TRANSACTIONS OF SOCIETY OF ACTUARIES 1975 REPORTS

II. MORTALITY ON POLICIES FOR LARGE AMOUNTS

ABSTRACT

This is the latest in a series of quinquennial reports on intercompany mortality experience under Standard Ordinary life insurance policies for large amounts. The data were contributed by sixteen large life insurance companies and are presented in the form of actual and expected deaths together with the numbers of lives terminated by death and the ratios of actual to expected. Expected deaths are based on a twenty-five-year select table constructed for this purpose from the 1968–73 Standard Ordinary intercompany experience on policies for all amounts. To facilitate comparisons, expected deaths and mortality ratios based on the 1965–70 Basic Tables and on the (single) experience table used for the last two large-amount studies are also shown in the major tables of the Appendix.

This study covers the experience between policy anniversaries in 1968 and 1973 in the first twenty-five policy years after issue. In addition to the usual categories of issue age and policy year, the data are subdivided by plan of insurance, sex, the presence or absence of a supplemental term element, classification amount group (defined as the total amount of insurance likely to be in force on the life in all companies including the current application), purpose of the insurance, and insured's annual income. The current study includes, for the first time, experience on paramedical and nonmedical issues, but the volume of business in those underwriting classes was not sufficient to justify separate analysis. An analysis of the deaths by cause is also included.

The mortality experience for large-amount policies was 89 per cent of the corresponding mortality for policies of all sizes combined. Term plan mortality was 90 per cent, as compared with 89 per cent for permanent plans with and without term riders. The mortality ratios were quite high at the lower issue ages, leveling off at ages 50 and above. There was little pattern by policy year. Female mortality, measured on the same basis of expected deaths, was about 68 per cent of male mortality. As the result of a single large claim, female term mortality was considerably higher than male mortality on permanent plans. As in the previous study, male permanent plans having a supplemental term element showed lower mortality than did the corresponding plans without a supplemental term element.

Issues of 1959 and later were categorized by purpose of insurance and annual income of the insured. In the current study, these data constituted 73 per cent of the total exposure and 50 per cent of the total death claim amount. The mortality for business insurance was very favorable, while each of the other categories experienced mortality slightly above the study average. By annual income, the mortality ratios were slightly above average for those earning between \$10,000 and \$49,999 and lower for those with either higher or lower incomes.

GUIDE TO TABLES

				Таві	LES IN T	Гехт*						Тав	LES IN .	Append	ıx†	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	В	С	р	Е	F	G	н
Table variables: Plan Sex		2 2	3 3	4	5		7 7	8	9	В	С	D			G	Н
Term element. Age at issue Policy year Classification amount Purpose	1		3	4		6	7 7 7	8 8 8		B B	c c	D	E	F F F	G	1 -
Annual income. Historic comparisons. Cause of death. Issue years included:							7	8	9		1		E		G	Н
1934 72 1944-72 1959-72 Basis of expected deaths:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н
1958-63 Experience 1968-73 Experience 1965-70 Basic Table Contemporaneous experience	1	2	3	4	5	6	/	8	9	B B B	C C C	D D D	E	F	G	Н

^{*} In addition, Table 10 provides historic detail of motor vehicle and aviation deaths.

[†] In addition, Table A lists the contributing companies and Table J indicates the mortality rates in the 1968-73 Experience Table.

There has been a definite decrease in the mortality ratios from previous study periods, both absolutely and relative to the contemporaneous all-amounts experience. With expected deaths calculated on the 1958-63 Experience Table, which was used in the last two studies, the large-amount mortality ratios for the three latest five-year periods have been 94, 88, and 80 per cent, respectively. Ratios of large-amount mortality to the corresponding Standard Ordinary experience on policies for all amounts for the last three five-year periods have been 94, 92 (estimated), and 89 per cent. On the basis of the 1958-63 Experience Table, mortality ratios decreased from the previous study for all adult issue-age groups, for all policy-year groups, and for all classification amount groups.

Actual claims both for suicides and for accidents and homicide far exceeded expected levels. Claims from malignant neoplasms were also high.

INTRODUCTION

This report presents the findings of the latest in a series of intercompany studies of the mortality on policies for large amounts. The current study includes the experience on Standard Ordinary issues of 1944–72 from policy anniversaries in 1968 to policy anniversaries in 1973. The previous report (TS.1, 1970 Reports, p. 118) covered the experience between 1963 and 1968 anniversaries.

The experience covered in this report is based on a total exposure of \$232 billion, an increase of more than 59 per cent from the previous study. Actual claims were nearly \$840 million on 10,952 lives. The average claim per life was \$76,668, an increase of less than \$650 from the previous study.

The study is by amounts of insurance on a select policy-year basis. Only policies resulting from one or more applications to a contributing company for a total of at least \$50,000 on one life during a ninety-day period and having a "classification amount" of at least \$50,000 are included in this study. Classification amount is defined as the total amount of insurance considered likely to be in force on the life, including previously issued policies in force in all companies, the amount currently being authorized for issue by the contributing company, and the amount likely to be authorized under any known concurrent applications to other companies. All kinds of individual and group insurance are to be included, where the information is available.

The study is divided between permanent and term plans. In addition, permanent plans are coded to indicate the presence or absence of supplemental term, whether level or decreasing.

For issues of 1959 and subsequent years the study includes information as to the purpose of the insurance and the estimated current annual income of the insured at the time of issue.

Reflecting the impact of inflation on the value of life insurance protec-

tion, the Committee increased the amount of insurance in the definition of a large-amount policy to \$100,000, effective for new issues of 1974 and subsequent calendar years. This change does not affect any policies previously identified as large-amount policies, nor does it have any impact on the results in this report, which covers issues of 1944–72.

In the past, only medically examined business met the relatively large minimum-amount requirement for this study. Recent increases in non-medical limits and the introduction of paramedical underwriting have made it possible to issue large policies under these alternative procedures. Since the method of underwriting potentially has a significant impact on mortality results, the Committee asked contributing companies to report their experience for the current study by underwriting basis. All were able to do so. Since less than 1 per cent of the exposure originated from nonmedical and paramedical issues, the data for that experience are not presented separately in this report. In view of the increase in minimum application size for large-amount issues, nonmedical limits will have to increase considerably before those issues contribute a significant portion of large-amount exposure. However, it is anticipated that paramedical issues will become a more significant category in the future.

The study is limited to the experience in the first twenty-five policy years, since the volume of experience on large-amount policies issued more than twenty-five years before the exposure period is limited, and a size distinction made at issue would have little current underwriting significance.

Three different bases for expected deaths are used in the current study. The primary basis is a twenty-five-year select table constructed from the 1968-73 Standard Ordinary intercompany experience on policies for all amounts for male and female lives combined. This table and a description of its construction appear in the Appendix as Table J. In addition, Tables B, C, and D of the Appendix contain expected deaths and mortality ratios based on the 1965-70 Basic Tables (TSA, 1973 Reports, p. 199) and on the previous large-amount Experience Table (TSA, 1964 Reports, pp. 78-79). The latter table was constructed from the 1958-63 intercompany Standard Ordinary experience on policies for all amounts. The data on other bases of expected deaths are included to indicate trends and to provide comparability to other readily available mortality results.

The experience includes ten deaths due to the operations of war. These claims, which totaled \$477,000, represent less than 0.06 per cent of all claims by amount.

The names of the sixteen contributing companies and the proportionate exposures contributed by each are indicated in Table A of the Appendix.

More than 96 per cent of the exposure in the current investigation was submitted by fifteen companies, which also contributed to the annual Standard Ordinary mortality studies, but there are some marked differences in the relative proportions of the experience contributed by these companies to the two investigations. Since the general level of mortality varies among companies, the basis of expected deaths differs from what it would have been if each company's experience on Standard Ordinary medically examined issues for all amounts had been weighted in proportion to its contribution to the study of policies for large amounts.

EXPERIENCE BY AGE AT ISSUE, POLICY YEAR, CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT, SEX, AND PLAN OF INSURANCE

The large-amount mortality experience is summarized by age at issue, sex, and plan (permanent, term, or permanent with term rider) in Table 1; by policy year, sex, and plan in Table 2; and by classification amount, sex, and plan in Table 3. The number of lives terminated by death is shown in parentheses after the amount of actual claims; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total numbers of deaths shown in these tables.

Section A of each of these tables presents all the data without subdivision by sex or term element. Sections B and C show the experience separately for males and females without regard to the presence of a supplemental term element. In Sections D and E of these tables, the experience on male lives is presented separately for permanent plans without and with a supplemental term element, respectively. Because of the relatively small volume of experience on female lives with a supplemental term element, no corresponding analysis of the female experience is presented.

Aggregate Experience

On the basis of the 1968–73 Experience Table on policies for all amounts the aggregate large-amount mortality ratio was 89 per cent. The 95 per cent confidence interval for this ratio is (87.41 per cent, 90.81 per cent), indicating that, for this period, large-amount mortality was significantly lower than the corresponding mortality on policies for all amounts.

In contrast to the experience of previous large-amount studies, the 90 per cent mortality ratio experienced on term plans was only minimally higher than the 89 per cent ratio for permanent plans. In the last study, the aggregate term mortality ratio was 9 percentage points higher than that for permanent plans. This change may be related to an increase in the relative proportion of term business; in the current study, term plans

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1944 72

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

BY AGE AT ISSUE AND PLAN OF INSURANCE

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

	PERMANE	ENT PLANS		TERM	PLAN .		ALL PLANS				
Issue Age	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E		
3			A. N	Male and Female Lives, w	rith and without	Term Elen	nent				
0-9	\$ 1,446 (17)	\$ 1,008	143%	\$ 50 (1)	8 22	*	\$ 1,496 (18)	\$ 1,030	145%		
10–19	3,405 (44) 26,305 (434)	2,878 23,669	118 111	$\begin{array}{ccc} 35 & (1) \\ 7,772 & (165) \end{array}$	222 7.881	99%	3,440 (45) 34,077 (582)	3,100 31,550	111 108		
30–39		153,793	99	45,694 (895)	49,938	92	198,713 (2,984)	203,731	98		
40-49		284,773	88	71,420 (1,196)	81,006	88	322,744 (4,401)	365,779	88		
50-59		221,338	81	39,446 (629)	42,930	92	218,240 (2,868)	264,268	83		
60-69	53,636 (668)	63,342	85	3,802 (68)	5,306	72	57,438 (730)	68,648	84		
70 and over	3,440 (53)	3,990	86	78 (2)	187	*	3,518 (54)	4,177	84		
All	\$671,369 (8,603)	\$754,791	89%	\$168,297 (2,899)	\$187,492	90%	\$839,666 (10,952)	\$942,283	899		

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note, -Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note. -Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE 1 - Continued

	PER	RMANENT PLANS			Term l	PLANS			ALL P	LANS	
Issue Age	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims		Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims		Expected Claims	A/E
				B. Male Lives, v	with and	without Term	Element				
()-9 10-19 20-29 30-39 40-49 50-59 60-69 70 and over	\$ 1,296 (1 2,994 (3 24,896 (41 145,200 (2,13 238,403 (3,19 167,536 (2,15 48,081 (59 2,120 (3	5) 22,402 13) 146,707 15) 263,968 144) 196,133 18) 51,993 2,817	183% 134 111 99 90 85 92 75	44,451 (8 70,097 (1,1 35,629 (6	(57) (2)	\$ 16 203 7,665 48,493 77,543 40,026 4,855 173 \$178,974	* 100% 92 90 89 71 *	2,994 32,548 (189,651 (2, 308,500 (4, 203,165 (2, 51,515 ((15) (39) 560) 866) 202) 671) 649) (38)	\$ 725 2,445 30,067 195,200 341,511 236,159 56,848 2,990 \$865,945	186% 122 108 97 90 86 91 74
				C. Female Lives,	with an	d without Term	Element				
0-9. 10-19. 20-29. 30.39. 40-49. 50-59. 60-69. 70 and over.	411 (1,409 (1 7,819 (9 12,921 (17 11,258 (17 5,555 (7	7,086 (3) 7,086 20,805	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	1,323 3,817	(0) (1) (3) (21) (27) (29) (11) (0)	\$ 6 19 216 1,445 3,463 2,904 451 14	* * 86% 38 131 82 *	9,062 (14,244 (15,075 (5,923	(3) (6) (22) 118) 199) 197) (81) (16)	\$ 305 655 1,483 8,531 24,268 28,109 11,800 1,187	* 103% 106 59 54 50 111
All	\$ 40,843 (53	\$ 67,820	60%	\$ 6,906	(92)	\$ 8,518	81%	\$47,749 (620)	\$ 76,338	639

TABLE 1 Continued

	Permanent Plans												
Issue Age	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E							
	D. Male Lives	without Term Element		E. Male L	ives with Term Eleme	nt							
0-9	\$ 1,296 (14)	\$ 667	1940	s 0 (0)	\$ 42	*							
0 19	2,929 (38) 17,125 (262)	$\frac{2,041}{14,796}$	144 116	65 (1) 7,771 (158)	201 7,606	102%							
60-39	102,874 (1,436)	99,790	103	42,326 (785)	46,917	90							
0-49	194,345 (2,561)	211,258	92	44,058 (734)	52,710	84							
0 -59	149,426 (1,909)	173,281	86	18,110 (267)	22,852	79							
0-69	45,256 (554)	47,901	94	2,825 (46)	4,092	69							
0 and over	1,995 (35)	2,653	75	125 (2)	164	*							
All	\$515,246 (6,407)	\$552,387	930;	\$115,280 (1,946)	\$134,584	86%							

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.—Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

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TABLE 2

Large-Amount Issues of 1944-72 Experience between 1968 and 1973 Anniversaries by Policy-Year Group and Plan of Insurance

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

	PERMANENT PLANS			TER	M PLANS	ALL PLANS			
Policy Years	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actuai Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E
			A. 3	Tale and Female Lives,	with and without	Term Ele	ment		
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25		\$ 73,651 120,979 187,202 185,363 126,308 61,288	88% 85 95 89 84 89	\$ 28,965 (381) 33,903 (477) 32,116 (535) 28,062 (552) 29,323 (666) 15,928 (385)	\$ 30,291 37,463 38,806 30,183 32,665 18,084	96% 90 83 93 90 88	\$ 93,831 (1,155) 137,138 (1,729) 210,735 (2,786) 192,527 (2,948) 135,139 (2,297) 70,296 (1,262)	\$103,942 158,442 226,008 215,546 158,973 79,372	90% 87 93 89 85 85
All	\$671,369 (8,603)	\$754,791	89%	\$ 168,297 (2,899)	\$187,492	90 <u>0</u>	\$839,666 (10,952)	\$942,283	89%

Note, -Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

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TABLE 2 -Continued

	Permane	ENT PLANS		TERM	PLANE		ALL	PLANS	
Policy Years	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	'	B. Male Lives, with an	d without Term	Element			
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21 25	96,221 (1,214) 167,174 (2,152) 154,986 (2,338)	\$ 67,443 110,172 169,233 168,953 114,660 56,510 \$686,971	90% 87 99 92 87 91	\$ 25,254 (357) 32,804 (459) 31,485 (522) 27,572 (543) 28,761 (646) 15,515 (376) \$161,391 (2,807)	\$ 29,016 35,832 37,175 29,008 30,930 17,013 \$178,974	87% 92 85 95 93 91 	\$ 86,208 (1,082) 129,025 (1,625) 198,659 (2,614) 182,558 (2,802) 128,627 (2,192) 66,840 (1,211) \$791,917 (10,332)	\$ 96,459 146,004 206,408 197,961 145,590 73,523 \$865,945	89% 88 96 92 88 91
				C. Female Lives, with a	nd without Term	Element	-	<u></u>	·
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	11,445 (160)	\$ 6,208 10,807 17,969 16,410 11,648 4,778	63% 65 64 58 51 64	\$ 3,711 (24) 1,099 (18) 631 (13) 490 (9) 562 (20) 413 (9)	\$ 1,275 1,631 1,631 1,175 1,735 1,071	291% 67 39 * 32	\$ 7,623 (73) 8,113 (104) 12,076 (172) 9,969 (146) 6,512 (105) 3,456 (51)	\$ 7,483 12,438 19,600 17,585 13,383 5,849	102% 65 62 57 49 59
All	\$ 40,843 (535)	\$ 67,820	60%	\$ 6,906 (92)	\$ 8,518	81%	\$ 47,749 (620)	\$ 76,338	63%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note, -Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note, -- Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE 2 -Continued

	Permanent Plans											
Policy Years	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E						
	D. Male Lives	without Term Element		E. Male Lives with Term Element								
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 49,478 (583) 74,864 (899) 133,661 (1,651) 125,791 (1,840) 84,364 (1,341) 47,088 (772)	\$ 54,394 86,013 132,773 134,025 93,347 51,835	91% 87 101 94 90 91	\$ 11,476 (172) 21,357 (324) 33,513 (536) 29,195 (544) 15,502 (332) 4,237 (121)	\$ 13,049 24,159 36,460 34,928 21,313 4,675	88% 88 92 84 73 91						
All	\$515,246 (6,407)	\$552,387	93%	\$115,280 (1,946)	\$134,584	86%						

TABLE 3

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1944-72 EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES BY CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT AND PLAN OF INSURANCE

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

		Permane	NT PLANS		Term	PLANS		All Plans			
68	Classification Amount	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	
				A. M	ale and Female Lives, w	ith and without	Term El	ement			
	\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$155,922 (3,719) 244,464 (3,786) 188,421 (1,673) 57,186 (252) 25,376 (59)	\$171,999 276,666 205,235 60,470 40,421	91% 88 92 95 63	\$ 49,295 (1,336) 59,436 (1,157) 38,031 (447) 10,384 (59) 11,151 (20)	\$ 48,143 71,080 44,882 13,203 10,184	102% 84 85 79 109	\$205,217 (4,961) 303,900 (4,796) 226,452 (2,008) 67,570 (296) 36,527 (74)	\$220,142 347,746 250,117 73,673 50,605	93% 87 91 92 72	
	All	\$ 671,369 (8,603)	\$754,791	89%	\$168,297 (2,899)	\$187,492	90%	\$839,666 (10,952)	\$942,283	89%	

Note, -Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table. Note, -Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE 3 Continued

Classification	PERS	IANENT PLANS			TERM	PLANS			ALL I	PLANS	
Amount	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	į	Expected Claims	A/E	Actı Clai		Expected Claims	A/E
				B. Male Lives,	with and	d without Term	Element			<u>_</u>	
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$141,811 (3,39 231,391 (3,62 178,884 (1,60 54,113 (24 24,327 (5	0) 253,580 6) 190,890 0) 55,818 7) 36,484	94% 91 94 97 67	\$ 47,232 (1 57,963 (1 37,071 10,374 8,751 \$161,391 (2	,130) (440) (58) (19)	\$ 44,978 68,346 43,399 12,680 9,571 \$178,974	105% 85 85 82 91	\$189,043 289,354 215,955 64,487 33,078 \$791,917	(4,583) (4,605) (1,936) (284) (71) (10,332)	\$195,177 321,926 234,289 68,498 46,055 \$865,945	97% 90 92 94 72
			C	. Female Lives,	with an	nd without Term	n Elemen	ı	!	!	
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 909,999. 1,000,000 and over.	\$ 14,111 (32 13,073 (16 9,537 (6 3,073 (1 1,049 (6) 23,086 7) 14,345	65% 57 66 66	\$ 2,063 1,473 960 10 2,400	(57) (27) (7) (1) (1)	\$ 3,165 2,734 1,483 523 613	65% 54 * *	\$ 16,174 14,546 10,497 3,083 3,449	(378) (191) (72) (12) (3)	\$ 24,965 25,820 15,828 5,175 4,550	65% 56 66 60
All	\$ 40,843 (53	5) \$ 67,820	60%	\$ 6,906	(92)	\$ 8,518	81%	\$ 47,749	(620)	\$ 76,338	63%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

TABLE 3 Continued

	Permanent Plans												
CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E							
	D. Male Lives	without Term Element		E. Male Lives	with Term Element								
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$106,628 (2,528) 187,607 (2,901) 153,088 (1,383) 47,506 (211) 20,417 (49)	\$110,950 200,156 161,451 47,694 32,136	96% 94 95 100 64	\$ 35,183 (920) 43,784 (798) 25,796 (259) 6,607 (38) 3,910 (9)	\$ 39,249 53,424 29,439 8,124 4,348	90% 82 88 81 *							
All	\$515,246 (6,407)	\$552,387	93%	\$115,280 (1,946)	\$134,584	86%							

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note,—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table. Note,—Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

provided nearly 34 per cent of the total exposures in the first two policy years, as compared with an estimated 27 per cent for the previous study. For female lives the term mortality ratio of 81 per cent was considerably higher than the 60 per cent experienced on permanent plans. This female term ratio was considerably inflated by a \$2.4 million second-policy-year claim in issue-age group 50–59. Without this claim, the female term mortality ratio would have been less than the female permanent plan ratio.

Experience by Issue Age (Table 1)

The large-amount experience is concentrated in issue-age groups 30-39, with 40 per cent of the exposures, and 40-49, with nearly 32 per cent. The mortality ratios generally decrease with advancing issue age but are quite flat for issue-age groups above 50. Both permanent and term plans followed this general pattern, except that the ratio for term plans at issue ages 50-59 was somewhat higher than at issue ages 40-49. The favorable experience at the older issue ages probably reflects more careful medical selection of large-amount risks for this group.

Experience by Policy Year (Table 2)

The total exposure decreases sharply by policy-year group, with 31 per cent of the total exposure in the first two policy years and 58 per cent of the total exposure in the first five policy years. Following this pattern, less than 7 per cent of the total exposure is in policy years 16–25.

The mortality ratios by policy-year group were remarkably uniform. The single claim previously described produced a very high term plan ratio for female lives in the first two policy years. In the absence of this single large claim, that ratio would have been 103 per cent rather than 291 per cent, and the aggregate term plan and all plans ratios for policy-year group 1–2 would have been lower than the corresponding ratios for all policy years combined.

Experience by Classification Amount (Table 3)

Classification amount group \$100,000-\$199,999 contributed the greatest amount of exposure—nearly 38 per cent of the total. As might be expected, the group of \$1 million and over was the smallest, with about 5 per cent.

The aggregate mortality experience was relatively uniform by classification amount group, except that the ratio for classification amount group \$1 million and over, 72 per cent, was considerably lower than for any other group. This is in spite of the \$2.4 million claim described earlier. Since there were 74 deaths in this classification amount, this is a significant result, reflecting careful underwriting on lives insured for very large

amounts. The permanent plan ratios were higher than the term plan ratios except for the smallest and largest classification amount groups.

Experience by Sex (Tables 1-3)

Since more than 93 per cent of the total exposure arose from policies issued on male lives, the male experience closely parallels that for both sexes combined. Most of the male mortality ratios were slightly higher than those for the combined experience. The aggregate male mortality ratio was 91 per cent.

The female experience is based on an exposure of \$14.2 billion and claims of \$47.7 million on 620 lives. In interpreting the mortality ratios for female lives, it should be kept in mind that the expected deaths are based on a combined mortality table constructed from data heavily weighted with male lives. The aggregate female mortality ratio was 63 per cent, or about 68 per cent of the corresponding male ratio. In the absence of the \$2.4 million female claim previously discussed, this ratio would have been 59 per cent, or 65 per cent of the male ratio. For all plans combined, the female mortality ratio exceeded the corresponding male ratio only at issue ages 30-39 and 70 and over (where only sixteen female lives were terminated by death). The female mortality ratios were uniformly lower than the corresponding male ratios for all policy yearplan categories except policy years 1-2 for term plans and for all plans combined. The female ratios were also lower for all permanent and term classification amount categories except that of \$1 million and over, where the single large term claim reverses this relationship.

As indicated above, the female term plan mortality ratio was higher than the female permanent plan ratio. This is in contrast to the male experience, where term plan mortality was slightly lower than that on permanent plans. Female mortality ratios for all plans combined exceeded 100 per cent for issue-age groups 20–29, 30–39, and 70 and over. Female mortality decreased by advancing policy-year group except for policy-year group 21–25. By classification amount group, there was no distinguishable pattern in the female mortality experience.

Experience on Male Lives by Term Element Classification (Tables 1-3)

Overall, slightly less than 27 per cent of the total exposure on permanent policies on male lives is derived from policies with a supplemental term element. The proportion is highest, around 34 per cent, for issueage groups 20–29 and 30–39, and less than 10 per cent for issue-age groups below 20 and 60 and over. The percentage of male permanent policies having a term element is relatively constant by policy-year group except

for policy years 21-25, where it declines. This percentage decreases sharply by increasing classification amount, from 34 per cent in the lowest class to about 16 per cent for classification amounts of \$1 million and over.

The mortality ratio for male lives without a term element, 93 per cent, was 7 percentage points higher than the ratio for corresponding plans with a term element. This pattern is consistent with the relationship of male mortality for permanent plans, 92 per cent, to that for term plans, 90 per cent. In the previous large-amount study, the same 7-point differential between male lives without a term element and male lives with a term element was observed, although the aggregate mortality ratio for male lives on term plans exceeded that on permanent plans by 8 percentage points. The apparent improvement in term plan mortality as compared with that on permanent plans may be related to the increasing proportion of total business written on term plans or plans with a supplemental term benefit or the introduction of permanent plans with an integral term feature. Any such interpretation is somewhat hazardous, however, because of the variation in product mix and underwriting standards from company to company.

The Appendix presents mortality data for more detailed classifications by age at issue and policy year in Table B, by age at issue and classification amount in Table C, and by policy year and classification amount in Table D, each subdivided by plan of insurance but without regard to sex or the inclusion of a supplemental term element.

EXPERIENCE BY PURPOSE OF INSURANCE AND INCOME OF INSURED

Purpose of insurance and annual income information was obtained for issues of 1959-72. The purpose-of-insurance categories were defined in the instructions as follows:

Personal insurance.—Insurance where the beneficiary is (a) wife, child, or other close relative; (b) estate; or (c) business involving a sole proprietorship.

Business insurance.—Insurance intended for the repurchase of the insured's interest in an organization having not more than five principal owners (partner-ship or close corporation).

Key-man or deferred compensation insurance. Insurance intended primarily for key-man or deferred compensation purposes.

Creditor or other insurance.—Insurance taken out to insure the repayment of a loan where either the creditor is designated beneficiary or the policy is assigned to the creditor. Also included here is any insurance the purpose of which does not fit the other categories.

This experience is analyzed in Table 4 by purpose of insurance, plan of insurance, and issue-age category. For all purposes combined, the mor-

TABLE 4

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1959-72

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

BY PURPOSE OF INSURANCE, PLAN OF INSURANCE, AND AGE AT ISSUE MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

	PERMANENT PL	ANS	TERM PLA	NS	ALL PLANS	
Issue Age	Actual Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	A/E
			A. Personal In	urance		
0-29	\$ 17,382 (266) 57,931 (839) 72,140 (1,098) 60,823 (867)	117% 105 88 82	\$ 4,416 (88 19,476 354 21,776 360 9,054 154	90	\$ 21,798 (350) 77,407 (1,157) 93,916 (1,428) 69,877 (1,006)	110°; 101 87 82
All	\$208,276 (3,014)	92%	\$54,722 950	877	\$262,998 3,868)	910;
	and the control that a state of the state of		E. Busines. In	saranco		
0~20 50~30 40~49 50 and over	\$ 550 11,680 26,724 30,461 365	* 100/~ 83 78	\$ 702 (0 1,539 [65 6,798 [90 4,596 [64	960	\$ 1.252 (16) 16.228 (206) 33.522 (382) 35.057 (426)	73°: 99 80 78
All	\$ 69,424 (812)	83/7	\$16,635 228	200	\$ 86,059 (1.017)	8277
			C. Key-Man Ir	surance		
0-29 30-39 40-49 50 and over	\$ 1,339 (14) 7,536 (85) 24,148 (202) 17,884 (177)	12257 89 107 68	\$ 135 (3 2,582 (31 7,939 (66 5,753 (49) 89°	\$ 1,474 (16) 10,118 (116) 32,087 (262) 23,637 (221)	103°; 89 111 77
All	\$ 50,907 (470)	87.57	\$16,409 (148) 120%	\$ 67,316 (601)	935
		D. (Creditor and Oth	r Insura	nce	
0-29 30-39 40-49 50 and over	\$ 100 (1) 1,022 (11) 1,834 (23, 2,473 (20)	* : 132°; : 79 : 104	\$ 0 (0 265 (5 1,429 (25 533 (8) * 110°	\$ 100 (1) 1,287 (15) 3,263 (48) 3,006 (27)	* 94°; 90 93
All .	\$ 5,429 (55)	9757	\$ 2,227 (38	79°	\$ 7,656 (91)	91%
			E. All Purpos	es		
0-29 30-39 40-49 50 and over	\$ 19,371 (285) 78,178 (1,040) 124,846 (1,526) 111,641 (1,324)	112% 103 90 79	\$ 5,253	90	\$ 24,624 (379) 105,040 (1,427) 162,788 (1,991) 131,577 (1,554)	106°; 99 90 80
All	\$334.036 (4,069)	8997	\$89,993 (1,321) 890	\$424,029 (5,200)	890

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note. Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.—Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by deaths.

tality ratios tend to decrease with advancing issue-age group for permanent plans and for all plans combined and generally tend to remain constant for term plans, as in the experience for all years of issue. As in the previous study, business insurance experienced the lowest ratios in both the permanent and term categories.

For all plans combined, the highest ratio for any purpose group, 93 per cent, was for key-man insurance. This represents a substantial increase over the 85 per cent (estimated ratio to 1963–68 all-amounts experience) ratio experienced for key-man insurance in the previous study. The mortality ratio for creditor and other insurance dropped significantly from 121 per cent (estimated ratio to 1963–68 all-amounts experience) in the preceding study period to the current 91 per cent. This is a very small category, including only 91 of the 5,200 deaths categorized by purpose of insurance.

The term plan ratio exceeded the corresponding ratio for permanent plans only for key-man insurance. This result was due partially to the single large term claim previously discussed, which served to increase the key-man ratio for term plans from 102 to 120 per cent.

For all plans combined, business insurance experienced the lowest ratios for issue-age groups 0–29 and 40-49, as well as all ages combined. Keyman insurance had the lowest ratio for issue-age groups 30-39 and 50 and over but experienced the highest ratio at issue-age group 40-49.

Table 5 shows this experience according to estimated annual income at issue, plan of insurance, and issue-age group. For all ages combined, the highest mortality ratios were observed for income levels \$10,000–\$49,999. This is consistent with the last study, in which the lowest ratios were experienced for incomes of \$50,000 and over for permanent plans and for all plans combined. The convex pattern by annual income was evident in both the permanent and term plan experience. By issue-age group, this pattern is most evident for permanent plans at ages 40 and over and for term plans at ages 50 and over. For incomes under \$10,000 the mortality ratios were much higher at issue ages 0-39 than at the higher issue ages.

With one exception, the ratios for the "income not accurately determined" category were lower than those for all incomes combined for every plan and issue-age group. In the previous large-amount study, the mortality ratios were very high for incomes not accurately determined.

Table E of the Appendix analyzes the experience on 1959-72 issues by annual income and purpose of insurance concurrently, with issue-age group as a third variable. Broader annual income and issue-age groupings are used, and creditor insurance is not shown because of the limited volume of data.

TABLE 5

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1959-72 ENPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES BY ESTIMATED ANNUAL INCOME AT ISSUE, AGE AT ISSUE,

AND PLAN OF INSURANCE

MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

	PERMANENT P	LANS	TERM P	LANS	ALL PLANS	
ESTIMATED ANNUAL INCOME AT ISSUE	Actual Claims	A, E	Actual Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	A , E
			A. Issue A	ges 0-29		
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000-\$19,999 20,000- 29,999 30,000- 49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined	\$ 8,311 133) 5,012 (95) 2,127 33) 1,285 12) 800 61 1,250 (51) \$86 10)	95 121 137 *	2,074 671 150 250 0	43) 88% 43) 84 (7) * (2) * (0) * 2) *	\$ 10,259 (174) 7,086 (136) 2,798 (40) 1,435 (14) 1,050 (8) 1,250 (5) 746 12,	91 117 119 *
$\mathbf{A}^{(j)}$	\$ 19.51 (288)	1127	\$ 5,253	995 8970	\$ 24,624 379)	106
			B. Issue Ag	es 30-39		
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000-\$19,999 20,000- 29,999 30,000- 49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined All	\$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc	100% 94 92 112 98 216 113	9,846 (2 6,982 (1 5,366 5 1,070 310 321	10) +3 3) * 6) *	\$ 10,08° 198) \$1,503 -586) 24,265 (357) 22,695 (253) 8,833 (75) 6,173 (22) 1,486 (22) \$105,040 (1,427)	101' 93 94 111 85 170 98
			C. Issue Ag	es 40-49	A CAMBRIA TO THE STATE OF THE S	
\$ 10,000-\$19,999 20,000- 29,999 30,000- 49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined		90 94 94 94 70 70	7,330 (1 7,780 (1 7,647 (4,457 (723	35) 7257 77) 91 47) 72 04) 75 550) 107 16) *	29,235 (561) 35,880 (554) 42,203 (521) 34,000 (246) 12,274 (56) 2,193 (24)	75°C 90 88 90 96 86 78
All	\$124,846 (1,526)		<u> </u>		\$162,788 (1,991)	900
		1	D. Issue Ages	50 and Ove	r	1
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000-\$19,999 20,000- 29,999 30,000- 49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over. Not accurately determined	\$ 4,363 (61) 10,912 (209) 18,584 (317) 27,934 (397) 29,956 (285) 18,517 (114) 1,375 (20) \$111,641 (1,324)	82 82 84 80 73 58	3,155 4,481 5,262 5,414 959 170	(9) * 104°; 73) 108 76) 108 108 101 (8) * (3) * (61) 91°;	\$ 4,858 69 14,067 (268) 23,065 (380) 33,196 (465) 35,370 (316) 19,476 (119) 1,545 (29) \$131,577 (1,554)	60°2 86 86 87 82 68 57
			E. All Iss	.		<u> </u>
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000-\$19,999 20,000- 29,999 30,000- 49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined	\$ 25,333 (437) 58,275 (1,087) 66,544 (1,026) 80,969 (1,015) 64,872 (547) 33,447 (178) 4,596 (68)	91 94 87 85 75	\$ 6,874 (1 23,616 (4 19,464 /3 18,558 (2 14,381 1 5,726	42) 88°7 84) 92 34) 88 41) 90 01) 95 27) 77 19) 79	\$ 32,207 (571) 81,891 (1,541) 86,008 (1,326) 99,527 (1,231) 70,253 (627) 39,173 (197) 5,970 (86)	86° 91 90 93 89 83 75
All	\$334,036 (4,069)	89°;	\$89,993 (1,3	21) 897	\$424,029 (5,200)	890

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death,

Nore.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note,-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

For all issue ages combined, the ratios for key-man insurance and for all insurance combined exhibited a convex pattern with advancing annual income. A high ratio, 118 per cent, was experienced for key-man insurance written on insureds with annual incomes of \$50,000-\$99,999. The ratios for business insurance decreased with advancing annual income. Personal insurance displayed no particular pattern by annual income at issue.

For issue-age group 50 and over, the business insurance mortality ratios at annual incomes in excess of \$20,000 were the lowest in this analysis. The areas of highest mortality indicated in Table E are (a) personal insurance issued at ages 0–34 for annual incomes of \$20,000–\$99,999; (b) personal insurance issued at ages 35–49 for annual incomes of \$100,000 and over; and (c) key-man insurance issued at ages 35–49 for incomes of \$50,000 and over.

The experience is analyzed by annual income and classification amount group concurrently in Table 6. The experience on insureds with annual incomes of \$100,000 and over was particularly bad for the lower classification amount groups and generally improved with increasing classification amount. With this exception, the previously noted convex pattern of mortality ratios by annual income group held generally for classification amounts less than \$500,000, where this experience is concentrated.

Classification amount and purpose of insurance are shown concurrently in Table F of the Appendix, with issue-age group as an additional variable. As in Table E, broad issue-age groupings are used and creditor insurance is not shown.

For all issue ages combined, key-man insurance displays a generally increasing pattern of mortality ratios with increasing classification amounts. In direct contrast, the pattern for business insurance is generally decreasing. There is no clear pattern for personal insurance or for all insurance combined; in each of the latter two categories the highest ratio was for classification amount group \$500,000-\$999,999.

Personal insurance experienced the highest mortality ratios in each of the classification amount groups less than \$1,000,000, even though keyman insurance experienced the highest overall ratio. By issue-age group, the cells experiencing unusually high mortality ratios included (a) classification amount group \$200,000-\$499,999 for issue ages 0-34 for personal and business insurance, (b) classification amount group \$500,000-\$999,999 at ages 35-49 for personal and key-man insurance, and (c) classification amount group \$50,000-\$99,999 for business insurance at issue ages 50 and over.

TABLE 6

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1959-72

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

BY ESTIMATED ANNUAL INCOME AT ISSUE AND CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT OF INSURANCE

MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED AND PLANS OF INSURANCE COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

Estimated Annual Income at Issue	Actua Claim		Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims		Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims		Expected Claims	A/E
		\$50,000	-\$99,999			\$100,000	-\$199,900		\$2	200,000	-\$499,999	<u>' </u>
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000-\$19,999 20,000- 29,999 30,000 49,999 50,000 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined	\$17,519 38,481 21,845 10,984 3,498 844 1,557 \$94,728	(414) (922) (474) (240) (75) (18) (35) (2,163)	\$ 19,708 40,862 21,744 11,218 4,118 593 2,466 \$100,709	89% 94 100 98 85 142 63	\$ 9,606 34,547 41,070 40,137 13,831 2,618 2,105 \$143,914 ((133) (559) (659) (660) (601) (213) (34) (31) (2,188)	\$ 11,881 40,485 49,282 43,710 17,833 2,607 2,819 \$168.626	81% 85 83 92 78 100 75 85%	\$ 3,547 8,279 20,220 40,307 37,271 12,411 1,683 \$123,718 (1	(25) (86) (219) (407) (308) (91) (17) ,056)	\$ 3,976 8,327 21,974 43,574 42,035 10,922 1,422 \$132,230	89% 99 92 93 89 114 118
-		\$500,000	-\$999,999		\$	1,000,000) and Over	•	All C	Classifica	ition Groups	
Under \$10,000 \$ 10,000-\$19,999 20,000- 29,999 30,000- 49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined	\$ 1,435 584 2,273 6,749 15,517 12,454 625	(7) (2) (10) (32) (70) (46) (3)	\$ 970 554 2,070 6,525 16,960 13,018 482	* 110°% 103 91 96 *	\$ 100 0 600 1,350 9,136 10,846	(1) (0) (1) (3) (11) (25) (0)	\$ 1.064 135 569 1.986 8.340 19.822 721	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	81,891 (1 86,008 (1 99,527 (1 79,253	,326)	\$ 37,599 90,363 95,639 107,022 89,286 46,962 7,910	86% 91 90 93 89 83 75
All	\$ 39,637	(159)	\$ 40,579	98%	\$ 22,032	(38)	\$ 32 637	6897	\$424,029 (5	, 200)	\$474,781	89%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note. - Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in determining totals.

Note.-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

EXPERIENCE BY MODE OF UNDERWRITING

In order to determine the impact of the recently developed paramedical underwriting procedures on large-amount business, the Committee asked for identification of the mode of underwriting for all experience in the current study. Since paramedical underwriting is so new and since the amount limits for nonmedical underwriting are quite restrictive, a very small portion of the total experience in the current study was underwritten other than medically. Only 0.06 per cent of the total exposures were nonmedically underwritten, and only 0.16 per cent of the exposures were underwritten paramedically. Of the nearly 11,000 total deaths in the study, only five resulted from nonmedical business and two from paramedical business. While the nonmedical and paramedical experience is included in all the data in this report, its volume is insufficient to justify separate analysis.

Issue-age group 30–39 contributed the largest volume of exposure for both nonmedical and paramedical issues. Nonmedical exposures were spread out somewhat by policy year, but paramedical exposures were almost entirely in policy years 1–2. By classification amount group, the exposure was concentrated in classification amounts less than \$200,000, with only about 15 per cent of both nonmedical and paramedical exposures in the higher categories.

COMPARISON WITH PREVIOUS EXPERIENCE

The large-amount experience between 1968 and 1973 anniversaries showed definite improvement over earlier large-amount experience, both absolutely and in comparison with the respective contemporaneous Standard Ordinary experiences for policies of all sizes. Historic ratios of large-amount experience to corresponding Standard Ordinary experience on policies for all amounts are shown in Table 7. In this table the ratios for the period 1963–68, which were based on the 1958–63 Experience Table, were increased by 4 per cent to approximate the relationship to the 1963–68 Standard Ordinary experience. On this basis of comparison, the aggregate 1968–73 ratio of 89 per cent is 3 percentage points lower than the corresponding ratio for the preceding five-year period. This is the second consecutive decrease in this ratio. The main features of this comparison may be summarized as follows:

1. The aggregate ratios in the table follow a convex pattern, with the highest ratios realized in 1958-63 for permanent plans and for all plans combined

TABLE 7

Comparison of Mortality Ratios during First Twenty-five Policy Veal's on Large-Amount Issues of 1934–72 Experience between 1941 and 1973 Anniversaries

BY SEX, AGE AT ISSUE, POLICY-YEAR GROUP, CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT, AND PLAN OF INSURANCE

Expected Deaths Based on Corresponding Standard Ordinary Issues Experience*

			PERMANE	NT PLANS					TERM	PLANS			ALL PLANS					
	1941- 48	1948- 53	1953 58	1958- 63	1963- 68*	1968 - 73	1941 48	1948 - 53	1953 58†	1958 - 63	1963: 68*	1968- 73	1941 - 48	1948- 53	1953- 58	1958 - 63	1963~ 68*	1968- 73
Sex: Male Female.	‡	† † †	91°7 58	96% 61	93 <i>%</i> 56	92% 60	† + + +	‡	114% §	106C ₆	102%	90% 81	‡ ‡	† † †	94% 59	97% 60	95% 55	91% 63
Ages at issue: 0-9 10-29 30-39 40-49	‡ 113% 97 89	‡ 141% 104 90	\$ 96% 97 91	\$ 128% 108 95	<i>145%</i> 118 103 91	143% 112 99 88	‡ § 172% 107	94	‡ 151% 134 117	$193\% \ 117 \ 102$	99 103	92 88	‡ 114% 107 92	‡ 146% 104 90	‡ 102% 103 96	\$ 135% 109 96	103 93	145% 108 98 88
50 and over Policy years: 1-2	78 90% 95	78 98% 98	83 757 89	83 93 <i>0</i> 7 96	82 95 <i>°;</i> 91	82 88% 85	91 81% 139	72 83% 103	102 126⊖ 112	83°, 126	92 941 /- 102	96°7	79 8997 101	77 95% 99	85 85% 94	92% 101	9507 93	83 90% 87
6-10. 11-15. 16-25.	84 78 §	90 81 84	97 86 89	96 92 88	90 90 90 89	95 89 85	109 105 §	82 85 104	119 104 121	105 111 88	96 113 94	83 93 89	87 80 \$	89 81 86	101 89 93	97 95 88	92 93 90	93 89 86
Classification amounts: \$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000-199,999	91% 90	89% 85	92°7 94	96°7 93	94°; 88	91% 88	118% 100	104% 86	119 <i>°</i> 113	102% 100	108%.	102% 84	95% 91	91% 85	96⊈ 97	97% 94	97% 90	93% 87
200,000 – 499,999 500,000 and over	89 61	94 80	85 75	89 94	89 90	92 82	128 94	80 \$	119 120	96 151	96 105	85 92	93 64	92 81	90 80	90 101 —	91 93 	91 84
All	86%	88%	89°,	93%	90°C	89°;	112%	90%	116C/	104%	100%	90°%	89%	88%	93%	94%	92%	89%

^{*} Previously published 1963-68 large-amount mortality ratios were based on 1958-63 Standard Ordinary experience. To obtain an approximation for 1963-68 ratios based on 1963-68 Standard Ordinary experience, the ratios based on 1958-63 experience have been increased by 4 per cent.

[†] Based on correction of previously published values. See TSA, 1964 Reports, pp. 62-64.

[!] Not available.

[§] Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note, -Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

- and in 1953-58 for term plans. These ratios have declined to the level of the 1948-53 period.
- 2. The mortality ratios for term plans have been more volatile than those for permanent plans. The improvement in term mortality has been much greater than that for permanent plan mortality. This is particularly pronounced for the latest interperiod comparison, in which term plan mortality decreased 10 percentage points and permanent plan mortality only 1 point.
- 3. The historic pattern of decreasing mortality ratios by issue-age group was maintained for permanent plans but not for term plans.
- 4. Issue-age group 10–29 is shown in Table 7 only because it is available historically. While the greatest improvement occurred in that age category, this result represents a mixture of slightly improved mortality at issue ages 10–19 and much lower mortality at ages 20–29. For all plans combined, the Table 7 ratios for issue-age group 10–19 for the last three study periods would be 109, 115 (estimated), and 111 per cent; those for issue-age group 20–29 would be 138, 119 (estimated), and 108 per cent.
- 5. By policy-year group, increases were observed for policy years 6-10 on permanent plans and all plans combined, and for policy years 1-2 on term plans, the latter increase being the result of the single large claim discussed earlier. All other mortality ratios by policy-year group and plan were lower, with the greatest improvement in policy years 3-5.
- 6. By classification amount group, the most noticeable feature is the convex pattern of ratios for classification amount group \$500,000 and over. The ratios for this group have experienced the greatest improvement over the last ten years.

In order to facilitate direct absolute comparisons of mortality results among the last three study periods, Tables B, C, and D of the Appendix include expected deaths and mortality ratios calculated on the basis of the 1958–63 Experience Table. Table 8 summarizes the experience of the last three studies using this common basis for expected deaths.

As might be expected, the improvement in large-amount mortality is more dramatic when expressed in this manner. The absolute improvement for the 1963–68 period was 6 percentage points, and a further improvement of 8 percentage points has been experienced in the current study period. The main features of this comparison may be summarized as follows:

 The decrease in male ratios mirrors the aggregate results; the all-plans female ratios would also have been uniformly decreasing in the absence of the single large claim previously discussed.

TABLE 8

COMPARISON OF MORTALITY RATIOS

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1958 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

DURING THE FIRST TWENTY-FIVE POLICY YEARS ON LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1934-72 BY SEX, AGE AT ISSUE, POLICY-YEAR GROUP, CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT,

AND PLAN OF INSURANCE

Expected Deaths Based on 1958-63 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience

	PERM	IANENT P	LANS	Ti	ERM PLA	NS	فر	LL PLAN	s
	1958- 63	1963- 68	19 68 -	1958- 63	1963~ 68	1968- 73	1958- 63	1963- 68	1968- 7.i
						.,			
Sex: Male:	96 <i>°</i> 7 61	90¢? 54	83′. 54	106°7. 46	98° , 34	82°., 73	97 <i>C</i> 60	91% 53	83 <i>0</i> , 56
V II	930%	8757	80°,	104°/	9607	825,	94%	880;	80¢;
Ages at issue: 0-9.	*	140°;	142%	*	×	;k	*	139°;	1440,
10 19	111(7) 130	108 114	125 108	* 196°)	* 1139/	* 96C	109% 138	111	118 105
30-39	108	99	92	117	95	86	109	99	91
40-49	95	87	79	102	99	80	96	89	79
50 - 59	82	77	71	92	95	81	83	79	72
60-69 70 and over	85 *	83 142	78 78	88 *	5() *	66 *	85 *	82 142	77 76
All	93%	87%	80°;	104°;	96€	82°;	94%	885	80°,
Policy years:	93%	91%	81%	83%	9007	90%	92%	91%	84°;
3 5	96	87	76	126	98	82	101	89	77
6–10	96	87	86	105	92	7.5	97	88	84
11–15	92	87	80	111	109	84	95	90	81
16-20	85	85	76	87	92	81	86	86	77
21-25	92	88	80	89	88	79	91	88	80
All	9307	87%	80%	104%	96%	8257	94%	8857	805,
Classification amounts:									
\$ 50,000 \\$ 99,999	96°;	900,	82%	102%	104%	9477	9707	93%	850
100,000 199,999	93	85	80	100	92	76	94	86	79
200,000– 499,999	89 94	86 87	83 73	96 151	92	77 83	90 101	87 89	82 75
All	93%	87%	80%	104%	96%	82%	94%	880	80°,

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

- 2. Despite the strong downward trend in aggregate results, the mortality ratios have increased at the lower issue ages.
- 3. The pattern of mortality for permanent plans has been similar to that for all plans combined. Overall, permanent plan mortality ratios decreased 6 and 7 points between consecutive study periods; term plan ratios have decreased much faster, closing the excess of term over permanent mortality from 11 points in 1958–63 to 2 points in the current study period.
- 4. As noted before, the greatest improvement by issue-age group was at ages 20–49, while the greatest improvement by policy-year group was for years 3–5.
- 5. The greatest improvement by classification amount group occurred in the \$500,000 and over classification. This may reflect more intensive underwriting techniques and a much larger relative volume of business in this category.

EXPERIENCE BY CAUSE OF DEATH

The experience by cause of death is presented in Table 9. Data on cause of death are shown in detail by issue-age group in Table G and by policy-year group in Table H of the Appendix. For this purpose, the expected deaths for the first fifteen policy years were distributed by cause of death on the basis of the corresponding distribution of actual deaths on Standard Ordinary medically examined issues for all amounts during the period between 1968 and 1972 anniversaries. For the later policy years this distribution by cause of death was based on the corresponding ultimate experience on medical and nonmedical issues combined.

As in previous studies, very high ratios of actual to expected claims were observed for the suicide and the accidents and homicide categories. The ratio for malignant neoplasms was also noticeably higher than the aggregate mortality ratio. In the current study, permanent plan ratios were higher than term plan ratios for diseases of the heart and circulatory system, for pneumonia and influenza, and for accidents and homicide; the term plan ratios were higher for all other cause groups.

The mortality ratio for suicide, 138 per cent, was substantially higher than that for any other cause-of-death category; it exceeded 100 per cent for every issue-age group except 50–59 in Table G and for nearly every policy-year category in Table H. The ratios were particularly high for issue-age group 0–29 and for policy years 16–25.

At issue ages below 60, the mortality ratios for the accidents and homicide category also exceeded 100 per cent for nearly all permanent and term plan categories in Table G and were rather uniform by issue-age group. These ratios generally increased with duration. Accidents and homicide ratios were generally larger for permanent plans than for term

TABLE 9

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1944-72 EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES BY CAUSE OF DEATH AND PLAN OF INSURANCE MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience

(Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

(.111)						
Cause of Death	Committee 1970 Code	Num- ber of Deaths	Pro- por- tion of All Deaths	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A, E
			Perman	ent Plans		
Tuberculosis Malignant neoplasms Diabetes mellitus Cerebrovascular diseases Heart and circulatory diseases	54-55	0 2,007 35 419 3,384	0 ^C ; 23 0 5 39	8 0 165,210 2,733 32,812 250,842	173,783 3,174	* 95% 86 78 83
Pneumonia and influenza Accidents and homicide	56:57 88-96, 98 97 All others	149 1,057 402 1,150	.5	10,060 93,720 31,747 84,245	14,142 76,122 23,353 119,689	71 123 136 70
All causes		8,603		\$671,369	8754,791	89′
		!	Terr	n Plans		
Tuberculosis Malignant neoplasms Diabetes mellitus Cerebrovascular diseases Heart and circulatory diseases	01-02 18-33 37 53 48-52, 54-55	1 644 14 143 1,082	0°7 22 0 5 37	\$ 75 39,303 710 8,352 55,367	\$ 112 40,694 787 10,053 71,771	* 97' 7 90 83 77
Pneumonia and influenza	56-57 88-96, 98 97 All others	43 419 149 4 04	1 14 5 14	2,046 29,180 9,466 23,798	3,381 25,554 6,603 28,537	60 114 143 83
All causes	. , ,	2,899	100°,	\$168,297	\$187,492	90°,
		1	All	Plans		
Tuberculosis Malignant neoplasms Diabetes mellitus Cerebrovascular diseases Heart and circulatory diseases Pneumonia and influenza Accidents and homicide Suicide War and residual§	01-02 18-33 37 53 48-52, 54-55 56-57 88-96, 98 97 All others	1 2,520 46 541 4,242 185 1,402 517 1,498	0 5 39 2 13 5	\$ 75 204,513 3,443 41,164 306,209 12,106 122,900 41,213 108,043	214,477 3,961 52,055 373,858 17,523	138
All causes		10,952	100%	\$839,666	\$942,283	89°;
	•	1	I .	I		t .

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

[†] Includes 8 war deaths for \$402,000.

[#] Includes 2 war deaths for \$75,000.

[§] Includes 10 war deaths for \$477,000.

Note,-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death,

plans in the younger issue-age groups and at the earlier durations. The average claim per life for accidents and homicides, \$87,660, was the largest for any cause-of-death group. For all causes of death this average was \$76,668.

Motor vehicle and aviation mishaps continue to account for the majority of the fatal accidents. Table 10 shows the number of deaths from these causes, as well as the percentages of total deaths from accidents and homicides represented by each, in the current and prior studies.

TABLE 10

MOTOR VEHICLE AND AVIATION ACCIDENT DEATHS
INCLUDED IN ACCIDENTS AND HOMICIDES
MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Experience Period		Vehicle t Deaths		TION T DEATHS	Motor Vehicle and Aviation Accident Deaths			
	Number	Per Cent of All Accidents and Homicides	Number	Per Cent of All Accidents and Homicides	Number	Per Cent of All Accidents and Homicides		
1948–53 1953–58 1958–63 1963–68 1968–73	67 123 242 359 514	35°° 45 45 39 38 37	45 47 165 221 266	23° 6 17 26 23 19	112 170 407 580 780	58°; 62 65 61 56		

Public Health Service data indicate that fatalities due to motor vehicle accidents accounted for 48 per cent of all accidental deaths in the general population of the United States during 1968–73. The corresponding figure for the large-amount experience was 40 per cent. Aviation accidents accounted for 21 per cent of all accidental deaths in the large-amount experience, compared with only 1.5 per cent in the general population.

Deaths due to heart and circulatory diseases claimed the greatest number of lives (39 per cent) and accounted for the greatest volume of actual claims (36 per cent). In the previous study more than 40 per cent of both lives and claim amounts were due to such diseases. The aggregate mortality ratio for this cause group was 7 percentage points lower than that for all causes combined. The mortality was slightly higher on perma-

nent plans than on term plans; the lowest ratios were observed for issueage groups 40–49 (82 per cent) and 50–59 (76 per cent).

Malignant neoplasms were the second leading cause of death, accounting for 23 per cent of the number of deaths and 24 per cent of the total claim amount. The mortality ratio of 95 per cent was 6 percentage points higher than the aggregate. Malignant neoplasm mortality ratios generally increased with duration; there was no particular pattern by issue-age group.

Homicide is a significant risk factor in the large-amount experience. For the current period, 1.06 per cent of the deaths by life and 1.31 per cent by amount were due to homicide. Public Health Service data indicate that 0.91 per cent of all population deaths during this period were due to homicide. The average homicide claim per life, \$95,138, was even larger than that for accidents and homicides combined.

In the aggregate, only ten war deaths were experienced, for a total amount of \$477,000. Six of these deaths were in issue-age group 0-29, increasing that mortality ratio by only 0.9 points.

APPENDIX

TABLE A

CONTRIBUTING COMPANIES

Company	Proportion of Permanent Insurance Exposures	Proportion of Term Insurance Exposures	Proportion of Total Exposures
New York Life	11.9%	13.7%	12.3%
Massachusetts Mutual	12.7	10.4	12.1
Northwestern Mutual	12.3	8.7	11 4
Prudential	9.4	13.6	10.5
Equitable, N.Y.	8.7	9.1	8.8
Metropolitan	4.8	11.7	6.6
New England Life		4.1	5.9
Mutual Benefit	7.1	1.4	5.6
Connecticut General	5.4	4.9	5.3
Aetna	4.6	4.5	4.6
John Hancock		2.8	3.8
Travelers	2.0	7.4	3.4
Phoenix Mutual		0.8	3.3
Penn Mutual		3.9	3.3
Provident Mutual		1.7	2.4
Lincoln National	0.4	1.3	0.7
Total	100.0℃	100.0%	100.0%

TABLE B

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1944-72

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES BY AGE AT ISSUE, POLICY YEAR, AND PLAN OF INSURANCE MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on

- (A) 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience
- (B) 1958-63 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience
- (C) 1965-70 Basic Tables, Select and Ultimate (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

PERMANENT PLANS

D	.			TABLE	(A)		TABLE (B)	TABLE	(C)
POLICY YEARS	Асти. Сели			Expected Claims	A/E		spected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
					Issue A	iges ()-9		·	
1-2\$ 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	646 200 100 500 0 0	(10) (4) (2) (1) (0) (0)	s	274 180 204 214 112 24	237%; * * * * * *		340 206 185 169 94 22	190% * * * * * *	228 211 209 109 24	106% * * * * *
	.,,120				Issue A			.,2,6	1,000	10.76
1 · 2 \$ \$ 3-5	726 1,032 717 310 120 500	(13) (12) (11) (5) (2) (4)	s	543 749 777 445 223 141	134% 138 92 * *	S	501 742 702 421 214 139	145% 139 102 *	\$ 476 637 702 451 233 144	153% 162 102 *
All S	3,405	(44)	\$	2,878	118%	\$	2,719	125%	\$ 2,643	129%
					Issue Ag	es 20)-29			m = 1777 bodonous
1-2\$ 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	4,461 5,984 6,181 3,928 3,316 2,435	(74) (91) (93) (91) (60) (36)	s	4,867 5,028 5,025 4,200 2,766 1,783	92% 119 123 94 120 137	s	4,896 5,165 5,080 4,432 2,902 1,963	91% 116 122 89 114 124	\$ 4,869 4,938 4,746 4,254 2,837 1,822	92% 121 130 92 117 134
All \$	26,305	(434)	S	23,669	111%	\$	24,438	108%	\$ 23,466	1125%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note. - Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE B—Continued
PERMANENT PLANS—Continued

		TABLE	(A)	TABLE (B)	TABLE	(C)
Policy Years	ACTUAL CLAIMS	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A · E
			Issue Ag	es 30-39			
3-5	\$ 14,755 (190 25,253 (295	22,965	98% 110	23,555	107	is 15,024 22,661	98° 111
6 · 10. 11 · 15 · . 16 – 20.	37,479 (549 38,640 (646 24,916 (441	39,977	102 97 96	38,653 44,743 29,335	97 86 83	37,317 41,466 26,992	100 - 93 - 92
21 25.	11,976 (237	13,383	89	14.773	51	13,900	86
$\Delta \mathbb{R}$:	8153,019 (2,232	S153,793	0 000	8 166,101	050	\$157,360	• 9 7¢
			Issue Ag	es 40-49			
3-5 6-10	\$ 23,823 (280 37,942 (490 67,270 (834) 44,796 69,314	88% 85 97	$\frac{49,847}{77,944}$	76 86	\$ 27,290 46,607 75,808	879 81 89
11-15 16-20 21-25	60,600 (907 39,012 (662 22,677 (375) 48,043	87 81 87	77,869 53,134 29,176	78 73 78	75,335 50,455 27,170	80 77 83
All	\$251,324 (3,368) \$284,773	88%	\$ 316,963	79° (\$302,665	830
		Market and a Market of the Control o	Issue Ag	es 50-59		4.00.	
1-2 3-5 6-10	\$ 15,507 (171 22,873 (302 49,094 (625	35,831	78°7 64 89	\$ 23,216 43,762 63,856	67% 52 77	\$ 20,722 38,035 59,495	7.5′: 60 83
11-15 16-20 21-25	46,267 (644 29,826 (447 15,227 (243	53,710 39,231	86 76 87	59,341 43,182 19,513	78 69 78	56,369 41,456 18,596	82 72 82
All	\$178,794 (2,325	\$221,338	81%	\$ 252,870	719	\$234,673	769

Note. Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

TABLE B --Continued

PERMANENT PLANS --Continued

70			TABLE	(A)	Table (B)	TABLE	(C)
Policy Years	Acti Clai		Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A E	Expected Claims	A:E
	The state of the s			Issue Ag	es 60-69			
3 · 5. · · · · 6 · · 10. · · · 11 - 15. · · · 16 - 20. · · · 21 - 25. · · ·	\$ 4,630 8,986 16,409 13,552 8,506 1,553 \$ 53,636	(52) (97) (206) (185) (116) (31)	\$ 5,602 10,428 18,420 16,654 9,885 2,353 \$ 63,342	83° 6 86 89 81 86 66 	\$ 6,545 11,993 19,363 17,207 10,754 2,609 \$ 68,471	71°; 75 85 79 79 60	\$ 6,810 12,460 19,592 16,756 10,703 2,505 \$ 68,826	680 72 84 81 79 62
			Issi	ie Ages	70 and Over			
1-2 3·5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	965 1,369 668 120 0	(8) (12) (17) (14) (2) (0)	\$ 536 1,002 1,612 623 206 11 \$ 3,990	96% 85 107 *	\$ 701 924 1,628 887 273 12	* 104% 84 75 * 78%	\$ 622 1,097 1,696 685 246 11	* 88° 7 81 98 *
All	\$ 3,440	(53)	\$ 3,990	All Issu		18.6	\$ 4,357	79%
1-25 3-56-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 64,866 103,235 (178,619 (164,465 (105,816 (54,368	2,312) 2,476)	\$ 73,651 120,979 187,202 185,363 126,308 61,288	88°7 85 95 89 84 89		81°7 76 86 80 76 80	\$ 76,420 126,663 199,567 195,525 133,031 64,172	85° 7 82 90 84 80 85
All	\$671,369 (8,603)	\$754,791	89€	\$ 837,003	80° c	\$795,378	840,

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE B -Continued
TERM PLANS

D				TABLE	(A)		TABLE (B)		TABLE	(C)
POLICY YEARS	Act Cla			Expected Claims	A/E		Expected Claims	A/E		Expected Claims	A/E
					Issue /	Ages	0-9				
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	5 0 0 50 0 0 0	(0) (0) (1) (0) (0) (0)	s	2 1 3 9 7 0	* * * * * *	s	2 1 4 7 5	* * * *	s	4 1 4 8 6	* * * * * * *
Ali	50	(1)	s	22	*	,8	19		s	23	 H:
					Issue A	ges 1	0-19				
1-2	35 0 0 0 0	(1) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0)	s	64 46 45 31 20 16	* * * * * *	S	54 41 42 29 19	* * * *	S	54 39 41 31 22 16	* * * * *
All \$	35	(0)	S	222	*	s	200	*	S	203	*
			<u>'</u>		Issue A	ges 2	0-29		•	1, 20, 27	
1-2. 8 3-5. 6-10. 11-15. 16-20. 21-25.	3 2,548 1,874 1,181 929 753 487	(39) (34) (26) (31) (20) (15)	s	2,726 2,070 1,275 739 646 425	93% 91 93 126 117 115	s	2,769 2,134 1,286 782 679 471	929 7 88 92 119 111 103	s	2,720 2,030 1,205 751 662 435	94° 92 98 124 114 112
All	7,772	(165)	s	7,881	9957	s	8,121	96%	S	7,803	1000

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE B—Continued
TERM PLANS—Continued

_	_		TABLE	(A)	TABLE (B)	TABLE	(C)
POLICY YEARS	ACTI CLAI		Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
				Issue Ag	es 30-39	·		
3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 8,960 9,472 8,416 7,507 7,325 4,014 \$ 45,694	(142) (153) (164) (168) (176) (105) (895)	\$ 9,527 11,056 10,762 7,791 6,832 3,970 \$ 49,938	94% 86 78 96 107 101	11,354 11,327 8,728 7,760 4,382	94% 83 74 86 94 92 86%	\$ 9,599 10,914 10,956 8,089 7,141 4,124 \$ 50,823	93% 87 77 93 103 97
				Issue Ag	es 40-49	1		
3 · 5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 10,873 15,319 13,754 11,670 12,634 7,170 \$ 71,420 ((139) (193) (220) (211) (282) (178)	\$ 12,340 16,416 17,105 12,910 13,886 8,349 \$ 81,006	88% 93 80 90 91 86	18,281 19,214 14,434 15,356 9,356	83% 84 72 81 82 77 80%	\$ 12,447 17,098 18,647 13,964 14,575 8,712 \$ 85,443	87% 90 74 84 87 82 84%
				Issue Ag	es 50-59			
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 6,123 6,265 8,330 7,244 7,445 4,039	(56) (93) (121) (128) (155) (84)	\$ 5,062 7,178 8,333 7,650 9,832 4,875	12157 87 100 95 76 83	\$ 5,888 8,719 9,671 8,431 10,826 5,417	104% 72 86 86 69 75	\$ 5,290 7,639 9,005 8,001 10,386 5,162	116% 82 93 91 72 78
All	\$ 39,446	(629)	\$ 42,930	9200	\$ 48,952	81%	\$ 45,483	87%

TABLE B—Continued
TERM PLANS—Continued

				TABLE	(A)		TABLE (1	3)	TABLE	(C)
Policy Years	Acti Cla			xpected Claims	A/E		Expect ed Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
					Issue A	çes	60-69			
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	$\frac{712}{1,138}$	(6) (5) (4) (15) (33) (5)	s	564 686 1,130 1,047 1,430 449	* 680; 80; *	s	645 802 1,197 1,089 1,556 497	* * * 05' 7	\$ 657 816 1,198 1,027 1,544 479	* * 6907 74
36	\$ 3,802	(68)	į\$	5,306	72',	is I	5.786	6617	\$ 5,721	667
				1<-	ue Ages	"H	and Over			
1 -2 3 ·5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 0 50 0 0 28 0	(0) (1) (0) (0) (1) (0)	s	6 10 153 6 12 0	* * * * * * * * *	S	9 8 162 9 16 0	* * * *	\$ 7 11 161 7 14 0	* * * * *
All	s 78	(2)	s	187	*	s	204	*	S 200	*
			<u></u>		All Iss	ue	Ages			
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 28,965 33,903 32,116 28,062 29,323 15,928 \$168,297	(381) (477) (535) (552) (666) (385) (2,899)		30, 291 37, 463 38, 806 30, 183 32, 665 18, 084	96% 90 83 93 90 88		32,100 41,340 42,903 33,509 36,217 20,138	90% 82 75 84 81 79	\$ 30,778 38,548 41,217 31,878 34,350 18,928 \$195,699	94% 88 78 88 85 84

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Nore.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.—Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE B—Continued
ALL PLANS

, l				TABLE	(A)	Т	ABLE (B)		TABLE	(C)
POLICY YEARS	Acti Cla			Expected Claims	A/E	Expe Cla		A/E		spect ed Haims	A/E
					Issue A	ges 0-9					
1-2\$ 3 5 6-10	646 200 150	(10) (4) (3)	s	276 181 207	234';	S	342 207 189	1890; *	s	611 229 215	106°, *
11–15 16–20 21–25	500 0 0	(1) (0) (0)		223 119 24	* *		176 99 22	* *		217 115 24	* *
All	1,496	(18)	s	1,030	145%	S 1	,035	144°,	s	1,411	106%
					Issue Ag	es 10-19	•				_
1-2 3-5 6-10 11 15 16-20 21-25	761 1,032 717 310 120 500	(14) (12) (11) (5) (2) (4)	s	607 795 822 476 243 157	125% 130 87 * *	\$	555 783 744 450 233 154	137% 132 96 * *	\$	530 676 743 482 255 160	144°, 153 97 * *
All	3,440	(45)	s	3,100	$\overline{111\%}$	\$ 2	,919	118%	S	2,846	121%
-					Issue Ag	es 20-26)				
1 2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	7,009 7,858 7,362 4,857 4,069 2,922	(111) (123) (118) (119) (75) (50)	s	7,593 7,098 6,300 4,939 3,412 2,208	92% 111 117 98 119 132	7 6 5 3	,665 ,299 ,366 ,214 ,581 ,434	91% 108 116 93 114 120	\$	7,589 6,968 5,951 5,005 3,499 2,257	92°, 113 124 97 116 129
All S	34,077	(582)	s	31,550	108%	\$ 32	,559	105%	\$ 3	1,269	109%

TABLE B-Continued
ALL PLANS-Continued

-		TABLE	(A)		TABLE (B)	Table	(C)
Policy Years	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E		Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
			Issue Ag	es	30-39		·	
3-5	\$ 23,715 (324) 34,725 (435)	\$ 24,518 34,021	97 <i>%</i> 102	\$	24,598 34,909	96% 99	33,575	96° (103
6~10 11 -1 5	45,895 (692) 46,147 (788)	47,397 47,768	97 97		49,980 53,471	92 86	48,273 49,555	95 93
16–20 21–25	32,241 (595) 15,990 (321)	32,674 17,353	99 92		37,095 19,155	87 83	34,133 18,024	94 89
All	\$198,713 (2,984)	\$203,731	985€	\$	219,208	91%	\$208,183	95%
			Issue Ag	tes	40-49	1	I	,,,
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 34,696 (412) 53,261 (659) 81,024 (1,033) 72,270 (1,087) 51,646 (910) 29,847 (547)	\$ 39,389 61,212 86,419 82,450 61,929 34,380	88° 6 87 94 88 83 87	s	42,170 68,128 97,158 92,303 68,490 38,532	82% 78 83 78 75	\$ 39,737 63,705 94,455 89,299 65,030 35,882	8777 84 86 81 79 83
	\$322,744 (4,401)	\$365,779	88%	\$	406,781		\$388,108	83%
			Issue A	ges	50-59	1	1	<u> </u>
3–5 6–10 11–15 16–20	57,424 (734) 53,511 (757) 37,271 (585)	\$ 24,851 43,009 63,548 61,360 49,063	8757 68 90 87 76	\$	29,104 52,481 73,527 67,772 54,008	74% 56 78 79 69	45,674 68,500 64,370 51,842	8357 64 84 83 72
21-25 All	\$218,240 (2,868)	\$264,268	86 83%	\$	24,930 301,822	77	23,758 \$280,156	81 78%

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

TABLE B-Continued ALL PLANS-Continued

D.			TABLE	(A)	TABLE (B)	TABLE	(C)
Policy Years		CUAL MMS	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
				Issue Ag	ges 60~69		·	
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	9,909	(58) (103) (210) (200) (147) (35) (730)	\$ 6,166 11,114 19,550 17,701 11,315 2,802 \$ 68,648	82% 89 86 81 85 63	12,795 20,560 18,296 12,310 3,106	70% 77 82 78 78 78 57	13,276 20,790 17,783 12,247 2,984	68% 75 81 80 79 59
			Iss	ue Ages	70 and Over			
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 318 1,015 1,369 668 148 0	(8) (12) (17) (14) (3) (0)	\$ 542 1,012 1,765 629 218 11	* 100% 78 106 * *	\$ 710 932 1,790 896 289 12	* 109% 76 75 *	\$ 629 1,108 1,857 692 260 11	* 92% 74 97 * *
All	\$ 3,518	(54)	\$ 4,177	84%	\$ 4,629	76%	\$ 4,557	77%
				All Iss	ue Ages			
1-2 3-5 6-10 11-15 16-20 21-25	\$ 93,831 137,138 210,735 192,527 135,139 70,296	(1,155) (1,739) (2,786) (2,948) (2,297) (1,262)	\$103,942 158,442 226,008 215,546 158,973 79,372	90% 87 93 89 85 89	\$ 112,334 177,534 250,314 238,578 176,105 88,345	84% 77 84 81 77 80	\$107,198 165,211 240,784 227,403 167,381 83,100	880 83 88 85 81 85
All	\$839,666	(10,952)	\$942,283	89%	\$1,043,210	80%	\$991,077	85%

* Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE C

Large-Amount Issues of 1944~72 Experience between 1968 and 1973 Anniversaries by Classification Amount, Age at Issue, and Plan of Insurance

MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on

- (A) 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience
- (B) 1958-63 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience
- (C) 1965-70 Basic Tables, Select and Ultimate (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

PERMANENT PLANS

_				TABLE	(A)	TABLE (B)	Table	(C)		
Classification Amount	j	CTUAL LAIMS		Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E		
					Issue A	ges 0-9		·	4		
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000 199,999 200,000-499,999 500,000-999,999	\$ 49 45	0 (5) 0 (0)	<u>s</u>	432 428 114 23	775°	\$ 424 438 118 24		\$ 562 612 168 28	88°,		
1,000,000 and over		0 (0)	- 	11	*	12		18			
All.,	\$ 1,44	(17)	s	1,008	143°6	\$ 1,016	. 142°;	\$ 1,388	104%		
					Issue Ag	es 10-19					
8 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,000 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	1,54 39	10 (15)	s	1,132 1,241 378 41 86	130% 124 * *	\$ 1,064 1,174 359 41 81	139% 131 * *	\$ 1,051 1,133 345 38 76	140°, 136 * *		
All	\$ 3,40	05 (44)	S	2,878	118%	\$ 2,719	125°;	\$ 2,643	1290		
	Issue Ages 20-29										
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 10,43 9,73 4,63 95	35 (149) 31 (37)	s	11,237 8,802 2,669 567 394	93% 111 174 *	\$ 11,589 9,092 2,779 585 403	900% 107 167 *	\$ 11,157 8,718 2,648 558 385	94¢; 112 175 *		
All	\$ 26,30	05 (434)	s	23,669	11157	\$ 24,438	108%	\$ 23,466	1129		
	Issue Ages 30-39										
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 45,63 59,70 31,93 8,73 6,92	70 (281) 50 (35)		46,177 65,959 31,569 6,134 3,954	99°; 91 101 143 175	\$ 50,078 71,308 33,955 6,563 4,197	91% 84 94 133 165	\$ 47,387 67,535 32,197 6,236 4,005	969 88 99 140 173		
All	\$153,01	19 (2,232)	\$1	53,793	99€	\$ 166,101	920	\$157,360	979		

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note,-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE C—Continued PERMANENT PLANS—Continued

		TABLE	(A)	TABLE (H	3)	TABLE	(C)				
Classification Amount	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E				
			Issue Ag	es 40-49		'					
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	\$ 53,609 (1,287) 94,032 (1,512) 73,630 (672) 21,168 (97) 8,885 (17)	\$ 60,871 107,555 79,891 22,628 13,828	88% 87 92 94 64	\$ 67,749 119,791 88,903 25,175 15,345	79% 78 83 84 58	\$ 64,676 114,443 84,856 24,044 14,646	83° 82 87 88 61				
All	\$251,324 (3,368)	\$284,773	889%	\$ 316,963	79%	\$302,665	839				
	Issue Ages 50-59										
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,000 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over		\$ 40,083 73,006 68,120 23,139 16,990 \$221,338	82% 87 83 87 34 81%	83,189 77,772 26,489 19,735	76 73 76 29	\$ 42,485 77,404 72,207 24,545 18,032 \$234,673	77% 82 79 82 32 76%				
			Issue Ag	es 60-69							
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	5,229 (25) 3,183 (9)	\$ 11,332 18,556 21,247 7,283 4,924 \$ 63,342	94% 79 93 72 *	20,002 23,000 7,856 5,366	74 86 67 *	\$ 12,288 20,101 23,073 7,921 5,443 \$ 68,826	87°, 73 86 66 *				
		Iss	ıe Ages	70 and Over							
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	1,039 (17) 1,183 (14) 350 (3)	\$ 735 1,119 1,247 655 234	107°7 93 95 *	\$ 830 1,230 1,365 722 278	95% 84 87 *	\$ 807 1,218 1,359 716 267	989 85 88 *				
All	\$ 3,440 (53)	\$ 3,990	86% 8	\$ 4,425	78S	\$ 4,357	79%				
			All Iss	ue Ages							
50,000-8 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over.	\$155,922 (3,719) 244,464 (3,786) 188,421 (1,673) 57,186 (252) 25,376 (59)	\$171,999 276,666 205,235 60,470 40,421	91% 88 92 95 63	\$ 189,666 306,224 228,241 67,455 45,417	82% 80 83 85 56	\$180,413 291,164 216,843 64,086 42,872	86° 84 87 89 59				
A ll	\$671,369 (8,603)	\$754,791	89⊊ 6	\$ 837,003	80%	\$795,378	849				

TABLE C—Continued
TERM PLANS

					TABLE ((A)		TABLE (B)	TABLE (C)		
Classification Amount		Actu Clai		I	Expected Claims	A/E]	Expected Claims	A/E		Expected Claims	A/E
						Issue 4	Ages	0-9				
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000 - 199,999 200,000 - 499,999 500,000 - 999,999 1,000,000 and over	-	50 0 0 0 0	(1) (0) (0) (0) (0)	s	8 8 5 0 1	* * * * *	s	7 7 4 () 1	* * * *	s	8 9 5 0 1	* * * *
All	8	50	(1)	8	22	*	\$	19	*	s	23	*
	-	Issue Ares 10-19									(
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over		35 0 0 0 0 0	(1) (0) (0) (0) (0) (0)	s	114 66 18 15 9	* * * * *	s	104 59 16 13 8	* * *	s	106 60 16 13 8	* * * * *
	-					Issue A	ges	20-29				,
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.		4,005 2,513 550 404 300	(103) (48) (11) (3) (1)	s	4,085 2,871 697 141 87	98°; 88 79 *		4,196 2,964 725 146 90	95°, 85 76 *		4,049 2,840 689 139 86	99% 88 80 *
All	5	1,112	(165)	S	7,881	990	8	8,121	96⊊	5	7,803	100%
	_					Issue A	ges	30-39				
\$ 50,000-8 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.		17,133 19,185 7,907 1,030 439	(469) (341) (96) (6) (2)	S	16,098 21,038 9,250 1,928 1,624	1069 91 85 *	S	17,213 22,406 9,782 2,016 1,690	1000 86 81 *	s	16,446 21,438 9,369 1,943 1,627	1040 89 84 *
All	s	45,694	(895)	s	49,938	92%	S	53,107	860	S	50,823	90%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE C—Continued TERM PLANS—Continued

		TABLE (A)	TABLE (B)	TABLE (C)
Classification Amount	ACTUAL CLAIMS	Expected Claims A/E	Expected Claims A/E	Expected Claims A/E
, 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 1984 - 198		Issue A	ges 40-49	
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	23,947 (493) 19,118 (206) 5,369 (27)	\$ 18,588 99% 30,894 78 20,794 92 6,258 86 4,472 *	\$ 20,616 8956 34,291 70 23,047 83 6,925 78 4,939 *	\$ 19,623 94% 32,638 73 21,913 87 6,581 82 4,688 *
All	\$ 71,420 (1,196)	\$ 81,006 88%	\$ 89,818 80%	\$ 85,443 84%
		Issue A	ges 50-59	
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	12,783 (261) 9,966 (137) 2,931 (22)	\$ 8,165 14,727 12,426 4,410 3,202 *	\$ 9,289 90% 16,736 76 14,182 70 5,053 58 3,692 *	\$ 8,648 97% 15,607 82 13,162 76 4,668 63 3,398 *
All	\$ 39,446 (629)	\$ 42,930 92%	\$ 48,952 81%	\$ 45,483 87%
		Issue A	ges 60-69	<u>'</u>
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	1,008 (24) 490 (6) 600 (2)	\$ 1,064 123°7 1,475 68° 1,663 * 368 * 736 *	\$ 1,156 1,604 1,800 411 815 *	\$ 1,135 115% 1,582 64 1,777 * 417 * 810 *
All	\$ 3,802 (68)	\$ 5,306 72%	\$ 5,786 66%	\$ 5,721 66%
		Issue Ages	70 and Over	
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	$ \begin{array}{cccc} 0 & (0) \\ 0 & (0) \\ 50 & (1) \end{array} $	\$ 21 * 1 * 29 * 83 * 53 *	\$ 28 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	\$ 24 * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
All	. \$ 78 (2)	\$ 187 *	\$ 204 *	S 200 *
		All Is	sue Ages	
50,000-8 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	\$ 49,295 (1,336) 59,436 (1,157) 38,031 (447) 10,384 (59) 11,151 (20)	\$ 48,143 102°C 71,080 84 44,882 85 13,203 79 10,184 109	\$ 52,609 94% 78,069 76 49,586 77 14,652 71 11,291 99	\$ 50,039 999 74,175 80 46,963 81 13,849 75 10,673 104
All	\$168,297 (2,899)	\$187,492 90%		\$195,699 869

TABLE C—Continued
ALL PLANS

				Table	(A)	TABLE (B)	Table	(C)		
Classification Amount		TUAL AIMS		pected laims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E		
			<u></u>		Issue A	ges 0-9		·			
\$ 50,000 \\$ 99,999 \. 100,000 - 199,999 \. 200,000 - 499,999 \. 500,000 \cdot 999,999 \. 1,000,000 \text{ and over }	450 0 500	(5) (0) (1)	s	440 436 119 23 12	124° c * * * *	S 431 445 122 24 13	127°, 6	\$ 570 621 173 28 19	96°; * * *		
All	8 1,496	(18)	s	1,030	1-15"	8 1.035	14407	8 1,411	106°;		
	1 10 7/18/20 (1990)				Issue Ag	sue Ages 10-19					
\$ 50,000 \$ 99,999 100,000 - 199,999 200,000 - 499,999 500,000 - 999,999 1,000,000 and over	1,540 390 0	(15) (3) (0)		1,246 1,307 396 56 95	121% 118 * *	\$ 1,168 1,233 375 54 89	129°; 125 * *	\$ 1,157 1,193 361 51 84	131°7 129 * *		
All	\$ 3,440	(45)	\$	3,100	1116	\$ 2,919	118€	\$ 2,846	121%		
			<u> </u>		Issue Ag	es 20–29	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	12,248 5,181 1,354	(193) (46) (6)	1	5,322 1,673 3,366 708 481	94°7. 105 154 *	\$ 15,785 12,056 3,494 731 493	92% 102 148 *	\$ 15,206 11,558 3,337 697 471	95% 106 155 *		
All	\$ 34,077	(582)	\$ 3	1,550	108%	\$ 32,559	105%	\$ 31,269	1099		
					Issue Ag	ges 30-39		1	<u> </u>		
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	78,886 39,877 9,780	(1,243) (356) (40)	8	2,275 6,997 0,819 8,062 5,578	101% 91 98 121 132	\$ 67,291 93,714 43,737 8,579 5,887	93% 84 91 114 125	\$ 63,833 88,973 41,566 8,179 5,632	9856 89 96 120 131		
Ali	\$198,713	(2,984)	\$20	3,731	98%	\$ 219,208	915	\$208,183	95%		

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death,

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note. -Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE C-Continued

ALL PLANS-Continued

			Table	(A)	TABLE (B)	TABLE (C)	
Classification Amount	CLA	UAL IMS	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
				Issue Ag	es 40-49		,	
\$ 50,000 \$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	\$ 71,978 117,979 92,748 26,537 13,502	(1,765) (1,966) (835) (117) (22)	\$ 79,459 138,449 100,685 28,886 18,300	91 <i>%</i> 85 92 92 74	\$ 88,365 154,082 111,950 32,100 20,284	81° 77 83 83 67	\$ 84,299 147,081 106,769 30,625 19,334	850 80 87 87 70
All	\$322,744	(4,401)	\$365,779	88°?	\$ 406,781	79%	\$388,108	835
				Issue Ag	es 50-59			
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000 - 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	76,023 66,719 23,170	(988) (1,252) (678) (115) (27)	\$ 48,248 87,733 80,546 27,549 20,192	85% 87 83 84 55	99,925 91,954 31,542 23,427	75% 76 73 73 48	\$ 51,133 93,011 85,379 29,213 21,430	810 82 78 79 52
All	\$218,240	(2,868)	\$264,268	83° 6	\$ 301,822	72%	\$280,156	78¢
				Issue Ag	es 60-69			
5 50,000-\$ 99,999. 100,000 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	15,735 20,354 5,829 3,583	(289) (247) (188) (27) (10) (730)	\$ 12,396 20,031 22,910 7,651 5,660 \$ 68,648	96% 79 89 76 63 84%	21,606 24,800 8,267 6,181	73 82 71 58	\$ 13,423 21,683 24,850 8,338 6,253 \$ 74,547	899 73 82 70 57
			Iss	ue Ages	70 and Over			
5 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	1,039 1,183 400 80	(20) (17) (14) (3) (1)	\$ 756 1,120 1,276 738 287	108°; 93 93 * *	1,232 1,395 810 334	95% 84 85 *	1,219 1,381 804 322	98° 85 86 *
All	\$ 3,518	(54)	S 4,177	84°°	\$ 4,629	76 <u>°</u> €	\$ 4,557	775
				All Is	sue Ages		1	
50,000 \$ 99,999. 100,000- 199,999. 200,000- 499,999. 500,000- 999,999. 1,000,000 and over.	\$205,217 303,900 226,452 67,570 36,527	(4,961) (4,796) (2,008) (296) (74)	\$220,142 347,746 250,117 73,673 50,605	93 <i>°</i> 72	\$ 242,275 384,293 277,827 82,107 56,708	85% 79 82 82 64	\$230,452 365,339 263,806 77,935 53,545	890 83 86 87 68
All	\$839,666	(10,952)	\$942,283	890	\$1,043,210	80°,	\$991,077	85°

TABLE D

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1944-72

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

BY CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT, POLICY YEAR, AND PLAN OF INSURANCE MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on

- (A) 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience
- (B) 1958-63 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience
- (C) 1965-70 Basic Tables, Select and Ultimate

(Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

PERMANENT PLANS

_			TABLE	(A)	TABLE	(B)	TABLE	(C)			
Classification Amount	ACTUAL CLAIMS		Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A·E	Expected Claims	A/E			
		Policy Years 1-2									
100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 15,703 18,935 18,468 8,172 3,588	(329) (277) (162) (35) (9)	\$ 15,576 23,391 21,200 6,882 6,602 \$ 73,651	101'' 6 81 87 119 *	25,252 23,249 7,643 7,380	75 79 107 *	\$ 16,144 24,212 21,980 7,193 6,891	97°; 78 84 114 *			
All	\$ 64,866	\$ 76,420	00%								
		-		10000	ears 3-5						
100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 21,074 35,558 31,488 10,063 5,052	(467) (521) (294) (44) (10)	\$ 24,179 41,143 34,780 11,120 9,757	87% 86 91 90 52	45,975 39,398 12,691 11,265	77 80 79 45	\$ 25,118 42,824 36,595 11,771 10,355	84°,7 83 86 85 49			
All	\$103,235	(1,300)	\$120,979	85%	\$ 136,194	76€	\$126,663	825			
				Policy Y	ears 6-10	<u> </u>	1				
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 37,087 61,890 53,723 16,190 9,729	(868) (979) (481) (74) (16)	\$ 40,168 68,454 51,595 15,888 11,097	9257 90 104 102 88	\$ 44,131 75,666 57,444 17,757 12,413	82 94 91	\$ 42,458 72,849 55,271 17,068 11,921	875% 85 97 95 82			
All	\$178,619	(2,312)	\$187,202	95%	\$ 207,411	86%	\$199,567	90%			

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

NOTE.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE D-Continued
PERMANENT PLANS—Continued

			TABLE	(A)	Table (В)	TABLE	(C)
Classification Amount	ACTUAL CLAIMS		Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			I	Policy Ye	ears 11-15			
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999	\$ 40,876	(997)	\$ 43,120	95%	\$ 47,644	86°7	\$ 45,352	90%
100,000- 199,999	64,925	(1,088)	71,657	91	79,381	82	75,629	86
200,000- 499,999	43,003	(422)	48,245	89	53,387	81	50,960	84
500,000- 999,999		(60)	14,966	79	16,508	72	15,787	75
1,000,000 and over	3,800	(13)	7,375	52	8,149	47	7,797	49
All	\$164,465	(2,476)	\$185,363	89%	\$ 205,069	80%	\$195,525	84%
	Policy Years 16-20							
50,000~\$ 99,999	\$ 27 387	(736)	\$ 32,929	83%	\$ 36,499	750%	\$ 34,602	79%
100,000-199,999	40,351	(701)	48,107	84	53,338	76	50,616	80
200,000- 499,999	27,422	(283)	32,588	84	36,023	76	34,383	80
500,000- 999,999		(50)	8,340	94	9,207	85	8,832	89
1,000,000 and over		(12)	4,344	65	4,821	58	4,598	61
All	\$105,816	(1,714)	\$126,308	84%	\$ 139,888	76%	\$133,031	80%
			I	olicy Ye	ears 21-25	1	1	
5 50,000- \$ 99,999	\$ 13,795	(368)	\$ 16,027	86%	\$ 17,817	77%	\$ 16,739	82%
100,000- 199,999	22,805	(384)	23,914	95	26,612	86	25,034	91
200,000- 499,999	14,317	(180)	16,827	85	18,740	76	17,654	81
500,000- 999,999	3,051	(16)	3,274	93	3,649	84	3,435	89
1,000,000 and over		(5)	1,246	*	1,389	*	1,310	*
All	\$ 54,368	(920)	\$ 61,288	89%	\$ 68,207	80%	\$ 64,172	85%
			I	All Poli	cy Years	ı		
5 50,000- \$ 99,999	\$155,922	(3,719)	\$171,999	91%	\$ 189,666	8252	\$180,413	869
100,000~ 199,999	244,464	(3,786)	276,666	88	306,224	80	291,164	84
200,000- 499,999	188,421	(1,673)	205,235	92	228,241	83	216,843	87
500,000- 999,999	57,186	(252)	60,470	95	67,455	85	64,086	89
1,000,000 and over	25,376	(59)	40,421	63	45,417	56	42,872	59
All	\$671,369	(8,603)	\$754,791	89%	\$ 837,003	80%	\$795,378	84%

TABLE D—Continued
TERM PLANS

			TABLE	(A)	TABLE (В)	TABLE	(C)			
Classification A m ount	ACTUAL CLAIMS		Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A E			
				Policy Y	'ears 1-2						
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000 499,999 500,000 999,999 1,000,000 and over	9,414 (5,652 2,923 3,269	(173) (139) (59) (11 (4)	10,297 7,475 2,591 2,576	105°7 91 76 113	10,832 7,991 2,797 2,795	100° 6 87 71 105 *	10,443 7,594 2,645 2,635	103°° 6 90 74 111			
All	\$ 28,965	(381)	S 30.291	9607	\$ 32,100	90%	\$ 30,778	94%			
	Policy Years 3-5										
8 50,000-8 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000 - 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	10,766 8,676 3,243 2,767	(196) (187) (81) (19) (3) (477)	\$ 8,906 13,208 9,272 3,099 2,978 \$ 37,463	95% 82 94 105 *	14,475 10,344 3,494 3,353	870 6 74 84 93 *	\$ 9,086 13,533 9,581 3,232 3,116 \$ 38,548	93% 80 91 100 *			
			I	Policy Y	ears 6-10	1	.1				
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	11,257 7,641 1,120 3,000	(233) (219) (83) (5) (6)	\$ 9,117 14,852 9,557 2,857 2,423 \$ 38,806	100% 76 80 * *	16,393 10,640 3,194 2,705	91° 7 69 72 * *	\$ 9,586 15,757 10,219 3,061 2,594 \$ 41,217	95% 71 75 * *			

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE D-Continued
TERM PLANS-Continued

C			TABLE	(A)	TABLE (B)	TABLE	(C)
Classification Amount	J.	TUAL AMS	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
			I	olicy Ye	ars 11-15			
\$ 50,000 \\$ 99,999 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	10,919 6,018	(231) (227) (86) (11) (2)	8 8,551 12,302 6,778 1,650 902	95% 89 89 108 *	\$ 9,476 13,678 7,520 1,833 1,002	85 <i>%</i> 80 80 <i>97</i> *	\$ 9,000 13,011 7,163 1,750 954	90°; 84 84 101 *
All	\$ 28,062	(552)	\$ 30,183	93%	8 33,509	84%	\$ 31,878	880,
			1	Policy Yes	ars 16-20			1
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 11,272 10,721 5,757 808 765	(334) (252) (86) (9) (5)	\$ 9,088 13,030 7,453 2,053 1,041	124° c \$ 82 77 *	\$ 10,096 14,456 8,249 2,270 1,146	11297 74 70 *	\$ 9,546 13,698 7,848 2,161 1,097	1187, 78 73 *
All	\$ 29,323	(666)	\$ 32,665	90°6	\$ 36,217	81 <i>℃</i>	\$ 34,350	85%
			I	Policy Yes	ars 21-25			
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 4,667 6,359 4,287 515 100	(174) (150) (68) (5) (1)	\$ 5,129 7,391 4,347 953 264	91 86 99 * *	\$ 5,707 8,235 4,842 1,064 290	8257 77 89 *	\$ 5,360 7,733 4,558 1,000 277	876, 82 94 *
All	\$ 15,928	(385)	\$ 18,084	88%	\$ 20,138	79€	\$ 18,928	849
			1	All Polic	cy Years		I	<u> </u>
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 49,295 59,436 38,031 10,384 11,151	(1,336) (1,157) (447) (59) (20)	\$ 48,143 71,080 44,882 13,203 10,184	102% 84 85 79 109	\$ 52,609 78,069 49,586 14,652 11,291	94% 76 77 71 99	\$ 50,039 74,175 46,963 13,849 10,673	996 80 81 75 104
All	\$168,297	(2,899)	\$187,492	90%	\$ 206,207	82%	\$195,699	86°

TABLE D—Continued
ALL PLANS

			TABLE	(A)	TABLE	(B)	TABLE	(C)
CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT	Act Cla		Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
				Policy Y	ears 1-2	- -		·
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1.000,000 and over	\$ 23,410 28,349 24,120 11,095 6,857	(497) (413) (213) (44) (13)	\$ 22,928 33,688 28,675 9,473 9,178	102% 84 84 117 75	\$ 24,395 36,084 31,240 10,440 10,175	79 77 106	\$ 23,605 34,655 29,574 9,838 9,526	99 82 82 113 72
All	\$ 93,831	(1,155)	\$103,942	90°,	\$ 112.334	84%	\$107.198	88°7
	A AMERICAN SECURITY IN THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO		1	Policy Y	ears 3-5		Marketin (1984) - 1987	
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over All	\$ 29,525 46,324 40,164 13,306 7,819 \$137,138	(658) (699) (356) (60) (12) (1,729)	\$ 33,085 54,351 44,052 14,219 12,735 \$158,442	89% 85 91 94 61 87%	\$ 36,539 60,456 49,742 16,185 14,618 \$ 177,534	77 81 82 53	\$ 34,204 56,357 46,176 15,003 13,471 \$165,211	86° 6 82 87 89 58 83° 6
				Policy Y	ears 6-10	_!	1	1
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 46,185 73,147 61,364 17,310 12,729	(1,090) (1,170) (553) (79) (21)	\$ 49,285 83,306 61,152 18,745 13,520	94'~6 88 100 92 94	\$ 54,102 92,059 68,084 20,951 15,118	79 90 83	\$ 52,044 88,606 65,480 20,129 14,515	890% 83 94 86 88
All,	\$210,735	(2,786)	\$226,008	93%	\$ 250,314	84%	\$240,784	88%

Note, --Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE D—Continued ALL PLANS—Continued

			TABLE	(A)	TA	BLE (1	31	TABLE	(C)
Classification Amount	ACT CLA		Expected Claims	A/E	Expec Clair		A/E	Expected Claims	A/E
			I	Policy Ye	ars 11-1	5			
\$ 50,000 \\$ 99,999 \\\ 100,000 - 199,999 \\\ 200,000 - 499,999 \\\ 500,000 - 999,999 \\\ 1,000,000 \text{ and over.}	75,844 49,021 13,636	(1,206) (1,291) (492) (65) (15)	\$ 51,671 83,959 55,023 16,616 8,277	95% 90 89 82 61	93, 60, 18,	120 059 907 341 151	86% 82 80 74 55	\$ 54,352 88,640 58,123 17,537 8,751	90% 86 84 78 58
All	\$192,527	(2,948)	\$215,546	89 <i>%</i>	\$ 238,	578	81%	\$227,403	85%
			F	olicy Ye	ars 16-2	0		1	<u> </u>
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000 - 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	51,072 33,179 8,657 3,572	(1,044) (927) (350) (58) (16)	\$ 42,017 61,137 40,041 10,393 5,385	92% 84 83 83 66	67, 44, 11, 5,	595 794 272 477 967	83% 75 75 75 75 60	\$ 44,148 64,314 42,231 10,993 5,695	88% 79 79 79 63
All	\$135,139	(2,297)	\$158,973	85%	S 176,	105	77%	\$167,381	81%
			F	olicy Ye	ars 21-2.	5			
\$ 50,000 \$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	29,164 18,604 3,566	(527) (526) (232) (21) (5)	\$ 21,156 31,305 21,174 4,227 1,510	87% 93 88 84 *	34, 23, 4,	524 847 582 713 679	78% 84 79 76	\$ 22,099 32,767 22,212 4,435 1,587	84% 89 84 80 *
All	\$ 70,296	(1,262)	\$ 79,372	89%	\$ 88,	345	80%	\$ 83,100	85%
			1	All Poli	cy Years				
\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000 · 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$205,217 303,900 226,452 67,570 36,527	(4,961) (4,796) (2,008) (296) (74)	\$220,142 347,746 250,117 73,673 50,605	93% 87 91 92 72	384, 277, 82,	293	85% 79 82 82 64	\$230,452 365,339 263,806 77,935 53,545	89% 83 86 87 68
All	\$839,666	(10,952)	\$942,283	895 ₆		210	80%	\$991,077	85%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

TABLE E

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1959-72

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

BY AGE AT ISSUE, ESTIMATED ANNUAL INCOME AT ISSUE, AND PURPOSE OF INSURANCE

MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED AND PLANS OF INSURANCE COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

		Person	AL INSUR.	ANCE	Busine	ss Insur	4 SC)	KFY-	Man Inst	RANCE	Aı	L INSURANC	Œ
Issue Age	ESTIMATED ANNUAL INCOME AT ISSUE	Actu Clair		A/E	Actu Clain		A/E	Actu Clai		A/E	t .	tual iims	A/E
0–34	Under \$20,000 \$ 20,000-\$49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined	\$ 31,419 14,444 2,216 1,850 956	(581) (193) (22) (7) (17)	98% 115 109 * 72	\$ 2,664 2,357 798 300 235	(45) (29) (8) (1) (4)	9277	\$ 1,978 1,162 300 550 0	(31) (16) (1) (1) (0)	897.6 63 * *	\$ 36,236 18,096 3,373 2,800 1,191	(232) (32) (8)	96% 103 108 *
	All	\$ 50,885	(800)	104%	\$ 6,354	(85)	9677	\$ 3,990	(49)	84%	\$ 61,696	(915)	102%
35–49	Under \$20,000 \$ 20,000-\$49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined	\$ 42,759 68,986 18,245 9,777 2,469	(870) (1,037) (187) (51) (29)	90% 94 79 117 85	\$ 8,835 23,514 9,288 2,561 450	(160) (279) (74) (15) (5)	8177 87 85 63	\$ 6,049 16,709 12,407 4,209 315	(99) (182) (52) (10) (3)	88% 94 151 110	\$ 58,937 111,178 40,510 16,897 3,234	3 (1,444) (292) (73)	89% 93 94 99 86
	All	\$142,236	$(2,112)^{-}$	92%	\$44,648	(517)	84 ;	\$39,689	(338)	108%	\$230,756	(2,830)	92%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note. - Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note,-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE E -Continued

	ESTIMATED ANNUAL	Person	al Insur.	ANCE	Busine	ss Insur/	ANCE	Key	Man Insu	RANCE	ALL INSURANCE		
Issue Age	INCOME AT ISSUE	Actu Clair		A/E	Actu Clair		A/E	Actu Clair		A/E	Actu Clair		A/E
50 and over	Under \$20,000 \$ 20,000-\$49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined	\$ 11,592 31,630 16,254 9,091 1,310	(216) (530) (194) (75) (24)	72% 93 80 71 71	\$ 5,261 14,483 9,201 6,027 85	(92) (221) (89) (36) (3)	99% 78 73 76 *	\$ 1,942 8,960 8,427 4,158 150	(36) (114) (53) (24) (2)	71% 82 91 57	\$ 18,925 56,261 35,370 19,476 1,545	(337) (832) (316) (119) (29)	77% 86 82 68 57
	All	\$ 69,877 (1,006)	82%	\$35,057	(426)	78° 8	\$23,637	(221)	77%	\$131,577 ((1,554)	80%
All ages	Under \$20,000 \$ 20,000-\$49,999 50,000- 99,999 100,000 and over Not accurately determined	\$ 85,770 (115,060 (36,715 20,718 4,735		90% 96 81 94 78	\$16,760 40,354 19,287 8,888 770	(296) (528) (170) (51) (12)	88% 83 80 73 68	\$ 9,969 26,831 21,134 8,917 465	(164) (310) (105) (35) (5)	84% 88 118 79	\$114,098 (185,535 (79,253 39,173 5,970		89% 92 89 83 75
	All	\$262,998 (3,868)	91%	\$86,059 (1,017)	82%	\$67,316	(601)	93%	\$424,029 (5,200)	89%

TABLE F

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1959-72

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

BY AGE AT ISSUE, CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT, AND PURPOSE OF INSURANCE

MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED AND PLANS OF INSURANCE COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Experience Issues (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

		Person	AL INSUR	ANCE	Busine	ss Insur	ANCE	Key-M	AN INSUR	ANCE	AL	l Insuranc	CE
Issue Age	CLASSIFICATION AMOUNT	Actu Clair		A/E	Actu Clair		A/E	Actu Clai		A/E	Act Cla		A/E
0-34	\$ 50,000~\$ 99,999 100,000~ 199,999 200,000~ 499,999 500,000~ 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 21,036 19,165 7,278 2,056 1,350	(478) (283) (65) (6) (2)	101% 93 124 *	\$ 1,195 2,444 2,493 222 0	(30) (36) (20) (1) (0)	77% 93 150 *	\$ 625 1,854 961 0 550	(14) (26) (8) (0) (1)	72% 100 * *	\$ 23,064 23,622 10,732 2,378 1,900	(342) (87) (7)	99% 94 120 *
T T T	All	\$ 50,885	(800)	104%	\$ 6,354	(85)	96%	\$ 3,990	(49)	84%	\$ 61,696	(915)	102%
35-49	\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 36,606 55,558 37,974 8,956 3,142	(875) (911) (368) (38) (8)	94% 86 97 119	\$ 6,858 13,744 16,369 5,960 1,717	(152) (205) (149) (28) (7)	87%c 79 90 92 *	\$ 3,986 9,053 12,805 6,356 7,488	(86) (128) (106) (25) (7)	100% 83 103 129	\$ 47,999 79,644 68,973 21,793 12,347	(1,228) (586) (83)	94% 85 97 111 87
	All	\$142,236	(2,112)	92%	\$44,648	(517)	84%	\$39,689	(338)	108%	\$230,756	(2,830)	92%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

NOTE.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note.-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE F-Continued

Issue	CLASSIFICATION	Personal Insura	INCE	Business Insur.	ANCE	Key-Man Insur	ANCE	ALL INSURANCE	E
AGE		Actual Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	A/E
0 and over	\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 15,492 (369) 24,663 (409) 21,469 (226) 6,954 (41) 1,299 (6)	89% 84 87 90	\$ 6,020 (133) 9,926 (153) 13,217 (133) 4,194 (21) 1,700 (7)	103% 83 82 69	\$ 1,985 (45) 5,524 (84) 8,052 (76) 3,690 (17) 4,386 (8)	75% 77 79 77 *	\$ 23,665 (542) 40,648 (632) 44,013 (403) 15,466 (69) 7,785 (18)	90% 82 84 81 45
	All	\$ 69,877 (1,006)	82%	\$ 35,057 (426)	78%	\$23,637 (221)	77%	\$131,577 (1,554)	80%
All ages	\$ 50,000-\$ 99,999 100,000- 199,999 200,000- 499,999 500,000- 999,999 1,000,000 and over	\$ 73,134 (1,718) 99,386 (1,596) 66,721 (648) 17,966 (85) 5,791 (16)	95% 87 96 111 48	\$14,073 (314) 26,114 (394) 32,079 (300) 10,376 (50) 3,417 (14)	92% 82 89 80 39	\$ 6,596 (144) 16,431 (237) 21,818 (188) 10,047 (42) 12,424 (16)	88% 82 91 99	\$ 94,728 (2,163) 143,914 (2,188) 123,718 (1,056) 39,637 (159) 22,032 (38)	94% 85 94 98 68
-	All	\$262,998 (3,868)	91%	\$86,059 (1,017)	82%	\$67,316 (601)	93%	\$424,029 (5,200)	89%

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TABLE G

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1944-72 EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

BY CAUSE OF DEATH, AGE AT ISSUE, AND PLAN OF INSURANCE

MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

			PERMAN	ENT PLANS			TERM	t Prass			ALL	PLANS	
	Cause of Death	i .	Actual E Claims		A/E	Actu Clair		Expected (farms	A/E	Actu Clair		Expected Claims	A/E
				<u>'</u>			Issue A	\yes a -20					
	l'uberculosis Malignant neoplasms Diabetes mellitus	\$ 0 4,381 0	(0) (69) (0)	\$ 5 4,096 60	* 107%	\$ 75 688 0	(1) (14) (t).	1,099 15	* 63°7	\$ 75 5,069 0	(1) (81) (0)	\$ 6 5,195 75	* 98% *
]	Cerebrovascular diseases. Heart and circulatory. Pneumonia and influenza. Accidents and homicide	4,549 608 14,169	(17) (88) (6) (200)	734 4,814 350 10,761	117 94 * 132	158 1,396 130 3,596	(6); (34); (2); (66);	205 1,162 74 3,669	120 * 98	1,016 5,945 738 17,765	(22) (116) (8) (261)	939 5,976 424 14,430	108 99 * 123
	Suicide . Var and residual	3,286 3,305 \$ 31,156	(49) (64) - (493)	1,840 4,895 \$ 27,555	179 68 113%	744 1,070 \$ 7,857	(19) (25) (167	513 1,387 8 8,125	145 77 	4,030 4,375 \$ 39,013	(67) (87) - (643)	2,353 6,282 \$ 35,680	171 70 109%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note. Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note, -- Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death,

TABLE G Continued

TABLE G -Continued

•		PERMAN	ENT PLANS			TER	M PLANS			ALL PLANS	
Cause of Death	Actua Claim		Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims		Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E
						Issue A	ges 50-59				
Tuberculosis. Malignant neoplasms. Diabetes mellitus. Cerebrovascular diseases. Heart and circulatory. Pneumonia and influenza. Accidents and homicide. Suicide. War and residual. All.	\$ 0 48,419 937 11,334 72,541 3,558 13,536 4,284 24,185 \$178,794 ((0) (612) (14) (144) (977) (55) (147) (50) (326) 2,325)	\$ 167 56,515 1,002 14,636 95,629 5,292 10,729 4,508 32,860 \$221,338	* 86% 94 77 76 67 126 95 74	\$ 0 11,907 359 2,994 14,349 454 2,791 901 5,691 \$39,446	(0) (164) (7) (45) (264) (9) (35) (13) (92) (629	\$ 31 19,458 215 3,130 18,697 1,142 2,103 810 6,344 \$42,980	* 114% 96 77 * 133 111 90		9) 1,217 17,766 1) 17,766 114,326 4) 6,434 12,832 1) 5,318 1) 39,204	* 90% 106 81 76 62 127 97 76 83%
					Is	ssue Ages	60 and Over				
Tuberculosis Malignant neoplasms Diabetes mellitus Cerebrovascular diseases Heart and circulatory Pneumonia and influenza Accidents and homicide Suicide War and residual All	\$ 0 16,425 285 5,781 22,217 1,797 1,697 800 8,074	(178) (5) (64) (303) (25) (23) (9) (109)	\$ 25 16,263 169 4,809 23,527 1,326 2,319 574 18,320 \$ 67,332	* 101% * 120 94 136 73 44 - 85%	\$ 0 1,056 0 305 796 190 275 110 1,148 \$ 3,880	(0) (20) (0) (10) (22) (6) (2) (2) (2) (8)	\$ 2 1,111 13 358 1,677 104 164 36 2,028 \$ 5,493	* 95% * 85 47 * * * *	17,481 (19	55) 182 4) 5,167 2) 25,204 0) 1,430 5) 2,483 0) 610 20,348	* 101% * 118 91 139 79 149 45

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note,--Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note, -Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

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TABLE H

LARGE-AMOUNT ISSUES OF 1944-72

EXPERIENCE BETWEEN 1968 AND 1973 ANNIVERSARIES

BY CAUSE OF DEATH, POLICY YEAR, AND PLAN OF INSURANCE

MALE AND FEMALE LIVES COMBINED

Expected Deaths Based on 1968-73 Standard Ordinary Issues Experience (Amounts Shown in \$1,000 Units)

		PERMAN	ENT PLANS			Тев	M PLANS			ALL	PLANS	
CAUSE OF DEATH	Actu Clair		Expected Claims	A/E	Actua Claim		Expected Claims	A/E	Actu. Clair		Expected Claims	A/E
			<u>' </u>	····		Policy	Years 1-5	<u>'</u>	<u> </u>		<u>`</u>	
Tuberculosis	39,293	(0) (445) (6)	\$ 101 47,701 314	* 82%	\$ 0 16,083 80	(0) (177) (2)	\$ 37 14,793 105	* 109%	\$ 0 55,376 363	(0) (602) (7)	\$ 138 62,494 419	* 89%
Cerebrovascular diseases. Heart and circulatory Pneumonia and influenza.	4,352 45,414	(55) (596) (25)	6,372 60,508 2,213	68 75 92	1,855 12,682 360	(27) (209) (6)	2,100 19,382 683	88 65 *	6,207 58,096 2,403	(78) (790) (30)	8,472 79,890 2,896	73 73 83
Accidents and homicide	47,301	(517) (153) (236)	41,147 9,510 26,764	115 120 67	18,648 5,234 7,926	(234) (74) (116)	17,884 3,547	104 148 86	65,949 16,609 25,966	(725) (215) (343)	59,031 13,057	112 127 72
	\$168,101			86%	\$62,868		$\frac{9,223}{\$67,754}$		\$230,969 (35,987 \$262,384	88%

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death.

Note.—Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been eliminated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note,-Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE H Continued

	l'	'FRMANE:	NT PLANS			11.3	M Plans			ALL PLANS	
Cause of Death	Actual Claims		Expected Claims	A/E	Acti Clai		Expected Ctim:	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E
	197					Polisy	Year 6 10				
Tuberculosis Malignant neoplasms Diabetes mellitus Cerebrovascular diseases Heart and circulatory Pneumonia and influenza Accidents and homicide Suicide War and residual All	500 7,835 64,097 2,896 23,114 8,882	(0) § (598) (5) (105) (851) (44) (288) (122) (299) ,312) §	49,370 483 8,135 72,192 2,561 18,677 7,596 28,071 8187,202	* 100% * 96 89 113 124 117 78 95%	\$ 0 6,853 50 853 10,397 479 5,377 2,402 5,705 \$32,116	(10) (120) (11) (16) (177) (91) (90) (41) (81) (535)	\$\ \begin{array}{c} 8 & 25 \\ 9 & 798 \\ 100 \\ 1.569 \\ 14.707 \\ 504 \\ 4.445 \\ 1.824 \\ 5.834 \\ 838.806 \end{array}	* 70° / * 54 71 * 121 132 98	56,204 (70	6) 583 0) 9,704 5) 86,899 2) 3,065 0) 23,122 9,420 7) 33,905	* 95% * 90 86 110 123 120 82
						Policy Y	Tenurs 11 15				
Tuberculosis. Malignant neoplasms. Diabetes mellitus Cerebrovascular diseases. Heart and circulatory Pneumonia and influenza. Accidents and homicide Suicide. War and residual.	578 8,095 69,486 (1, 2,179 15,873 6,719	(0) (605) (10) (113) (054) (39) (222) (93) (340)	\$ 84 45,034 632 9,542 81,990 3,194 12,176 4,898 27,813	* 9197 91 85 85 85 68 130 137 74	\$ 0 6,673 133 1,254 12,150 305 3,160 838 3,549	(0) (126) (3) (29) (240) (9) (51) (18) (76)	8 12 7,261 98 1,406 13,388 495 2,105 866 4,552	* 927.7 * 89 91 * 150 97 78		3) 730 8) 10,948 2) 95,378 7) 3,689 1) 14,281 8) 5,764	* 910 97 85 86 67 133 131 74
All	\$164,465 (2,	,476) 8	\$185,363	894	\$28,062	(552)	\$30,183	93%	\$192,527 (2,94	8) \$215,546	899

^{*} Fewer than 10 lives terminated by death,

Note. Number of lives involved shown in parentheses; duplications have been climinated in arriving at the total number of deaths shown in this table.

Note. Mortality ratio in italics where 10-49 lives terminated by death.

TABLE H Continued

	P	T PLANS		TERM PLANS				ALL PLANS						
Cause of Death	Actual Claims		Expected Claims A/E		Actual Claims		Expected Claims	A/E	Actual Claims	Expected Claims	A/E			
		Policy Years 16 20												
Tuberculosis. Malignant neoplasms Diabetes mellitus Cerebrovascular diseases Heart and circulatory Pneumonia and influenza Accidents and homicide Suicide War and residual All.	23,015 (840 8,123 (47,106 (1,606 5,651 (3,486	(0) (391) (10) (109) (782) (31) (100) (45) (246) ,714) \$	21,637 1,137 11,161 56,988 3,723 2,827 998 27,748	* 106% 74 73 83 43 200 349 58 84%	\$ 75 6,511 297 2,249 13,107 240 1,360 579 4,905	(1) (151) (7) (48) (304) (8) (35) (14) (98) (666)	\$ 24 5,843 305 2,985 15,325 989 746 264 6,184 - \$32,665	* 1110 * 75 86 * 182 219 79 900 900	1,137 (17) 10,372 (155) 60,213 (1,045) 1,846 (30) 7,011 (132) 4,065 (56) 20,894 (334)	\$ 113 27,480 1,442 14,146 72,313 4,712 3,573 1,262 33,932 \$158,973	* 107° 79° 73° 83° 39° 196° 322° 62° 85°			
	Policy Years 21 25													
Tuberculosis Malignant neoplasms Diabetes melitus Cerebrovascular diseases Heart and circulatory Pneumonia and influenza Accidents and homicide Suicide War and residual	12,461 (532 4,407 24,739 (1,336 1,781 1,285	(0) (207) (7) (71) (421) (26) (31) (24) (133)	48 10,041 608 6,792 30,409 2,451 1,295 351 9,293	* 124% 65 81 55 138 366 84	\$ 0 3,183 150 2,141 7,031 662 635 413 1,713	(0) (86) (2) (31) (184) (14) (18) (8) (42)	\$ 14 2,999 179 1,993 8,969 710 374 102 2,744	* 106°; * 107 78 93 170 * 02	\$ 0 (0) 15,644 (286) 682 (7) 6,548 (99) 31,770 (582) 1,998 (39) 2,416 (48) 1,698 (32) 9,540 (169)	\$ 62 13,040 787 8,785 39,378 3,161 1,669 453 12,037	* 120° * 75 81 63 145 375 79			
All	\$ 54,368 ((920) \$	61,288	89°,	\$15,928	(385)	\$18,084	8897	\$ 70,296 (1,262)	\$ 79,372	890			

TABLE J

COMBINED MALE AND FEMALE BASIC MORTALITY TABLE USED TO CALCULATED EXPECTED DEATHS

GRADUATED MORTALITY RATES PER \$1,000

	ISSUE AGES																
Policy Year	0	1	2-4	5-9	10-14	15-19	20-24	25-29	30-34	35-39	401 44	45-49	50-54	55-59	60-64	65-69	70 and Over
1	1.34	0.61	0.52	0.28	0.32	0.91	0.62	0.55	0.65	0.86	1.34	1.90	2.49	3.24	4.78	6.33	8.1
2	0.53	0.49	0.44	0.26	0.39	1.05	0.68	0.65	0.85	1.18	1.77	2.67	3.86	5.14	6.92	8.91	11.3
3	0.46	0.44	0.39	0.25	0.50	1.14	0.73	0.73	0.97	1.46	2.19	3.31	4.93	6.82	9.39	13.03	15.5
4	0.42	0.40	0.35	0.26	0.65	1.16	0.77	0.79	1.05	1.70	2.60	3.92	5.79	8.34	11.66	16.30	20.4
5	0.39	0.37	0.31	0.28	0.81	1.15	0.80	0.84	1.15	1.92	3,00	4.51	6.63	9.79	13.64	18.77	26.0
6	0.36	0.34	0.28	0.32	0.95	1.13	0.82	0.89	1.27	2.15	3.38	5.08	7.56	11.18	15.32	21.01	33.7
7	0.33	0.31	0.27	0.39	1.06	1.10	0.84	0.95	1.42	2.41	3.78	5.63	8.64	12.53	17.48	24.32	42.6
<u>8</u>	0.30	0.28	0.26	0.50	1.13	1.08	0.87	1.03	1.64	2.71	4.22	6.23	9.81	13.86	20.25	28.68	52.7
9	0.28	0.27	0.28	0.62	1.17	1.06	0.91	1.14	1.88	3.05	4.71	6.90	11.03	15.31	23.47	33.74	62.6
9. <i></i>	0.27	0.26	0.32	0.73	1.18	1.05	0.95	1.27	2.14	3.43	5.27	7.70	12.32	17.24	27.14	39.64	72.1
1	0.26	0.28	0.39	0.83	1.16	1.04	1.00	1.41	2.42	3.84	5.92	8.77	13.70	19.95	31.26	46.05	81.4
2	0.28	0.33	0.50	0.93	1.12	1.04	1.06	1.57	2.71	4.29	6.67	9.87	15.20	22.87	35.81	52.78	90.
3	0.33	0.40	0.62	1.02	1.09	1.04	1.15	1.75	3.02	4.78	7.52	11.19	17.36	26.12	40.87	60.46	99.0
4	0.41	0.51	0.73	1.08	1.06	1.05	1.26	1.96	3.35	5.34	8,50 9,67	12.84	19.95	30.08	46.48	71.14	108.9
5	0.52	0.63	0.83	1.12	1.05	1.06	1.38	2.48	4.17	6.74	11.01	17.44	23.00 26.85	34.93	53.33	82.63	119.0
6	0.75	0.74	1.02	1.13	1.04	1.12	1.63	2.79	4.64	7.54	12.40	19.72	30.82	41.46	62.44 72.09	95.01 107.41	130.
8	0.73	0.93	1.02	1.09	1.05	1.12	1.79	3.12	5.15	8.40	13.83	21.97	34.03	52.46	81.03	119.35	143.8 159.1
9	0.83	1.01	1.11	1.06	1.06	1.29	2.00	3.47	5.70	9.32	15.30	24.22	37.06	57.47	88.58	130.86	175.9
)	1.01	1.07	1.12	1.05	1.07	1.41	2.25	3.85	6.30	10.32	16.81	26.51	40.01	62.24	96.01	142.06	193.
1	1.07	1.10	1.12	1.04	1.09	1.53	2.53	4.26	6.96	11.40	18.35	28.84	43.27	67.53	103.54	152.98	211.
2	1.10	1.11	1.09	1.04	1.13	1.66	2.83	4.70	7.69	12.57	19.91	31.20	46.99	73.49	111.48	163.74	230.0
3	1.11	1.11	1.06	1.05	1.21	1.83	3.15	5.18	8.48	13.84	21.64	33.61	51.22	79.96	120.89	174.45	249
i	1.11	1.08	1.05	1.06	1.31	2.04	3.49	5.70	9.32	15.24	23.54	36.55	56.01	86.66	131.11	185.13	271
5	1.08	1.06	1.04	1.07	1.43	2.29	3.85	6.27	10.24	16.78	25.62	39.94	61.41	93.49	141.77	195.88	296.

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NOTE TO TABLE J

This table was constructed from intercompany experience under Standard Ordinary issues between 1968 and 1973 anniversaries. Medical and nonmedical experience and male and female lives were combined, except that select nonmedical experience was excluded for issue ages 20 and above. The Standard Ordinary experience was in fifteenyear select form for issue-age groups 0, 1, 2-4, 5-9, ..., 65-69, and 70 and over and in ultimate form for attained-age groups 15-19, 20-24, ..., 90-95 representing the experience after fifteen policy years. In order to fit the ultimate data into the twenty-fiveyear select pattern, ultimate experience rates for quinquennial age groups were assumed to fall at issue-age and duration combinations appropriate for the central attained ages of the quinquennial groupings. For most issue-age groups, these ultimate rates provided values for policy years 16 and 21. Crude death rates for policy years 17-20 were determined by a Karup-King four-point interpolation formula applied to the ultimate experience rates corresponding to policy years 11, 16, 21, and 26. Crude death rates for policy years 22-25 were determined in the same manner, using data for policy years 16, 21, 26, and 31. Parallel procedures were employed to obtain assumed death rates at durations beyond 15 for issue-age groups 0, 1, and 2-4.

Ratios of the crude rates to the rates in the basic table used for the 1958-63 large-amount study were formed. The resulting series for each issue-age group was smoothed using a Whittaker-Henderson Type A method with a=2. A subsequent Whittaker-Henderson Type A graduation with a=0.5 was performed on each set of values for a common attained age. A small value of a was chosen for this graduation because the data were already fairly smooth, in order to preserve the fit and in order to retain the existing smoothness within each issue-age group. Each of these graduations was iterated ten times to eliminate the effects of arbitrary selection of initial values.

The resulting graduated ratios were then applied to the old table and arbitrary adjustments made to improve both smoothness and fit.

Smoothness was tested by the use of difference methods, and fit was tested by analysis of the ratios of actual to expected deaths. After the final adjustments, the fit was satisfactory, with all row and column actual-to-expected ratios between 0.90 and 1.10 and 75 per cent of those values between 0.98 and 1.02. The aggregate ratio of actual to expected deaths was 1.00.

The new table generally has higher mortality rates than the 1958-63 table for issue ages 10-25 and lower rates at the higher issue ages.