15,114	160	}	94	1,995	21	95 45
7606	Paracentesis (tapping)	Ì	452	20	(23	45	1	45
7620	Meatotomy	İ	1,404	65	{	22	1,205	18	67
7650	Nephrectomy or heminephrectomy	}	23,168	80	1	290	23,465	58	405
7652	Nephrolithotomy	}	5,755	24	1	240	5,875	19	309
7654	Nephropexy	1	6,700	25	1	268	12,244	41	299
7662	Nephrotomy	ĺ	3,188	11	(290	4,240	15	283
	Orchidectomy		4 100			107	2 005	20	1
7680	Unilateral)	4,399	41	Į	107	2,925	20	146
7681	Bilateral		455	2	}	228	560	5	112
7686	Orchidopexy, complete procedure	1	3,457	28	}	123	1,953	11	178

TABLE Q-Continued

				Singli	e Procedure	s			MULTIPL	E PROCEDUI	RES
	PROCEDURE CODE	Description of Procedure	1 '	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Ch	erage large per laim	D	Total octors' harges	No. of Claims 1 12 74 155 28 68 2 7 8 9	Average Charge per Claim
											1
	7690	Penis, amputation of Simple	s	115	2	s	58				Ì
	7691	Radical	١ ٣	250	2		125	\$	400	1	\$400
		Prostatectomy	1		_	1		,			1
	7700	Perineal	Í	7,891	21	}	376	}	4,125		344
	7702	Suprapubic	1	23,681	72	}	329	1	26,105		353
4	7703	Transurethral	i	39,905	163	1	245		48,578		313
459	7720	Pyelotomy, pyelolithotomy, pyelostomy)	6,945	25]	278		7,457	28	266
		Ureteral transplantation	1	2.5	_ ا						l
	7800	Unilateral	[345	2	(173	ļ			(
	7801	Bilateral	1	375	2	ļ	188	ĺ	17 655		260
	7804	Ureterolithotomy, open	1	13,247	66		201 218	}	17,655 500		260 250
	7806 7808	Ureteroplasty Ureteral dilation	1	1,525 2,966	91	ļ	33	}	715		102
	7808	Urethrotomy	1	2,900	91	(33	 	713	•	102
	7812	External	1	545	4	f	136		1,060	8	133
	7813	Internal	1	1,211	5	ł	242	}	1,830		203
	7013	Urinary fistula, excision of	1	-,	}	ĺ	-12	1	1,000	,	1
	7840	Suprapubic)	300	2]	150	Ì	210	1	210
	7841	Vaginal or urethral	1	250	lī	1	250		150	ī	150
	, , , ,	Varicocelectomy	į		}	1		1			
	7860	Unilateral	1	2,516	27		93	{	1,164	9	129
	7861	Bilateral	1	1,302	16	1	81	1	265	2	133
	7870	Vasectomy	1	27,477	440	1	62	}	2,765	25	111
	7880	Vesiculectomy, seminal	1	288	4	}	72	1	685	2	343
	7999	Other urological operations	1	11,648	159	l	73	1	5,966	35	170

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	PROCEDURE	s		Милтірі	e Procedui	res
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Ch	erage narge per laim	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	GYNECOLOGICAL SURGERY	·							
8010 8011 8020	Bartholin's or Skene's glands, excision Bartholin's or Skene's glands, incision Caruncle, urethral, excision or fulguration of Cerviz	\$	9,624 4,007 1,411	150 104 28	\$	64 39 50	\$ 4,708 455 1,240	47 5 14	\$100 91 89
\$ 8040 8041 8042 8043	Amputation of Cauterization of Conization of Dilation of, and curettage of uterus (nonpuer-		5,005 27,126 9,370 173,162	47 1,196 233 3,049		106 23 40 57	6,892 2,935 1,814 26,077	45 75 24 338	153 39 76 77
8044 8045	peral) Polypectomy, one or more Any combination of cauterization, conization, dilation and curettage, or polypectomy		4,127 90,915	126 1,440		33 63	876 12,733	14 140	63 91
8060	Fistula, rectovaginal, vaginosigmoid, or vesicovaginal, excision or closure of		3,814	26		147	1,685	9	187
8070	Hymenectomy Hysterectomy		2,262	41		55	975	5	195
8080	Complete (pan-hysterectomy), with or without		372,610	1,560		239	346,425	1,351	256
8081 8083 8090	Simple, or supracervical, with or without adnexa Vaginal, with or without plastic repair Pelvic abscess, drainage of		28,052 73,908 687	130 294 12		216 251 57	31,229 24,020 340	133 94 4	235 256 85
8100 8101 8110	Myomectomy Abdominal approach Vaginal approach Tubal insufflation or uterography		3,302 845 1,014	15 5 33		220 169 31	10,910 933 503	48 6 5	227 156 101

TABLE Q-Continued

				Singli	PROCEDURE	s			Могтри	RES	
	Procedure Code	Description of Procedure		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	erage large per laim	1	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
			1					 			<u> </u>
	8130 8138	Uterine polyps or lesions, removal of one or more Uterus, suspension of, any type, with or without di- lation and curettage or surgery on tubes or ovaries	\$	618 9,042	18 56	\$	34 161	\$	808 78,199	8 404	\$101 194
4	04.60	Vulvectomy		465			4		613	3	204
	8160 8161	Simple Radical (groin dissection)		450 450	3 2		155 225		013	3	204
	8210	Oviduct and ovary Oophorectomy or oophoroplasty, unilateral or bilateral		33,081	195		170		105,444	569	185
	8220	Salpingectomy or salpingoplasty, unilateral or bilateral		13,056	97		135		46,393	262	177
	8224	Salpingo-oophorectomy, unilateral or bilateral Repair procedures		26,222	137		191		68,536	336	204
	8310	Atresia of vagina, plastic repair of	İ	880	11		80		1,375	9	153
	8320	Colporrhaphy, without other procedure]	3,774	28		135	ł	3,681	22	167
	8330	Cystocele, repair of, without other procedure		4,355	33		132	ļ	3,080	20	154
	8340	Perineorrhaphy, without other procedure	ļ	1,775	18		99		6,964	46	151
	8350	Rectocele, repair of, without other procedure		1,726 968	12 11		144 88	i	2,350 3,071	19 31	124 99
	8360 8370	Trachelorrhaphy, without other procedure Urethrocele, repair of, without other procedure	i	1,700	9		189	1	125	1	125
	8371	Any combination of above repair procedures	}	35,488	207		171	1	42,648	209	204
	8599	Other gynecological operations	Ì	20,450	195		105]	11,970	68	176

TABLE Q-Continued

		Singl	e Procedure	s	MULTIPL	E PROCEDU	RES
Procedure Code	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	Total Doctors' Charges	octors' No. of Charge		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
	OBSTETRICAL SURGERY	·	·	<u></u>		<u></u>	<u> </u>
8610	Abdominal operation for extra-uterine or ectopic pregnancy	\$ 17,848	108	\$ 165	\$ 6,892	32	\$215
8630, 8634	Caesarean section (abdominal or vaginal)	216,506	1,080	200	26,286	111	237
8650	Delivery of child or children Miscarriage (including therapeutic or spontaneous abortion), treatment of	2,767,382	26,786	103	45,279	280	162
8670 8672	With dilation and curettage Without dilation and curettage	112,338 16,507	2,015 430	56 38	5,288 578	60 9	88 64
	NEUROSURGERY		1	1		<u> </u>	1
	Cranial vault, including brain			1		1	
9010	Cisternal puncture	\$ 6,561	33	\$ 199	\$ 7,175	16	\$448
9020	Craniotomy, excluding trephination	12,745	32	398	7,510	15	501
9021	Gasserian ganglionectomy	4,300	3 28	1,433	0.000	00	400
9040	Operations involving dural, subdural or epi- dural spaces	9,050	28	323	9,289	22	422
9050	Trephination or burr holes, exploratory, unilateral	995	7	142	1,050	3	350
9051	Trephination or burr holes, exploratory, bilateral		9	136	1,550	7	221
9052	Trephination or burr holes, with corrective sur- gery	875	3	292	879	2	440
9060	Ventriculography or encephalography	7,410	95	78	3,411	26	131

TABLE Q-Continued

			Single	PROCEDURE	s			MULTIPLE	e Procedur	ES
PROCEDURE CODE	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE	1 -	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	CI	erage narge per laim		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
		1								₁
	PERIPHERAL NERVES	1					}			}
9220	Injection of nerve or ganglion, diagnostic or ther-	\$	510	12	\$	43	Ì	j		l
9240	apeutic Neuroma, resection of, superficial	(2,250	24		94	-	1 205	7	#104
9260	Phrenicectomy or phreniclasis	1	2,230	3		93	\$	1,285 150	1	\$184 150
7200	Suture or neurolysis		200	J	1	90		130	•	130
9270	One nerve	1	888	7	1	127	1	2,748	14	196
9271	More than one nerve		175	2		88		250	1	250
9280	Transplant One nerve	l	550	3		183		297	2	149
9281	More than one nerve		160	í		160		271		147
0.100	SPINAL CORD AND SPINAL MENINGES		4.270							
9420 9430	Chordotomy	\$	1,350 62,882 15,727	5 200	\$	270 314	\$	650	1 126	\$650 382
9434	Laminectomy Lumbar puncture	1	15.727	614	l	26		48,186 1,679	20	84
9450	Myelography or discography		2,871	61		47		1,955 378	9	217
9460, 9461	Nerve root block by injection, diagnostic or therapeutic		689	14		49		378	2	189

TABLE Q-Continued

			Singli	PROCEDURE	S			MULTIPLE	e Procedur	ES
Procedure Code	DESCRIPTION OF PROCEDURE		Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	C	verage harge per Claim	ı	Total Doctors' Charges	No. of Claims	Average Charge per Claim
9470	Section (rhizotomy) of anterior or posterior nerve	\$	1,465	6	\$	244	\$	400	1	\$400
9480	roots Spinal cord tumor, removal of	ľ	1,830	9		203		2,540	7	363
9640	SYMPATHETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM Presacral plexus, resection of	\$	800	3	\$	267	\$	2,985	14	\$213
9680 9681	Sympathectomy Cervical (resection of carotid sinus)unilateral Cervical (resection of carotid sinus) bilateral		250	1		250		450	2	225
9684 9685	Dorsal (stellectomy), unilateral Dorsal (stellectomy), bilateral		200 350	1 1		200 350		400	1	400
9688 9690	Dorso-lumbar or thoracolumbar, bilateral Lumbar, unilateral		1,600 3,368	15 15		400 225		494 4,875 835	1 18 3	494 271 278
9691 9694 9999	Lumbar, bilateral Periarterial Other neurosurgery		2,660 450 6,120	9 2 22		296 225 278		2,551	13	196
	TOTAL	\$1	0,592,784	141,581			\$2	,722,510	15,088	

APPENDIX

1957 SCHEDULE OF RELATIVE VALUES OF SURGICAL PROCEDURES

If surgical expense insurance is to be fully effective, it should provide reimbursement for the different kinds of operations reasonably proportionate to the fees which surgeons may be expected to charge. A schedule should not insure, for instance, the full cost of a tonsillectomy and only a small part of the charges for an appendectomy. Instead, within the bounds of practicality, it should cover each to the same extent. This means that as surgery changes and the pattern of doctors' charges is modified correspondingly, relative value schedules must be revised from time to time. The comparatively up-to-date information concerning average surgical charges, such as appears in Table Q, can be employed to derive a new schedule of relative values for surgical procedures.

Only the single procedure code material in Table Q was referred to in deriving the 1957 Schedule of Relative Values of Surgical Procedures. The use of the combined single and multiple procedure data would have introduced an element of distortion, since doctors' charges usually take into account the additional procedures performed in multiple procedure cases. Because the 1957 Schedule is based on charges for single procedures, in practice, administrative rules must be established for its application to multiple procedure cases not otherwise specifically provided for in the Schedule.

As has been earlier stated, it is usual to consider all procedures performed in one operative field or through one incision as one procedure with a value equal to the largest appropriate for any one of the procedures involved. The values in the Schedule were determined consistently with this practice. However, where unrelated operations are performed in more than one field, a rule for combination of the separate procedure values is required. Each may be given its full value or under another widely used rule 100% value is assigned to the procedure with the largest value and 50% to each of the others.

A first step in the construction of the 1957 Schedule of Relative Values was to decide on the range of the values. From the average doctors' charges in Table Q, it was tentatively concluded that they should vary from 1.0 units for minor surgical procedures to 30.0 units for the most complex operations. Then, every effort was made to establish consistent relative values for all procedures within this range. Actually, values lower than 1.0 units will be found to have been assigned for a few extremely minor procedures. Reference was made constantly to the relative

values suggested by the relationships of the average doctors' charges for the various operations. In addition, a number of other schedules were consulted, including the Relative Value Schedule of the California Medical Association.

The skill and time required of the operating physician were also kept fully in mind. Professional medical guidance from several company medical directors was sought throughout, and the advice of a number of company claim men experienced in day-to-day claim operations was drawn upon heavily.

In working out the 1957 Schedule, it soon became apparent that greater refinement in the classification of surgical procedures than that used in the statistical part of the study would be necessary in some areas of surgery in order to arrive at a satisfactory set of relative values. For example, only one statistical code was used for all operative cystoscopies. In the Schedule of Relative Values it was important to distinguish operative cystoscopies involving transurethral resection of bladder neck, or bladder tumors, or crushing of bladder stones from other operative cystoscopies. Again, only one code appears in Table P for the widely varying procedures for suturing of accidental lacerations of the skin structure. In the Relative Value Schedule it was essential to recognize the location of the laceration on the body and the extent of the repair in terms of the number of stitches or the length of the lacerations.

Besides the expansion of the codes in this way, codes for a number of procedures not shown in the statistical part of the study were added. These classification changes necessitated renumbering, reordering, and changing the description of many of the codes. Consequently, the codes and classification descriptions in the 1957 Schedule of Relative Values will be found to differ considerably from those in the experience part of the study, although every effort was made to preserve as much of the statistical coding as possible. It should be noted that the section on oral surgery has been placed at the end of the Schedule.

While the Schedule includes classifications for substantially all surgical procedures, there will be some operations that fall outside of the listed codes. For these, relative values can be established consistently with those shown for similar procedures.

The 1957 Schedule of Relative Values is set forth in detail in appendix Exhibit II, beginning with page 467.

Judgment enters so much into the construction of such a schedule that it is unlikely that the 1957 Schedule will be regarded as satisfactory in all particulars by everyone. A practical view should be taken, however. Furthermore, it should be remembered that the Schedule is derived from nationwide data and is thus something of an average result tending

to smooth out minor variations that may arise from differing medical practices in local areas.

The Relative Values from appendix Exhibit II for representative procedures appear in appendix Exhibit I, together with corresponding

EXHIBIT I

RELATIVE VALUES FROM 1947 AND 1957 SCHEDULES
FOR REPRESENTATIVE PROCEDURES

			Number of Units	
Code	PROCEDURE	1947 Schedule	1957 Schedule	
159	Cystoscopy, diagnostic, with ureteral catheterization	25	3.5	
370	Thyroidectomy, total or subtotal	150	17.5	
512	Abscess, superficial, one	10	75	
913	Pilonidal cyst or sinus, excision of	50	9 0	
, 10	Fractures, treatment by closed reduction			
2054, 2292	Finger or toe, one	10	2.0	
2080	Radius	25	5.0	
2216	Femur	75	12.0	
3240	Detached Retina, operation for	200	25.0	
3250	Extraction of lens for cataract	150	20.0	
3628	Nasal Septum, submucous resection of	50	10.0	
3684	Tonsillectomy	30	4.0	
4416	Cardiotomy	200	30.0	
5210	Lobectomy, total, subtotal or segmental	200	30.0	
6040	Appendectomy	100	11.0	
6100	Cholecystectomy	150	17.5	
6499	Herniotomy, single, inguinal, femoral or umbilical Hemorrhoidectomy	100	11.0	
7070	External	25	2.5	
7072	Internal, or internal and external, without fistulec-)		
	tomy	l 50	8.0	
7650	Nephrectomy	200	22.5	
8043	Dilation of cervix, and curettage of uterus	25	4.0	
8080	Hysterectomy, complete (pan-hysterectomy)	150	18.0	
8650	Delivery of child or children	50	7.5	
	,	ļ		

values from the 1947 Schedule. The range of the latter was from 10 units to 200, so that comparisons should not be made simply on the basis of ratios of the respective values for a given procedure. The comparative relativities established by each schedule must be considered.

EXHIBIT II

1957 SCHEDULE OF RELATIVE VALUES OF SURGICAL PROCEDURES

Two or more procedures performed during the course of a single operation through the same incision, or in the same natural body orifice, or in the same operative field are to be considered as one procedure with a relative value equal to the largest of the values for the respective procedures, except where the Schedule specifies to the contrary

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
	GENERAL SURGERY	
RIOPSV A	ND ENDOSCOPY	
	in the course of another operation)	
0110 0115	Aspiration of bone marrow, including sternal puncture	1.5
0113	Bone or bone marrow, by excision Superficial	2.0
	Deep	5.0
	Glands, muscle, or superficial tissue	0.0
	By excision	
0120	Superficial gland or tissue	1.0
0121	Deep gland or muscle	3.0
0122	By needle aspiration Organs of abdominal cavity	1.0
0130	By excision	11.0
0131	By needle aspiration	2.0
	Organs of thoracic cavity	
	By excision	
0139	Lung	15.0
01 4 0 0141	Pleural By needle aspiration	5.0 2.0
Endoscopy	Diagnostic endoscopy is examination by insertion of an instru-	
имовеору	ment, including biopsy or any insertion of dye, without opera-	
	tive procedure. Operative endoscopy includes removal of tissue	:
	(except biopsy), tumor (benign or malignant), stones, or foreign	
	body; fulguration, drainage, or insertion of radioactive sub-	
	Stance.	
0150	Bronchoscopy Diagnostic, with or without biopsy	4.5
0120	Operative	1.0
0151	Removal of tumors or foreign bodies	7.5
0152	All other	4.5
0154	Culdoscopy, with or without biopsy	2.5
	Cystoscopy Diagnostic, with or without biopsy	
0158	Without ureteral catheterization	2.5
0159	With ureteral catheterization	3.5
	Operative	
0160	Transurethral resection of bladder neck, or bladder tu-	
0161	mors, or crushing of bladder stones All other	11.0 5.0
0101	Esophagoscopy	3.0
0162	Diagnostic, with or without biopsy	4.5
	Operative	
0163	Removal of tumors or foreign bodies	6.0
0164	All other	4.5
0166	Gastroscopy, with or without biopsy Laryngoscopy	4.5
0170	Diagnostic, with or without biopsy	3.0
	Operative	
0171	Removal of tumors or foreign bodies	6.0
0172	All other	4.5
0174	Peritoneoscopy, with or without biopsy Proctoscopy	3.0
0178	Diagnostic, with or without biopsy	1.0
0179	Operative	2.5
	Sigmoidoscopy or Proctosigmoidoscopy	
0182	Diagnostic, with or without biopsy	1.5
0183	Operative	3.0
0186	Thoracoscopy Diagnostic, with or without biopsy	5.0
0186 0187	Operative	3.0 8.0
0107	оривиче	5,0

Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
GLANDS	(not elsewhere specified)	
	ands or nodes	2.5
0310	Gland or glands, excision of, superficial	2.5
	Radical resection of lymph glands or nodes Axillary	
0314	Unilateral	15.0
0315	Bilateral	25.0
0313	Cervical, upper neck	23.0
0317	Unilateral	15.0
0318	Bilateral	25.0
0010	Inguinal	-0.0
0320	Unilateral	15.0
0321	Bilateral	25.0
Mammary		
	Mastectomy	
	Partial	
0329	Unilateral	5.0
0330	Bilateral	7.5
0331	Total	10.0
0332	Radical, with axillary node dissection	20.0
	Excision of benign tumors or cysts	
0335	Unilateral	5.0
0336	Bilateral	7.5
Parathyro	id gland	
0340	Parathyroidectomy	15.0
Salivary g	lands, submaxillary, parotid, or sublingual	
	Removal of gland, total	
0350	Submaxillary	10.0
0351	Parotid	20.0
0352	Sublingual	5.0
	Removal of stone, sialolithotomy	
0355	From duct, by incision	1.5
0356	From gland substance	5.0
Thymus g		20 5
0360	Thymectomy	22.5
0370	land and goiter	17 5
	Thyroidectomy, total or subtotal	17.5
0371 0372	Thyroid lobectomy, hemithyroidectomy	$\frac{15.0}{12.5}$
0372	Excision of thryoid adenoma or cyst	12.3
INJURIE	S AND INFECTIONS	
A hecesses	incision and drainage (not involving internal organs or orifice	e and not
	re specified)	es and not
CISCWIIC	Abscess	
	Deep	
0510	One abscess	2.0
0511	Each additional abscess	1.0
0011	Superficial	1.0
0512	One abscess	.75
0513	Each additional abscess	.4
	Maximum	2.5
Burns, de	bridement	
	Localized burn	
0521	Second degree	S.C.
0522	Third degree	S.C.
0523	More extensive burn, not localized	S.C.
Other infe	ctions and injuries	
	Accidental lacerations of skin structures, suture of	
	Face, neck, genitalia, and hands, all lacerations combined	
0550	1 inch or less	1.5
0551	More than 1 inch up to 2 inches	2.0

	FAHIBII II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
INJURIES	S AND INFECTIONS (Continued)	
0552	More than 2 inches up to 4 inches	2.0
0553	More than 4 inches	3.0
0330	Other than face, neck, genitalia, and hands, all lacerations	S.C.
	combined	
0555		
0555	1-3 sutures; or 1 inch or less	.75
0556	4-6 sutures; or more than 1 inch up to 2 inches	1.0
0557	7-12 sutures; or more than 2 inches up to 4 inches	1.5
0558	13-20 sutures; or more than 4 inches up to 6 inches	2.0
0559	More than 20 sutures; or more than 6 inches	S.C.
0570	Cellulitis, incisions and drainage for	1.5
0571	Carbuncle	
0571	Incisions and drainage of	1.5
0572	Excision of	2.5
	Foreign body, incision and removal of (except from eye or body	
0500	Cavity)	4.5
0580	Superficial	1.0
0581	Deep seated	S.C.
	Nail bed or nail fold, excision of	
0500	Partial	
0590	One	1.5
0591	Each additional	.5
0502	Complete	
0592	One	2.0
0593	Each additional	.5
PLASTIC S	CTTD CEDV	
FLASTIC	SUKGERI	
	Epispadias or hypospadias	
0710	Single stage, complete operation	15.0
0711	Two stage, complete operation, including cystostomy with	
	subsequent closure and/or straightening of chordee	20.0
0712	Three or more stages, complete operation	30.0
	Labioplasty or cheiloplasty for harelip, complete procedure	
0720	Unilateral	17.5
0721	Bilateral	25.0
0730	Otoplasty	S.C.
0750	Rhinoplasty	S.C.
	Scar tissue or keloid, excision and plastic repair other than	
	by skin grafting or Z-plasty	
	The values shown below should be doubled for the excision	
	of scars from the face, neck, genitalia or hands. The listed	
	values apply to the excision of scars from other body areas.	
	Linear scars or keloids	
	Total length of all scars in inches	
0754	One inch or less	1.0
0755	Each additional inch or part thereof	.5
	Nonlinear scars or keloids	
	One	
0756	$\frac{1}{2}$ inch or less in diameter	1.0
0757	More than $\frac{1}{2}$ inch in diameter	2.0
	Each additional	
0758	½ inch or less in diameter	.5
0759	More than ½ inch in diameter	1.0
	Skin grafting (not elsewhere specified)	
	The value includes the excision of any lesion or abnormality,	
	the surgical preparation and repair of the defect, and the	
	procurement and placing of any grafts. The additional	
	value for skin grafting of the donor site is 50% of the ap-	
	propriate skin graft value.	
	The values depend upon the surgical area and are calculated	
	by multiplying the listed values by an appropriate factor	
	as follows:	
	470	

EXHIBIT II—Cortinued

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
PLASTIC	SURGERY (Continued)	
	Surgical area Factor	
	Eyelids and lips	
	Forehead sheeks thin mouth made conitalia	
	roteneau, cheeks, chin, moudh, neck, gemtana,	
	axilla, hands or feet	
	Arms and legs	
	Trunk and scalp 1 times	
	Direct, rotation, or pedicle flap	
0760	Less than 2 square inches	3.0
0761	Two or more square inches	6.0
	Free skin grafts	
	Split or pinch skin grafts	
	Total area of all grafts per operation	
0762		3.0
	Less than 2 square inches	
0763	2 to 32 square inches	6.0
0764	Each additional 32 square inches or part thereof	3.0
	Full thickness	
	Total area of all grafts per operation	
0765	Less than 3 square inches	6.0
0766	Each additional 3 square inches or part thereof	3.0
0.00	Tube, delayed pedicle, or delayed direct flap	0.0
0767	Initial stage	6.0
0768		
	Subsequent delay or intermediate transfer, each	4.5
0769	Subsequent sectioning of pedicle of tube or flap graft	4.5
	Staphylorrhaphy or palatoplasty	
0780	First stage	15.0
0781	Each additional stage	7.5
	Syndactylism, repair of web	
0784	Without graft	7.5
0785	With graft	10.0
0.00	Talipes equinus, correction of	10.0
0700	By manipulation and cast under general anesthesia	1 -
0790	Unilateral	1.5
0791	Bilateral	2.5
0792	By open operation	15.0
	Z-plasty	
	The value includes the excision of any lesion or abnormality	
	and enlargement of the defect by one or more relaxing Z	
	incisions with plastic closure by suturing. The values	
	shown below should be doubled for the excision of lesions	
	from the face, neck, genitalia or hands. The listed values	
	apply to the excision of lesions from other body areas.	
0505	One lesion	• •
0795	1 inch or less in diameter	3.0
0796	More than 1 inch in diameter	6.0
	Each additional lesion	
0797	1 inch or less in diameter	1.5
0798	More than 1 inch in diameter	3.0
TUMORS	OR CYSTS	
Cysts (not	elsewhere specified)	
0905	Baker's cyst, excision of	10.0
42.00	Branchial cyst, excision of	
0910		5.0
	Superficial Deep	
0911	Deep	15.0
0040	Pilonidal cyst or sinus	
0912	Incision of	2.0
0913	Excision of	9.0
0916	Sebaceous cyst, excision of	1.5
0918	Thyroglossal cyst, excision of	11.0
	• O · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
TUMORS	OR CYSTS (Continued)	
Tumors (no	t elsewhere specified)	
•	Removal by surgical procedure	
	Benign tumors	
	Superficial, including warts	
	By excision, tumors of the face, neck, genitalia, hands	
	or feet	
0930	One tumor	2.0
0931	Each additional tumor	1.0
	By excision, tumors of other body areas	
0932	One tumor	1.0
0933	Each additional tumor	.5
	By electrocauterization or fulguration, including curet-	
	tage, per day of such treatment	
0934	One tumor, except plantar wart	.5
0935	More than one tumor, or each plantar wart	1.0
	Malignant tumors	
	Face, lip, or skin, simple excision of	
0937	One	5.0
0938	Each additional	2.5
0939	Not elsewhere specified	S.C.
	MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM	
AMPUTAT	TONS	
1010	Arm, through humerus	12.5
1012	Elbow, disarticulation at	12.5
	Finger or thumb (one or more phalanges)	
1014	One	2.5
1015	Each additional	1.5
1018	Foot, below ankle	12.5
1020	Forearm, through radius and ulna	12.5
1022	Hand, disarticulation at wrist	12.5
1024	Hip, disarticulation at	25.0
1026	Knee, disarticulation at	15.0
1028	Leg, through tibia and fibula, or at ankle	15.0
1030	Scapulothoracic amputation	30.0
1032	Shoulder, disarticulation at	20.0
1034	Thigh, through femur	15.0
	Toe (one or more phalanges)	
1036	One	2.5
1037	Each additional	1.5
DONTEC		
BONES		
	Bone or periosteal graft, autogenous, for nonunion, including	
	the procurement and placing of graft	
1210	Femur	27.5
1211	Humerus or tibia	22.5
1212	Radius or ulna	17.5
1220	Coccyx, excision of	7.5
	Excision of bone cyst, chondroma, other benign tumor, or	
	exostosis, except jaw and palate	
	Femur, tibia, fibula, humerus, radius or ulna	
1240	Without autogenous bone implant	12.5
1241	With autogenous bone implant	17.5
	Bones of hands and feet	
1242	Without autogenous bone implant	6.0
1243	With autogenous bone implant	10.0
1244	Other bones	S.C.
	Hallux valgus, operation for, radical	_
1250	Unilateral	8.0
1251	Bilateral	12.0

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
BONES	(Continued)	
1255	Lengthening of femur, tibia, humerus, radius or ulna, including	
	bone grafting	27.5
1258	Metal band, plate, screws or nails, removal of	5.0
	Ostectomy, complete	
	Carpal bones	
1260	One	8.0
1261	More than one	10.0
	Metacarpal bone	
1262	One	6.0
1263	Each additional	3.0
1200		3,0
1064	Metatarsal bone	
1264	One The latest the second of t	6.0
1265	Each additional	3.0
	Phalanx	
1270	One	4.0
1271	Each additional	3.0
1272	Sesamoid bones of foot	4.0
	Tarsal bones	
1273	One	8.0
1274	More than one	10.0
12.1	Osteomyelitis or bone abscess, operation for	
	Partial ostectomy or excision of bone, saucerization (Orr	
	operation, craterization, guttering), including incidental	
4000	sequestrectomy	40 5
1280	Femur, tibia, fibula, humerus, radius, ulna	12.5
1281	Bones of hands and feet	6.0
1282	Other bones	S.C.
1290	Sequestrectomy, independent procedure	S.C.
	Shortening of bone including bone grafting (osteoplasty)	
1294	Femur	24.0
1295	Tibia, humerus	15.0
1296	Radius, ulna	10.0
1297	Mandible for prognathism or micrognathism, one or more	10,0
1271		30,0
	stages	30,0
DETTOCAT	,	
BURSA		
	Aspiration	
1410	Initial	1.0
1411	Subsequent	.5
1420		
1420	Bursectomy (excision of bursa)	6.0
1420	Bursotomy	
1430	For removal of calcareous deposits	4.5
1431	For drainage	2.0
	Irrigation by multiple needles	
1440	Initial	1.0
1441	Subsequent	.5
DISLOC	ATIONS	
	Closed reduction is correction of displacement by manipulation	-
	without incision; open reduction is correction with incision.	
	Astragalo-tarsal bones	
1610	Closed reduction	4.0
1611	Open reduction	10.0
	Carpal bones, one or more	0
1614	Closed reduction	3.0
1615		
1013	Open reduction	8.0
1/10	Clavicle, sterno or acromioclavicular dislocation	4.4
1618	Closed reduction	3.0
1619	Open reduction	10.0
	Elbow	
1622	Closed reduction	4.0

Code	Dittibli II Communica	Defeator
Number	Procedure	Relative Value
		A WITTE
DISLOCA	TIONS (Continued)	
1623	Open reduction	10.0
2020	Finger or thumb, one or more joints	
	One finger	
1626	Closed reduction	1.0
1627	Open reduction	3.0
1027	Each additional finger	3.0
1628		.5
1629	Closed reduction	1.5
1029	Open reduction	1.5
1.000	Hip T	
1632	Closed reduction including congenital (unilateral or bilateral)	7.5
1633	Open reduction	17.5
4.00	Knee, except patella	
1636	Closed reduction	5.0
1637	Open reduction	15.0
	Metacarpal bone	
	One	
1640	Closed reduction	2.0
1641	Open reduction	5.0
	Each additional	
1642	Closed reduction	1.0
1643	Open reduction	2.5
	Metatarsal bone	
	One	
1646	Closed reduction	2.0
1647	Open reduction	5.0
	Each additional	0.0
1648	Closed reduction	1.0
1649	Open reduction	2.5
101/	Patella	2.0
1652	Closed reduction	2.0
1653	Open reduction	10.0
1035	Shoulder	10.0
1658	Closed reduction	3.5
1659	Open reduction	12.5
1039		12.3
1660	Tarsal bones, one or more	4.0
1662	Closed reduction	4.0
1663	Open reduction	10.0
1666	Temporomandibular, closed reduction	1.5
	Toe, one or more joints	
4//0	One toe	4.0
1668	Closed reduction	1.0
1669	Open reduction	3.0
4.500	Each additional toe	_
1670	Closed reduction	. 5
1671	Open reduction	1.5
	Vertebrae	
1674	Closed reduction, under general anesthesia	10.0
1675	Open reduction	22.5

FRACTURES

Epiphyseal separations are considered fractures of the bone involved. Two or more fractures of a bone and comminuted (splintered) fractures are considered as a single fracture of the bone involved.

Closed reduction is correction of displacement of a simple or compound fracture by manipulation without incision including application of casts or traction. The value for closed reduction includes debridement at fracture site.

For closed reduction with skeletal pinning and external fixation,

For closed reduction with skeletal pinning and external fixation, the value is 1½ times the value for closed reduction except where specified to the contrary.

EXHIBIT 11—Continued

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
FRACTURE	S (Continued)	
	Open reduction is correction of displacement by manipulation	
	and incision with or without skeletal traction or metallic	
	fixation.	
Skull		
2010	Nonoperative treatment of fracture of skull	2.5
	Depressed fracture of skull	
2018	Operation involving brain tissue or reduction by cra-	
	niotomy	30.0
2019	Others	15.0
Facial bones		
racial bolles	Malar bone including zygomatic process	
2020	Closed reduction	2.0
2020	Open reduction	2.0
2021	External approach only	9.0
2022	External and intraoral approaches	15.0
	Mandible, unilateral or bilateral	
	Closed reduction	
2024	Without wiring of teeth	3.0
2025	With wiring of teeth	10.0
2026	Skeletal pinning with external fixation	12.5
2027	Open reduction, with or without wiring of teeth	15.0
	Maxilla (excluding alveolar process), including malar	
	Closed reduction	
2030	Without wiring of teeth	2.0
2031	With wiring of teeth	10.0
2032	Open reduction, with or without wiring of teeth	15.0
	Nasal bones	
2034	Closed reduction	2.0
2035	Open reduction	6.5
Upper extrem	ity	
opper entroin	Carpal bones, one or more, including navicular	
2040	Closed reduction	4.0
2041	Open reduction	8.0
	Elbow, distal end of humerus or proximal end of radius or	
	ulna, one or more bones	
2050	Closed reduction	6.0
2051	Open reduction	15.0
	Finger or thumb	
	One	
2054	Closed reduction	2.0
2055	Open reduction	4.0
	Each additional	
2056	Closed reduction	1.0
2057	Open reduction	2.0
2010	Humerus (except elbow)	- -
2060	Closed reduction	7.5
2061	Open reduction	15.0
	Metacarpal	
	One	
2070	Closed reduction	2 5
2070 2071	Without skeletal pinning	2.5 4.5
2071	Skeletal pinning with external fixation	6.0
2012	Open reduction	U,U
	Each additional Closed reduction	
2073	Without skeletal pinning	1.5
2074	Skeletal pinning with external fixation	2.5
2075	Open reduction	3.0
20,0	open readetion	0.0

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
FRACTURES	(Continued)	
	Radius, including Colles' (except elbow)	
2080	Closed reduction	5.0
2080	Open reduction	10.0
2001	Radius and ulna (except elbow)	10.0
2084	Closed reduction	7.0
2085	Open reduction	14.0
2003	Ulna (except elbow)	14.0
2090	Closed reduction	4.0
2090	Open reduction	10.0
4091	Open reduction	10.0
Spine and trun		
	Clavicle	
2100	Closed reduction	3.0
2101	Open reduction	10.0
2110	Coccyx, reduction of	1.5
2130	Ribs, closed reduction, one or more	2.0
2140	Sacrum, closed reduction	4.0
	Scapula	
2150	Closed reduction	3.5
2151	Open reduction	10.0
	Sternum	
2154	Closed reduction	1.5
2155	Depressed, open reduction	7.5
24.65	Vertebra, except coccyx, body of, one or more	40.0
2160	Closed reduction	10.0
2161	Open reduction	22.5
04.70	Vertebra, lateral or spinous process of, one or more	a =
2170	Closed reduction	2.5
2171	Open reduction	10.0
Pelvis		
	Innominate bone (ilium, ischium, or os pubis), one or more	
	Closed reduction	
2180	Without acetabulum displacement	4.0
2181	With acetabulum displacement	7.5
2182	Open reduction	17.5
Lower extremit	•	
Lower extremit	y Ankle	
	Malleolus of tibia or fibula	
2200	Closed reduction	5.0
2200 2201	Open reduction	10.0
2201	Bimalleolar (Potts)	10.0
2202	Closed reduction	6.0
2202	Open reduction	15.0
1203	Trimalleolar	15.0
2204	Closed reduction	7.5
2205	Open reduction	17.5
2203	Astragalus and/or os calcis	11.5
2210	Closed reduction	5.0
2211	Open reduction	12.5
2211	Femur (except knee)	12.0
2216	Closed reduction	12.0
2217	Open reduction	24.0
****	Fibula (except ankle)	-1.5
2222	Closed reduction	4.0
2223	Open reduction	8.0
****	Knee, distal end of femur or proximal end of tibia, one or	٠.٠
	both bones	
2228	Closed reduction	7.5
2229	Open reduction	15.0
/	a harr a garage and	

	EXHIBIT II—Connued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
	RES (Continued)	. 0.20
FRACIUE	(Continued)	
	Metatarsal bone	
	One	
2232	Closed reduction	2 5
		2.5
2233	Open reduction	6.0
	Each additional	
2236	Closed reduction	1.5
2237	Open reduction	3.0
	Patella	0.0
2258		5 0
	Closed reduction	5.0
2259	Open reduction	10.0
	Tarsal bones (except astragalus and os calcis), one or more	
2270	Closed reduction	4.0
2271	Open reduction	8.0
	Tibia (except ankle and knee)	0.0
2280		~ ~
	Closed reduction	7.5
2281	Open reduction	15.0
	Tibia and fibula (except ankle)	
2284	Closed reduction	10.0
2285	Open reduction	20.0
-200	Toe	20.0
2202	One	
2292	Closed reduction	2.0
2293	Open reduction	4.0
	Each additional	
2294	Closed reduction	1.0
2295	Open reduction	2.0
2275	Орен теансион	2.0
JOINTS		
JOHNIS		
Arthrodesis	(operative ankylosis) or arthrectomy with or without tendon tra	nenlanta.
tion	(oposauro amajoma) or armitectom, with or without tendent til	mapminu-
2410	Ankle	150
	·	15.0
2411	Elbow	15.0
2412	Foot, triple arthrodesis	17.5
	Hammer toe	
2413	One	6.0
2414	Each additional	
		3.0
2415	Hip	27.5
2416	Knee	17.5
	Intervertebral disc, excision of	
2417	Without spinal fusion	22.5
2418	With spinal fusion	30.0
2419	Semilunar cartilage, excision	
2420		12.5
	Shoulder	17.5
2422	Spine, including sacro-iliac, not including coccyx	22.5
2423	Temporomandibular joint, meniscectomy	15.0
2424	Wrist	15.0
		-0.0
Arthroplast	у	
2430	Ankle	15.0
2432	Elbow	15.0
2434	Hip	
2436	Knee	27.5
2430		20.0
	Metatarsal-phalangeal joints (bunionectomy)	
2440	One	8.0
2 44 1	Each additional	4.0
2442	Shoulder including Nicola or Bankhardt operation	17.5
2444	Wrist	
		15.0
Arthrotomy	or capsulotomy with exploration, drainage or removal of loose be	odies
2450	Ankle	
		10.0
2451	Elbow	10.0
2452	Hip	17.5
2455	Knee	12.5

Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
JOINTS	(Continued)	
2457	Shoulder	12.5
2458	Wrist	10.0
Synovecto	omv	
2470	Ank e	12.5
2471	Elbow	12.5
2472	Hip	20.0
2475	Knee, except Baker's cyst	15.0
Miscellan		
	Arthrocentesis or tapping of joint	
2491	Initial	1.0
2492 2495	Subsequent Manipulation of frozen shoulder or hip joint under general	.5
2473	or spinal anesthesia, or brachial block	4.0
	of Spatial Billoguicator, of Statistical Stock	1.0
MUSCLE	S.	
	Division of scalenus anticus muscle	
2610	Without cervical rib resection	$\frac{7.5}{12.5}$
2611	With cervical rib resection	12.5
2614	Division of sternocleidomastoid muscle for wry neck (torti-	
	collis)	7.5
2630	Repair or suture of ruptured muscle Quadriceps	10.0
2631	Biceps	7.5
2632	Diaphragm	20.0
2633	Other	S.C.
TENTO		
TENDO	NO .	
	tendon sheaths, fascia and ligaments	
2810	Excision of ganglion	4.0
2814	Fasiectomy for Dupuytren's contracture Graft, transfer or transplant of tendon, distal to shoulder or hi	12.5
2820	Single	11.0
2821	Each additional tendon	2.5
2822	Each additional incision for rerouting or retrieving tendon, or	
	procuring graft	2.5
2830	Lengthening or shortening of tendon	7.5
2840	Suture of tendon laceration One	5.0
2840 2841	Each additional	2.5
2011	Tenotomy, one or more tendons	2.0
	Fingers	
2850	One	2.5
2851	Each additional	1.5
2052	Other than fingers	2.0
2852 2853	Subcutaneous Open	3.0 10.0
2033	Орен	10.0
	EYE, EAR, NOSE, AND THROAT	
EAR		
3010	Amputation of ear	10.0
	Aural polyps, removal of, one or more, external canal	
3020	Unilateral	1.5
3021	Bilateral	3.0
3030 3050	Fenestration operation for otosclerosis	30.0 30.0
3060	Labyrinthectomy Labyrinthotomy	20.0
5300		

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
EAR (Con	tinued)	
•	•	
2070	Mastoidectomy	15.0
3070	Simple	15.0
3071	Radical	20.0
3080	Myringotomy or tympanotomy, including paracentesis tym-	
	pani	1.5
3090	Stapes mobilization	15.0
123212		
EYE		
	Chalazion, excision or curettage	
3212	Single	1.5
3213	Multiple	2.5
	Conjunctiva	
3217	Excision of lesions, one or more, each eye	2.0
3218	Free graft of conjunctiva or mucous membrane	10.0
3219	Rotation flap operation	4.0
3220	Suture of laceration	2.5
3223	Cornea or sclera, suture of perforating wound	10.0
3226	Corneal paracentesis	3.5
3228	Corneal transplantation	27.5
3230	Corneal or scleral ulcer, cauterization or curettage of	1.5
3232	Degrees of scient dicer, cauterization of curettage of	
	Dacryosystectomy or dacryoadenectomy	10.0
3234	Dacryocystorhinostomy with or without anterior ethmoidec-	1- 0
2220	tomy	15.0
3238	Dacryocystotomy or dacryocystostomy	2.5
	Detached retina, electrocoagulation, including sclerectomy or	
22.10	scleral buckle	
3240	Initial	25.0
3241	Subsequent	12.5
	Entropion or ectropion	
3242	Cautery puncture	1.5
3243	Plastic operation for correction with or without rotation graft	11.0
	Enucleation or evisceration of eyeball	
3246	Without implantation	10.0
3247	With implantation	15.0
3250	Extraction of lens for cataract	20.0
	Foreign bodies	
3252	Imbedded in cornea or sclera, removal by magnet or spud	1.0
	Intraocular	
3253	Removal by magnet without sclerotomy	10.0
3254	Removal by sclerotomy with or without magnet	15.0
3255	Removal from anterior chamber by keratotomy with or	20.0
0200	without magnet	12.5
3256	Goniotomy	10.0
3257	Hordeolum, operation for	1.0
3258	Iridectomy	12.5
3259	Iridotomy	7.5
3260	Veretestante	10.0
	Keratectomy except pterygium	
3261	Keratotomy except for foreign body	5.0
	Lacrimal duct, dilation, probing or catheterization, or any	
2060	combination of	4.0
3262	Initial	1.0
3203	Subsequent	.5
	Needling of lens, discission	
	Primary, congenital or traumatic cataract	
3264	Initial	7.5
	Subsequent	4.0
3265	Secondary membrane (after cataract surgery)	5.0
3266	Orbit, reconstruction of	S.C.
	Pterygium, excision or transplant	
3267	Without graft	4.0
3268	With graft	7.5
3269	Ptosis, muscle operation for	13.5
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	-

EXHIBIT II—Continued		
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
EYE (Cont	•	
3270	Scleral paracentesis (posterior sclerotomy)	7.5
3271	Sclerectomy for glaucoma	17.5
3272	Strabismus, operation for One eye	13.5
3273	Both eyes	17.5
3274	Each additional operation, one or both eyes	7.5
	•	
TONGUE		
3436	Frenotomy or frenectomy	1.0
2442	Glossectomy	15.5
3442 3446	Complete Hemiglossectomy	17.5 10.0
3447	Local excision of lesion	2.5
3448	With radical neck dissection	25.0
NOSE AND	D THROAT	
3610	Adenoidectomy only	3.0
244	Laryngectomy	22 -
3614 3615	Without radical neck dissection	22.5
3615	With radical neck dissection Nasal polyps, removal of one or more, one or more stages	30.0
3622	Unilateral	1.5
3623	Bilateral	2.5
3628	Nasal septum, submucous resection of, with or without re-	
	construction of the columella	10.0
	Sinuses, maxillary puncture of Unilateral	
3640	Initial	1.0
3641	Subsequent	.5
	Bilateral	
3642	Initial	1.5
3643	Subsequent Sinusotomy	.5
	Frontal external	
3652	Simple (trephine operation)	6.0
3653	Radical	15.0
	Maxillary	
3654	Intranasal antrum window Unilateral	4.0
3655	Bilateral	6.0
0000	Radical (Caldwell-Luc) operation	
3660	Unilateral	12.0
3661	Bilateral	18.0
	Sphenoid or ethmoid or both Intranasal, without antrum window	
3666	Unilateral	6.0
3667	Bilateral	9.0
	Intranasal, with antrum window	
3668	Unilateral	8.0
3669	Bilateral	12.0
3670	External Unilateral	12.0
3671	Bilateral	18.0
	Combined external frontal, ethmoid and sphenoid	
3675	Unilateral	20.0
3676	Bilateral	27.5
3680 3684	Tonsillar or peritonsillar abscess, incision and drainage Tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy	1.5 4.0
3688	Tracheotomy	6.0
3690	Turbinates, electrocauterization or infracture of, unilateral	
	or bilateral	.75

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
		. 2.20
MOSE WAL	THROAT (Continued)	
	Turbinectomy	
3692	Unilateral	2.5
3693	Bilateral	3.5
3696	Uvulectomy	1.5
3030	Ovulcetomy	1.5
	HEART AND BLOOD VESSELS	
4 TO COMP TO THE		
ARTERIES	AND VEINS	
Arteries		
	Artery excision with homograft or prosthesis	
4010	Intracranial	30.0
4011	Intra-abdominal	30.0
4012	Intrathoracic	
		30.0
4013	Extremities	25.0
	Arteriography	
	Peripheral	
4016	Unilateral	2.0
4017	Bilateral	3.0
	Cerebral or carotid	
4018	Unilateral	5.0
4019	Bilateral	7.5
4020		
4020	Aorta, lumbar or retrograde	4.0
	Arterial anastomosis	
4024	Aortic anastomosis	30.0
4025	Pulmonary anastomosis (Block, Potts or Blalock)	30.0
	Arteriotomy or endarterectomy, for exploration or removal	
	of embolus	
4032	Intrathoracic	20.0
4033	Intra-abdominal	17.5
4034	Neck or extremities	12.5
4036	Coarctation of aorta, with or without graft	30.0
10.10	Ligation	40.0
4040	Carotid artery	10.0
4041	Internal mammary, unilateral or bilateral	10.0
4050	Patent ductus, ligation of	30.0
Veins	, -	
4220	Cut down to expose vein	1.5
	Ligation for other than varicosity	2.0
4230	Common iliac vein	12.5
4231		
	Femoral or jugular	7.5
4232	Inferior Vena cava	17.5
	Thrombophlebectomy	
4260	Trunk	15.0
4261	Extremities	10.0
	Varicose veins	
	Injection treatment, unilateral or bilateral	
4272	Per day of treatment	.5
1-1-	Maximum	5.0
		5.0
	Ligation, with or without division, retrograde	
	injection or distal interruptions	
	Saphenous vein, long	
	Without stripping	
4276	Unilateral	7.5
4277	Bilateral	11.0
	With stripping, on same or successive days	
4278	Unilateral	10.0
4279	Bilateral	15.0
1=12	Saphenous vein, short	13.0
4200	Without stripping	4.0
4280	Unilateral	4.0
4281	Bilateral	6.0
	With stripping, on same or successive days	
4282	Unilateral	0.0
4283	Bilateral	9.0
	Saphenous vein, long and short	- • -
	Without stripping	
4284	Unilateral	9.0
4285	Bilateral	13.5
1400	Dhaterai AQ1	13,3

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	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
ARTERIES	AND VEINS (Continued)	
4206	With stripping, on same or successive days	12.0
4286	Unilateral	12.0
4287	Bilateral	18.0
4200	Venous anastomosis	20.0
4292	Porto-caval	30.0
4293	Mesenteric	30.0
4294	Spleno-renal	30.0
HEART		
44 16	Cardiotomy or cardiorrhaphy with exploration or removal	
	of foreign body	30.0
44 24	Commissurotomy or valvotomy	30.0
4464	Pericardiectomy	30.0
4468	Pericardiocentesis (tapping)	2.0
44 72	Pericardiotomy	25.0
4490	Tetralogy of Fallot, operation for	30.0
	THORAX OR CHEST	
	Esophagus	
	Dilation	
5110	Initial	1.5
5111		1.0
3111	Subsequent Removal of diverticulum	1.0
5112		17 5
	Cervical approach	17.5 30.0
5113	Thoracic approach	
5114	Resection	30.0
£010	Lobectomy	20.0
5210	Total, subtotal or segmental	30.0
5214	Wedge resection	22.5
5310	Pleurectomy or pleural decortication, any type	25.0
5410	Pneumolysis, extrapleural or intrapleural (open operation)	20.0
5420	Pneumonectomy, total	30.0
5430	Pneumonotomy, complete procedure	15.0
	Pneumothorax	
5 440	Initial	2.0
5441	Subsequent	. 75
	Thoracoplasty	
5510	First stage	20.0
5512	Each subsequent stage	10.0
	Thoracentesis	
5610	Initial	1.5
5611	Subsequent	.5
	Thoracotomy, including drainage	
5620	Without rib resection, for empyema or pleural biopsy	5.0
5621	With rib resection, for empyema	10.0
5622	Exploratory, with control of hemorrhage, biopsy of lung,	
	or cardiac massage	15.0
	APPONEM	
	ABDOMEN	
40.5	Abdominal paracentesis (tapping)	
6010	Initial	1.5
6011	Subsequent	.5
	Abscess, intra-abdominal, incision and drainage of	
6020	Appendiceal abscess	10.0
6021	Subdiaphragmatic or subphrenic	15.0
6030	Adhesions, division of	12.5
6040	Appendectomy, with or without incision and drainage of	
	appendiceal abscess	11.0
6100	Cholecystectomy, with or without exploration of common duct	17.5
6110	Cholecystoduodenostomy or cholecystoenterostomy	15.0
6120	Cholecystotomy or cholecystostomy	15.0
6130	Choledochotomy or choledochostomy	17.5
-	the state of the s	-

	EARIBII II—Communica	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
ABDOMEN	(Continued)	
6200	Closure of colostomy or enterostomy	10.0
0200	Colon resection	10.0
6210	Partial, with or without colostomy	25.0
6211	Total	30.0
6220	Colostomy	12.5
6250	Common duct, resection or choledochoplasty	25.0
6270	Diverticulum (Meckel's), excision of	11.0
6300	Enterectomy, small intestine, with or without anastomosis	20.0
6310	Enterorrhaphy, for perforated ulcer, wound or rupture	15.0
6320	Enterotomy, including removal of foreign body	15.0
6330	Excision of one or more intestinal lesions, not requiring anasto-	
	mosis	15.0
	Gastrectomy, with or without vagotomy	
6400	Total	30.0
6401	Partial	25.0
6410	Gastric or duodenal ulcer, perforation, closure of	15.0
6420	Gastroenterostomy, gastrojejunostomy, gastroduodenostomy	20.0
6430	Gastrostomy	12.5
6440	Gastrotomy	15.0
6470	Hepatectomy, partial	20.0
6480	Hepatorrhaphy	15.0
	Herniotomy, herniorrhaphy or hernioplasty	
4400	Single	44.0
6499	Inguinal, femoral, or umbilical	11.0
6500	Ventral or incisional	12.5
6501	Bilateral, inguinal or femoral	15.0
6502 6600	Hiatus or diaphragmatic	25.0
6610	Intestinal obstruction, operation for, not requiring resection	15.0
0010	Intestine, reduction of volvulus or intussusception by incision without resection	15.0
6620	_	11.0
6625	Laparotomy, exploratory Pancreatectomy, subtotal	22.5
6630	Pancreatotomy for adhesions, drainage or removal of calculi	15.0
	Pneumoperitoneum	10.0
6650	Initial	1.5
6651	Subsequent	.5
	Pyloric stenosis, operation for (Ramstedt's operation in infants)	12.5
	Splenectomy	20.0
	Splenorrhaphy	15.0
	Vagotomy	15.0
	• ,	
	PROCTOLOGY AND UROLOGY	
מי זחדים ממ	GICAL SURGERY	
L KOC TOLOC	HCAL SURGERY	
	Abscess, incision and drainage	
7010	Perianal or perirectal	2.0
7011	Ischiorectal	3.5
	Cryptectomy, single or multiple	2.0
7040	Fissurectomy with or without sphincterotomy, single or mul-	
	tiple	4.0
	Fistulectomy or Fistulotomy	
7050	Single	6.5
7051	Multiple	9.0
7060	Fistulectomy or Fistulotomy with incision and drainage of	
,	ischiorectal abscess	9.0
7070	Hemorrhoidectomy (by excision)	2.5
1010	External except tabs or tags	2.3
7072	External and internal, or internal Without fetulectomy	8.0
7073	Without fistulectomy With fistulectomy	10.0
1010	TTALL MICHIGANITY	10.0

EXHIBIT II—Continued		
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
PROCTOL	OGICAL SURGERY (Continued)	
	Thereauthaide initiations of salaration actuation	
7076	Hemorrhoids, injections of sclerosing solution	~
7076	Per day of injection	2.5
7077	Maximum	3.0
7077	Hemorrhoids, tabs or tags, excision of	1.5
7078	Hemorrhoids, thrombosed, incision or removal of thrombus	1.0
7080	Papillectomy, one or more	1.5
7100	Proctectomy, complete, combined abdominal-perineal pro-	20.0
	cedure, one or more stages	30.0
7150	Prolapsed rectum, repair of	4.50
7150	Abdominal	15.0
7151	Wiring (Thiersch)	6.0
#4 #D	Pruritus ani	
7170	Under cutting for	5.0
7171	Injection procedure by destructive agent	2.5
7180	Rectal polyps, removal of one or more by proctoscopy	2.5
7190	Sphincter, anal, dilation of, under anesthesia	1.0
7194	Sphincterotomy, not in the course of another operation	2.5
UROLOGI	CAL SURGERY	
7510	Abscess perirenal or renal, incision and drainage	12.5
7512	Abscess, prostatic, external incision and drainage	7.5
,,,,,	Circumcision	7.5
7520	Less than 1 year old	1.0
7521	1 year old or more	2.0
1021		2.0
7540	Cystectomy Complete including transplantation of unature	20.0
	Complete, including transplantation of ureters	30.0
7541	Segmental or excision of diverticulum	17.5
7544	Cystorrhaphy, for wound or rupture	12.5
MT16	Cystotomy	40.0
7546	Exploration or fulguration	12.5
7547	Excision of bladder tumor	15.0
7548	Cystolithotomy	12.5
7549	Cystostomy	11.0
	Epididymectomy	
7600	Unilateral	7.5
7601	Bilateral	10.0
	Epispadias or hypospadias, see Plastic Surgery	
	Hydrocele	
	Paracentesis or aspiration including injection of sclerosing	
	solution	
7603	Initial	1.5
7604	Subsequent	.5
	Excision	
7605	Unilateral	7.5
7607	Bilateral	10.0
7620	Meatotomy, urethral	1.5
7650	Nephrectomy or heminephrectomy	22.5
7652	Nephrolithotomy	20.0
7654	Nephropexy	17.5
7658	Nephrorrhaphy for kidney wound or injury	20.0
7660	Nephrostomy, including drainage	17.5
7662	Nephrotomy for exploration	17.5
1002		17.3
	Orchidectomy	
7600	Simple	7 -
7680	Unilateral	7.5
7681	Bilateral	10.0
7682	Radical, unilateral or bilateral, with retroperitoneal gland	00.0
2606	dissection	30.0
7686	Orchidopexy, one or more stages, with or without hernia repair	15.0
B/00	Penis, amputation of	40.
7690	Simple	12.5

	EXHIBIT II—Continued		
Code		Relative	
Number	Procedure	Value	
UROLOGICAL SURGERY (Continued)			
7691	Radical with inguinal node dissection	22.5	
	Prostatectomy		
7700	Perineal	27.5	
7701	Retropubic	25.0	
7702	Suprapubic, one or more stages	25.0	
7703	Transurethral, one or more stages including control of	20.0	
7720	postoperative bleeding	20.0 17.5	
7721	Pyelotomy or pyelolithotomy with removal of calculus Pyelostomy, including drainage	15.0	
7730	Renal capsulectomy, or decapsulation of kidney	15.0	
7,50	Ureteral transplantation to intestine	10.0	
7800	Unilateral	17.5	
7801	Bilateral	25.0	
7804	Ureterolithotomy, open	15.0	
7806	Ureteroplasty for stricture	20.0	
	Urethrotomy		
7812	External or anterior	3.5	
7813	Perineal or posterior	7.5	
	Urinary fistula, excision or closure of	4	
7840	Bladder (any type)	15.0	
7841	Urethral (any type)	10.0	
7860	Varicocelectomy Unilateral	7.5	
7861	Bilateral	10.0	
7870	Vasectomy, unilateral or bilateral	3.0	
7880	Vesiculectomy, seminal, unilateral or bilateral	17.5	
GYNECO	GYNECOLOGY AND OBSTETRICS LOGICAL SURGERY		
	Bartholin's or Skene's glands		
0000	Excision of gland or cyst		
8009	Bartholin	5.0	
8010	Skene Incision and drainage	1.0	
8011	Bartholin	1.0	
8012	Skene	.75	
8020	Caruncle, urethral, excision or fulguration of	2.5	
	Cervix		
8040	Amputation of	7.5	
8041	Electrocauterization of, nonpuerperal	1.5	
8042	Conization of	3.0	
8043	Dilation of, and curettage of uterus, nonpuerperal, with	4.0	
8044	or without electrocauterization, conization or polypectomy	$\frac{4.0}{1.5}$	
8050	Polypectomy, one or more, without dilation and curettage Colpotomy for drainage of pelvic abscess	3.0	
8060	Fistula, rectovaginal, vaginosigmoid, or vesicovaginal, excision	0.0	
0000	or closure of	15.0	
8070	Hymenectomy	2.5	
8071	Hymenotomy	1.0	
	Hysterectomy, with or without dilation and curettage		
8080	Complete (pan-hysterectomy), with or without adnexa	18.0	
8081	Subtotal or supracervical, with or without adnexa	15.0	
8082	Radical, for malignancy	25.0	
8083 8100	Vaginal, with or without pelvic floor repair	18.0	
8110	Myomectomy, abdominal approach Tubal insufflation or uterography	12.5 1.5	
8134	Uterus or cervix, insertion and removal of radioactive substance	5.0	
8138	Uterus, suspension of, any type, with or without dilation and	0.0	
	curettage or surgery on tubes or ovaries	12.5	

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
GYNECO	LOGICAL SURGERY (Continued)	
		2 5
8150	Vaginal septum or cyst, excision of	2.5
04.60	Vulvectomy	10.5
8160	Simple, complete	12.5
8161	Radical with inguinal node dissection, one or more stages	22.5
0.11	10	
Oviduct ar		
8210	Oophorectomy or cophoroplasty, unilateral or bilateral	12.5
8220	Salpingectomy or salpingoplasty, unilateral or bilateral	12.5
8224	Salpingo-oophorectomy, unilateral or bilateral	12.5
8230	Transection or ligation of Fallopian tubes, unilateral or bilateral	12.5
	1 / 1\	
	ocedures (nonpuerperal)	
8310	Atresia of vagina, plastic repair of	10.0
8320	Colporrhaphy or perineorraphy, without other procedure	2.5
8325	Trachelorrhaphy, without other procedure	5.0
8330	Cystocele and/or urethrocele, repair of, without other pro-	
	cedure	10.0
8335	Enterocele, repair of, abdominal or vaginal, without other	
	procedure	12.5
8350	Rectocele, repair of, without other procedure	7.5
8380	Combination of cystocele, enterocele or rectocele, or combina-	
0000	tion of urethrocele, enterocele or rectocele, with or without	
		14.0
	other repair procedures	14.0
ODCORDO	DICAI	
OBSTETI	CICAL	
8610	Abdominal operation for extra-uterine or ectopic pregnancy	12.5
0010	Caesarean section (abdominal or vaginal)	12.0
8630	Delivery of child or children	15.0
		18.0
8634	Delivery of child or children and hysterectomy	
8650	Delivery of child or children	7.5
	Miscarriage (including therapeutic or spontaneous abortion),	
	treatment of	
8670	With dilation and curettage	4.0
8672	Without dilation and curettage	2.5
	Dilation and curettage of uterus for	
8680	Hydatidiform mole	5.0
8682	Postpartum bleeding	4.0
	<i>NEUROSURGERY</i>	
	MEDIOSONOENI	
CRANTAL	L VAULT, INCLUDING BRAIN	
CRIMIN	Thom, moderna bann	
9010	Cisternal puncture	2.0
	Craniotomy (other than trephination only)	
9011	Cranioplasty with bone graft, metal or plastic insert	25.0
9015	Decompression, unilateral or bilateral	17.5
9017	Drainage of subdural, epidural or brain abscess or hematom	
9021	Excision of brain cyst, neoplasm or abscess	30.0
7021	Trephination or Burr holes	55.5
0050	Exploratory	10.0
9050	Unilateral	10.0
9051	Bilateral	15.0
0074	Drainage of subdural, epidural or brain abscess or hematoma	48.0
9053	Initial trephination	15.0
9055	Subsequent needling	3.0
	Frontal lobotomy or leukotomy	
9057	Transorbital	7.5
	Others	
9058	Unilateral	12.5
9059	Bilateral	17.5
9060	Pneumoventriculography	10.0
9061	Pneumoencephalography	5.0
3001	+ manuscripolympic Frebril	0,0

	EXHIBIT II—Continued	
Code		Relative
Number	Procedure	Value
PERIPHE	RAL NERVES	
	Injection of nerve with destructive agent	
9220	Initial	2.5
9221	Subsequent	1.5
	Neuroma, excision of, without anastomosis	
9240	Superficial	3.0
9241	Deep	10.0
9260	Phrenicectomy or phreniclasis	6.0
,=00	Suture or neurolysis	0.0
9270	One nerve	S.C.
9271	More than one nerve	S.C.
7411		s.c.
0000	Transplant	0.0
9280	One nerve	S.C.
9281	More than one nerve	S.C.
SPINAL C	CORD AND SPINAL MENINGES	
9420	Chordotomy	30.0
9430		
	Laminectomy or hemilaminectomy	22.5
9434	Lumbar puncture, diagnostic or therapeutic	1.5
9440	Meningocele, spinal, repair of	20.0
9450	Myelography or discography	3.5
9470	Section (rhizotomy) of anterior or posterior nerve roots	22.5
9480	Spinal cord tumor, removal of	30.0
	•	
SYMPATE	HETIC NERVOUS SYSTEM	
0640	D. a. J. L. a. a. at	40 5
9640	Presacral plexus, resection of	12.5
	Splanchnicectomy	
9660	Unilateral	17.5
9661	Bilateral	27.5
	Sympathectomy	
	Cervical	
9680	Unilateral	17.5
9681	Bilateral	25.0
,,,,	Dorsal	-0.0
9684	Unilateral	17.5
9685	Bilateral	27.5
9688		30.0
9000	Dorsolumbar or thoracolumbar, bilateral	30.0
0600	Lumbar	4= 0
9690	Unilateral	15.0
9691	Bilateral	22.5
9694	Periarterial	15.0
	ODAI CUDCERT	
	ORAL SURGERY	
	The values shown apply to operations which are not performed	
	on the same day as any extraction of teeth for the same con-	
	dition.	
3410	Alveolar abscesses, excluding pyorrhea, incision and drainage	.5
3410	Alveolectomy	
3414		=
	One socket area	.5
3415	Each additional socket area on same day	2
3418	Apicoectomy	2.0
	Cysts of jaw (mandible or maxilla), excision of	
3425	Involving area of one or two teeth	2.0
3426	Involving area of three or four teeth	4.0
3427	Involving area of 5 or more teeth	10.0
3428	Epulis, excision	1.5
	Impacted tooth, one, excision of	
	Partially unerupted from jaw bone	
3450	Maxilla	1.5
3452	Mandible	
3456		2.5
	Completely unerupted from jaw bone	5.0
3490	Torus palatinus, excision	5.0

DISCUSSION OF PRECEDING PAPER

D. W. PETTENGILL:

Morton D. Miller's paper on the "1957 Study of Group Surgical Expense Insurance Claims" is another one of those scholarly pieces of actuarial research that we have come to expect from this illustrious member of our Society. While I thus commend the entire paper to your study, I should like to call particular attention to the 1957 Schedule of Relative Values contained in the Appendix.

The insurance business has needed such an up-to-date surgical schedule ever since 1954 when it first became evident that the relative values of the 1947 Schedule no longer reflected current surgical practice. In 1956, the California Medical Society published a relative value fee schedule and, for a moment, it looked as though it were the answer to our needs. Unfortunately, the California schedule is written in technical medical terms that the typical doctor understands but seldom uses when completing claim forms for insurance companies. It is, therefore, a difficult schedule for the lay claim adjuster to handle.

Some way of solving this difficulty might have been found if the other state medical societies had adopted the California schedule as their own. So far, however, most of the state medical societies that have adopted relative value schedules have adopted ones that differ from California's and from each other's. Consequently, companies doing business in more than one state still need a single relative value schedule that will be reasonably appropriate in all states. Mr. Miller's 1957 Schedule fills this need, and in my opinion, fills it very well.

I do feel, however, that this 1957 Schedule should have an abbreviated form that can be used for policies, certificates and employee announcement literature. Accordingly, and with Mr. Miller's consent, I have had such an abbreviated schedule prepared, as reproduced on page 489. The procedures included in this short form accounted for 80% of all the claims included in the 1957 Study. While no two of us would make the same abbreviation, I hope, in the interest of uniformity, that this one will serve the purpose for most of you.

ARTHUR G. WEAVER:

This paper is a valuable addition to the growing list of contributions to the Society by Mr. Miller. Our congratulations and thanks to him!

The 1957 Study of Group Surgical Expense Insurance Claims will be used for a variety of purposes, the most important single application being

SCHEDULE OF PROCEDURES

Two or more procedures performed during the course of a single operation through the same incision, or in the same natural body orifice, or in the same operative field are to be considered as one procedure with a relative value equal to the largest of the values for the respective procedures, except where the Schedule specifies to the contrary.

respective procedures, except where the Schedule specifies to the c GENERAL Relative Value	ontrary. Relative Value
Accidental lacerations of skin structures, suture of	Strabismus, operation for—One eye
Face, neck, genitalia and hands, all lacerations combined	Both eyes
I inch or less	Fenestration operation for otosclerosis
Other body areas, all lacerations combined	Myringotomy or tympanotomy 1.5
1 inch or less	Nasal polyps, removal of one or more, one or more stages
1 inch or less	Unilateral
Bronchoscopy—Diagnostic, with or without biopsy 4.5 —Operative removal of tumors or foreign bodies . 7.5	Nasal septum, submucous resection of
-Operative removal of tumors or foreign bodies . 7.5 Cystoscopy	Tonsillectomy with or without adenoidectomy 4.0
Diagnostic, with or without biopsy	HEART AND BLOOD VESSELS
Without ureteral catheterization 2.5	Commissurotomy or valvotomy 30.0
With ureteral catheterization	Saphenous vein, long, ligation with or without retrograde
Operative—Transurethral resection of bladder neck or bladder tumors or crushing of bladder stones 11.0	injection or distal interruptions Without stripping—Unilateral
bladder tumors or crushing of bladder stones 11.0 -Fulguration of bladder tumors or removal	-Bilateral
of bladder stones without crushing	With stripping on same or successive days—Unilateral 10.0
Cysts, excision of—Filonidal cyst	-Bilateral 15.0
—Sebaceous cyst 1,5	CHEST Lobectomy—Total subtotal or segmental
Mammary glands Excision of benign tumors or cysts—Unilateral 5.0	Lobectomy—Total, subtotal or segmental
-Bilateral 7.5	Little actions, for dramage of emplema
Mastectomy—Total	Without rib resection 5.0
-Radical, with axillary node dissection 20.0	With rib resection 10.0
Skin abscess, superficial, incision and drainage—One	ABDOMEN Appendectomy, with or without incision and drainage of
Maximum . 25	appendiceal abscess
Thyroid gland	Cholecystectomy, with or without exploration of common duct . 17.5
Thyroidectomy, total or subtotal 17.5	Colon resection—Partial, with or without colostomy 25.0
Thyroid lobectomy, hemithyroidectomy 15.0	Gastrectomy, with or without vagotomy—Partial
Excision of thyroid adenoma or cyst	—Total 30.0
Excision from face, neck, genitalia, hands, or feet—One 2.0	
Each additional 1.0	-Bilateral 15.0
Excision from other body areas—One	PROCTOLOGY AND UROLOGY Fistulectomy or fistulotomy—Single 6.5
Each additional	Fistulectomy or fistulotomy—Single 6.5 —Multiple 9.0
curettage, per day of such treatment	Fistulectomy or fistulotomy (single or multiple), with
One tumor, except plantar wart	Fistulectomy or fistuletomy (single or multiple), with incision and drainage of ischiorectal abscess 9.0
More than one tumor, or each plantar wart 1.0	Hemorrhoidectomy, by excision, internal only or
MUSCULOSKELETAL	both internal and external—Without fistulectomy . 8.0 —With fistulectomy . 10.0
Amputations Finger, thumb, or toe (one or more phalanges)—One 2.5	rivoroccie or varicoccie, excision oiunitateral
-Each additional 1.5	
Thigh, through femur	Ischiorectal abscess, incision and drainage
Closed Open Dislocations Reduction	Nephrectomy or heminephrectomy
Elbow 4.0 10.0	procedure, one or more stages
Shoulder	Prostatectomy—Suprapubic, one or more stages 25.0 —Transurethral, one or more stages
Fractures, simple or compound	-Transurethral, one or more stages
Ankle—Malleolus of tibia or fibula 5.0 10.0	including control of postoperative bleeding 20.0 GYNECOLOGY
—Bimalleolar (Potts) 6.0 15.0 Clavicle	Contration of cervix
Elbow, distal end of humerus or proximal end	
-()	Cystocele, repair of 10.0 Rectocele, repair of 7.5 Cystocele and rectocele, repair of 14.0 14
Femur (except knee)	Cystocele and rectocele, repair of
Femur (except knee)	Dilation of cervix and curettage of uterus, non-puerperal, with or without electrocauterization, conization or polypectomy . 4.0
-Each additional 1.0 2.0	Electrocauterization of cervix, non-puerperal 1.5
Humerus (except elbow) 7.5 15.0	Hysterectomy, with or without dilation and curettage
Knee, distal end of femur or proximal end of	Complete (pan hysterectomy), with or without adnexa 18.0
tibia, one or both bones 7.5 15.0 Radius, including Colles' (except elbow) 5.0 10.0	Subtotal or supracervical, with or without adnexa
Radius and ulna (except elbow) 7.0 14.0	Salpingectomy or oophorectomy, or both, unilateral
Ribs, one or more 2.0	or bilateral
Ribs, one or more 2.0 Tibia (except ankle and knee) 75 15.0 Tibia (except ankle and knee) 75 15.0	Uterus, suspension of, any type, with or without dilation
Tibla and ribula (except ankle) 10.0 20.0	and curettage or surgery on tubes or ovaries
Ulna (except elbow) 4.0 10.0 Closed reduction is correction of displacement by manipula-	NEUROSURGERY Craniotomy (other than trephination only)
tion without incision including application of casts or trac-	Decompression, unilateral or bilateral 17.5
tion and including debridement at fracture site. For closed	Excision of brain cyst. neon)asm or abscess 30.0
reduction of a fracture with skeletal pinning and external	Lumbar sympathectomy—Unilateral
fixation, the relative value is 1½ times the relative value for closed reduction.	-Bilateral
Open reduction is correction of displacement by manipulation	Drainage of subdural, epidural or brain abscess or
and incision with or without skeletal traction or metallic fixa-	hematoma—Initial trephination 15.0
tion.	-Subsequent needling 3.0
Intervertebral disc, excision of—Without spinal fusion	Pneumoventriculography 10.0 OBSTETRICS
-With spinal fusion 30.0	Abdominal operation for extra-uterine or ectopic pregnancy 12.5
	Caesarian section—Delivery of child or children 15.0
Suture of tendon laceration—One	-Delivery of child or children and
Suture of tendon laceration—One	- Delivery of child or children and hysterectomy
Suture of tendon laceration—One	-Delivery of child or children and hysterectomy
Tendons—Excision of gangion	- Delivery of child or children and hysterectomy

strictions applicable.

the development of a new group surgical expense insurance schedule of maximum reimbursements. Mr. Miller's paper is particularly timely for such a project, since his 1947 Schedule of Relative Values and Frequencies is outmoded as a result of technological advances in the field of surgery. Thus the frequency of appendectomy and tonsillectomy operations has decreased, while surgical treatment of benign tumors and cysts, cervical operations for adult females, thoracic surgery, neurosurgery and plastic surgery have increased both in frequency and in importance.

Health insurance patterns also have changed during the past 10 years. Group major medical expense insurance is the current style pattern while the future potential of group surgical expense insurance would appear to be limited. As a result, some may ask why companies should spend time and money in developing and marketing a new surgical schedule. A number of reasons come to mind:

- 1. A substantial amount of group surgical expense insurance is still being sold. The Life Insurance Association of America reports that, in 1957, 18,340 new group surgical expense insurance contracts were issued, covering almost 1,600,000 employees and 2,500,000 dependents. Nearly fifty million people now insured on a group basis for this coverage will find their protection increasingly inadequate over the next few years unless a modern schedule is substituted. Because of shifts in frequencies and average charges for different procedures, a straight percentage scaling up of the schedule is not the answer.
- 2. There is some indication that future group major medical expense insurance contracts may contain surgical schedules as inside limits, in order to control the mounting cost of surgical claims thereunder.
- 3. A great many surgical schedules have been prepared in recent years, mostly with a regional or competitive bias, by state medical societies, Blue Shield, insurance companies, consultants and brokers. The resulting confusion is not in the best interests of the public, the medical profession or the insurance industry. Mr. Miller's study provides an opportunity to substitute a single up-to-date schedule based on a nationwide sampling of surgical charges. This is because the author has demonstrated that while the over-all level of charges varies from area to area, there is little variation by geographical area group in the relationship between doctors' charges for different surgical procedures. One surgical schedule, suitably adjusted for level of charge, should be acceptable in all areas.

The Group Morbidity Committee of the Society, under whose aegis the surgical statistics have been compiled, has used the Surgical Procedures

Classification and Nomenclature published in 1956 by the Health Insurance Council. It is well to know that this classification and nomenclature system has been designed specifically for use in surgical schedules, and features both the medical name and lay term for each procedure. This dual terminology is important to a more complete understanding of surgical expense insurance by both the people insured and the surgeons to whom the benefits ultimately are payable. Again the nomenclature should facilitate fast and simple claims administration by lay personnel.

Will the 1957 Surgical Schedule be well received by the medical profession? We believe it will. However, we should point out that medical societies in several states, notably California, Georgia, Maine, Rhode Island, Tennessee and Wisconsin, have developed their own schedules or relative schedules. In other states, the medical profession has participated in the development of local Blue Shield schedules and is therefore familiar with and has a sense of loyalty to the local classification and nomenclature used. On the other hand, doctors and surgeons who have studied the problem recognize the need for a nationally accepted schedule based on statistics rather than on the result of continuous negotiation between the medical specialties. They also admit that surgical schedules couched in medical terms prove confusing to their patients, and while many would prefer to have a national schedule of relative fees sponsored by the American Medical Association, they see little indication that such a schedule will become available soon.

In our opinion the 1957 Surgical Schedule will find widespread acceptance for group surgical expense insurance purposes and gradually will replace the present \$200 Schedule as the industry standard. Our company has decided to follow this approach and will offer the 1957 Surgical Schedule to the field in the near future.

Turning now to another aspect of Mr. Miller's paper, I have been intrigued with his Table M showing the geographical variation in surgeons' charges. Generally surgical charges by state vary less than hospital board and room charges by state. Thus a tabulation by state of hospital board and room charges under John Hancock Group Hospital Expense claims for the first six months of 1958 shows a standard deviation of 18.6% compared with 13.6% for Table M.

Significantly the standard deviation for our area classifications applicable to group major medical expense plans and with the same weighting by state as the hospital and surgical charges is only 7.5%. Our calculations show that, depending on what geographical variation is assumed in medical charges other than for surgery and in-hospital charges for special services, area classification factors should show standard deviations ranging between 10% and 15%, or between one and one-half and two times the

variation actually recognized. These considerations suggest that it may be necessary for companies which have not already done so to introduce wider geographical variations into major medical rates than has been the case in the past.

We have also attempted to measure the degree of correlation between charges, state by state, for hospital board and room, for surgery, for all medical care and for major medical expense insurance. The results are rather interesting:

Charges Correlated	Correlation Coefficient (*)
Hospital Room and Board, Surgery	
Hospital Room and Board, Major Medical	rates92
Surgery, Major Medical rates	
All Medical Care, Major Medical rates	90 93

The correlation with major medical rates is surprisingly good in view of the difference between actual and statistically desirable area classification factors. The significance is that hospital board and room charges which are readily available can apparently be used as a criterion for periodic revisions of major medical area classification factors. On the other hand, surgical charges by themselves would not be particularly suitable for this purpose.

C. GILBERT NOREN:

The 1957 Study is a valuable addition to the portfolio of current Group Accident and Health statistics, for which Mr. Miller and his committee are to be commended. There is one area, however, which causes us some concern.

The multiple procedure rule at the beginning of the Schedule of Relative Values is far tighter than the one now commonly in use. Currently payments are restricted for multiple surgery "performed through the same abdominal incision." The proposed rule which involves consideration of operative field and surgical approach will require greater technical knowledge on the part of claims personnel. A substantial amount of training and use of higher paid clerks may be necessary to successfully administer it.

The savings in claim dollars intended by the proposed new rule have, to a large extent, already been achieved by including in the schedule itself many of the common combinations of multiple operations. By adding to the schedule a few more high-frequency multiple procedures, practically all of the savings could be so achieved. With such additions, we believe it would be better to stick with the present "same abdominal incision" multiple procedures rule.

HERBERT J. STARK:

Mr. M. D. Miller ably presents the results of the 1957 Study. In particular, the Society owes him a debt for the care and patience which went into the preparation of the 1957 Schedule of Relative Values of Surgical Procedures.

One minor comment, which I think should nevertheless be placed upon the record, is that whereas Mr. Miller states that group surgical expense insurance for employees and their dependents underwritten by insurance companies was first introduced about 1936, the Metropolitan Life Insurance Company made group surgical expense insurance available to its own employees as early as 1928—before the initiation of the first Blue Shield plan. Coverage was extended to dependents of Metropolitan employees in 1939.

It is not clear from Mr. Miller's paper whether the large sample of claims studied all relate to a more or less uniform group surgical schedule or, if different schedules are included, what benefits the average schedule would provide. Without this information, it is difficult to interpret Mr. Miller's Table I, in particular, which shows the ratio of total reimbursement to total surgical charges. I hope that Mr. Miller will enlighten us further in this connection.

One interesting aspect of the study which is not stressed in Mr. Miller's paper arises from the fact that the sample of surgical claims used is sufficiently large to be taken as giving a general picture of the utilization of surgical procedures in the United States and Canada during the period covered by the study.

Table Q of the paper shows in great detail what operations were performed and what the average level of charges for each of the procedures was at that time. The detail shown tends, however, to be overwhelming.

With this in mind, I thought it would be worth while to prepare, from Table Q, a short table in which the sample of operations would be classified by degree of "severity," taking as a measure of severity the average surgical charge for each procedure. To avoid confusion, only the single procedure claims in Table Q were used and the obstetrical claims were omitted. Accordingly, the table covers some 111,000 claims for which the doctors' charges aggregated nearly $\$7\frac{1}{2}$ million.

It should be noted that the table is quite different from one which would be prepared by classifying all of the claims according to the doctor's charge for that particular case. Such a table could, of course, be prepared, but the dispersion of the doctors' charges for each particular procedure, as revealed by Mr. Miller's Table L, would tend to mask some of the interesting features shown by the severity table.

The severity table enables the total volume of surgery performed to be broken down into severe surgery and minor surgery and shows the proportion of the charges and of the number of claims falling into each category. If preferred, the claims could be classified in more than two categories—say, severe, moderately severe, and minor. Since the dividing points, for such classifications as these, are determined by the particular interests and the subjective approach of the individual making the classification, I have not attempted to present such a classification but have allowed the table to speak for itself.

STEDCTCAT	ODEDATIONS	DV DECDEE	OF SEVERITY*
SURGICAL	OPERATIONS	BY DEGREE	OF SEVERITY .

Procedures with Average Surgical Charges as Follows	Number of Pro- cedures	Percentage of Total Number of Procedures	Number of Claims	Percentage of Total Claims	Amount of Doctors' Charges	Percentage of Total Charges
\$ 20 and under	25	4.8%	24,556	22.1%	\$ 393,031	5.3%
21-\$25	20	3.8	14,342	12.9	328,037	4.4
26- 30	28	5.4	6,915	6.2	200,901	2.7
31- 40	38	7.3	5,880	5.3	210,764	2.8
41- 50	39	7.5	3,753	3.4	165,332	2.2
51- 75	63	12.1	29,206	26.2	1,588,872	22.7
76–100	61	11.7	2,849	2.6	248,957	3.3
101–150	78	14.8	13,139	11.8	1,775,638	23.8
151-200	65	12.5	3,114	2.8	552,448	7.4
201-300	70	13.4	6,294	5.7	1,506,325	20.2
301 and over	35	6.7	1,114	1.0	390,535	5.2
Totals	522	100.0%	111,162	100.0%	\$7,460,840	100.0%

^{*}Severity measured by average charge shown in Table Q of 1957 Study of Group Surgical Expense Insurance Claims; Multiple Procedures and Obstetrical Surgery excluded.

Nevertheless, it is a striking fact that whereas half the claims were based on procedures for which the average charge was less than \$50, these include only 17% of the total charges. Presumably these procedures represented a still lower percentage of the total income of those doctors specializing in surgery, since many of these less costly procedures are performed by general practitioners or, as indicated by Mr. Miller's paper, in a hospital's out-patient department.

The table also reveals a remarkable degree of "heaping up" of the surgeon's income for procedures with certain levels of average charge due to the prevalence of particular operations which fall in those average charge levels. In particular, average charges in the range from \$51 to \$75 account for 26.2% of the total claims and 22.7% of the total surgical charges. This is partly accounted for by the frequency of tonsillectomies, which alone continue to account for 10% of the total single procedure surgical charges.

It may be noted, however, that there would still be a "heaping up" at this point if tonsillectomies were excluded.

Similarly, the procedures for which the average charges were in the range from \$101 to \$150 account for 11.8% of the total claims and 23.8% of the total surgical charges. In this category fall such frequent operations as appendectomies, the principal class of herniotomies, and the principal class of hemorrhoidectomies. Appendectomies, like tonsillectomies, account for about 10% of the total of surgical charges here considered.

Finally, there is another "heaping up" in the range of average charges from \$201 to \$300. These include 5.7% of the total claims and 20.2% of the total charges. Included are such comparatively frequent operations as cholecystectomies and hysterectomies.

The three ranges noted above include two-thirds of all the surgical charges in the table; the eight remaining ranges thus cover the remaining one-third of the charges.

Of interest is the fact that the most serious group of operations—those for which the average surgical charges exceeded \$300—account in this study for only 5.2% of the surgeons' income and 1% of the number of claims.

There have been included in the table the number of procedures in each range of average charges and the percentage each forms of the total of 522 procedures which were performed one or more times in the study sample. The number of procedures tends to rise as severity increases; this reflects not only the greater complexity of major surgery, but the tendency toward more detailed coding classifications for the more serious operations.

This table may have value in giving some indication of the extent to which the amount of surgical reimbursement would be reduced by a deductible, or by the combined effect of a deductible and coinsurance, whether treated as a separate coverage or included as one part of a major medical plan. For this purpose, it should be considered in conjunction with Mr. Miller's Tables F, G and K which show the extent to which certain surgical procedures are performed otherwise than as a hospital bed-patient and the relationship between charges for such surgery and for surgery performed on hospital bed-patients. It may be assumed that if the operation is performed either in the out-patient department or out-of-hospital, it is likely that any nonsurgical medical expenses associated with the condition are small. It is also likely that the amount of medical expense for that individual which is not associated with this particular operation, but which falls within the claim period of the plan, does not exceed that for the average of the persons covered under the plan.

JAMES B. ROSS:

In the Appendix to the 1957 Study of Group Surgical Expense Insurance Claims Mr. Miller states: "If surgical expense insurance is to be fully effective, it should provide reimbursement for the different kinds of operations reasonably proportionate to the fees which surgeons may be expected to charge." This statement makes such common sense that it is easy to overlook the fact that such a "proportionate" schedule is somewhat arbitrary, and further that "the fees which surgeons may be expected to charge," while obviously incapable of precise prediction, can be approximated in several widely different ways.

Proportionate reimbursement across the entire range of surgical procedures has both an equitable and a mathematical appeal. This principle has been at the root of almost all formal surgical schedules devised in the past; their deviations from each other reflected the differences in opinion of the schedule drafters as to the probable relative level of surgeons' fees by procedure. In the development of comprehensive medical insurance we have seen a surgical benefit component which, while not employing a rigid schedule of reimbursements by procedure, uses a "universal formula" consisting of a deductible and a coinsurance percentage. This form of surgical coverage does not produce reimbursement which is "reasonably proportionate" to probable fees, especially if the surgical deductible is of any size. Particularly striking, of course, is the fact that no reimbursement may be payable at all for the simpler procedures excluded in whole or part by the deductible. Practically speaking, it is perfectly possible to write and administer schedules which are poorly designed with respect to the probable charges by procedure or even which bear no relation at all to such probable charges. We are all familiar with instances in which changing medical practice has rendered obsolete schedules of benefits considered most appropriate at the time they were written.

Given that the objective of proportionately covering charges for all kinds of operations is desirable, there remains a genuine question as to the best method of constructing a schedule of relative values which will achieve this goal. Mr. Miller has elected to employ claim data covering group surgical claims incurred in calendar year 1955. This material was analyzed by procedure and the average charge by the physician calculated for each. From the resulting array of average charges, supplemented to a generous extent by reference to other schedules, a complete set of relative values for the range of operations was constructed.

This approach is a retrospective one, and leans rather heavily on the thesis that medical practice, while acknowledgedly changing, is not changing so rapidly as to vitiate the usefulness of the material during the period from one intercompany investigation to the next. Further implicit in the choice of these data as a source for constructing a relative value scale is the hope that the underlying material was not markedly biased by the existence of the surgical schedules in force with respect to the claims from which the study was made. It is not likely, for example, that a particularly poor or ill-fitting schedule will materially alter the relative frequencies themselves; however, such a schedule may have a definitely deleterious effect upon the average charge for the various procedures. A certain amount of distortion is thus automatically introduced into the study's basic materials because of the insured schedules which give rise to the data.

It is possible to construct scales of relative values in ways other than by the analysis of large volumes of material accumulated under the actual operation of insured surgical schedules. The perfectly ingenuous approach of polling a large block of doctors for the express purpose of obtaining their views as to what reasonable relative values might actually be is an approach which has been carried to fruition by the California Medical Association. Here the basic data were a large number of participating physicians' opinions as to the relative values of various operations. Bias due to the constraints of insurance schedules was not present, although bias could be present where all physicians are not fully acquainted with the intricacies of some of the specialty operations carried on the surgical schedule, or where it appears to be to the long-run pecuniary advantage of the specialist to magnify values in his area. This approach has the decided advantage that if unanimity of professional medical opinion can be secured there exists the pre-sale assurance that the schedule will perform equitably with respect to charges as far as the doctors are concerned. If that is the case it is likely that employer and employee satisfaction will follow in the wake of surgical schedules placed at an adequate reimbursement level.

Aside from the matter of relative value schedules, actuaries are indebted to Mr. Miller for his role in assembling an up-to-date tool which permits placing a consistent price upon any surgical schedule. The tabulations of relative frequencies of surgical procedures show marked differences from those included in the last previous Intercompany Surgical Study (1947), and no doubt will produce substantial shifts in the pure premium rates for the standard schedules now commonly offered.

WILLIAM CUNNINGHAM:

Companies which do not participate in the intercompany morbidity studies are indebted to those companies which do contribute. The tables contained in Mr. Miller's paper will be of invaluable aid to actuaries of all companies. It is unfortunate that this type of study and others of a similar nature are not made more frequently. I feel that Mr. Miller should not have continued his paper by the inclusion of the Appendix on relative values and it is clear that the Appendix was not unanimously supported by the members of the Group Morbidity Committee. My purpose in discussing Mr. Miller's paper is to point out certain pitfalls in usage that any company may make of appendix Exhibit II with regard to the following areas:

Relationship with medical profession
The development of a relative value schedule by actuaries
Coding nomenclature
Geographical costs
Age and income variations
Fees for assistants and anesthesiologists
Charges made by the medical profession for other than surgery.

Relationship with the Medical Profession

The medical profession is very jealous, and rightly so, of any interference by a third party in the patient-doctor relationship. Responsible bodies in the medical profession know that they have "dirty linen" which needs to be cleaned and accept this to be their responsibility alone. The insurance industry has done a poor job in cooperating and developing a mutual understanding of joint problems with the medical profession in the past. Although some efforts have been and are being made in this direction today, we are not doing all that should be done and I feel that Mr. Miller's relative values will be construed as another example of interference rather than cooperation. The following quotation is from the Foreword of the second edition of the *Relative Value Study* adopted by the California Medical Association:

The medical profession, having personal knowledge of the relative values of the procedures utilized in the practice of medicine and surgery, and in fact having exclusive knowledge of these procedures, is in the unique position of being the only group able to determine the relation of one procedure to another. This imposes upon medicine the duty to ascertain such relativity and inform the public as a whole.

Pacific Mutual is in complete agreement with the above quotation and it was mainly for this reason that we adopted the California Relative Value Schedule not only as the schedule in our basic medical plans but also in our comprehensive medical policy. We have contacted various medical associations at the county level and asked them to set the dollar value per unit that was reasonable for their area. We were hopeful and, I

might add, still retain hope that this contact work could be approached on an industry basis. Up to this moment we have had very little support. We feel that the beneficial results would have been substantial had this development work been conducted by the industry at large based upon the successful results we have achieved in California, Arizona and elsewhere.

The Development of a Relative Value Schedule by Actuaries

When the 1947 Surgical Study was completed there was no interest on the part of the medical profession to establish a fee schedule and it was only logical that the insurance companies develop schedules based upon information then available. Thus the old \$200 and \$300 Surgical Schedules served a very worth-while purpose. The following quotations are again from the California Medical Association Relative Value Schedule:

The profession has pointed out irregularities and inadequacies in every fee schedule yet produced. In the absence of standards, confusion, disappointment with health insurance and economic injustice for physician, for the insured, the patient or for the insurance company have been the rule.

Now that standards of nomenclature and relative values have been officially adopted by the profession in California, we hope for and urge their early use by everyone concerned with setting up fee schedules and health insurance indemnities, by everyone who buys, sells or administers health insurance or who controls other private and public plans and mechanisms through which money is paid for the services of doctors of medicine.

The surgical section of the California Relative Value Schedule contains a maximum range, except for certain procedures involving time and procedure reports, of 100 units, whereas Mr. Miller's Schedule has a maximum range of 30 units. If the two schedules were similar, it is apparent that the California unit value would be $3\frac{1}{3}$ times that produced by Mr. Miller's unit value. Although the relationship between the majority of procedures is approximately 3 to 1, many of them vary from 2 to 1 up to 5 to 1. It is obvious that the medical profession will be critical and not accept a relative value schedule such as suggested by Mr. Miller.

It is my feeling that much more could be accomplished if the insurance industry would encourage the medical profession at either a local or state or a national level, preferably the latter, to devise relative value schedules and, if necessary, offer to assist with the statistical work involved.

Coding Nomenclature

It would be very beneficial if all fee schedules would adopt a standard nomenclature and code system and I know that at the present time such progressive steps have been suggested. It should be the responsibility of the medical profession to suggest such a common system. Both California and Michigan Medical Associations are apparently using the same coding system and yet we in the insurance industry have not as yet seen fit to accept this system.

Geographical Costs

There is a wide variation in charges by geographical area, although I am not sure that there is or should be any variation in the relative value between procedures. The basis of charges for determining the Actuaries' Relative Value Schedule was from claims paid on the old \$200 and \$300 Surgical Schedules. It must be recognized that these old schedules did not consider geographic differences and I have no doubt that the fees charged by the medical profession were not based on what they might normally charge but rather on the amount the patient was allowed by his medical insurance. I believe, therefore, that the use of these charges results in statistics of questionable value. From our experience, we know that some doctors vary the description of the procedure slightly in order to qualify the patient for a higher amount of reimbursement from his insurance coverage. For these reasons, if for no other reasons, I question the actuarial soundness of the Relative Value Schedule proposed by Mr. Miller.

Age and Income Variations

It has been the standard practice by the medical profession to vary their fee by the level of the income of the patient, and from other statistics we know that income and health insurance both play an important part in the level of medical services sought by the patient. Generally, income increases by age; thus we may expect that an older patient will be charged more than a younger patient for the same surgical procedure. Other procedures are more common, either at the older or younger ages, and again the charge made by the attending surgeon will vary for the same reason. It appears questionable to use a group of disssimilar claims for statistical study and interpret the results that come forth as being homogeneous.

Fees for Assistants and Anesthesiologists

Fee charges made by assistants and anesthesiologists are an integral part of medical services and, from an insurance company's viewpoint, very important in determining the extent or amount of major medical or comprehensive medical claims. In our old base medical plans we did not recognize assistants' fees unless the charge made by the attending surgeon was less than our scheduled allowance or the charges made by anesthesiologists were included in the special services section of our hospital

benefits. Our statistics in these two areas are thus vague and insignificant and we must look to the medical profession for standards. Any relative value schedule that does not include these two integral components is of limited value to an insurance company in determining reasonable medical charges.

Charges Made by the Medical Profession for Other Than Surgery

The same arguments as used in the foregoing paragraph are applicable.

(AUTHOR'S REVIEW OF DISCUSSION) MORTON D. MILLER:

Mr. Pettengill has done us all a splendid service by providing an abbreviated schedule in connection with the 1957 Schedule of Relative Values of Surgical Procedures. One of the principal aims in preparing appendix Exhibit II was to make available a schedule based on the data in the study that might be used by all who wish to do so, and thereby in the interests of the public and the medical profession secure some uniformity in the schedules offered by the companies. For those who use the 1957 Schedule, Mr. Pettengill's addendum should be very helpful in furthering this desirable goal in connection with the descriptions of the Schedule in policy contracts, individual certificates, employee announcement booklets, proposals, and other material.

Mr. Weaver demonstrates the lesser variation by geographic area in surgical charges as compared with hospital charges very neatly. The importance of there being a high correlation between hospital room and board charges and major medical expense insurance premiums, as also shown by him, is supported by the fact that about half of the major medical expense claim dollar is accounted for by hospital charges as against 20% to 25% for surgical charges.

I am sorry that the rule governing multiple procedures does not seem to be as workable as Mr. Noren would like to see it. The points that he raised were fully considered in the preparation of the 1957 Schedule and it was felt that the Schedule, together with the stated rule, did a pretty good job. Unfortunately, the 1957 Schedule, as will any schedule, represents a compromise of different points of view in a number of areas and will not satisfy everybody one hundred percent. I hope that those who use it will bear this in mind and, again in the interest of uniformity, do so with as little change as possible.

Mr. Stark asks whether all the claims in the study related to a more or less uniform group surgical schedule. A large proportion of the claims arose under the 1947 Relative Value Schedule, which has a range of from

10 to 200 units, although a significant proportion were on other surgical schedules, principally the one with a range of from 10 to 150 units commonly used by companies before the development of the 1947 Schedule. The unit values associated with these schedules varied from \$1.00 to \$2.00 per unit.

We have made an analysis of the data and find that the benefits paid on the average correspond to those which would arise under the 1947 Relative Value Schedule with a value of \$1.20 for each unit—in other words, with a range of reimbursement from \$12 to \$240. The average non-obstetrical benefit paid per claim works out to be about \$54 and the average obstetrical benefit \$63.

The table of operations by degree of severity developed by Mr. Stark is extremely interesting in bringing out both the large proportion of minor surgical procedures and the heaping of procedures at other points. Based on Mr. Stark's table, we have estimated the value of several different deductible amounts in relation to the surgeons' charges reported, without consideration of any other charges that might have been incurred in connection with the surgery. Deducting up to \$20 of the charge for each claim eliminates about 28.5% of the total surgical charges. For deductibles of \$25, \$40, and \$50, the percentages of total surgical charges eliminated are 33.9%, 47.1%, and 54.7%, respectively.

Mr. Cunningham has not brought out the tremendous activity by the industry through the Health Insurance Council in seeking the cooperative understanding of voluntary health insurance on the part of doctors and hospitals and the other health care professions, and in attempting to meet the problems that these professions have found arising from the extraordinary growth of health insurance in the last 20 years. Only recently the Health Insurance Council greatly expanded its efforts by the establishment of Health Insurance Council committees in each state to meet with doctors and hospitals locally. The California Medical Association took a big forward step in developing their Relative Value Schedule. There is no thought in this paper of discouraging medical associations in other areas from adopting the California Schedule, or indeed from setting up a schedule that would apply nationwide. No attempt was made in the paper to develop relative values for surgical assistants, anesthesiologists, or medical services other than in connection with surgery, which were referred to by Mr. Cunningham, since there were no data available in connection with charges for such services.

I agree with Mr. Ross that the principle of proportionality of reimbursement for different types of surgical procedures has no bearing under

the comprehensive major medical type plan. It is only where the surgical benefits are being provided in accordance with the usual schedule that it is important.

The use of data such as we have in this study to assist in the development of a schedule of relative values is, of course, not the only way in which a schedule can be devised. Workmen's Compensation schedules and many of the earlier insurance surgical schedules were developed on a judgmental basis by securing the opinions of physicians as to what relative values should be. Sometimes this is done by a small committee of physicians and others, or the technique can be extended, as in California, to get a broader sampling of physician opinion by specific inquiry of many

TABLE R

COST OF THE 1957 SCHEDULE OF I VALUES, USING A MULTIPLE OF PERCENTAGE OF THE COST OF SCHEDULE WITH A MAXIMUM U UE OF 200 FOR NONOBSTETRIC CEDURES	10, AS A THE 1947 NIT VAL-
Male Employee	132.0% 129.6
Total Employees	131.2%
WifeChild	127.4% 129.3
Total Dependents	128.2%
Grand Total	129.4%

doctors. Even for the latter method, someone has to put the results together in a consistent pattern and fill in appropriate values for procedures not specifically covered in the sampling. In any event, the end result is the product of the substantial application of judgment and must be regarded as a practical document. Whether this other approach is a better way to develop the numbers in a relative value schedule than that which we have used, in fact whether it is really a different method, is a moot question. The advantage of having a schedule produced by the physicians and adopted by the medical association lies in the greater acceptability that the resultant schedule may achieve if their widespread support is thereby secured.

I am taking the liberty of furnishing an additional table, Table R, which compares the cost of the 1957 Schedule of Relative Values with the 1947 Schedule for nonobstetrical procedures. The unit values in the

1957 Schedule were multiplied by 10, producing a maximum of 300 units, while the 1947 Schedule with 200 units as a maximum was used in the comparison. The relative frequencies included in Table P were utilized. No comparison was made for husbands because of the paucity of data. It is suggested that the relationship shown for male employees is probably the most appropriate.

I am most appreciative of the thoughtful discussions of the paper which these gentlemen have prepared and I feel that they have added a great deal to its value.