



Session 55, Medicare Advantage Unleashed: How Benefit Design Flexibility is Changing MA Benefit Package Design

SOA Antitrust Disclaimer
SOA Presentation Disclaimer

MEDICARE ADVANTAGE UNLEASHED:

How Benefit Design Flexibility is Changing MA Benefit Package Design







Emerging Benefit Flexibility Considerations

Medicare Advantage "Unleashed"

PRESENTED BY Nate Baehr, FSA, MAAA Tim Murray, FSA, MAAA

Caveats, Limitations and Disclosures

The purpose of this presentation is to provide information on emerging developments in the area of Medicare Advantage benefit flexibility.

This presentation is not intended to be a comprehensive summary of all issues and considerations with respect to Medicare Advantage and Part D benefit design, and does not constitute legal or investment advice. Our comments represent our interpretations and opinions regarding actuarial considerations and implications of recently issued guidance. Wakely does not warrant that the impacts presented will be achieved, nor that CMS or other regulatory organizations will interpret provisions in the same manner.

Depending on the slide, our comments may reflect a nationwide perspective, or be illustrative. The impact of specific benefit guidance provisions may vary based on State and Medicare Advantage plan type. Individual plan impacts of the new and revised rules can vary, often significantly, from the impacts we will discuss.

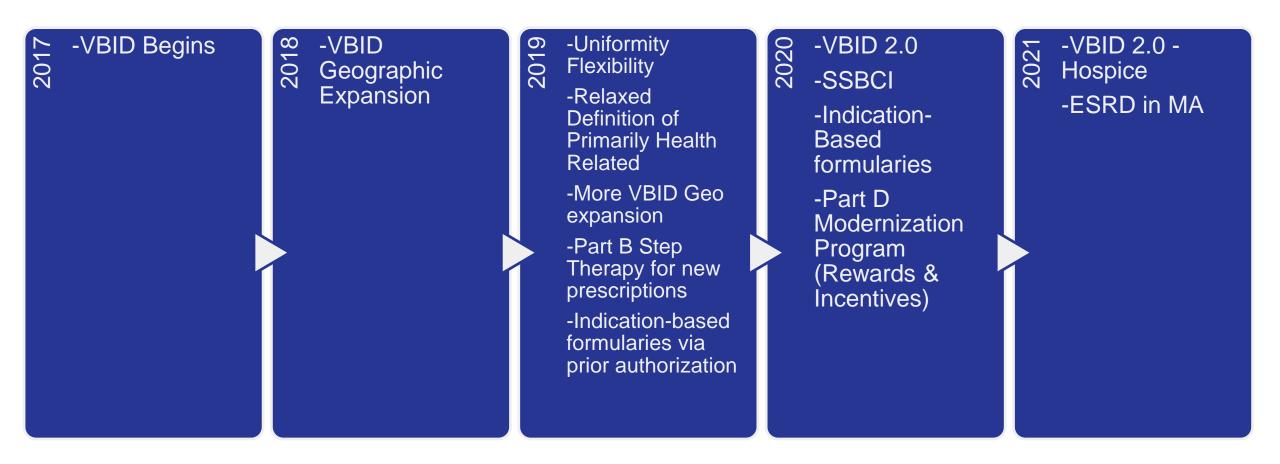


Key Acronyms

Term	Acronym
Value Based Insurance Design	VBID - VBID 1.0 in place 2017 to 2019 - VBID 2.0 2020 and beyond
Uniformity Flexibility	UF
Special Supplemental Benefits for the Chronically III	SSBCI



Benefit Flexibility Timeline



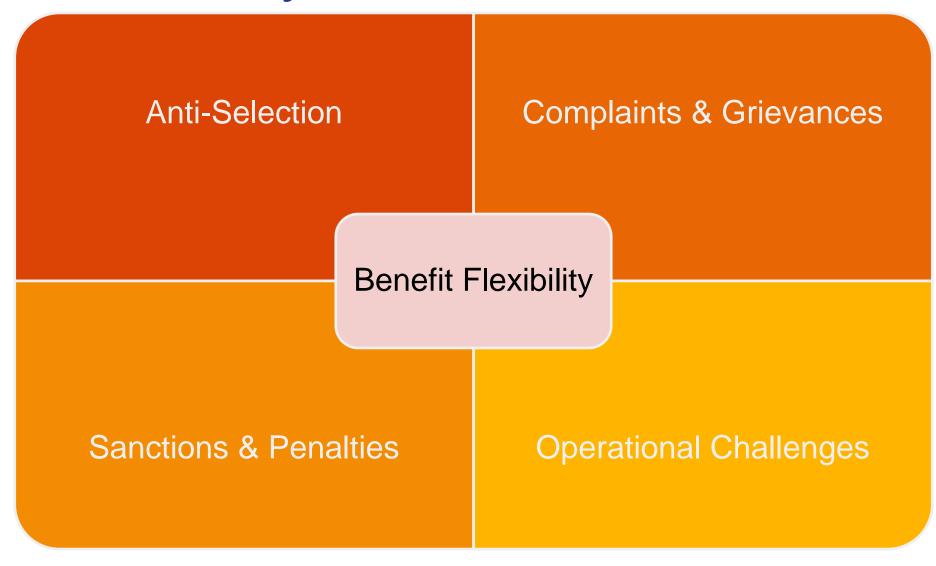


"Quadruple Aim" of Benefit Flexibility

Reduce Cost Risk Score Coding Accuracy **Benefit Flexibility Quality Improvement** Member Satisfaction (Star Rating)



Benefit Flexibility – Proceed with Caution





BENEFIT FLEXIBILITY OVERLOAD!!!

VBID 1.0 (2017 to 2019)

Uniformity Flexibility

Indication-based Formularies

VBID 2.0 (2020+)

Relaxed Definition of Primarily Health Related

Part B Step Therapy Special
Supplemental
Benefits for
Chronically III

Medicare
Managed Care
Manual Chapter 4
Benefits

Medicare
Managed Care
Chapter 16
Benefits

Social Determinants

Hospice Risk

Part D Modernization Program

"Abundant choice often makes for misery"



GUIDANCE OVERLOAD!!!

CMS Bid Instructions

Policy & Technical Changes

21st Century Cures
Act

Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018

 CHRONIC Care Act Medicare Managed Care Manual

HPMS Memos

Advance Notice

CMS Innovation Center

Call Letter and Follow Up Memos



2019 Landscape

- CMS relaxed the definition of "primarily health-related" for supplemental benefits and introduced uniformity flexibility
- Late-coming guidance made it difficult for plans to incorporate benefit changes into Plan Benefit Packages for 2019
- High-value provider lever was not used widely



2019 Landscape – Supplemental Benefit Examples

Pest Control

 One treatment every 3 months to eliminate rodents, roaches and other unsafe pests from the home in order to provide a healthier community-based environment for members. Prior authorization and referral may be required.

"Flex" / "Wallet" Benefits

 Reimbursement up to \$200 each calendar year for one or more of the following Non-Medicare covered benefits: • Acupuncture • Weight management program
 Nutritional/dietary benefit • Activity tracker

Home-Based Palliative Care

 \$0 copayment, coinsurance, or deductible for covered home-based palliative care, including Evaluation
 Consultation and education
 Advanced care, chronic care, and transitional care planning
 Visit charge (management)

Bathroom Safety

Up to \$250 for Bathroom Safety Devices and/or backup support for medical equipment devices (insulin refrigeration, enteral feeding pumps, oxygen concentrators, semi-electric beds, and other similar health equipment) when there is a medical necessity.
 Bath/shower chair, any size • Bathtub wall rail 18" • bathtub rail, floor base • Toilet rail • Raised toilet seat, tub stool or bench • Assessment of environment to determine suitability of members' needs and the installation of the mentioned devices.



2019 Uniformity Flexibility Examples

Diabetes

\$0 copay for endocrinologist specialist office visits

\$10 copay for cardiology Spec. visits,\$10 copay for endocrinology Spec visits, \$5 copay for Medicarecovered podiatry visits, \$5 copay for routine podiatry visits, up to six visits per year

\$0 copay for Diabetic Retinopathy and Diabetic Retinal Screenings

Prior Stroke

\$250 max benefit per year for bathroom safety and assistance devices

Hypertension

\$0 copay for 1 blood pressure cuff per year

MA plans are also offering options targeting "Any of" or "All of" multiple condition lists



Benefit Flexibility for Targeted Disease States

	VBID 2.0	Uniformity Flexibility	SSBCI
Reduce Cost Sharing on Part C Benefits	✓	√	
Offer Additional Supplemental Benefits	√	√	
Reduce Cost Sharing on Part D Benefits	✓	X	X
Offer Non-primarily Health Related Benefits		X	
Vary Part C benefit for high- value providers			X
Vary benefits based on socioeconomic status (LIS)		X	Can't be sole basis for eligibility
Spousal Sharing of Benefits		X	X



Thank You!



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Uber Health

Removing transportation barriers to care

Dan Trigub, Head of Uber Health trigub@uber.com

Society of Actuaries Health Care Meeting







Uber by the numbers

600+

Uber is available in more than 600 cities globally.

75M

Uber has more than 75 million monthly active riders.

10B

Uber has completed 10 billion cumulative trips.

60+

Uber is available in over 60 countries across six continents.

3M

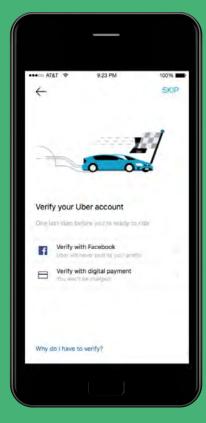
We have over 3 million active drivers globally.

15M

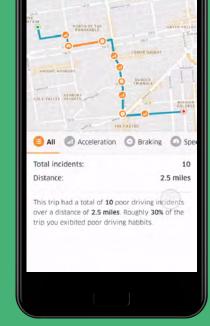
Around 15 million Uber trips happen each day.

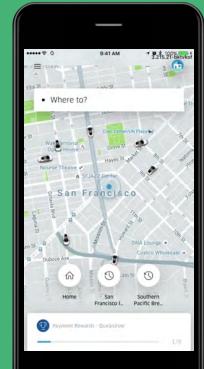


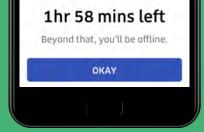
SAFETY OVERVIEW







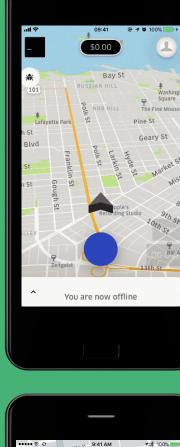


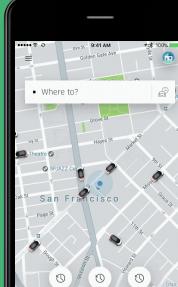




i Online

▼ 🚜 🖥 12:3







Every day, our technology puts millions of people together in cars in cities around the world. Helping keep people safe is a huge responsibility and one we do not take lightly.

We know traveler safety is a top priority for you. Know that it's a priority we share, together.

Dara Khosrowshahi, Uber CEO



Safety basics on every trip



All Uber trips are **GPS-tracked** from start to finish.



Every passenger trip on the Uber app is **insured**.



All drivers are **screened** before they can begin using Uber, and rescreened periodically after that¹



All vehicles available on the Uber app must meet minimum age and feature requirements.²



We provide **24-hour support** for all situations, including a dedicated, 24-hour team for critical situations.



All drivers must maintain a minimum rating from riders to remain active on the platform

Uber Health

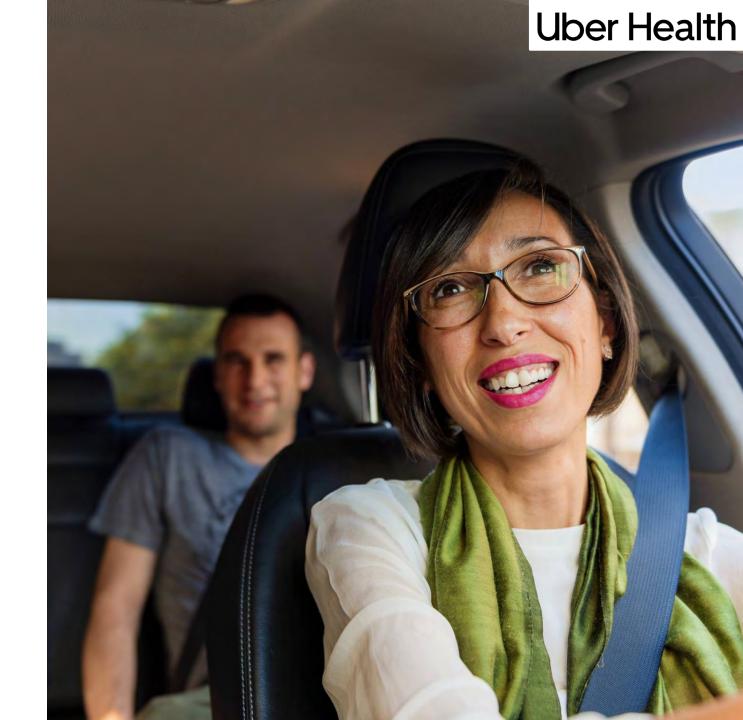
¹In New York City, background checks, including reruns, are managed by the Taxi and Limousine Commission and not by Uber. Delivery partners are not annually rechecked. ² Vehicle requirements vary by region in accordance with applicable local rideshare requirements.

Driver screening in the US

We screen all drivers for criminal and driving history before they can begin using Uber.¹

This includes:

- Driver pre-screening and documentation
- Driving history review
- Criminal history review
- New offense notifications
- NEW Annual reruns



¹ In New York City, background checks, including reruns, are managed by the Taxi and Limousine Commission and not by Uber.

Insurance

Uber maintains automobile liability and uninsured/underinsured motorist insurance when a passenger is on an Uber trip in the United States.

At least \$1 million of liability coverage per incident.

This insurance covers the driver's liability for damages to any third party such as another driver, pedestrian, or property in case of an accident when the Uber driver-partner is at fault. We have provided a \$1 million liability policy since commencing ridesharing in early 2013.

At least \$250,000 of uninsured/underinsured motorist bodily injury coverage per incident.

In the event that another motorist causes an accident with a ridesharing vehicle and doesn't carry adequate (or any) insurance, this policy covers bodily injury to all occupants of the rideshare vehicle. This insurance also provides coverage in cases of a hit and run.

*The coverage limits vary by state.



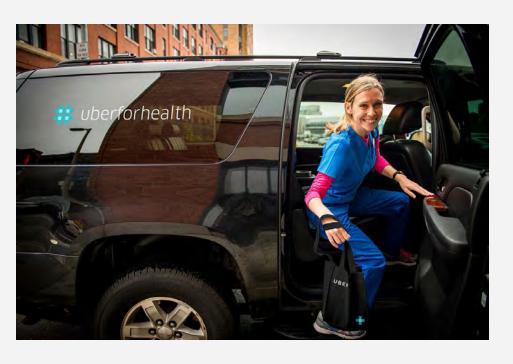
What happens if there's an incident on a trip?

Uber's Incident Response Team (IRT) is in place to quickly respond to the most urgent issues.

If we receive a report about an accident or incident during or after a ride, we can quickly suspend the driver or rider accounts in question, preventing them from accessing the Uber app, while we investigate.



Evolution of Uber's healthcare efforts



In 2014, Uber experimented with flu shots on demand in the US. Since then, efforts like it have happened around the world:

- Diabetes and thyroid testing on demand in India
- Rides for breast cancer screenings in the US
- Rides to blood drives
- Haze masks on demand in Singapore
- Flu shots on demand in South Africa
- Adolescent vaccines in Brazil
- Telehealth awareness in Saudi Arabia

Lack of transportation is a barrier to care.

3.6M +

Annual appointments missed because of transportation issues¹

30%

No-show rates nationwide, each open 60-minutes typically costing \$200²

\$150B

Lost annually by providers due to missed appointments²



Current NEMT solutions are falling short

Long & Unpredictable ETAs

Require **24-72 hours advance** notice for a ride

Imprecise pickup and dropoff ETAs; usually +/- 3 hours

Unreliable Supply

Driver no shows are common

Limited supply relative to demandleads to taxi use as a last resource

Limited Transparency

No way to track ETA or ride progress in real time

High amount of fraud with an inability to detect, deter, or remedy it



Ridesharing can help patients get to and from care.



On-demand access in minutes.



Cost efficient, transparent pricing.



Established network that scales.



Easy for patients. Easy for healthcare.



Real results that matter

Prevented no-shows with rides less than 5 mins away

Allowed transportation budget to go 40% further

Increased schedule fill rates by 5-10 percentage points

"We can request an Uber trip in time to help a patient make an appointment they would otherwise miss."

Pete Celano MedStar Health Institute





Build solutions that protect healthcare organizations

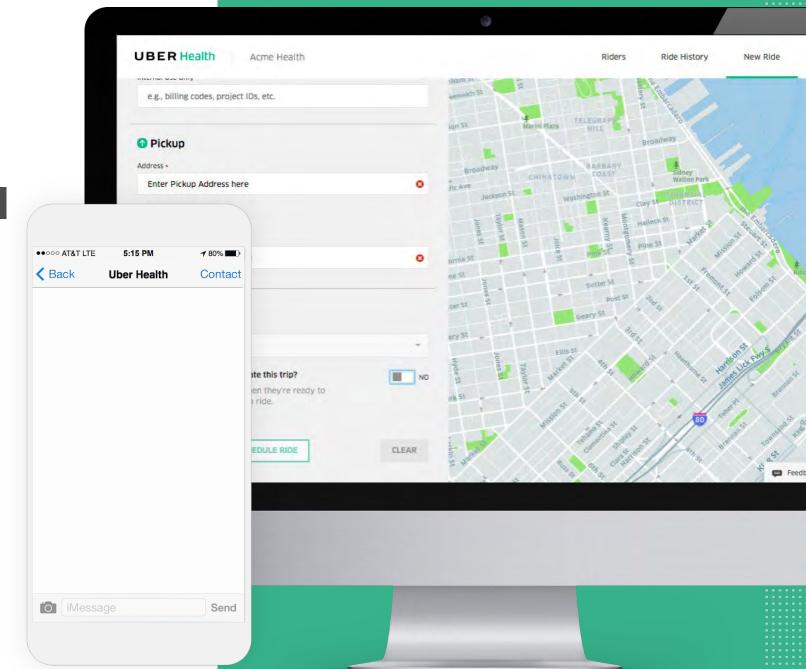
- HIPAA-compliant infrastructure
- Focus on patient privacy
- Comprehensive rider safety features





Build solutions that provide access for all

- Works without an app
- No smartphone required
- Caregiver can coordinate directly





Build solutions that provide access for those in need

- Wheelchair accessible vehicles
- Door-to-door assistance



"Uber WAV will empower people requiring wheelchair accessible vehicles to get a ride when they need one by simply pressing a button."

Tony Coelho Co-author of the Americans with Disabilities Act



Build solutions grounded in acceptance

- Zero tolerance policy towards discrimination of any kind
- No distinction between an Uber Health riders versus an Uber rider
- Payment handled digitally



"They tell us that the drivers treat them with kindness and respect, something they really value given many of them live below the poverty line."

Rachel Lambert
Coo, Mountain Park Health Center

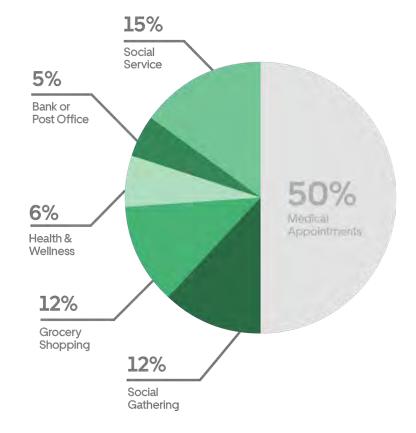




Uber Health

Healthy lives are more than just doctor appointments

Access to transportation gave seniors a sense of freedom and independence that ultimately increased their quality of life.



"Not only provided transportation service but gave them some freedom to get out of their home and get about in the City."





Road ahead for building healthier communities



Meal delivery



Prescription delivery



Medical device transport



Public transit modalities



Medicaid benefit solution



IVR Based Call Center

Uber Health

Uber Health

Dan Trigub
Uber Health
trigub@uber.com



Accelerating quality & financial outcomes through member health improvement

Agenda

Objective: Learn operational keys to success in targeted benefits programs

- Uniformity Flexibility Opportunities: Targeting benefits to conditions
- A real example of putting the idea into practice
- Operational challenges to consider
- Solutions to key challenges



Uniformity Flexibility Opportunities

BENEFIT FLEXIBILITY OVERLOAD!!!

VBID 1.0 (2017 to 2019)

Uniformity Flexibility Indication-based Formularies VBID 2.0 (2020+)

Relaxed Definition of Primarily Health Related

Part B Step Therapy Special
Supplemental
Benefits for
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Medicare Managed Care Manual Chapter 4 Benefits

Medicare Managed Care Chapter 16 Benefits

Social Determinants

Hospice Risk

Part D Modernization Program

"Abundant choice often makes for misery"

- Barry Schwartz, Scientific American, Dec. 2004

Makely



What are we really talking about?

Reducing barriers and increasing motivation for members to take the right action for their chronic conditions and improve health



Reducing barriers

- Free or discounted out of pocket costs for procedures & supplemental benefits
- Automatic enrollment in programs
- Creating awareness of opportunity

Increasing motivation

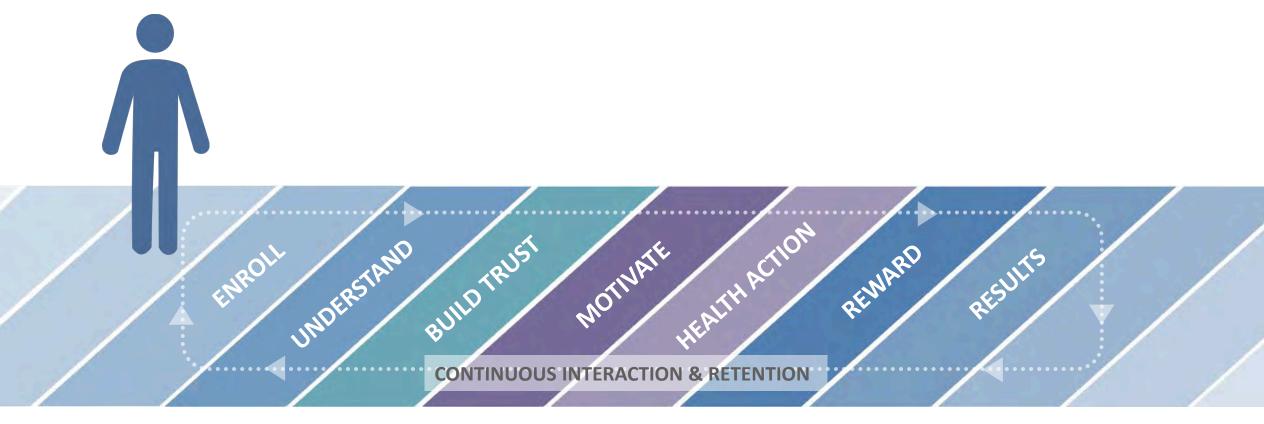
- Rewarded behaviors
- Personalized education & guidance
- Exclusivity & Scarcity selective eligibility, time-based offers

Right action

- Opportunities limited to impacting specific conditions
- Emphasizing a narrower set of actions with higher impact versus all healthy behaviors



Health Action Engagement



Fueled by Analytics, Campaign Management, & Monitoring



VBID Example: A condition-based program designed to encourage compliance

VBID Example

By focusing on evidence-based medicine requirements in six areas:



Remove barriers to care



Follow evidence-based medicine guidelines



Control their medical costs



Use tools and resources to better manage their health



Follow their doctor's care plan



Blood sugar (A1C)



Cholesterol (LDL)



Office visits



Retinal eye exam (diabetes only)



Renal/kidney function (diabetes only)



Cancer screenings

Condition-Based Plan Design features:







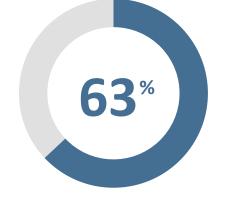
VBID Example: Helping to lower medical costs by increasing compliance

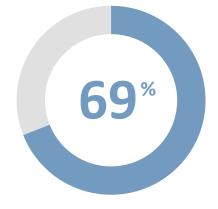


Expenditures are on average 2.3x higher for those with diabetes than those without diabetes.

VBID program members enrolled in 2016:







of participants achieved compliance with one doctor visit while enrolled.

of participants completed their annual cholesterol LDL blood test.

of participants completed their annual blood sugar tests.



Things to consider

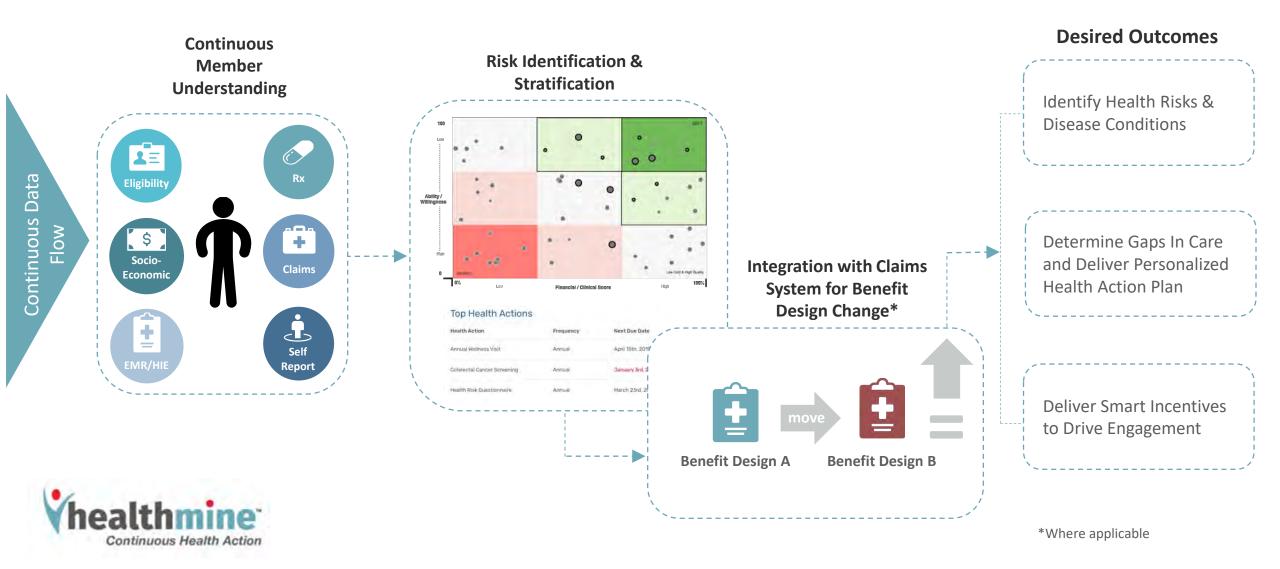
Operational Challenges to Address for Success



- ✓ Adjusting benefits based on a member's health in real time
- ✓ Creating awareness of the new program & motivation to engage
- Making it easy and clear for the members to take action
- **✓** Fitting the program into your plan's bid, budgeting, & operations timelines
- ✓ Getting support for this idea internally



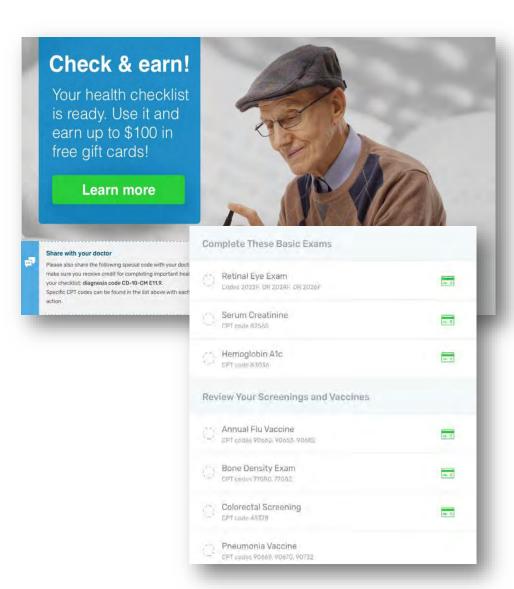
Challenge 1: Adjusting benefits based on a member's health in real time



Challenge 2: Creating awareness & motivation

Example Solution: Personalized Communications



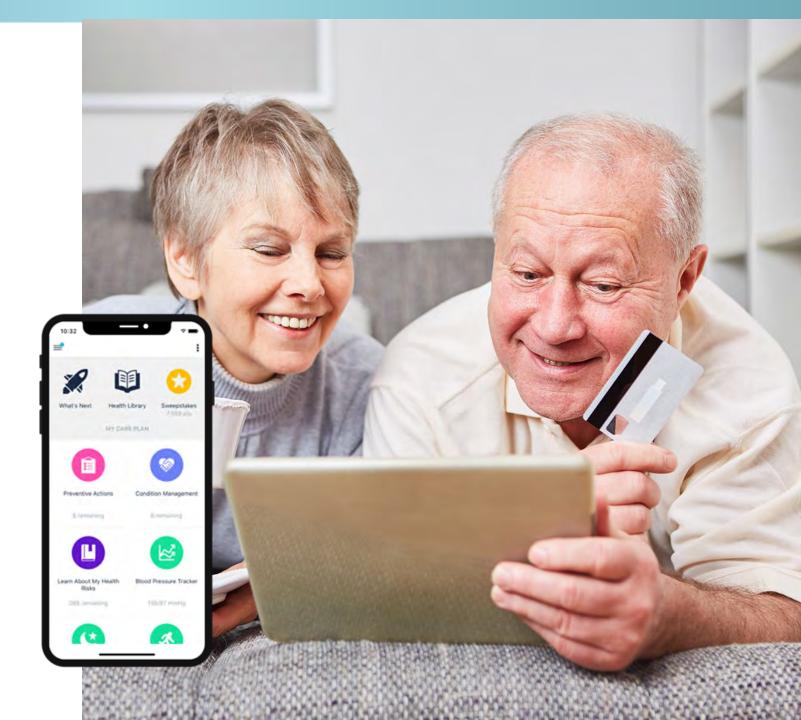


Challenge 3: Making it easy and clear

Example Solution:

 Members who used the mobile app closed 25% more gaps in care





Challenge 4: Fitting the program into your plan's timelines

Two options:









1

Fund member engagement programs inside the bid

- Uniformity Flexibility benefit design opportunities
- VBID innovation model

2

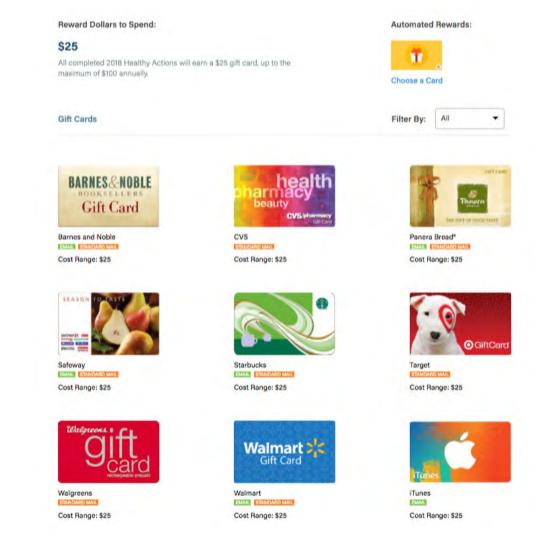
Fund member engagement outside the bid with rewards & incentives programs



Example Solution: Personalized Incentive & Rewards Programs

Pros:

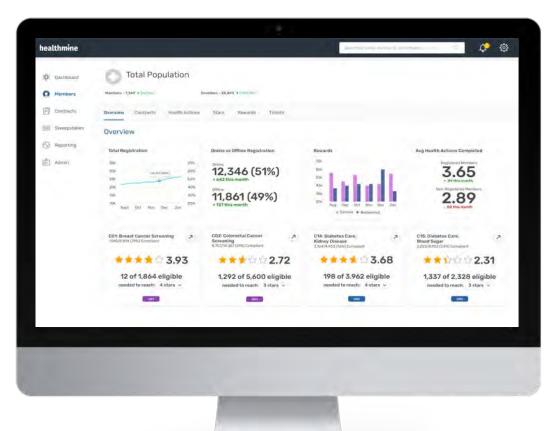
- Incentives are still personalized
- Not dependent upon the bid
- No claims system Integration
- Greater member choice
- Adjustable throughout the year
- More flexible to target other conditions & health actions





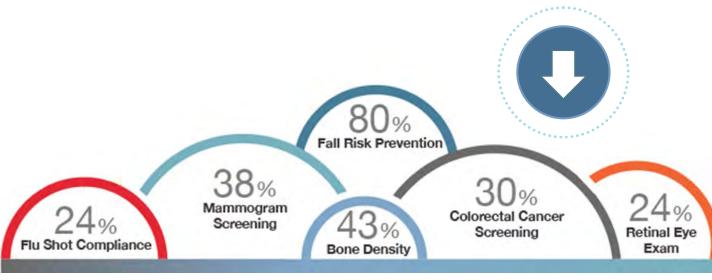
Challenge 5: Getting support internally

Example Solution: Align benefits strategy to other goals









Summary

- Target conditions to limit cost exposure and increase impact
- Targeted VBID-esque programs are not new and are effective
- Correction: These programs can be effective. Plan ahead for operational challenges to meet or exceed actuarial estimates
- Ways to overcome challenges:
 - Solve for the real-time risk identification problem
 - o Personalize communications to the health of the member
 - Multi-modal experiences
 - Don't limit yourself to bid submission timelines or benefits as the incentive
 - O Align strategy (and investments) with other organizational goals to garner support



Thank you!



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Appendix



Value Based Insurance Design 2.0



What is MA VBID?

"The Medicare Advantage Value-Based Insurance Design (VBID) Model is an opportunity for Medicare Advantage plans to offer supplemental benefits or reduced cost sharing to enrollees with the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) specified chronic conditions, focused on the services that are of highest clinical value to them. The model tests whether this can improve health outcomes and lower expenditures for Medicare Advantage enrollees."





VBID Timeline

2017

- 1st year
- 7 states
- 9 MAOs
- 7 specified chronic conditions
- Eligible individuals identified using ICD-10 Codes

2018

- 10 states
- 10 MAOs
- 9 specified chronic conditions
- Eligible individuals identified using ICD-10 Codes

2019

- 25 states
- MAOs can propose additional chronic conditions
- C-SNPs can participate
- Plans can use CMS data (not just ICD-10) to propose method

2020

- All States & Territories
- Benefit based on low income subsidy
- All SNPs (I,C,D) can participate
- Telehealth for network adequacy
- More robust Rewards & Incentives

2021

 Hospice carvein



VBID Overview

Wellness & Healthcare Planning (REQUIRED FOR ALL VBID PARTICIPANTS)

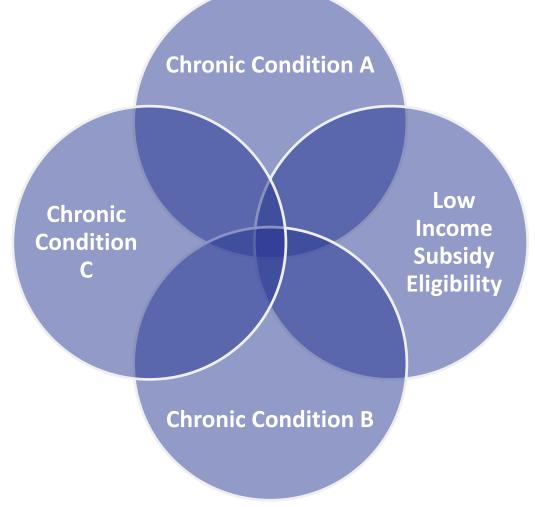
Value-Based Insurance Design by Condition and/or Socioeconomic (LIS) status

Rewards & Incentives

Telehealth Networks



VBID – Target Population Example



Number of enrollees targeted must be "large enough for CMS to be able to conduct a meaningful evaluation of the intervention."

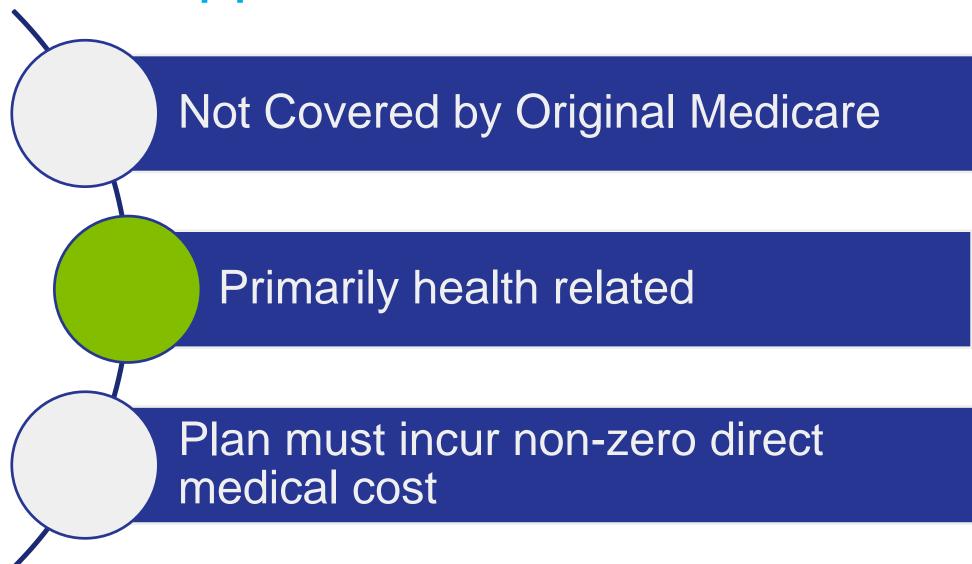
- VBID Request for Applications



Special Supplemental Benefits for Chronically III



What is a Supplemental Benefit?





Expanding the Definition

Definition of supplemental benefits expanded for 2019 benefit year:

2019 Final Call Letter

- Include services that:
 - Diagnose
 - Compensate for physical impairments
 - Act to ameliorate the functional/psychological impact of injuries or health conditions
 - Reduce avoidable emergency and healthcare utilization

Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018

- Expanded to include "not primarily health related benefits" for chronically ill beneficiaries
 - Services must only have a reasonable expectation of improving or maintaining the health or overall function of the chronically ill beneficiary
- Expected to allow plans to address non-clinical needs



SSBCI Eligibility

- Eligible chronically ill enrollees must:
 - Have one or more comorbid and medically complex chronic conditions that is life threatening or significantly limits the overall health or function of the enrollee
 - Have a high risk of hospitalization or other adverse health outcomes
 - Require intensive care coordination
- Eligible conditions are defined in MMCM, Chapter 16B
 - 15 conditions identified
- Plans have leeway in assessing second and third criteria, but methodology should be documented



Other SSBCI Considerations

- Beginning in 2020, uniformity requirement is waived for SSBCI
 - Plans may target SSBCI to individual enrollee's specific medical condition and needs
 - Enrollees can be excluded if benefit does not have a reasonable likelihood of improving that specific enrollee's health or overall function
 - MA plans must develop objective criteria regarding determination of eligibility
- Other requirements related to SSBCI
 - CMS seeking comment whether or not to vary benefits based on socioeconomic status
 - Plans are required to coordinate MA benefits with community and social services generally available in the area served by the MA plan
 - Plans are expected to briefly describe their benefits in the PBP in category B19



SSBCI Updates from CMS – Apr 24, 2019

- On April 24, 2019 CMS released additional guidance on SSBCIs in a memorandum titled "Implementing Supplemental Benefits for Chronically III Enrollees
- MA plans may consider social determinants of health as a factor to help identify chronically ill enrollees whose health could be improved or maintained with SSBCI
 - They may use social determinants to further limit SSBCI eligibility
 - However, they may not use social determinants of health as the sole basis for determining eligibility for SSBCI
- Plans have the flexibility to establish maximum benefit coverage amounts for each SSBCI, or a combined amount that includes multiple SSBCIs
- Additional detail provided on examples of "not primarily health related benefits"

