



Case Study SPRING/FALL 2020

Design & Accounting Exam-U.S.

EXAM RETDAU

U.S. Exam Case Study — Course DA Retirement

National Oil Company Background

National Oil Company (NOC) is a large, well-established company that services oil wells all over the country of Gevrey. NOC has been in existence for over 30 years and has approximately 9,000 full-time salaried and union hourly employees and up to a further 7,000 non-skilled seasonal employees during the non-winter months. Approximately one-half of the seasonal employees return for another season. The full-time workforce is reasonably stable, but turnover in the last 5 years has been greater than desired due to competitors recruiting NOC's employees.

Normally, an undergraduate degree is a minimum requirement to obtain entry to the salaried workforce and many employees have graduate degrees. About half of NOC's salaried employees are recruited directly from university with the other half coming from competitors.

The company's financial position varies with the price of oil. As oil prices rise, oil companies become increasingly active and in turn require the services of NOC. Conversely, activity slows as oil prices drop. Despite this, the company is usually in a taxable position.

NOC has managed to be successful by staying on the cutting edge of technology. NOC prides itself on being state of the art in processes and software relevant to its industry. This has helped it to stave off competition from both inside and outside of Gevrey. Although NOC is the largest player in the industry within Gevrey, there are larger players from outside of the country, with which NOC has to compete. From time to time, there are rumors of a takeover of NOC.

Country of Gevrey Background

Gevrey is a modern developed country with a simplified tax system. Both corporations and individuals are subject to income tax at a flat rate of 40%. Reasonable operating expenses, including contributions to Eligible Retirement Plans (ERPs), reduce taxable income.

No pension legislation exists apart from the rules outlined herein.

Rules that apply to gain ERP status are as follows:

Defined Benefit Plans (DB ERPs)

- Employer contributions may not exceed those recommended by an actuary, in accordance with generally accepted actuarial practice
- Employer contributions are an eligible expense to reduce the employer's taxable income
- Periodic pensions may not exceed \$3,000 per annum for each year of service regardless of form or commencement age
- Periodic pensions cannot commence prior to age 55
- Investment earnings generated by the ERP pension fund are not taxable
- Pension payments are taxed as received in the hands of the recipient
- No employee contributions are permitted
- Plan sponsors have unconditional rights to a refund of surplus assets

Defined Contribution Plans (DC ERPs)

- Employer contributions for any individual plan member cannot exceed \$20,000 annually
- Employer contributions are an eligible expense to reduce the employer's taxable income
- Investment earnings generated by the ERP pension fund are not taxable until withdrawn
- Benefit distributions are taxed as received in the hands of the recipient
- Employer contributions may or may not be dependent on employee contributions
- Individuals may contribute up to \$20,000 annually
- Such contributions are tax deductible to the individual

The tax assistance available under each of the above two arrangements does not depend on the extent of participation under the other one. For example, an individual could participate in a DC ERP and, if eligible under the plans' rules, also a DB ERP of his or her employer.

Supplemental Retirement Plans (SRPs)

Contributions to a retirement plan that does not meet ERP status are not tax-deductible. Benefits paid to participants under such plans are tax deductible to the company and are taxable to participants, when paid to participants. Such a plan is known as a Supplemental Retirement Plan (SRP). An example of an SRP is a plan that restores the benefits lost by the imposition of the ERP maximums.

Retiree Health Care Plans

Employers in Gevrey may provide health care benefits to retirees and their spouses through a separate plan which is not intended to qualify for ERP status. Benefits (including insurance premiums) paid under such plans are tax deductible to the company when paid on behalf of participants. Benefits payable as an indemnity for health related services are not taxable to plan participants at any time.

* * *

No social security pension system exists in Gevrey and there are no state-provided life or health care benefits.

For financial reporting purposes, Gevrey has adopted Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP).

Gevrey has a well-developed investment market with substantial trading in government bonds, corporate bonds, and equities.

Summary of National Oil's Retirement Benefits

NOC maintains two retirement plans:

- 1. Full-Time Pension Plan: final-average pay defined benefit ERP for its full-time employees;
- 2. Retiree Health Benefit Program: lifetime coverage for full-time employees retiring with the company.

Part-time and/or seasonal employees are not covered under either plan.

National Oil Full-Time Pension Plan

Key Plan Provisions

Eligibility Immediate

Vesting 100% after 5 years of service

Normal Retirement Age 65

Early Retirement Age 55 with 5 years of service

Earnings Base pay, excluding overtime and bonuses

Best Average Earnings Average annual earnings during 60 consecutive months in which

earnings were highest

Benefit Service One year credited for any calendar year in which 1,000 or more hours

are worked; otherwise zero

Normal Retirement Benefit 2% of Best Average Earnings times years of Benefit Service, subject to

tax system maximum

Early Retirement Benefit Benefit calculated as under the Normal Retirement Benefit formula

using Best Average Earnings and service as of date of calculation

Normal Retirement Benefit reduced by 0.25% per month that early

retirement precedes age 62

Form of Benefit If married, 50% joint & survivor annuity without reduction

If not married, single life annuity

Optional Forms of Benefit None

Indexing None

Termination Benefit Lump sum equal to actuarial present value of Normal Retirement

Benefit

Pre-Retirement Death Benefit Lump sum equal to actuarial present value of Normal Retirement

Benefit payable to named beneficiary

Disability Benefit None

National Oil Full-Time Pension Plan

Demographic Summary as of January 1, 2020

				Se	ervice (Years)			
			< 5	5-10	10-15	15-20	>20	Totals
	< 25	# Participants	50	10	-	-	-	60
		Average Salary	43,000	54,000	-	-	-	44,800
	25-35	# Participants	390	100	20	-	-	510
		Average Salary	60,000	72,000	74,000	-	-	62,900
	35-45	# Participants	290	180	130	100	10	710
_		Average Salary	72,000	85,000	89,000	95,000	83,000	81,800
Age (Years)	45-55	# Participants	200	140	140	200	200	88
rears)	40-00	Average Salary	71,000	83,000	91,000	99,000	107,000	90,60
	55-65	# Participants	120	100	100	150	270	74
		Average Salary	69,000	80,000	86,000	96,000	107,000	92,10
	> 65	# Participants	20	30	20	30	50	15
		Average Salary	66,000	80,000	91,000	100,000	115,000	95,300
	Totals	# Participants	1,070	560	410	480	530	3,050
		Average Salary	65,600	80,500	88,300	97,300	107,300	83,600
		Average Age	47.2					
		Average Service	10.9					
		Average Salary	83,600					

econciliation of Plan Participants				
	Pensioners/			
	Actives	Beneficiaries	Total	
Participants as of January 1, 2019	3,030	1,595	4,625	
- New Entrants/Rehires	300	-	300	
- Terminated Nonvested	(90)	-	(90)	
- Terminated Vested (Lump Sum Cashout)	(60)	-	(60)	
- Retirement	(125)	125	-	
- Death w/ Beneficiary	(3)	(10)	(13)	
- Death w/o Beneficiary	(2)	(5)	(7)	
- Net change	20	110	130	
Participants as of January 1, 2020	3,050	1,705	4,755	

2019	2020

Participant Summary – January 1		
Active Participants		
(a) count	3,030	3,050
(b) average age	47.1	47.2
(c) average service	10.8	10.9
(d) average future working lifetime	11.9	11.8
(e) average future working lifetime to vesting (for those not)	2.5	2.5
(f) average plan earnings (prior year)	82,600	83,600
Deferred Vested Participants		
(a) count	-	-
Pensioners (including beneficiaries)		
(a) count	1,595	1,705
(b) average age	67.5	67.4
(c) average annual benefit	21,816	22,020
Duration of plan liabilities	13.1	13.0

Plan Assets (numbers in \$000's) *		
Change in Plan Assets during Prior Year		
(a) Market Value of Assets at January 1 of prior year	590,439	624,431
(b) Employer Contributions during prior year	33,590	34,860
(c) Benefit Payments during prior year	(32,400)	(34,800)
(d) Expenses during prior year	(32,400)	(04,000)
(e) Investment return during prior year	32,802	44,337
(f) Market Value of Assets at January 1 of current year	624,431	668,828
(g) Rate of return during prior year	5.55%	7.10%
(g) Nate of return during prior year	3.3370	7.1070
Average Portfolio Mix During Prior Year		
(a) Domestic Large Cap Equities	30%	30%
(b) Domestic Small Cap Equities	20%	15%
(c) Domestic Fixed Income	35%	35%
(d) International Equities	5%	10%
(e) Real Estate	5%	5%
(f) Cash	<u>5%</u>	<u>5%</u>
(g) Total	100%	100%
Duration of Domestic Fixed Income	10.0	9.0
Asset Class Returns during Prior Year		
(a) Domestic Large Cap Equities	7%	11%
(b) Domestic Small Cap Equities	6%	14%
(c) Domestic Fixed Income	5%	4%
(d) International Equities	2%	5%
(e) Real Estate	7%	-5%
(f) Cash	1%	1%

^{*} numbers may not add due to rounding

2019	2020
------	------

Expense Valuation – January 1 (numbers in \$000's) *				
Funded Status and Deferred Costs				
(a) Accumulated Benefit Obligation	(885,742)	(961,292)		
(b) Projected Benefit Obligation		, ,		
(i) Vested	(1,023,270)	(1,092,176)		
(ii) Non-vested	(53,856)	(57,483)		
(iii) Total	(1,077,127)	(1,149,659)		
(c) Fair Value of Assets	624,431	668,828		
(d) Funded Status: (b)(iii) + (c)	(452,695)	(480,831)		
(e) Unrecognized (gains)/losses	148,415	147,412		
. Net Periodic Pension Cost				
(a) Service cost (beg. of year)	57,706	58,986		
(b) Interest cost	41,904	44,620		
(c) Expected return on assets	(39,029)	(41,742)		
(d) Amortization of prior service cost	-	-		
(e) Amortization of (gain)/loss	3,415	2,740		
(f) Net Periodic Pension Cost	63,996	64,605		
[All plan administrative expenses are paid and accounted	for outside of the plan fund]			
. Actuarial Basis and Supplemental Data				
(a) Discount rate	3.75%	3.75%		
(b) Return on assets	6.25%	6.25%		
(c) Mortality	RP-2014 with no mortality improvement			
(d) Salary scale	3.25%	3.00%		
(e) Inflation	3.00%	2.75%		
(f) Turnover	NOC experience during period 2000-05			
(g) Proportion married and age difference	80% married; male spouses 3 years older than female spouses			
(h) Retirement age	Age 62			
(i) Expenses	Assume all expenses paid by company			
(j) Asset valuation method	Market value			
(k) Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit			
(I) Expected employer contributions	34,858	35,631		
(m) Expected benefit payments	(34,800)	(37,540)		
(n) Gain/loss amortization method	10% corridor; amortized over average future v	vorking lifetime		

^{*} numbers may not add due to rounding

National Oil Retiree Health Benefit Program

Key Plan Provisions

Eligibility Immediate

Earliest Retirement Age 55 with 10 years of service

Retirement benefit Retirees and their spouses may elect to participate in a

self-insured health plan with 100% of the plan cost paid

by the employer

Pre-retirement / termination benefits None

Spousal coverage Coverage continues for the life of the spouse after death of

an eligible retiree

Cost sharing \$0 deductible

\$0 copay

No coinsurance No lifetime maximum

Benefits covered Office visits

Hospital visits Surgery

Prescription drugs

Life Insurance benefit \$50,000 payable upon death after retirement

2019 2020

Expense Valuation Results – January 1 (numbers in \$000's) *			
. Funded Status and Deferred Costs			
(a) Accumulated Postretirement Benefit Obligation			
(i) actives - fully vested	(475,546)	(516,407)	
(ii) actives - not fully vested	(203,806)	(221,317)	
(iii) retirees	(649,766)	(753,026)	
(iv) total	(1,329,118)	(1,490,750)	
(b) Fair Value of Assets	-	-	
(c) Surplus: (a)(iv) + (b)	(1,329,118)	(1,490,750)	
(d) Unrecognized prior service costs	1,226	-	
(e) Unrecognized (gains)/losses	(1,241,515)	(1,082,032)	
Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost			
(a) Service cost (beg. of year)	62,903	67,681	
(b) Interest cost	51,834	58,019	
(c) Expected return on assets	-	-	
(d) Amortization of prior service cost	1,226	-	
(e) Amortization of (gain)/loss	(93,004)	(78,797)	
(f) Net Periodic Postretirement Benefit Cost	22,959	46,903	
[All plan administrative and claims expenses are included	in the claims costs used to determine the plan	liability.]	
Expected Benefit Payments	(19,584)	(22,494)	
Average Future Working Lifetime to Retirement	11.9	11.8	
Average Future Working Lifetime to Full Eligibility Age	8.9	8.8	
Duration of plan liabilities	17.4	17.4	
Actuarial Assumptions and Supplemental Information			
(a) Discount rate	3.75%	3.75%	
(b) Return on assets	N/A	N/A	
(c) Medical trend			
Initial rate	5.50%	5.25%	
 Annual decrease 	0.25%	0.25%	
Ultimate rate	4.50%	4.50%	
 Year ultimate trend rate reached 	2023	2023	
(d) CPI	3.00%	2.75%	
(e) Per capita claims cost (not in \$000's)	14,800	15,800	
(f) Retirement assumption	Age 62 with 10 years of service		
(g) All other demographic assumptions	Same as those used for pension	•	
(h) Gain/loss amortization method	10% corridor; amortized over average future working lifetime		

^{*} numbers may not add due to rounding